



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours PART-III Examinations, 2018

COMPUTER SCIENCE-HONOURS

PAPER-CMSA-V

Time Allotted: 4 Hours

Full Marks: 100

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.*

Answer Question No. 1 and any *five* from the rest taking at least one from each group

1. Answer any ***ten*** questions from the following: 2×10 = 20
- (a) What is the function of W and Z registers in 8085 microprocessor?
 - (b) What is the difference between JMP and CALL instruction in 8085?
 - (c) What is a proxy server?
 - (d) What is the advantage of using associative memory?
 - (e) What is Implied addressing mode? Give example.
 - (f) How does the size of cache block affect the hit ratio?
 - (g) What is programmed IO?
 - (h) What is the difference between hardware and software interrupt?
 - (i) What is Composite Signal?
 - (j) What is Baud Rate?
 - (k) What do you mean by connectionless protocol? Give example.
 - (l) Write down two responsibilities of network layer.
 - (m) What do we need protocols and standards in computer networking?
 - (n) What is meant by Loopback address?
 - (o) What are cookies?
 - (p) Write down two protocol used for Email Services.

Group-A

2. (a) Write an assembly language program in 8085 for multiplication of two 8-bit unsigned numbers. 8+8
- (b) Write an assembly language program to calculate the LCM of two numbers.
3. (a) Draw the timing diagram of LXI instruction and also discuss. 6
- (b) What is the function of ALE in 8085 microprocessor? 3

- (c) Briefly discuss on the T-states of JMP instruction for successful and unsuccessful jump operations. 3
- (d) Discuss on the different interrupts of 8085 microprocessor. 4
4. (a) What is BUS idle machine cycle? Explain with an instruction of 8085. 3
- (b) Explain the working of SP and PC during a jump instruction in 8085. 4
- (c) Explain the role of RIM in interrupt processing. 3
- (d) Draw and explain the basic organization of a microprogrammed control unit. 6
5. (a) Compare direct mapping with associative mapping in cache memory. 4
- (b) Explain Daisy Chaining. 4
- (c) Compare memory mapped IO and peripheral mapped IO. 4
- (d) Draw a schematic diagram for interfacing an external IO device to the microprocessor and memory using DMA. 4

Group-B

6. (a) Explain SNR and SNR_{db} . 4+2
If the power of a signal is 10 mW and power of the noise is 1 μ W what are the values of SNR and SNR_{db} ?
- (b) Compare bandwidth in Hertz with bandwidth in Bits per seconds. 3
- (c) Explain why a single frequency sine wave is not useful in data communication? 3
- (d) Explain attenuation and distortion. 4
7. (a) What are the disadvantages of mesh and ring topology? Draw a hybrid topology with a ring backbone and three bus networks. 4+3
- (b) Give the difference between Microwave and Infrared Transmission. 3
- (c) Describe the various steps needed in creating a checksum with example. 6
8. (a) What are the difference between ISO-OSI model and TCP/IP model? 5
- (b) Why transport layer is responsible for process-to-process delivery? 3
- (c) What are the services of session layer in OSI model? 4
- (d) What are the characteristics of Data Communication? 4
9. (a) Briefly describe cyclic redundancy check with example. 5
- (b) What are the limitations of TCP/IP model? 5
- (c) What is ARP and RARP? 3
- (d) What are the services of Host-to-Network layer in TCP/IP? 3

Group-C

- 10.(a) What is the role of DNS resolver? What are the three different sections of domain name space? 2+2
- (b) Define internet, intranet and extranet. 3
- (c) Compare static and dynamic webpage with suitable example. 4
- (d) If a DNS domain name is department.myuniv.edu, how many levels of hierarchy are involved? 2
- (e) How a hypertext document is different than traditional text document? 3
11. Write short notes on any *four* from the following: 4×4
- (a) Dial up Connection.
- (b) POP3 protocol
- (c) URL
- (d) MIME
- (e) IRC
- (f) WAN.

