Subnetting PE

1.	You are given the address block of $150.43.10.0/_{24}$ for you to use for your network. Your network
	requires:

- a. 2 routers (1 backbone link WAN)
- b. 1 LAN off Router 1 (R1) for R&D with 28 user PCs
- c. 1 LAN off Router 1 for the FINANCE department with 12 total hosts
- d. 1 LAN off Router 2 (R2) for the SALES department with 94 PCs
- e. 1 LAN off Router 2 for your SERVER FARM supporting 16 Servers

Calculate the requirements for each Subnetwork.

NOTE:

(Remember that when you're given total number of PCs [versus the total number of hosts], you must add 2 for the total number of hosts [to accommodate the router and switch IP addresses], and the analogy of feeding the big guy first. Largest to Smallest)

		Addresses required:
a.	Backbone network	
b.	R1L1	
c.	R1L2	
d.	R2L1	
e.	R2L2	

2. You can decide which LAN gets assigned to which department on the router it's associated with (I.e. R1L1 is R&D, or R1L1 is Finance. Your choice.)

Network Name	Network ID	Subnet Mask	Usable Host Range	Broadcast IP

Subnetting PE

- 3. You are given the address block of $18.60.16.0/_{20}$ for you to use for your network. Your network requires:
 - a. 3 routers (2 backbone link WANs)
 - b. 1 LAN off Router 1 (R1) for OPS with 62 hosts
 - c. 1 LAN off Router 1 for the IT department with 29 hosts
 - d. 1 LAN off Router 2 (R2) for the Maintenance department with 10 PCs
 - e. 1 LAN off Router 2 for your S6 shop supporting 100 users.
 - f. 1 LAN off Router 3 (R3) for DevOps with 500 hosts
 - g. 1 Lan off Router 3 for M.I. Bn (Intel) supporting 1010 hosts.

Calculate the requirements for each Subnetwork.

		Addresses required:
a.	Backbone network	
b.	R1L1	
c.	R1L2	
d.	R2L1	
e.	R2L2	
f.	R3L1	
g.	R3L2	

Network Name	Network ID	Subnet Mask	Usable Host Range	Broadcast IP