

PM SHRI KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA GACHI BOWLI , GPRA CAMPUS, HYD-32
SAMPLE PAPER TEST 01 FOR ANNUAL EXAM 2025

**SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
CLASS : IX**

MAX. MARKS : 80
DURATION : 3 HRS

General Instruction:

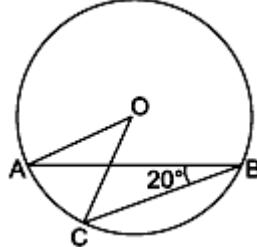
1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A-E.
 2. **Section A** has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
 3. **Section B** has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
 4. **Section C** has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
 5. **Section D** has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
 6. **Section E** has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
 7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E
 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

SECTION – A

Questions 1 to 20 carry 1 mark each.

- 12.** If two complementary angles are in the ratio $13 : 5$, then the angles are
 (a) $65^\circ, 35^\circ$ (b) $65^\circ, 25^\circ$ (c) $13x^\circ, 5x^\circ$ (d) $60^\circ, 30^\circ$
- 13.** Angles of a triangle are in the ratio $2 : 4 : 3$. The smallest angle of the triangle is
 (a) 60° (b) 40° (c) 80° (d) 20°
- 14.** Which of the following is not a criterion for congruence of triangles?
 (a) SAS (b) ASA (c) SSA (d) SSS
- 15.** In a parallelogram ABCD, AP and CQ are perpendicular drawn to the diagonal BD. On measuring it is found that $\angle PAB = 65^\circ$ and $\angle DAB = 75^\circ$, then the measure of $\angle QCD$ is
 (a) 90° (b) 75° (c) 65° (d) 10°
- 16.** Given a circle of radius 5 cm and centre O. OM is drawn perpendicular to the chord XY. If OM = 3 cm, then length of chord XY is
 (a) 4 cm (b) 6 cm (c) 8 cm (d) 10 cm

- 17.** In figure, if $\angle ABC = 20^\circ$, then $\angle AOC$ is equal to:
 (a) 20° (b) 40° (c) 60° (d) 10°



- 18.** The area of an equilateral triangle with side $4\sqrt{3}$ cm is
 (a) 20 cm^2 (b) 20 cm^2 (c) 18.784 cm^2 (d) 20.784 cm^2

DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of **Assertion (A)** is followed by a statement of **Reason (R)**.

Choose the correct option

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 (d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

- 19. Assertion (A):** 0.271 is a terminating decimal and we can express this number as $271/1000$ which is of the form p/q , where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.

Reason (R): A terminating or non-terminating decimal expansion can be expressed as rational number.

- 20. Assertion (A):** The angles of a quadrilateral are $x^\circ, (x - 10)^\circ, (x + 30)^\circ$ and $(2x)^\circ$, the smallest angle is equal to 58° .

Reason (R): Sum of the angles of a quadrilateral is 360° .

SECTION – B

Questions 21 to 25 carry 2 marks each.

- 21.** Simplify $\frac{6-4\sqrt{3}}{6+4\sqrt{3}}$ by rationalising the denominator.

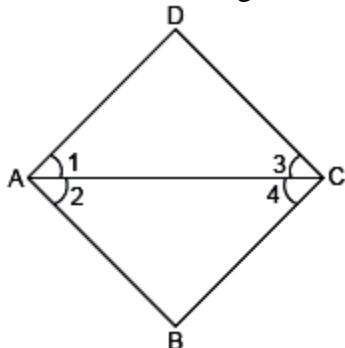
OR

Simplify: $\sqrt[4]{81} - 8\sqrt[3]{216} + 15\sqrt[5]{32} + \sqrt{225}$

22. Without plotting the points indicate the quadrant in which they will lie, if

- (i) ordinate is 5 and abscissa is -3
- (ii) abscissa is -5 and ordinate is -3
- (iii) abscissa is -5 and ordinate is 3
- (iv) ordinate is 5 and abscissa is 3

23. In the given figure, if $\angle 2 = \angle 4$ and $\angle 4 = \angle 1$, then using Euclid's axiom prove that $\angle 1 = \angle 2$.



24. Does Euclid's fifth postulate imply the existence of parallel lines? Explain.

25. The radii of two cylinders are in the ratio $2 : 3$ and their heights are in the ratio $5 : 3$. Find the ratio of their total surface areas.

OR

Curved surface area of a cone is 308 cm^2 and its slant height is 14 cm . Find its total surface area.

SECTION – C

Questions 26 to 31 carry 3 marks each.

26. Find the value of a and b , if $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = a + b\sqrt{3}$

27. If $2x + 3y = 12$ and $xy = 6$, find the value of $8x^3 + 27y^3$.

28. Find the value of a , if the line $3y = ax + 7$, will pass through: (i) $(3, 4)$, (ii) $(1, 2)$, (iii) $(2, -3)$

29. Prove that the quadrilateral formed by joining the mid-points of the sides of a quadrilateral, in order, is a parallelogram.

30. The following table gives the life times of 400 neon lamps:

Life time (in hours)	Number of Lamps
300 – 400	14
400 – 500	56
500 – 600	60
600 – 700	86
700 – 800	74
800 – 900	62
900 – 1000	48

Represent the given information with the help of a histogram.

31. A family with a monthly income of Rs 20,000 had planned the following expenditures per month under various heads: Draw a bar graph for the given below data.

Heads	Expenditure (in thousand rupees)
Grocery	4
Rent	5
Education of children	5
Medicine	2
Fuel	2
Entertainment	1
Miscellaneous	1

SECTION – D

Questions 32 to 35 carry 5 marks each.

32. A gardener has to put double fence all around a triangular field with sides 120 m, 80 m and 60 m. In the middle of each of the sides, there is a gate of width 10 m.

- (i) Find the length of wire needed for fencing.
- (ii) Find the cost of fencing at the rate of ₹ 6 per metre.
- (iii) Find the area of triangular field.
- (iv) Find the cost of levelling the ground at the rate of ₹ 10 per m².

OR

Anurag makes a kite using red and yellow piece of paper. Red piece of paper is cut in the shape of square with diagonal 30 cm. At one of the vertex of this square, a yellow paper with the shape of an equilateral triangle of side such that $a^2 = 32\sqrt{3}$ is attached to give the shape of a kite. Find the total area of paper required to make the kite.

33. Find the value of a and b so that $x + 1$ and $x - 1$ are factors of $x^4 + ax^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + b$.

OR

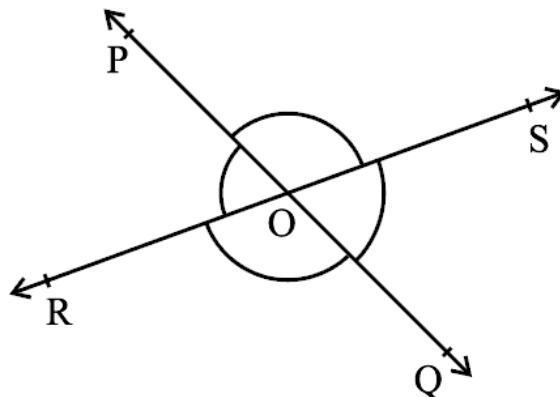
Without actual division, prove that $(2x^4 + 3x^3 - 12x^2 - 7x + 6)$ is exactly divisible by $(x^2 + x - 6)$.

34. A dome of a building is in the form of a hemisphere. From inside, it was white-washed at the cost of Rs 498.96. If the cost of white-washing is Rs 2.00 per square metre, find the

- (i) inside surface area of the dome, (ii) volume of the air inside the dome.

35. Prove that "If two lines intersect each other, then the vertically opposite angles are equal."

Using this theorem, find all the angles if $\angle POR : \angle ROQ = 5 : 7$ in the below figure where lines PQ and RS intersect each other at point O.

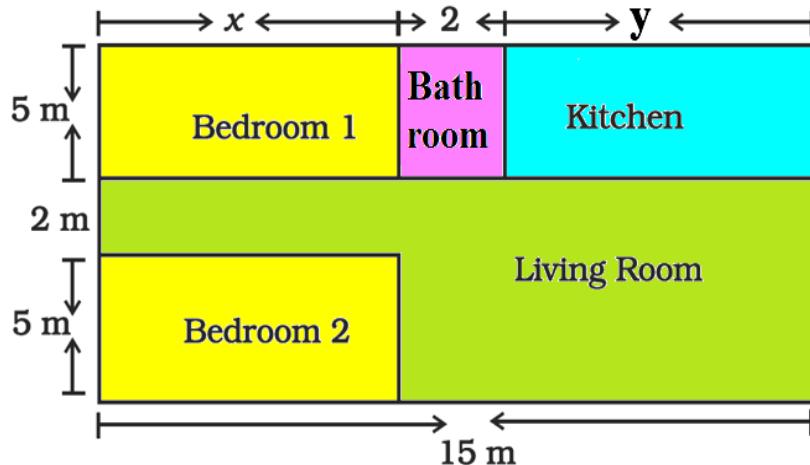


SECTION – E(Case Study Based Questions)

Questions 36 to 38 carry 4 marks each.

36. Case Study – 1:

In the below given layout, the design and measurements have been made such that area of two bedrooms and Kitchen together is 95 sq. m.



- (i) Form the pair of linear equation in two variables formed from the statements. [1]
(ii) Find the length of the outer boundary of the layout. [1]

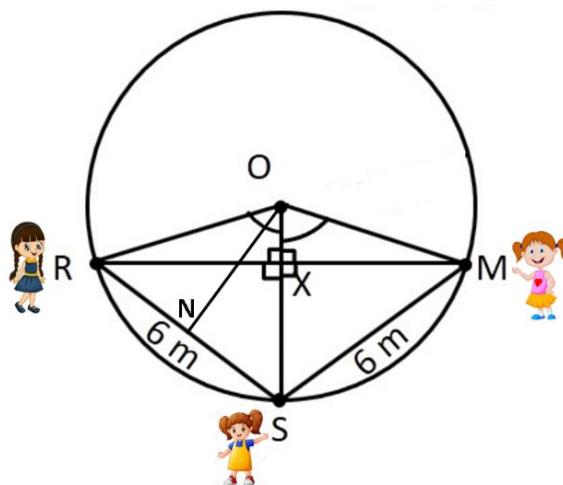
(iii) Find the area of each bedroom and kitchen in the layout. [2]

OR

(iii) If the point (3, 4) lies on the graph of $3y = ax + 7$, then find the value of a .

37. Case Study – 2:

Three girls Reshma, Salma and Mandip are playing a game by standing on a circle of radius 5m drawn in a park. Reshma throws a ball to Salma, Salma to Mandip, Mandip to Reshma. The distance between Reshma and Salma and between Salma and Mandip is 6m each. In the given below figure Reshma's position is denoted by R, Salma's position is denoted by S and Mandip's position is denoted by M.



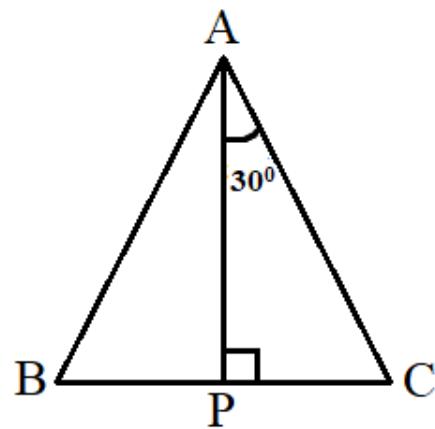
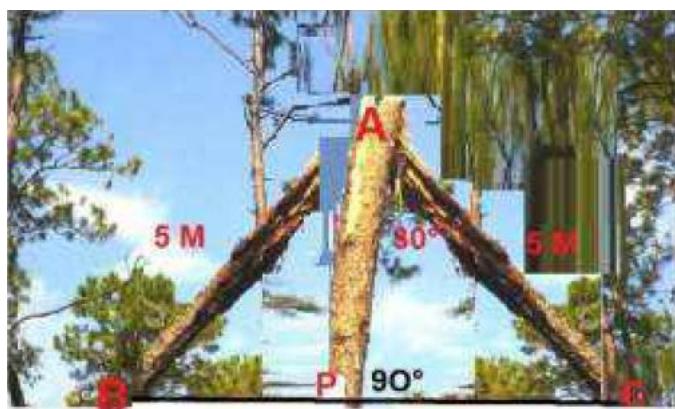
- (i) Find the area of triangle ORS. [2]
(ii) What is the distance between Reshma and Mandip? [2]

OR

(ii) If BC is a diameter of a circle of centre O and OD is perpendicular to the chord AB of a circle, show that $CA = 2OD$. [2]

38. Case Study – 3:

Aditya and his friends went to a forest, they saw a big tree got broken due to heavy rain and wind. Due to this rain the big branches AB and AC with lengths 5m fell down on the ground. Branch AC makes an angle of 30° with the main tree AP. The distance of Point B from P is 4 m. You can observe that $\triangle ABP$ is congruent to $\triangle ACP$.



- (a) Show that $\triangle ABP$ is congruent to $\triangle ACP$ (1)
(b) Find the value of $\angle ACP$? (2)

OR

- What is the total height of the tree? (2)
(c) Find the value of $\angle BAP$? (1)