

Clarifying the Concept of a Quantum Oracle

Anil Kumar Gundu

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1 Introduction

Key Idea

In Grover's algorithm (or any quantum algorithm using an oracle), the designer must already know the *condition* that defines the solution, but not the solution itself.

The oracle is a quantum circuit implementing a Boolean function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \text{ is a "solution",} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

The oracle does *not* reveal the solution directly. Instead, it marks the correct states by applying a phase flip.

Example: Prime Search

Suppose we want to find all prime numbers among the first 100,000 integers.

We define the oracle function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \text{ is prime,} \\ 0, & \text{if } x \text{ is composite.} \end{cases}$$

Inside the quantum circuit, the oracle acts (conceptually) like:

$$|x\rangle \longrightarrow (-1)^{f(x)}|x\rangle.$$

That is:

If x is prime, the phase of $|x\rangle$ is flipped.

Important Clarification

Although it seems like the designer would need a gigantic lookup table, they do *not* construct one. Instead, they implement a *primality test* algorithm using reversible (quantum) logic. This is analogous to classical computing: you do not store all primes in memory; you compute primality algorithmically.

Grover's Amplification Step

Once the oracle is built:

1. Prepare a uniform superposition over all numbers.
2. Apply the oracle: primes get phase inverted.
3. Apply the diffusion (amplification) operator to increase their probability.
4. Measure: a prime is obtained with high probability.

The number of steps scales as:

$$O(\sqrt{N/k}),$$

where k is the number of primes in the range.

Summary

- The oracle depends on the problem.
- The designer knows the condition, not the solution.
- The oracle marks solutions using phase flips.
- Grover's algorithm amplifies the marked states.

The oracle does not give the answer — it only marks the correct states.

Oracle for searching $q_0 = q_1 = 1$

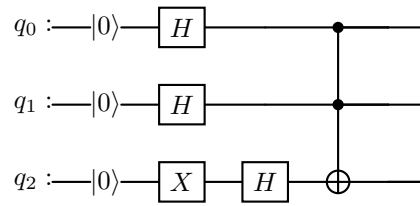


Figure 1: This oracle just flips the phase if $q_1 = q_2 = 1$