



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. General PART-I Examinations, 2018

COMPUTER SCIENCE-GENERAL

PAPER-CMSG-I

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

1. Answer any **ten** questions from the following: 2×10 = 20
- (a) Simplify $x'y + x'yz + z$
 - (b) What do you mean by addressing mode?
 - (c) What are the differences between static and dynamic RAM?
 - (d) What do you mean by multitasking operating system?
 - (e) What do you mean by GUI?
 - (f) What are the phases of Instruction Cycle?
 - (g) What is the advantage of 2's complement representation over 1's complement representation?
 - (h) What is the function of OMR?
 - (i) Explain LIFO in terms of stack.
 - (j) What is ripple counter?
 - (k) How are binary codes converted to grey codes?
 - (l) How is class related with object?
 - (m) Explain XOR gate with truth table.
 - (n) What is demand paging?
 - (o) What is stack point register?

Group-A

- Answer any **two** questions from the following 16×2 = 32
2. (a) Compare between single-pass assembler and two-pass assembler. 3
- (b) Distinguish between compiler and interpreter. 4
- (c) Write short note on Von Newman architecture. 4
- (d) Draw the block diagram of a CPU. 3
- (e) Define operating system. 2
3. (a) Explain max heap and min heap with examples. 3
- (b) Write an algorithm to delete a node from a doubly linked list. The node can be anywhere of the linked list. 6
- (c) Draw a flow chart to find LCM and HCF of two given numbers. 4
- (d) Describe the big-oh notation. 3

4. (a) Sort the following elements using Quick Sort. 6
 55, 88, 22, 44, 33, 11, 77, 110, 66, 99
 (b) Define a Max-Heap. 2
 (c) How a sparse matrix is represented using a Linked List? 3
 (d) Illustrate the concept of a Priority Queue and a Dequeue with example. 5

Group-B

Answer any **two** questions from the following

16×2 = 32

5. (a) Perform $(-19)_{10} + (-25)_{10} = (?)_2$. Use 2's complement method after converting the input number in binary. 4
 (b) Design a 2-input XOR gate using Four (4) 2-input NAND Gates only. Show only the circuit diagram mentioning intermediate results. 4
 (c) $f = \sum (2, 4, 8, 12, 15) + \phi (3, 7, 13)$ 8
 Realize a circuit producing f as output using only NOR gates, after minimizing the expression by means of K -Map.
 6. (a) Describe and implement any one universal gate for all basic gates (with diagram). 6
 (b) Draw and explain (with truth table) full adder using two half adders. 4+2
 (c) Design a 3-to-8. Decode using NAND gates only. 4
 7. (a) What do you mean by race around condition of JK flip-flop? 4
 (b) What is register? 2
 (c) Name four special purpose register in CPU. 4
 (d) $(1010100)_2 - (1000100)_2 = ?$ (using 1's complement) 4
 (e) $(1.0101)_2 = (?)_{10}$ 2

Group-C

Answer any **one** question from the following

16×1 = 16

8. (a) What is virtual memory? 4
 (b) Differentiate between paging and segmentation. 4
 (c) What is kernel and briefly explain its function. 4
 (d) What is shell in terms of UNIX? 4
 9. (a) Write down the different Process States. 5
 (b) What is PCB? 3
 (c) What is job queue and ready queue? 4
 (d) What do you mean by context switch? 2
 (e) What is Co-operating process? 2

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