

# Assignment 3

Mondedla Anil

Download all python codes from

[https://github.com/AnilMondedla/Python/Assignment\\_3](https://github.com/AnilMondedla/Python/Assignment_3)

and latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/AnilMondedla/Python/Assignment\\_3](https://github.com/AnilMondedla/Python/Assignment_3)

## 1 PROBLEM

2.5. Check whether

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.

## 2 SOLUTION

Given vertices are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

In an isosceles triangle length of two sides will be equal

$$\text{OA vector} = (5i - 2j) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\text{OB vector} = (6i + 4j) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\text{OC vector} = (7i - 2j) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\text{AB vector} = \text{OB} - \text{OA} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= (6i + 4j) - (5i - 2j) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= (i + 6j) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$|\text{AB}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (6)^2} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$= \sqrt{37} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$\text{BC vector} = \text{OC} - \text{OB} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= (7i - 2j) - (6i + 4j) \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= (i - 6j) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$|\text{BC}| = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-6)^2} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= \sqrt{37} \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$\text{CA vector} = \text{OA} - \text{OC} \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= (5i - 2j) - (7i - 2j) \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$= (-2i) \text{ vector} \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$|\text{CA}| = \sqrt{(-2)^2} \quad (2.0.18)$$

$$= 2 \quad (2.0.19)$$

Sides AB and BC are equal. Hence the given points are the vertices of isosceles triangle.

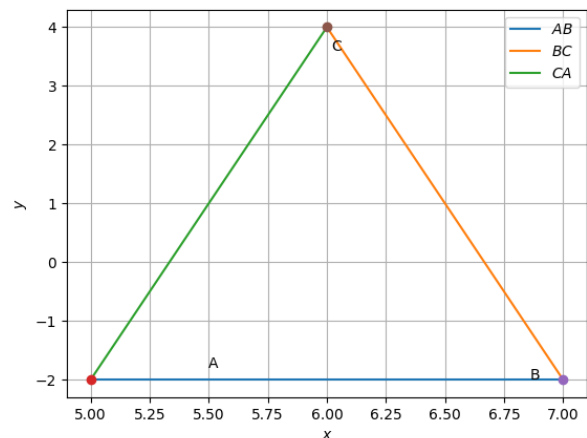


Fig. 0: triangle