DATA SCEINCE AND MACHINE LEARNING LAB

LAB CYCLE 1

1. Program to Print all non-Prime Numbers in an Interval.

```
Code:
```

```
def is_prime(num):
  if num <= 1:
    return False
  for i in range(2, num):
    if num \% i == 0:
      return False
  return True
print("NAME : Anilmon J")
print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
N = int(input("Enter the number :"))
current num = 2
print( end=" ")
while N > 0:
  if not is_prime(current_num):
    print(current_num, end=" ")
    N = 1
  current_num += 1
```

2. Program to print the first N Fibonacci numbers.

Code:

```
print("NAME : Anilmon J")
print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
num = int(input("Enter the value of n: "))
a=0
b = 1
n = 0
count = 1
while(count <= num):</pre>
  print(n,end=" ")
  count += 1
  a = b
  b = n
  n = a + b
  t_number = a + b
```

3. Given sides of a triangle, write a program to check whether given triangle is an isosceles, equilateral or scalene.

Code:

4. Program to check whether given pair of number is coprime.

Code:

5. Program to find the roots of a quadratic equation(rounded to 2 decimal places).

```
print("NAME : Anilmon J")
print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
import math
a = float(input("Enter value of a: "))
b = float(input("Enter value of b: "))
c = float(input("Enter value of c: "))
discri = b**2 - 4*a*c
if discri > 0:
  root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discri)) / (2*a)
  root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(discri)) / (2*a)
  print(f"Root 1: {round(root1, 2)}")
  print(f"Root 2: {round(root2, 2)}")
elif discri == 0:
  root = -b / (2*a)
  print(f"Root: {round(root, 2)}")
else:
  real_part = -b / (2*a)
  img_part = math.sqrt(-discri) / (2*a)
  root1 = complex(real_part, img_part)
  root2 = complex(real_part, -img_part)
  print(f"Root 1: {root1.real:.2f} + {root1.imag:.2f}i")
  print(f"Root 2: {root2.real:.2f} - {root2.imag:.2f}i")
```

6. Program to check whether a given number is perfect number or not(sum of factors=number).

Code:

```
print("NAME : Anilmon J")
print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("------")

n=int(input("Enter a number:\n"))
sum=0
for i in range(1,n):
    if(n % i == 0):
        sum=sum+i
if( sum == n):
    print("The number is perfect number")
else:
    print("The entered number is not perfect")
```

7. Program to display amstrong numbers upto 1000.

Code:

8. Store and display the days of a week as a List, Tuple, Dictionary, Set. Also demonstrate different ways to store values in each of them. Display its type also.

```
print("NAME : Anilmon J")
print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
print("Batch: MCA 2022-24")
print("-----")
days_list = ["Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday",
"Saturday", "Sunday"]
print("List:", days_list)
print("Type:", type(days_list))
days_tuple = ("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday",
"Saturday", "Sunday")
print("Tuple:", days_tuple)
print("Type:", type(days_tuple))
days_dict = {0: "Monday", 1: "Tuesday", 2: "Wednesday", 3: "Thursday",
4: "Friday", 5: "Saturday", 6: "Sunday"}
print("Dictionary:", days_dict)
print("Type:", type(days_dict))
days_set = {"Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday",
"Saturday", "Sunday"}
print("Set:", days_set)
print("Type:", type(days_set))
```

9. Write a program to add elements of given 2 lists.

```
def add_lists(a,b):
  if len(a) != len(b):
    return None
  result = []
  for i in range(len(a)):
    result.append(a[i] + b[i])
  return result
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  a = input("Enter the first list of numbers : ").split()
  a = [int(x) for x in a]
  b = input("Enter the second list of numbers : ").split()
  b = [int(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in } b]
  result = add_lists(a, b)
  if result is None:
    print("The lists have different lengths and cannot be added.")
  else:
    print("Result of addition:", result)
except ValueError:
  print("Invalid input. Please enter valid numbers separated by spaces.")
```

10. Write a program to find the sum of 2 matrices using nested List.

```
Code:
def add_matrices(matrix1, matrix2):
  if len(matrix1) != len(matrix2) or len(matrix1[0]) != len(matrix2[0]):
    return None
  result = [[0 for _ in range(len(matrix1[0]))] for _ in range(len(matrix1))]
  for i in range(len(matrix1)):
    for j in range(len(matrix1[0])):
      result[i][j] = matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j]
  return result
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  rows = int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
  cols = int(input("Enter the number of columns: "))
  print("Enter elements of the first matrix:")
  matrix1 = []
  for i in range(rows):
    row = input(f"Enter elements of row \{i + 1\} separated by spaces:
").split()
    matrix1.append([int(x) for x in row])
  print("Enter elements of the second matrix:")
  matrix2 = []
  for i in range(rows):
```

```
row = input(f"Enter elements of row {i + 1} separated by spaces:
").split()
    matrix2.append([int(x) for x in row])

result = add_matrices(matrix1, matrix2)

if result is None:
    print("Matrix dimensions are not compatible for addition.")
    else:
        print("Sum of matrices:")
        for row in result:
            print(" ".join(map(str, row)))
except ValueError:
    print("Invalid input. Please enter valid numbers.")
```

11. Write a program to perform bubble sort on a given set of elements.

```
def bubble_sort(arr):
  n = len(arr)
  for i in range(n):
    swapped = False
    for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
      if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:
         arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]
         swapped = True
    if not swapped:
      break
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  elements = input("Enter elements separated by spaces: ").split()
  elements = [int(x) for x in elements]
  bubble_sort(elements)
  print("Sorted elements:")
  print(elements)
except ValueError:
  print("Invalid input. Please enter valid numbers separated by spaces.")
```

12. Program to find the count of each vowel in a string(use dictionary)

```
Code:
def count_vowels(string):
  vowel_counts = {'A': 0, 'E': 0, 'I': 0, 'O': 0, 'U': 0}
  string = string.upper()
  for char in string:
    if char in vowel_counts:
      vowel_counts[char] += 1
  return vowel_counts
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
  vowel_counts = count_vowels(input_string)
  print("Vowel counts:")
  for vowel, count in vowel counts.items():
    print(f"{vowel}: {count}")
except ValueError:
  print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid string.")
```

13. Write a Python program that accept a positive number and subtract from this number the sum of its digits and so on. Continues this operation until the number is positive(eg: 256->2+5+6=13

256-13=243 243-9=232......

```
def sum_of_digits(n):
  digit_sum = 0
  while n > 0:
    digit_sum += n % 10
    n / = 10
  return digit_sum
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  num = int(input("Enter a positive number: "))
  if num <= 0:
    print("Please enter a positive number.")
  else:
    while num > 0:
      digit_sum = sum_of_digits(num)
      print(f"{num} - {digit_sum} = {num - digit_sum}")
      num -= digit_sum
except ValueError:
  print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid positive number.")
```

14. Write a Python program that accepts a 10 digit mobile number, and find the digits which are absent in a given mobile number.

```
def find_absent_digits(mobile_number):
  all_digits = set("0123456789")
  mobile_digits = set(mobile_number)
  absent_digits = all_digits - mobile_digits
  return sorted(list(absent_digits))
try:
  print("NAME : Anilmon J")
  print("Reg No: 22MCA006")
  print("Batch : MCA 2022-24 ")
print("-----")
  mobile_number = input("Enter a 10-digit mobile number: ")
  if len(mobile_number) == 10 and mobile_number.isdigit():
    absent digits = find absent digits(mobile number)
    if absent digits:
      print("Absent digits in the mobile number:", ', '.join(absent_digits))
    else:
       print("The mobile number contains all digits from 0 to 9.")
  else:
    print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid 10-digit mobile number.")
except ValueError:
  print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid 10-digit mobile number.")
```