

Ziegler–Nichols method

The **Ziegler–Nichols tuning method** is a heuristic method of tuning a PID controller. It was developed by John G. Ziegler and Nathaniel B. Nichols. It is performed by setting the *I* (integral) and *D* (derivative) gains to zero. The "P" (proportional) gain, *K_p*, is then increased (from zero) until it reaches the **ultimate gain** *K_u*, at which the output of the control loop has stable and consistent oscillations. *K_u* and the oscillation period *T_u* are used to set the P, I, and D gains depending on the type of controller used:

Ziegler–Nichols method ^[1]			
Control Type	<i>K_p</i>	<i>T_i</i>	<i>T_d</i>
<i>P</i>	0.5<i>K_u</i>	-	-
<i>PI</i>	0.45<i>K_u</i>	<i>T_u</i> /1.2	-
<i>PD</i>	0.8<i>K_u</i>	-	<i>T_u</i> /8
<i>classic PID</i> ^[2]	0.6<i>K_u</i>	<i>T_u</i> /2	<i>T_u</i> /8
<i>Pessen Integral Rule</i> ^[2]	0.7<i>K_u</i>	<i>T_u</i> /2.5	3<i>T_u</i>/20
<i>some overshoot</i> ^[2]	0.33<i>K_u</i>	<i>T_u</i> /2	<i>T_u</i> /3
<i>no overshoot</i> ^[2]	0.2<i>K_u</i>	<i>T_u</i> /2	<i>T_u</i> /3

These 3 parameters are used to establish the correction *u*(*t*) from the error *e*(*t*) via the equation:

$$u(t) = K_p \left(e(t) + \frac{1}{T_i} \int_0^t e(\tau) d\tau + T_d \frac{de(t)}{dt} \right)$$

which has the following transfer function relationship between error and controller output:

$$u(s) = K_c \left(1 + \frac{1}{T_i s} + T_d s \right) e(s) = K_c \left(\frac{T_d T_i s^2 + T_i s + 1}{T_i s} \right) e(s)$$

Evaluation

The Ziegler-Nichols tuning creates a "quarter wave decay". This is an acceptable result for some purposes, but not optimal for all applications.

This tuning rule is meant to give PID loops best disturbance rejection.^[2]

It yields an aggressive gain and overshoot^[2] – some applications wish to instead minimize or eliminate overshoot, and for these this method is inappropriate.

References

1. Ziegler, J.G & Nichols, N. B. (1942). "Optimum settings for automatic controllers" ([http://staff.guilan.ac.ir/staff/users/chaibakhsh/fckeditor_repo/file/documents/Optimum%20Settings%20for%20Automatic%20Controllers%20\(Ziegler%20and%20Nichols,%201942\).pdf](http://staff.guilan.ac.ir/staff/users/chaibakhsh/fckeditor_repo/file/documents/Optimum%20Settings%20for%20Automatic%20Controllers%20(Ziegler%20and%20Nichols,%201942).pdf)) (PDF). Transactions of the ASME. **64**: 759–768.

2. Ziegler-Nichols Tuning Rules for PID (<http://www.mstarlabs.com/control/znrule.html>), Microstar Laboratories

Bequette, B. Wayne. Process Control: Modeling, Design, and Simulation. Prentice Hall PTR, 2010. [1] (<http://homepages.rpi.edu/~bequeeb/edu.html>)

- Co, Tomas; Michigan Technological University (February 13, 2004). "Ziegler-Nichols Closed Loop Tuning" (<http://www.chem.mtu.edu/~tbco/cm416/zn.html>). Retrieved 2007-06-24.

External links

- https://web.archive.org/web/20080616062648/http://controls.engin.umich.edu:80/wiki/index.php/PIDTuningClassical#Ziegler-Nichols_Method

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