Erudite Developer Manual

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Introduction

Erudite is a very simple system for Literate Programming in Common Lisp.

Some of its salient features are:

- Documentation is written in Common Lisp comments. This is very useful because you can work with your program as if it were not a literate program: you can load it, work from SLIME, etc, directly.
- There are no chunks weaving or special directives like in original LP systems. This is not so cool, as there's no flexible way of controlling the order of the comments and code, like in other systems. But like Haskell (and its LP support), Lisp code is also pretty easy to sort without too much problems (I think...).

Invocation

Erudite is invoked calling erudite function.

Implementation

First, files with literate code are parsed into *fragments*. Fragments can be of type *documentation* or type *code*. *documentation* is the text that appears in Common Lisp comments. *code* fragments are the rest.

```
")
(defvar *input-type* :erudite)
(defvar *output-type* :latex)
(defvar *current-path* nil)
(defmethod process-file-to-string ((pathname pathname))
  (let ((*current-path* (fad:pathname-directory-pathname pathname)))
    (with-open-file (f pathname)
      (post-process-output
       (with-output-to-string (s)
         (process-fragments
          (split-file-source f)
          s))))))
(defmethod process-file-to-string ((files cons))
  (post-process-output
   (with-output-to-string (s)
     (process-fragments
      (loop
         :for file :in files
        :appending (let ((*current-path* (fad:pathname-directory-pathname file)))
                     (with-open-file (f file)
                        (split-file-source f))))
      s))))
(defmethod process-file-to-string :before (pathname)
  (setf *chunks* nil
        *extracts* nil))
(defmethod process-file-to-string :after (pathname)
  (setf *chunks* nil
        *extracts* nil))
(defun process-string (string)
  (let ((*chunks* nil)
        (*extracts* nil))
    (post-process-output
     (with-input-from-string (f string)
       (with-output-to-string (s)
         (erudite::process-fragments
          (erudite::split-file-source f)
          s))))))
```

Insert the chunk

Insert the extract

; The parser works like a custom look-ahead parser, with a whole file line; being the slice looked ahead. And is implemented in Continuation Passing Style.

TODO: this does not work for long comments in one line

We've found a long comment Extract the comment source

```
(let ((comment
           (with-output-to-string (s)
; First, add the first comment line
             (register-groups-bind (comment-line) ("\\\#\\|\\s*(.+)" line)
               (write-string comment-line s))
While there are lines without |#, add them to the comment source
             (loop
                :for line := (read-line stream nil)
                :while (and line (not (search "|#" line)))
                : do
                (terpri s)
                (write-string line s)
                :finally
Finally, extract the last comment line
                (if line
                     (register-groups-bind (comment-line) ("\\s*(.+)\\|\\#" line)
                       (when comment-line
                         (write-string comment-line s)))
                     (error "EOF: Could not complete comment parsing"))))))
      (list :doc comment))))
(defun parse-short-comment (line stream)
  (when (search *short-comments-prefix*
                (string-left-trim (list #\ #\tab)
                                   line))
A short comment was found
    (let* ((comment-regex (format nil "~A\\s*(.+)" *short-comments-prefix*))
           (comment
            (with-output-to-string (s)
              (register-groups-bind (comment-line) (comment-regex line)
                (write-string comment-line s))))
      (list :doc comment))))
(defun parse-code (line stream)
  (list :code line))
(defun append-to-end (thing list)
  (cond
    ((null list)
     (list thing))
     (setf (cdr (last list))
           (list thing))
     list)))
(defun append-source-fragments (fragments)
  "Append docs and code fragments"
  (let ((appended-fragments nil)
        (current-fragment (first fragments)))
    (loop
       :for fragment :in (cdr fragments)
       (if (equalp (first fragment) (first current-fragment))
```

The fragments are of the same type. Append them

```
(setf (second current-fragment)
          (with-output-to-string (s)
                (write-string (second current-fragment) s)
                 (terpri s)
                 (write-string (second fragment) s)))
```

else, there's a new kind of fragment

```
(progn
             (setf appended-fragments (append-to-end current-fragment appended-fragments))
             (setf current-fragment fragment))))
    (setf appended-fragments (append-to-end current-fragment appended-fragments))
    appended-fragments))
(defun process-fragments (fragments output)
  (when fragments
    (let ((first-fragment (first fragments)))
      (process-fragment (first first-fragment) first-fragment
                        output
                        (lambda (&key (output output))
                          (process-fragments (rest fragments) output))))))
(defgeneric process-fragment (fragment-type fragment output cont))
(defmethod process-fragment ((type (eql :code)) fragment output cont)
 (write-code (second fragment) output *output-type*)
  (funcall cont))
(defmethod process-fragment ((type (eql :doc)) fragment output cont)
  (with-input-from-string (input (second fragment))
    (labels ((%process-fragment (&key (input input) (output output))
               (flet ((process-cont (&key (input input) (output output))
                        (%process-fragment :input input :output output)))
                 (let ((line (read-line input nil)))
                   (if line
                       (maybe-process-command line input output #'process-cont)
                       (funcall cont :output output))))))
      (%process-fragment))))
(defun find-matching-command (line)
  (loop
     :for command :in *commands*
     :when (match-command command line)
     :return command))
(defmethod maybe-process-command (line input output cont)
  "Process a top-level command"
  (let ((command (find-matching-command line)))
    (if command
        (process-command command line input output cont)
        (process-doc *input-type* *output-type* line output cont))))
(defmethod process-doc ((input-type (eql :latex)) output-type line stream cont)
  (write-string line stream)
  (terpri stream)
  (funcall cont))
(defmethod process-doc ((input-type (eql :sphinx)) output-type line stream cont)
 (write-string line stream)
  (terpri stream)
  (funcall cont))
(defmethod process-doc ((input-type (eql :erudite)) output-type line stream cont)
  (let ((formatted-line line))
```

```
(loop
      :for syntax :in *erudite-syntax*
      :while formatted-line
      :when (match-syntax syntax formatted-line)
      (setf formatted-line (process-syntax syntax formatted-line stream output-type))
      :finally (when formatted-line
                  (write-string formatted-line stream)))
    (terpri stream)
    (funcall cont)))
(defmethod write-code (code stream (output-type (eql :latex)))
 (write-string "\\begin{code}" stream)
 (terpri stream)
 (write-string code stream)
 (terpri stream)
 (write-string "\\end{code}" stream)
 (terpri stream))
(defmethod write-chunk-name (chunk-name stream (output-type (eql :latex)))
 (write-string "<<<" stream)
 (write-string chunk-name stream)
 (write-string ">>>" stream)
 (terpri stream))
(defmethod write-chunk (chunk-name chunk stream (output-type (eql :latex)))
 (write-string "<<" stream)
 (write-string chunk-name stream)
 (write-string ">>=" stream)
 (terpri stream)
 (write-string chunk stream))
```

Code blocks in Sphinx are indented. The indent-code function takes care of that:

Backends

Erudite supports LaTeX and Sphinx generation at the moment.

4.1 LaTeX

```
(defgeneric gen-doc (output-type pathname files &rest args))
(defmethod gen-doc ((output-type (eql :latex)) pathname files
                    &key title author template-pathname input-type &allow-other-keys)
  "Generates a LaTeX document.
  Args: - pathname: The pathname of the .tex file to generate.
        - files: The list of .lisp files to compile
        - title: Title of the document
        - author: Author of the document
        - template-pathname: A custom LaTeX template file. If none is specified, a default
            template is used."
 (let ((template (cl-template:compile-template
                   (file-to-string (or template-pathname
                                        (asdf:system-relative-pathname
                                        :erudite
                                        "latex/template.tex"))))))
    (with-open-file (f pathname :direction :output
                       :if-exists :supersede
                       :if-does-not-exist :create)
      (write-string
       (funcall template (list :title title
                               :author author
                               :body (process-file-to-string files)))
      f))
   t))
```

4.2 Sphinx

Sphinx is the other kind of output apart from LaTeX.

```
(defmethod gen-doc ((output-type (eql :sphinx)) pathname files &key prelude postlude input-type &allow-other-keys)

"Generates Sphinx document.

Args: - pathname: Pathname of the .rst file to generate.
```

```
- files: .lisp files to compile.
       - prelude: String (or pathname) to append before the Sphinx document.
       - postlude: String (or pathname) to append after the Sphinx document."
(with-open-file (f pathname :direction :output
                   :if-exists :supersede
                   :if-does-not-exist :create)
  (when prelude
    (write-string
     (if (pathnamep prelude)
         (file-to-string prelude)
         prelude)
     f))
  (write-string (process-file-to-string files) f)
  (when postlude
    (write-string (if (pathnamep postlude)
                      (file-to-string postlude)
                      postlude)
                  f))))
```

4.3 Commands

```
Commands are held in *commands* list
```

```
(defvar *commands* nil)

(defun find-command (name &optional (error-p t))
  (let ((command (gethash name *commands*)))
     (when (and error-p (not command))
        (error "Invalid command: ~A" command))
     command))
```

4.3.1 Commands definition

```
(defmacro define-command (name &body body)
 (let ((match-function-def (or (find :match body :key #'car)
                                 (error "Specify a match function")))
        (process-function-def (or (find :process body :key #'car)
                                  (error "Specify a process function"))))
    '(progn
       ,(destructuring-bind (_ match-args &body match-body) match-function-def
                             '(defmethod match-command ((command (eql ',name))
                                                        , @match-args)
                               , @match-body))
       ,(destructuring-bind (_ process-args &body process-body)
                            process-function-def
                             '(defmethod process-command ((command (eql ',name))
                                                          , @process-args)
                                ,@process-body))
       (pushnew ',name *commands*))))
```

4.3.2 Commands list

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Chunks

Output the chunk name

```
(write-chunk-name chunk-name output *output-type*)
```

Build and register the chunk for later processing Redirect the output to the "chunk output"

Restore the output

Extraction

```
(defvar *extracts* nil)
(defvar *current-extract* nil)
```

Build and register the extracted piece for later processing Redirect the output to the "extract output"

Restore the output

Ignore

```
(defvar *ignore* nil)
(define-command ignore
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@ignore" line))
  (:process (line input output cont)
            (setf *ignore* t)
            (funcall cont)))
(define-command end-ignore
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@end ignore" line))
  (:process (line input output cont)
            (setf *ignore* nil)
            (funcall cont)))
(defmethod process-doc :around (input-type output-type line stream cont)
  (if *ignore*
      (funcall cont)
      (call-next-method)))
```

4.4. ERUDITE SYNTAX

```
(defmethod process-fragment :around ((type (eql :code)) fragment output cont)
  (if *ignore*
        (funcall cont)
        (call-next-method)))

(defmethod maybe-process-command :around (line input output cont)
  (if (and *ignore* (not (match-command 'end-ignore line)))
        (funcall cont)
        (call-next-method)))
```

Include

```
(defvar *include-path* nil)
(define-command include-path
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@include-path\\s+(.+)" line))
  (:process (line input output cont)
             (\texttt{register-groups-bind} \ (\texttt{path}) \ (\texttt{"@include-path} \setminus \texttt{s+(.+)"} \ \texttt{line})
               (setf *include-path* (pathname path))
               (funcall cont))))
(define-command include
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@include\\s+(.+)" line))
  (:process (line input output cont)
             (register-groups-bind (filename-or-path) ("@include\\s+(.+)" line)
               (let ((pathname (cond
                                    ((fad:pathname-absolute-p
                                      (pathname filename-or-path))
                                     filename-or-path)
                                    (*include-path*
                                     (merge-pathnames filename-or-path
                                                        *include-path*))
                                    (t (merge-pathnames filename-or-path
                                                          *current-path*)))))
```

Process and output the included file

```
(write-string (process-file-to-string pathname) output)
  (terpri output)
  (funcall cont))))
```

4.4 Erudite syntax

Erudite formatting operations are held in *erudite-syntax* list

```
(defvar *erudite-syntax* nil)

(defun find-syntax (name &optional (error-p t))
  (let ((command (gethash name *erudite-syntax*)))
     (when (and error-p (not command))
        (error "Invalid syntax: ~A" command))
     command))
```

4.4.1 Syntax definition

```
(defmacro define-erudite-syntax (name &body body)
```

4.4.2 Commands list

Section

Subsection

Subsubsection

Verbatim

4.4. ERUDITE SYNTAX

Code

Lists

```
(define-erudite-syntax begin-list
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@list" line))
  (:process (line output output-type)
            (format-syntax output (list :begin-list))
            nil))
(define-erudite-syntax end-list
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@end list" line))
  (:process (line output output-type)
            (format-syntax output (list :end-list))
            nil))
(define-erudite-syntax list-item
  (:match (line)
    (scan "@item" line))
  (:process (line output output-type)
            (regex-replace "@item" line
                           (lambda (match)
                              (format-syntax nil (list :list-item)))
                           :simple-calls t)))
```

Emphasis

Bold

| (define-erudite-syntax bold

Italics

Inline verbatim

Reference

4.4.3 Syntax formatting

Latex output

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```
stream
                           syntax)
  (format stream "\\subsection{~A}" (second syntax)))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :subsubsection))
                           stream
                           syntax)
  (format stream "\\subsubsection{~A}" (second syntax)))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                           (selector (eql :begin-verbatim))
                           stream
                           syntax)
 (format stream "\\begin{verbatim}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                           (selector (eql :end-verbatim))
                           stream
                           syntax)
 (format stream "\\end{verbatim}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                           (selector (eql :begin-code))
                           stream
                            syntax)
 (format stream "\\begin{code}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :end-code))
                           stream
                            syntax)
 (format stream "\\end{code}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :begin-list))
                           stream
                            syntax)
 (format stream "\\begin{itemize}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :end-list))
                           stream
                           syntax)
 (format stream "\\end{itemize}"))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :list-item))
                           stream
                           syntax)
 (format stream "\\item" (second syntax)))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                           (selector (eql :emph))
                           stream
                           syntax)
 (format stream "\\emph{~A}\" (second syntax)))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
                            (selector (eql :bold))
                            stream
                            syntax)
  (format stream "\\textbf{~A}" (second syntax)))
(defmethod %format-syntax ((output-type (eql :latex))
```