

Tracking the U.S. Consumer

Meter holds steady in April as spending slows

Industry Overview

Meter steady despite consumer confidence dip

Our Tracking meter remains flat in April with Earnings & Employment flashing GREEN, Spending & DPI, Confidence & Borrowing & Cost of Living flashing YELLOW, and Housing & Mortgages flashing RED.

KEY CONSUMER METRICS FLASHING 1 GREEN, 3 YELLOW, 1 RED:

Spending & DPI: Spending slows across income cohorts

According to BAC aggregated credit and debit card data, lower income retail spending (ex-auto & gas) (<\$50K) decreased -0.5% in April (vs. +0.9% in March & +0.7% LY), spending growth for the middle (\$50-125k) income consumers decreased -0.5% (vs. +0.8% in Mar. & +3.2% LY), and spending growth for the upper (\$125K+) income consumer decreased -1.8% (vs. -0.9% in Mar. & +5.6% LY). The spread between spending growth of the lower income cohort (<\$50K) and higher income cohorts (\$50K+) remains positive. See <u>BofA on USA</u> report for broader retail trends commentary and for methodology, disclaimers, and limitations of BAC card data.

Earnings & Employment: Unemployment remains low 🔺

The economy added 253K jobs in April (vs. 165K in March) as unemployment declined slightly (3.4% vs. 3.5% in March) and labor participation remained flat at 62.6%. US Average Hourly Earnings increased +4.4% in April (vs. +4.3% in March and +5.8% LY) indicating the labor market remains solid. The FRB Atlanta Wage Growth Tracker reported a dip in wage gains in April for all groups except the highest income quartile (see Exhibit 15). The number of Full-Time Civilian Employees reaches an all-time high.

Confidence & Borrowing: Confidence drops in May

The Preliminary May UMich Survey of Consumer Sentiment reading fell to 57.5 (vs. 63.5 in Apr. & 58.4 LY) and long run inflation expectations reach their highest level since 2011. Bank surveys report tightening credit standards and weaker demand for consumer loans as Small Business Optimism reaches its lowest level since 2013. Personal interest payments as a % of DPI have moved above pre-pandemic levels, but Bank of America <u>Institute's Consumer Checkpoint</u> report data suggests all income groups have time before median deposits fall to average 2019 levels (see Exhibit 49).

Housing & Mtges: Housing affordability unfavorable **V**

New & existing home sales declined –18.6% in Apr. (vs. -19.4% in Mar. & -7.9% LY) as new home sales hit highest level since March 2022 and existing home inventories remain low (see <u>US Watch</u>). NAR's Housing Affordability Index is well below historical averages (98.6 in Mar. vs. 118.8 LY) as mortgage rates & home prices remain elevated but improve in April. Homebuilder confidence rises for the fourth consecutive month.

Cost of Living: Inflation easing; gas prices down y/y

Inflation is easing with CPI up 4.9% y/y in April (vs. 5.0% in March & 8.3% LY) but still above 20-year avg. of 2.5%. Gas prices averaged \$3.55 in May (thru 5/22) down from \$3.60 in April and down -20.1% on a y/y basis. Trends are beginning to improve as real wages become less negative (-0.5% in April vs. -0.6% in March & -2.2% vs. LY).

Bof A Securities does and seeks to do business with issuers covered in its research reports. As a result, investors should be aware that the firm may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report. Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision. Refer to important disclosures on page 28 to 29.

12563366

26 May 2023

Equity **United States** Discount Stores & Supermarkets

Robert F. Ohmes, CFA Research Analyst BofAS +1 646 855 0078 robert.ohmes@bofa.com

Madeline Cech Research Analyst BofAS +1 646 855 5219 madeline.cech@bofa.com

Molly Baum Research Analyst +1 646 855 4904 molly.baum@bofa.com

CPI - Consumer Price Index

DPI - Disposable Personal Income

LY – last year

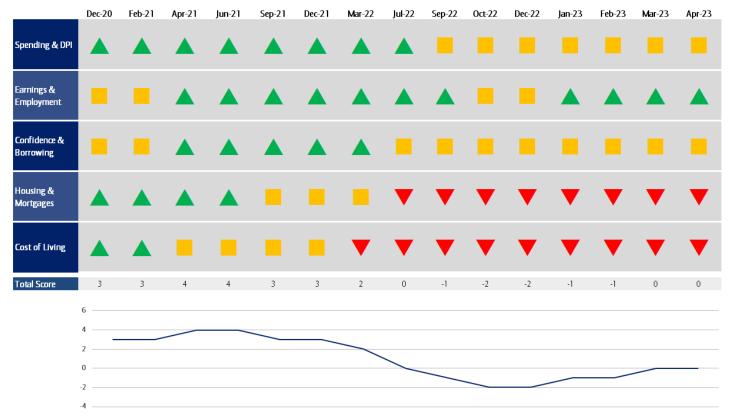
FRB-Federal Reserve Board

NAR- National Association of Realtors

Timestamp: 26 May 2023 05:00AM EDT

Exhibit 1: Tracking the U.S. Consumer Meter

Our Tracking the U.S. Consumer Meter remains flat in April



Source: BAC internal data, Haver Analytics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Federal Reserve, Energy Information Administration, Consumer Conference Board, University of Michigan Survey Research Center. National Association of Realtors, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Bloomberg, BofA Global Research

Note: Green = +1, Yellow=0, and Red = -1 in total score. Please see Exhibit 2 for scoring methodology.

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 2: Tracking the U.S. Consumer Calendar

Latest data points & report timing

		Last Data	Last	Previous	Est. Date	Report	
Front Page Title	Description	Point	Year	Point	Reported	Timing	Source
Unemployment	Unemployment Rate (SA, %)	3.4%	3.6%	3.5%	5/5/2023	Monthly	www.bls.gov
Non-farm payroll	Non-Farm Payrolls (SA, thous, m/m chg)	253k	254k	165k	5/5/2023	Monthly	www.bls.gov
Consumer Confid	Conference Board: Consumer Confidence (SA, 1985=100)	101.3	108.6	104.0	4/25/2023	Monthly	www.conference-board.org
UMich Consumer (P) University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment (NSA, 1966=100)	57.7	58.4	63.5	5/12/2023	Bi-Monthly	www.sca.isr.umich.edu
Disposable Incm	Disposable Personal Income Per Capita (SA, y/y % chg)	7.7%	-16.6%	7.9%	4/28/2023	Monthly	www.bea.gov
CPI	CPI-U: All Items (NSA, 1982-84=100, y/y % chg)	4.9%	8.3%	5.0%	5/10/2023	Monthly	www.bls.gov
Savings Rate	Personal Saving Rate (SA, %)	5.1%	3.8%	4.8%	4/28/2023	Monthly	www.bea.gov
Revolving	Revolving Consumer Credit Outstanding (EOP, SA, bn, y/y % chg)	14.1%	11.7%	15.0%	5/5/2023	Monthly	www.federalreserve.gov
Non-revolving	Non-revolving Consumer Credit Outstanding (EOP, SA, bn, y/y % chg)	5.1%	5.6%	5.4%	5/5/2023	Monthly	www.federalreserve.gov
Househld nworth	Household Net Worth (y/y % chg)	-3.1%	15.1%	-1.7%	3/9/2023	Quarterly	www.federalreserve.gov
Home prices	NAR Median Sales Price: Existing 1-Family Homes, (y/y % chg)	-2.1%	14.3%	-1.5%	5/18/2023	Monthly	www.realtor.org
Housing affor	Composite Homebuyer Affordability Index (Qualifying Inc=100)	98.6	118.8	103.8	5/9/2023	Monthly	www.realtor.org
Mortgage Rates	Conventional 30-Yr Mortgages, FHLMC (NSA, %)	6.34%	4.98%	6.54%	4/27/2023	Monthly	www.federalreserve.gov
Home Sales	New 1-Family Houses Sold + Existing 1-Family Home Sales	-18.6%	-7.9%	-19.4%	5/23/2023	Monthly	www.realtor.org
Financial Obligat	Household Financial Obligation Ratio (SA)	14.39	13.90	14.41	3/23/2023	Quarterly	www.federalreserve.gov
Gas Prices	U.S. Regular Retail Gasoline Prices (c/gal)	\$3.55	\$4.44	\$3.60	5/22/2023	Weekly	www.eia.gov

Source: BofA Global Research, SA: Seasonally Adjusted, NSA: Not Seasonally Adjusted



Exhibit 3: Tracking the U.S. Consumer Metrics Directional Update Overall Tracking the U.S. Consumer holds steady in April

	Latest Data	Y/Y Direction	Sequential Direction	Direction Classification	Direction Explanation
1) Spending & DPI					
DPI	7.7%	Up	Down		Up y/y and down sequentially given increases in compensation and personal income receipts
<u>DPI-CPI</u>	2.8%	Up	Up		Up y/y and sequentially despite elevated inflation
2) Earnings & Employment 🔺					
Unemployment	3.4%	Down	Down		Unemployment rate remains at low levels
Average hourly earnings	4.4%	Down	Up	-	Wages remain above the LT average of 3.0% y/y (back to '07) while real wages declined (-0.5% in Apr. vs0.6% in Mar. & -2.2% LY)
Labor Participation Rate	62.6%	Up	Flat		The labor participation rate continues to recover from pandemic lows
3) Confidence & Borrowing					
UMich Consumer Confidence (P)	57.7	Down	Down	=	Consumer sentiment fell in May given consumer worries about the economy and debt crisis and long-run inflation expectations rose to highest reading since 2011
Conf. Board Consumer Confidence	101.3	Down	Down	▼	Reflects a y/y & sequential decrease in Consumer Confidence in April
Revolving Consumer Credit	14.1%	Up	Down		Up y/y & down sequentially, remains above the 10-year average of 3.4%
Non-Revolving Consumer Credit	5.1%	Down	Down		Down y/y & sequentially
Personal Interest Payments % of DPI	2.3%	Up	Up	=	Remain at depressed levels (avg. since $1990 = 2.3\%$) despite the sequential and y/y increase that imply a relatively un-burdened U.S. consumer with room for spending growth
Financial Obligations Ratio	14.39	Up	Up	A	At increasing levels that remain below the 10-year average of 14.7, supporting a potentially stronger consumer spending outlook if the economy improves
4) Housing & Mortgages ▼					
New & existing home sales	-18.6%	Down	Up	•	New & existing home sales accelerated y/y in April with new home sales jump; mortgage purchase apps declined -32% in April
Housing affordability	98.6	Down	Down	▼	Down y/y & sequentially and remains at historic lows vs. the 10 - and 20-year averages of 155.1 and 150.5, respectively
5) Cost of Living					
Gas prices	\$3.55	Down	Down		Down 20.1% y/y in May (through 5/22) and down 28% vs. 2022 high of \$4.93
CPI	4.9%	Down	Down	•	CPI decelerated to 4.9% y/y in April driven by surge in used car prices but remains above 10- year average of 2.59% and 20-year average of 2.53%
▼ Red = Unfavorable ■ Yellow = Mixed					7

▲ Green = Favorable

Source: BofA Global Research

Key: 75% or greater of metrics in category are favorable, overall category = 🛦, if between 50% and 75% are favorable or entire category is neutral, overall category = 🔍 if <50% of metrics are favorable including some unfavorable rankings, overall category = 🔻



Spending & DPI

Spending decelerated fastest for higher income consumer

According to BAC aggregated credit & debit card data, retail spending (ex-auto & gas) growth for the lower income consumer (<\$50K) decreased -0.5% in April (vs. +0.9% in March & +0.7% LY), while spending growth for the middle (\$50-125k) income consumers decreased -0.5% (vs. +0.8% in March & +3.2% LY), and spending growth for the higher (\$125K+) income consumer decreased -1.8% (vs. -0.9% in March & +5.6% LY). The spread between spending growth of the lower income cohort and the higher income cohorts remained positive for the fourth consecutive month.

Exhibit 4: Monthly retail spending growth (ex-auto & gas) per BAC card data, y/y % change, non-seasonally adjusted data

According to BAC aggregated credit & debit card data, spending growth decelerates across income cohorts in April

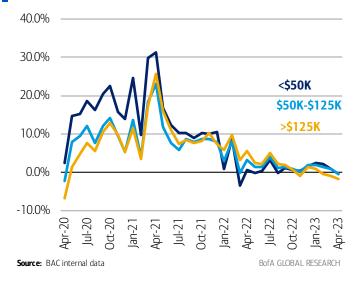


Exhibit 6: Spread between spending growth (ex-auto & gas) of lower income cohort and higher income cohorts, per BAC card data

Spread remains positive in April after flipping positive in January

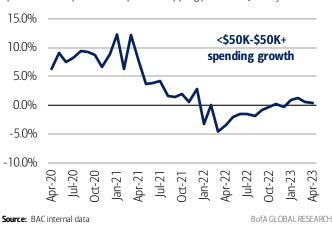


Exhibit 5: Monthly retail spending growth (ex-auto & gas) per BAC card data, 2-yr % change, non-seasonally adjusted data

According to BAC aggregated credit & debit card data, spending growth on a 2-year basis accelerated across income cohorts

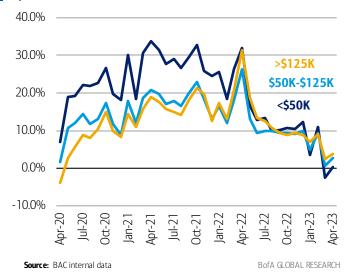


Exhibit 7: Spread between spending growth (ex-auto & gas) of lower income cohort and higher income cohorts (2-year), per BAC card data

2-year spend spread improves in April



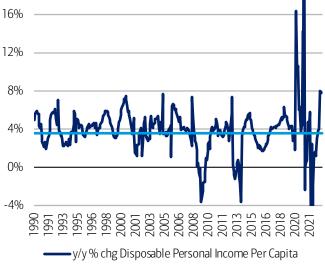
Source: BAC internal data BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• **Disposable income per capita.** DPI in March increased +7.7% on a y/y basis (down vs. +7.9% in February & up vs. -16.6% LY). According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis, the increase in current-dollar personal income in Feb. reflected increases in compensation (in private wages & salaries), personal income receipts on assets, and

rental income of persons partly offset by decreases in proprietors' income and personal current transfer receipts (which primarily reflected the end of pandemicrelated emergency benefits for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program).

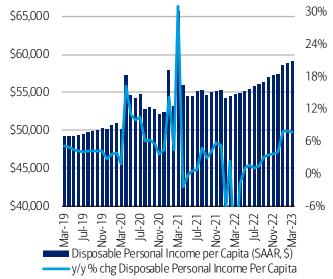
Exhibit 8: Disposable Income Per Capita y/y % change (long-term)

DPI has averaged 3.6% since '03, with gov't stimulus driving spikes



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

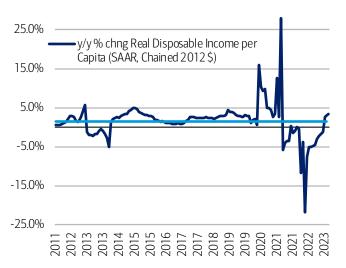
Exhibit 9: Disposable Income Per Capita y/y % change DPI increased 7.7% in Mar. vs. 7.9 % in Feb. & -16.6% LY



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics

Exhibit 10: Real Disposable Income Per Capita y/y % change (long-

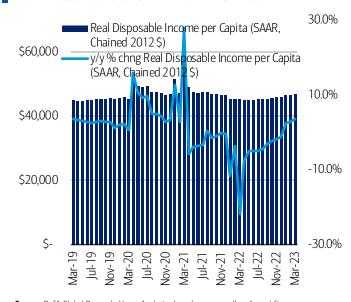
Real DPI has averaged 1.4% since '03



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, based on seasonally adjusted figures BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 11: Real Disposable Income Per Capita y/y % change

Real DPI accelerated to +3.4% in Mar. from +2.7% in Feb.



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, based on seasonally adjusted figures

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

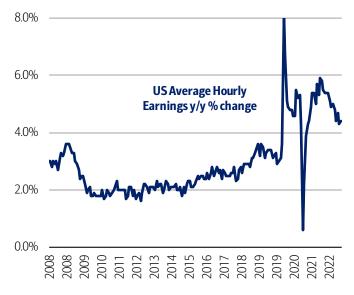
Earnings & Employment

US Average Hourly Earnings in April accelerated to +4.4% (vs. +4.3% in Mar. & +5.8% LY). The Employee Cost Index (ECI)- a quarterly measure of the change in the



cost of labor free from the impact of employment shifts among industries / occupations- increased +5.1% y/y for the 12-month period ending 4Q22 (vs. +5.0% in 3Q22 & +4.0% in 4Q21). The Atlanta Fed Wage Tracker saw a +6.3% y/y increase in wages as of April (vs. 6.4% in March). The composition of the Atlanta Fed data showed wage growth slowing for almost all income groups. Real wages declined -0.5% in April (vs. -0.6% in March & -2.2% vs. LY).

Exhibit 12: US Average Hourly Earnings y/y % change (Long-term) US average hourly earnings (change in avg. hourly earnings for all employees) increased +4.4% in April vs. +4.3% in March



Source: BofA Global Research, Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 13: Employment Cost of Civilian Workers y/y% change (12month, non-seasonally adjusted data) current dollar

Compensation costs for civilian workers +5.1% y/y in 4Q22 vs. +5.0% in 3Q22 and +4.0% in 4Q21



Source: BofA Global Research, Bureau of Labor Statistics

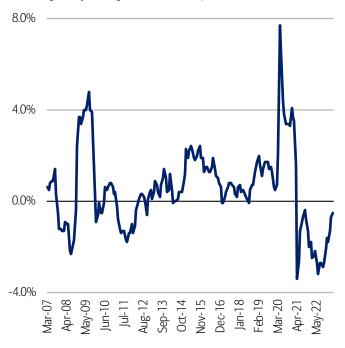
BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH



6

Exhibit 14: US Real Avg. Hourly Earnings y/y % change

US real avg. hourly earnings down -0.5% in Apr. vs -0.6% in Mar. & -2.2%. LY

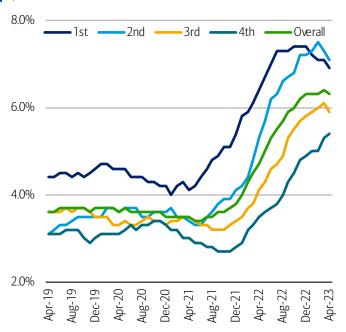


Source: BofA Global Research, Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 15: Atlanta Fed Wage Tracker by Wage Level (12mo. MA)

Wage growth is slowing for all groups except the highest income group (4th quartile)

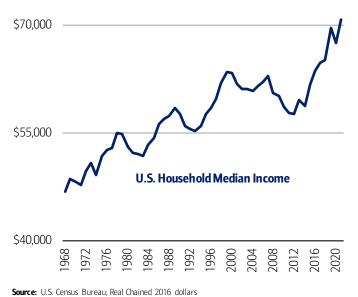


Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Current Population Survey, Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 16: U.S. Household Median Income (Long-term chart)

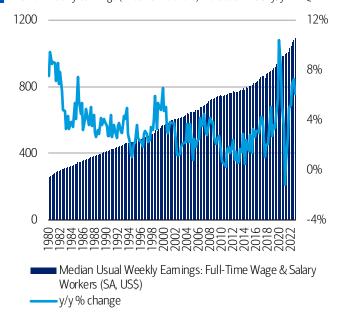
All income received by households (wages, salaries, investments, rental, etc.)



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 17: Median weekly earnings

Median weekly earnings (in current dollars) increased 7.3% y/y in 4Q22



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, BofA Global Research

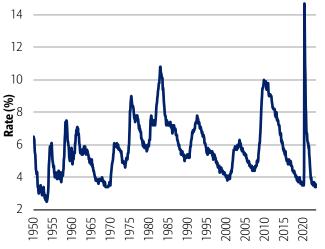
- **Unemployment rate:** The unemployment rate decelerated to 3.4% in April (vs. 3.5% in March & 3.6% LY) as labor participation remains flat.
- Non-farm payrolls: Non-farm payrolls increased by 253K in Apr., above +165K in Mar. and below a +254K increase LY.



Labor Force Participation: Labor participation was 62.6% in April (flat vs. March and above 62.2% LY) but still below the 67.2% peak in 1998. The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the working-age population that is either working or actively looking for work.

Exhibit 18: Historical U.S. Unemployment Rate

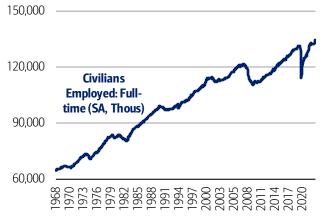
The unemployment rate in 4/20 was the highest since the Great Depression



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, BofA Global Research

Exhibit 20: Number of Full-Time Employees (Long-term chart)

Number of full-time employees increased 1.9% in April vs. 4.5% LY



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 19: U.S. Unemployment Rate (2-year history)

The unemployment rate was 3.4% in April (vs. 3.6% LY)

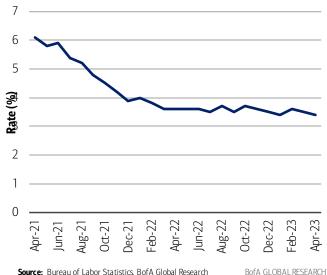


Exhibit 21: Number of Full-Time Employees (2-year history)

Number of full-time employees increased 1.9% in April vs. 4.5% LY

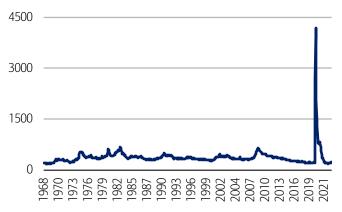


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



Exhibit 22: Initial Jobless Claims (SA, thousands) (Long-term chart)

Initial jobless claims remain flat in April vs. March

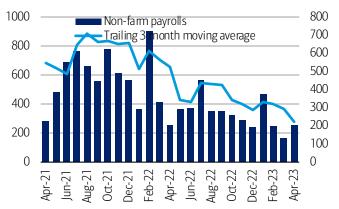


Source: Department of Labor, Havor Analytics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 24: Non-farm payrolls (2 yr. history)

Non-farm payrolls increased by +253K in April vs. +165K in March



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 23: Initial Jobless Claims (SA, thousands) (2-year history)

Initial jobless claims remain flat in April vs. March

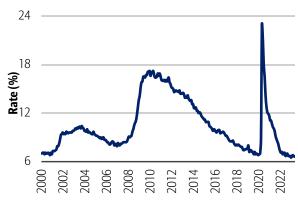


Source: Department of Labor, Haver Analytics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 25: Underemployment Rate

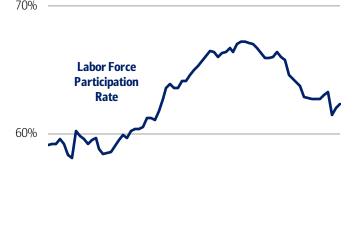
The underemployment rate was 6.6% in April vs. 7.0% LY

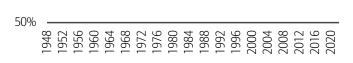


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Exhibit 26: Labor Force Participation Rate (Long-term history)

Labor participation still below pre-recession peak





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 27: Labor Force Participation Rate (4 yr. history)

The labor force participation rate was 62.6% in April

64.5%



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

US Manufacturing Jobs. Manufacturing jobs declined in 2020 due to COVID-19 headwinds and remain below pre-recession levels and peak levels in 1979. In April, manufacturing jobs increased 1.7%, down from 2.1% in Mar. & 3.6%

Exhibit 28: US Manufacturing Jobs (1970-present)

Manufacturing jobs increase in April vs. March



Exhibit 29: Average weekly overtime hours for manufacturing employees

Avg. weekly overtime hours remained flat at 2.9 y/y in Apr. vs. Mar.



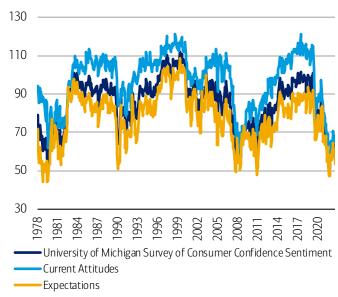
Confidence & Borrowing

Consumer Confidence. The Prelim. May Univ. of Michigan Survey of Consumer Sentiment fell to 57.7, down 9.1% from April). The Apr. Conference Board Consumer Confidence declined to 101.3 in Apr., vs. 104.0 in Mar. & vs. 108.6 LY.



Exhibit 30: U of Michigan Survey of Consumer Confidence Sentiment (1978-2020)

Consumer confidence sentiment was 57.7 in May vs. 63.5 in April

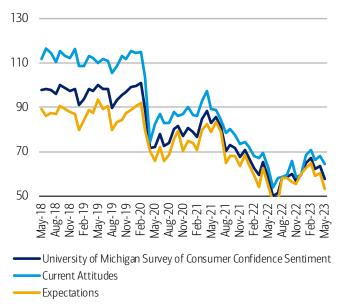


Source: BofA Global Research, U. of Michigan Survey Research Center, Bloomberg 1966=100

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 31: U of Michigan Survey of Consumer Confidence Sentiment (2014-2019)

Consumer confidence sentiment was 57.7 in Mayvs. 63.5 in April



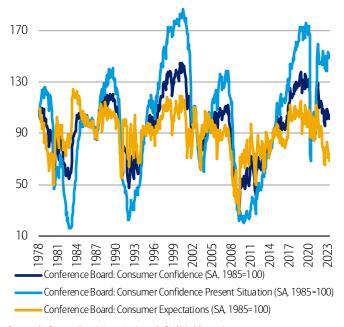
Source: BofA Global Research, U of Michigan Survey Research Center, Bloomberg 1966=100

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• The Prelim. Univ. of Michigan Survey of Consumer Current Attitudes in May was 64.5, down from 68.2 in Apr. and down vs. 63.3 LY. Current Expectations at 53.4 was up vs. 60.5 in Apr. and below 55.2 LY. The Apr. Conference Board Consumer Confidence Present Situation at 151.1 was up vs. 148.9 in Mar. and vs. 152.9 LY, and Consumer Expectations at 68.1 was down vs. 74.0 in Mar. and below 79.0 LY.

Exhibit 32: Conference Board Consumer Confidence (LT history)

Consumer confidence sentiment was 101.3 in Apr. vs. 104.0 in Mar.

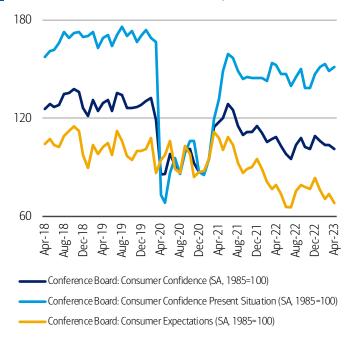


Source: Conference Board, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 33: Conference Board Consumer Confidence (2018-2022)

Consumer confidence sentiment was 101.3 in Apr. vs. 104.0 in Mar.



Source: Conference Board, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research



• Consumer Confidence by household income. In Apr. 2023, confidence for households earnings \$100-125K was 116.3, up from 111.5 in Mar. & down vs. 138.0 LY. Households earning \$75-100K was 102.4, down vs. 111.2 in Mar. & vs. 106.0 LY. Households earning \$50-75K was 103.4, up vs. 102.5 in Mar. & down vs. 107.9 LY. Households earning \$25-50K was 96.3, up vs. 95.9 in Mar. & down vs. 98.9 LY.

Exhibit 34: Consumer Confidence by household income

Household confidence for \$100-125K income group saw the greatest y/y deceleration

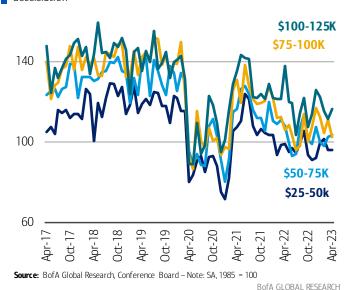


Exhibit 35: New car loan rate (48-month)

The average rate of new car loans accelerates to 6.9% in Apr. but remains below 7.4% high in 2009



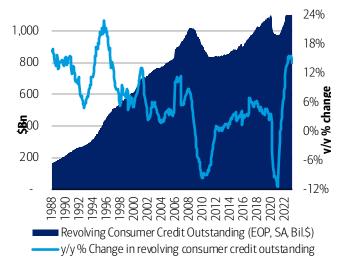
Source: Haver Analytics, bankrate.com- average of new car loan rates

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• Consumer credit. Revolving consumer credit increased +14.1% y/y in Mar. (down from 15.0% in Feb. & up from 11.7% LY) and is also above the +3.4% 10yr avg. Non-revolving credit (auto-loans, and durable goods loans, excluding mortgages) grew 5.1% y/y in Mar., below 5.4% in Feb. & 5.6% LY. We est. that the avg. household currently carries \$9,266 in credit card debt as of Mar., cont. to exceed peak levels last seen in May '08 of \$8,396 and up \$1,693 from the 10-year avg. of \$7,573.



Exhibit 36: Revolving Consumer Credit Outstanding & y/y % Growth Revolving consumer credit increased 14.1% in Mar. vs. 11.7% LY

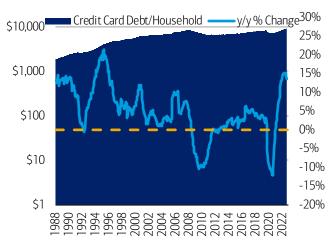


Source: Federal Reserve Board, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 38: Est. credit card debt per US household (LT)

We est. the avg. household carries ~\$9.3k in credit card debt as of Mar.

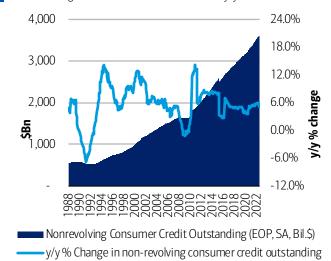


Source: Federal Reserve Board, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 37: Non-Revolving Consumer Credit & y/y % Growth

Non-revolving consumer credit increased +5.1% y/y in Mar. vs. +5.6% LY

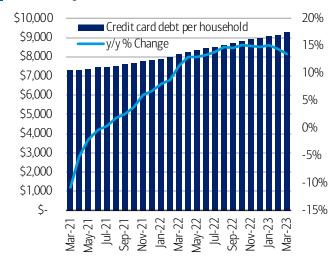


Source: Federal Reserve Board, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 39: Estimated credit card debt per US household (2 yr.)

We est. the avg. household carries ~\$9.3k in credit card debt as of Mar.



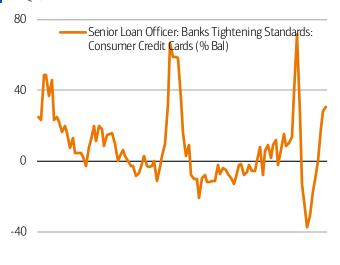
Source: Federal Reserve Board, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

 Lending standards for credit cards tightened for 30.4% of net respondents in 2Q23 vs. 28.3% reporting net tightening in 1Q23 & 10.4% reporting loosening LY. • **Demand for Consumer Loans**, the percentage of banks reporting **strengthening** demand for consumer installment loans was down -14.7% in 2Q23 vs. -26.0% in 1Q23 & +15.9% LY.

Exhibit 40: % of Bank survey respondents reporting tightening standards on credit cards

Lending standards on credit cards tightened for 30.4% of net respondents in 2Q23 $\,$

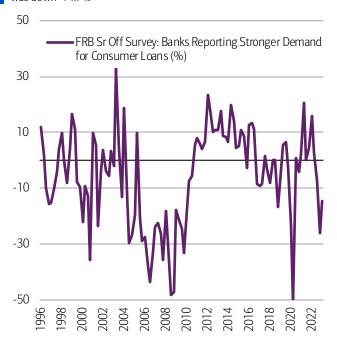




Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Board Senior Loan Officer Survey

Exhibit 41: % of bank survey respondents reporting stronger demand for consumer loans

The percentage of banks reporting strengthening demand for loans in 2Q23 was down -14.7%

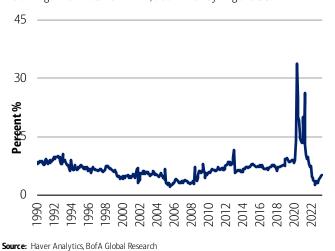


Source: Federal Reserve Board, Senior Loan Officer Survey, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research
BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

 Savings rate. The savings rate was 5.1% in Mar., up from 4.8% in February and 3.8% LY.

Exhibit 42: U.S. Personal Savings Rate (LT History)

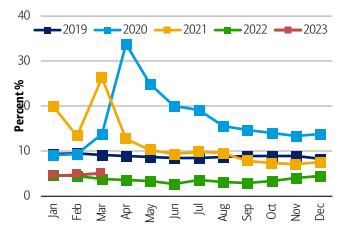
The savings rate was 5.1% in Mar., below the 10yravg of 8.3%



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 43: U.S. Personal Savings Rate (2019-2022)

The savings rate was 5.1% in Mar. vs. 4.8% in Feb.



Source: Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

 Household net worth. Based on data from the Federal Reserve, total household and nonprofit organizations net worth totaled \$136.7 trillion as of 4Q22. Based on our estimates which exclude certain figures attributable to nonprofit assets and

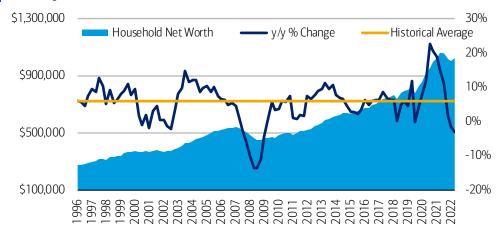


liabilities, we estimate total household net worth at approximately \$1,023,424 on average per household (assuming 2.5 people per household based on current population data).

• We estimate avg. **household net worth** decreased -3.1% y/y in 4Q22 (vs. -1.7% in 3Q22 and +15.1% LY). The historical average (since 1953) growth rate for household wealth is +5.9% (Note that prior figures are often revised modestly).

Exhibit 44: Average net worth per U.S. household

We est. avg. household net worth decreased -3.1% in 4Q22 (vs. -1.7% in 3Q22 & +15.1% LY)



Source: Federal Reserve, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• **Financial obligations ratio.** The ratio of financial obligation payments to DPI decreased slightly to 14.39 in 4Q22 from 14.41 in 3Q22, and up from 13.90 LY. It also remains below the long-term average of 16.10, implying continued room for the consumer to increase borrowing & spending from current levels if the economy improves.



Exhibit 45: Financial Obligations Ratio (1980-Current)

Financial obligations payments as % of disposable personal income



Source: BofA Global Research, Federal Reserve Board/Haver Analytics Note: The financial obligations ratio is an estimate of the ratio of debt payments to disposable income and includes estimated debt payments on outstanding mortgage & consumer debt (includes student loans), automobile lease payments, rental payments on tenant-occupied property, homeowners' insurance, and property tax payments

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 46: Financial Obligations Ratio (2007-Current)

Financial obligations payments as % of disposable personal income



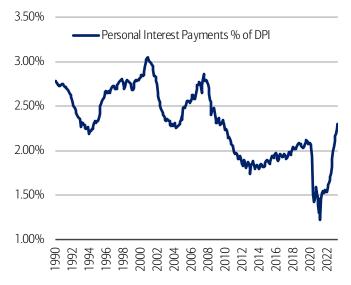
Source: BofA Global Research, Federal Reserve Board/Haver Analytics

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Personal Interest Payments % of DPI (excludes mortgages) are below pre-2008 recession levels but rising. The indicator leads the financial obligations ratio and signals pressure on growth of discretionary spending on smaller ticket (e.g. apparel & footwear) items in favor of larger ticket (e.g. home appliances) purchases.

Exhibit 47: Personal Interest Payments % of DPI (Long-term history)

Personal interest pmts as a % of DPI are rising but still below pre-2008 recession levels



Source: BofA Global Research, Bureau of Economic Analysis

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 48: Personal Interest Payments % of DPI (4-year history)

Personal interest pmts as a % of DPI was 2.3% in Mar. vs. 1.6% LY

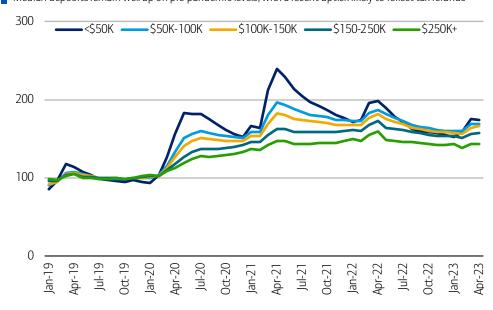


Source: BofA Global Research, Bureau of Economic Analysis



Exhibit 49: Monthly median household savings and checking balances by income (2019=100) for a fixed group of households

Median deposits remain well up on pre-pandemic levels, with a recent uptick likely to reflect tax refunds



Source: Bank of America Institute; Monthly data includes those households that had a consumer deposit account (checking and/or savings account) for all months from January 2019 through April 2023

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

 Small Business Optimism. According to the National Federation of Independent Business's Small Business Optimism index, optimism was 89.0 in April, down from 90.1 in March and down vs. 93.2 LY. The index is currently below the long-term average of 97.9 and the 5-year average of 99.1.

Exhibit 50: Small Business Optimism Index

Small Business Optimism dropped to 89.0 in Apr. vs. 90.1 in Marchand 93.2 LY



Source: BofA Global Research, National Federation of Independent Business

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Housing & Mortgages

Home Sales. According to Census Bureau data, new home sales account for about 15% of total home sales while existing home sales account for roughly 85% of homes sold. Both new and existing home sales are tracking below elevated 2021 levels as well as below 2019 levels. Total home sales (new + existing) decreased -18.6% y/y in Apr. vs. -19.4% in Mar. and -7.9% last year. New family home sales increased 11.8% y/y in Apr. (up vs. -7.2% in Mar. and vs. -24.6% last year) while Existing home sales decreased -22.4% in Apr. (up vs. -21.1% in Mar. & down vs. -5.3% last year).



Exhibit 51: Change in total monthly home sales

New & existing home sales decreased –18.6% in Apr. vs. -7.9% LY

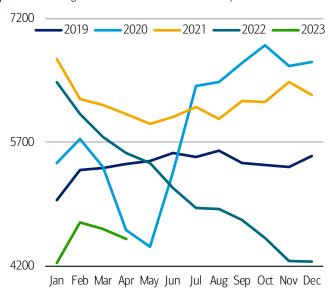


Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 52: New & existing home sales (in 000's)

New & existing home sales decreased –18.6% in Apr. vs. -7.9% LY

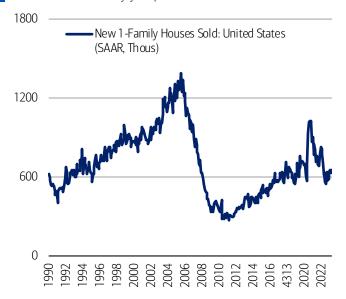


Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 53: New home sales

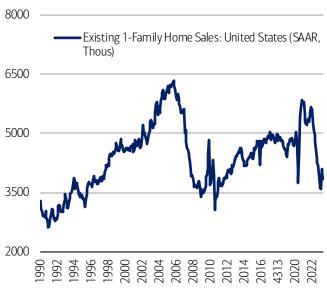
New home sales +11.8% y/y in Apr. vs. -7.2% in Mar. & -24.6% LY



Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 54: Existing home sales

Existing home sales -22.4% in Apr. vs. -21.1% in Mar. & -5.3% LY

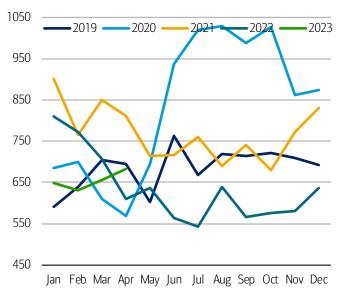


Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research



Exhibit 55: New home sales

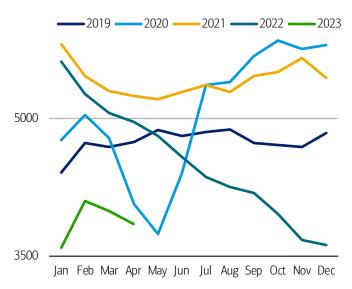
New home sales +11.8% y/y in Apr. vs. -7.2% in Mar. & -24.6% LY



Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 56: Existing home sales

Existing home sales -22.4% in Apr. vs. -21.1% in Mar. & -5.3% LY



Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 57: New home sales y/y 2 yr. stack

Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

New home sales -12.8% on a 2 yr. stack-basis in Apr. vs. +17.8% LY

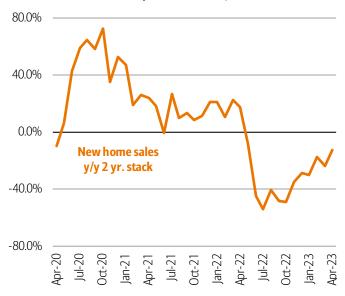
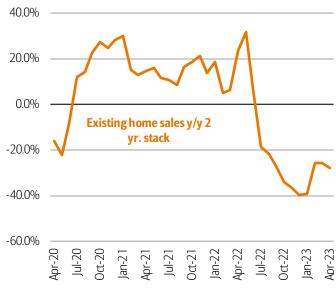


Exhibit 58: Existing home sales y/y 2 yr. stack

Existing home sales -27.7% on a 2 yr. stack-basis in Apr. vs. +23.4% LY

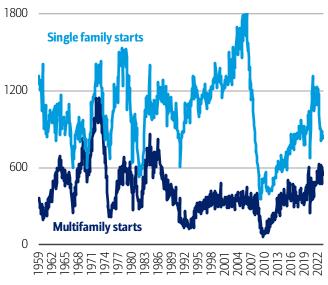


Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Housing starts. According to Census Bureau data total housing starts (multi-family & single-family) decreased -22.3% y/y in Apr. (down vs. -20.0% in Mar. & down vs. 21.5% LY). Single family starts decreased -28.1% (up vs. -29.3% in Mar. and down vs. +12.8% LY). Multi-family starts dropped -11.5% in Apr. (down vs. +0.7% in Mar. and below 42.2% LY).

Exhibit 59: Composition of construction (000s, SAAR)

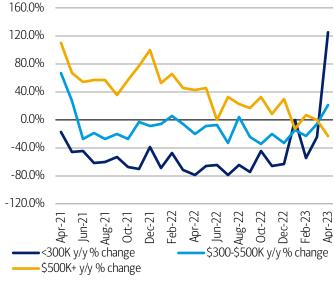
Total housing starts down-22.3% in Apr. (vs. -20.0% in Mar. & +21.5% LY)



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 60: Y/Y % change in new home sales by price point (NSA)

New home sales priced <\$300K and \$300-\$500K accelerated in April



Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

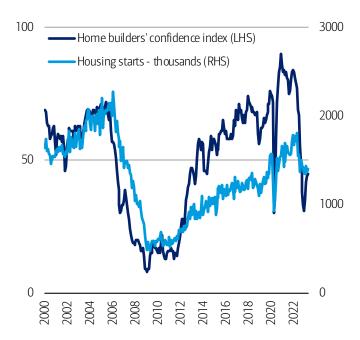
BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Mortgage Debt (one to four family houses) increased in 4Q22 to \$13.4tn (from \$12.5tn last year).

Exhibit 61: Homebuilders Confidence vs. Housing Starts

Source: Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

Homebuilders Confidence was 45 in Apr. vs. 44 in Mar. & 77 LY

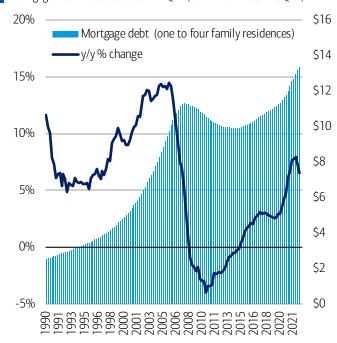


Source: BofA Global Research, Census Bureau

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 62: Mortgage Debt (\$tn, one to four family houses) has returned to growth

Mortgage debt increased 6.6% in 4Q22 (down from 7.5% in 3Q22)



Source: BofA Global Research, Federal Reserve Board Note: Personal MDO includes: Mortgages on 1 to 4 family residences, excludes: multifamily residences, nonfarm non-residential, and farms



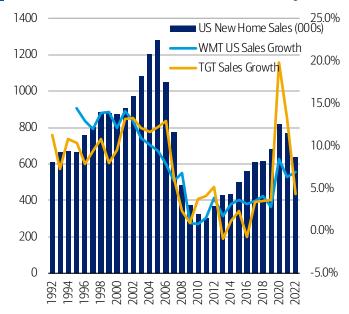
Exhibit 63: US population aged 35-44 vs. US New Home SalesAn increase in population aged 35-44 should support new home sales

1400 Population aged 35-44 (MM, left) US New Home Sales (000s, right) 50 1200 1000 800 30 600 20 400 10 200 2014 2017 201

Source: US Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 64: US New Home Sales vs. WMT & TGT US sales growthNew home sales have ~70% correlation w/ WMT & TGT US sales growth



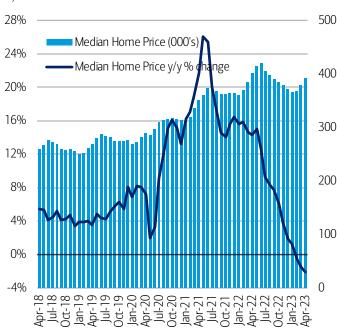
Source: Company filings, US Census Bureau, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• **Median home sales price**. The National Association of Realtors estimates prices of existing homes declined -2.1% y/y Apr. (down vs. -1.5% in Mar. and 14.3% LY). The price of new family homes dropped -8.2% in Apr. (down vs. +4.6% in Mar. and down vs. 21.7% LY).

Exhibit 65: Median sales price (000's) of all existing single-family homes (y/y% change)

Prices of existing homes decreased -2.1% in Apr. (vs. -1.5% in Mar. $\&\,14.3\%$ LY).

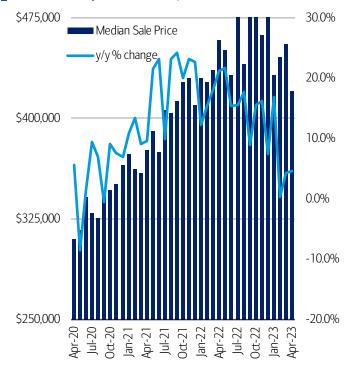


Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, National Association of Realtors

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 66: Median sales price of all new single-family homes

Price of new family homes -8.2% in Apr. (vs. 4.6% in Mar. & 21.7% LY).



Source: U.S. Census Bureau



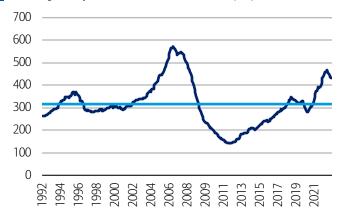
Exhibit 67: US Existing Home Sales Months' Supply NSA

Existing home Months' Supply remains well below historical averages



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 68: Inventories of single-family homes for sale (SAAR, thous) New single family home inventories remain above pre-pandemic levels



Source: Census Bureau, Haver Analytics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Housing affordability index. The NAR's housing affordability index was 98.6 in March (down from 103.8 in February & vs. 118.8 LY). Housing affordability is below the long-term average of 139.3 and the 10-year and 20-year averages of 155.1 and 150.5, respectively. The National Association of Realtors factors in median price existing single-family homes, mortgage rates, estimated principal and interest payments, payments as a % of income, and incomes levels to calculate whether or not a typical family could qualify for a mortgage loan when calculating its housing affordability index. A value of 100 means that a family with a median income, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau, has exactly enough income to qualify for a mortgage on a median-priced home (assuming a 20% down payment). In July 2006, the index bottomed out at 101.1 & peaked at 214.5 in Jan. '13.

Exhibit 69: Housing affordability index vs. mortgage rates

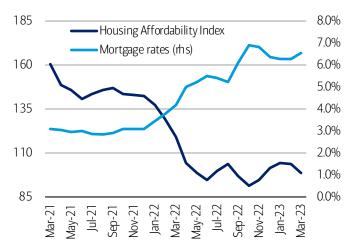
Housing affordability index was 98.6 in Mar., below the LT avg. of 139.3



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Note: Contract interest rates on commitments for 30-year fixed-rate first mortgages. Prime mortgages only BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 70: Housing affordability index vs. mortgage rates

Housing affordability index & the 30-yr. fixed mortgage rate have a -77% correlation



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Note: Contract interest rates on commitments for 30-year fixed-rate first mortgages. Prime mortgages only

- Mortgage rates were 6.34% in Apr., below 6.54% in Mar. & above 4.98% LY.
- **Mortgage lending standards** According to the 2nd quarter 2023 Senior Loan Officer Survey from the Federal Reserve, trends in lending standards for consumers were tightening for residential mortgages.



• **Lending standards for residential mortgages** experienced 12.9% net tightening in 2Q23 vs. 7.2% net easing in 2Q22.

Exhibit 71: % of Bank survey respondents reporting tightening standards on residential mortgages

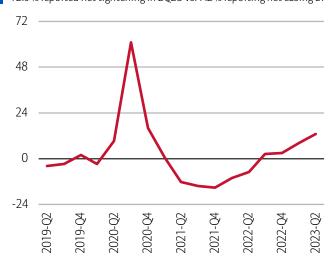
12.9% reported net tightening in 2Q23 vs. 7.2% reporting net easing LY



Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Board Senior Loan Officer Survey

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 72: Residential mortgage lending standards (4-yr history) 12.9% reported net tightening in 2Q23 vs. 7.2% reporting net easing LY



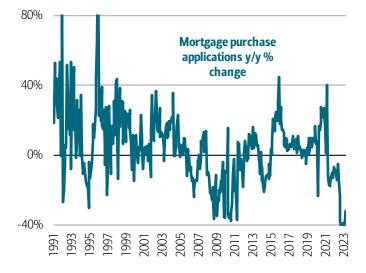
Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Board Senior Loan Officer Survey

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• Mortgage applications. The mortgage refinancing application index of the Mortgage Bankers Association was lower at 461.2 in Apr. vs. 477.2 in Mar. and was down -50.5% vs. 932.3 LY. The mortgage purchase application index was 165.8 in Apr., down vs. 166.6 in Mar. & vs. 244.4 LY.

Exhibit 73: Mortgage Purchase Applications (y/y % change)

Mortgage purchase application index was down -32% y/y in Apr.

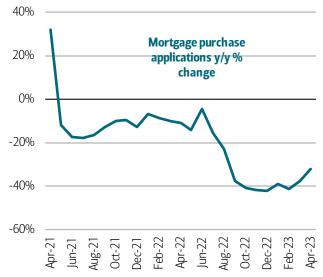


Source: BofA Global Research, Mortgage Bankers Association

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 74: Mortgage Purchase Applications (y/y % change)

Mortgage purchase application index was down -32% y/y in Apr.



Source: BofA Global Research, Mortgage Bankers Association

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• Vacancy rates. According to Census Bureau data, rental vacancy rates were 6.4% in 1Q23, up vs. 5.8% in 4Q22 and vs. 5.8% LY. Homeowner vacancy rates were 0.8% in 1Q23, flat vs. 4Q22 and 0.8% LY. The homeownership rate was 66% in 1Q23, slightly above 65.9% in 4Q22 and above 65.4% LY.



Exhibit 75: Rental vacancy rate (%)

Rental vacancy rates were 6.4% in 1Q23, up vs. 5.8% in 4Q22 & 5.8% LY



Source: BofA Global Research, US Census Bureau

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 77: Homeownership rate

The homeownership rate was 66% in 1Q23



BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 76: Homeowner vacancy rate (%)

Homeowner vacancy rates were 0.8% in 1Q23 flat vs. 4Q22

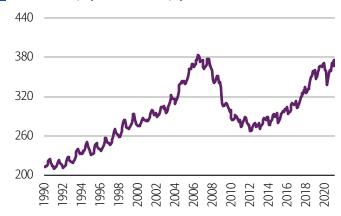


Source: BofA Global Research, US Census Bureau

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 78: Real estate agents and brokers employed LT chart (000s)

Number of employees on business payrolls (NSA)



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Cost of Living Trends

• **CPI:** CPI was 4.9% in April (vs. 5.0% in March & 8.3% LY), which is above the long-term (since 1982) average of 2.91% and the 10-yr average of 2.59%.

Exhibit 79: CPI by category (y/y change)

CPI increased 4.9% in April vs. 5.0% in March & 8.3% LY

CATEGORY	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April
Food	9.0%	9.7%	10.0%	10.5%	10.9%	10.8%	10.6%	10.3%	10.1%	9.9%	9.2%	8.3%	7.5%
Housing	6.5%	6.9%	7.3%	7.4%	7.8%	8.0%	7.9%	7.8%	8.1%	8.2%	8.2%	7.8%	7.5%
Apparel	5.4%	5.0%	5.2%	5.1%	5.1%	5.5%	4.1%	3.6%	2.9%	3.1%	3.3%	3.3%	3.6%
Transportation	19.9%	19.4%	19.7%	16.4%	13.4%	12.6%	11.2%	7.8%	3.9%	3.8%	2.6%	-1.0%	0.2%
Medical Care	3.2%	3.7%	4.5%	4.8%	5.4%	6.0%	5.0%	4.2%	4.0%	3.1%	2.3%	1.5%	1.1%
Recreation	4.3%	4.5%	4.6%	4.4%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	4.7%	5.1%	4.8%	5.0%	4.8%	5.0%
Education	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	1.0%	1.0%	1.4%	1.6%
Other	5.7%	6.3%	6.7%	6.3%	6.6%	6.9%	6.5%	7.0%	6.4%	6.2%	6.1%	6.1%	6.6%
Total CPI	8.3%	8.6%	9.1%	8.5%	8.3%	8.2%	7.7%	7.1%	6.5%	6.4%	6.0%	5.0%	4.9%

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



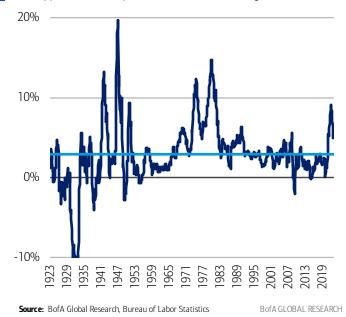
Exhibit 80: 1 yr forward inflation expectation (UMich Survey)

The 1 yr forward inflation expectation was 4.5% in May, below 4.6% in Apr.



Exhibit 81: Historical Consumer Price Index

CPI dropped to 4.9% in Apr. but remains above LT average of 2.9%



Federal Funds Rate. The Federal Funds rate was 4.83% in Apr., up from 4.65% in Mar. and above 0.33% LY.

Exhibit 82: DPI y/y % growth minus CPI y/y % growth (4 yr. history)

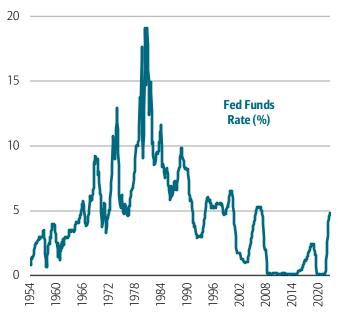


Source: BofA Global Research, Haver Analytics, BEA.gov, based on seasonally adjusted figures

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 83: Fed Funds Rate (Long-Term)

The Federal Funds rate was 4.83% in Apr. above 0.33% LY



Source: Federal Reserve

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• **Monetary Base.** The monetary base decreased -9% y/y in Mar. up vs. -12% in Feb. and down from +5% LY.





The monetary base decreased -9% in Mar. vs. -12% in Feb. & +5% LY

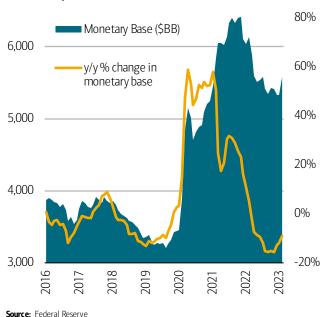
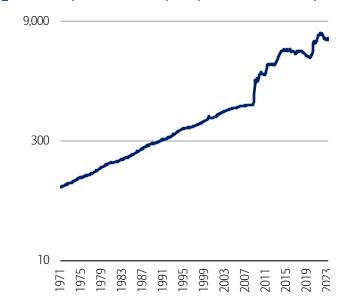


Exhibit 85: Monetary Base (LT history – log scale)

The monetary base has seen a fairly steady increase over the last 50 years



Source: Federal Reserve

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 86: All federal reserve banks total assets (\$MM)

All federal reserve banks total assets decreased 4% y/y in Apr.

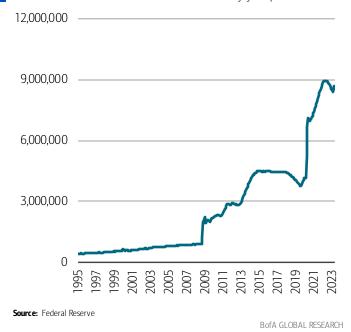
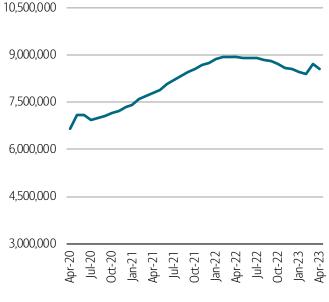


Exhibit 87: All federal reserve banks total assets (\$MM) (3 yr. history)

All federal reserve banks total assets decreased 4% y/y in Apr.



Source: Federal Reserve

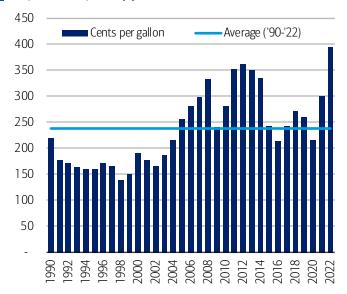
BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

• **Gas prices**. US retail gas prices are \$3.55 in May (5/22) down vs. \$3.60 in April and down -20.1% y/y vs. \$4.44 last year.



Exhibit 88: US Yearly Average Regular Retail Gas Prices

Gas prices were up ~32% y/y in 2022

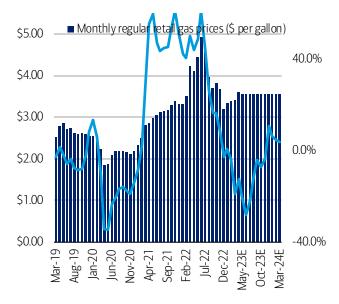


Source: Energy Information Administration, BofA Global Research; 2023 represents YTD average through 2/13

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 89: Y/Y retail gas price change forecast

Gas prices in May (through 5/22) decreased -20.1% y/y

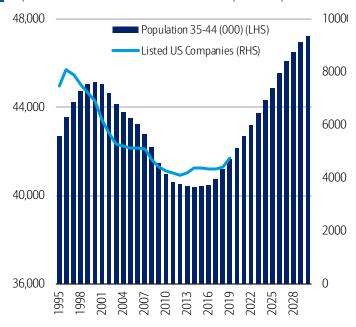


Source: Energy Information Administration, BofA Global Research

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 90: Population 35-44 vs. Listed US Companies

Population 35-44 is correlated with # of U.S. listed public companies

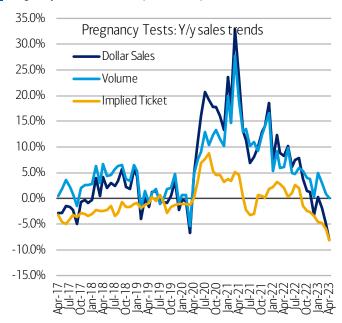


Source: Federal reserve bank of St. Louis, Euromonitor

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

Exhibit 91: All Outlets Combined pregnancy tests monthly y/y % sales trends

Pregnancy test dollar sales drop further in April



Source: Nielsen, BofA Global Research



Disclosures

Important Disclosures

BofA Global Research personnel (including the analyst(s) responsible for this report) receive compensation based upon, among other factors, the overall profitability of Bank of America Corporation, including profits derived from investment banking. The analyst(s) responsible for this report may also receive compensation based upon, among other factors, the overall profitability of the Bank's sales and trading businesses relating to the class of securities or financial instruments for which such analyst is responsible.

Other Important Disclosures

From time to time research analysts conduct site visits of covered issuers. BofA Global Research policies prohibit research analysts from accepting payment or reimbursement for travel expenses from the issuer for such visits.

Prices are indicative and for information purposes only. Except as otherwise stated in the report, for any recommendation in relation to an equity security, the price referenced is the publicly traded price of the security as of close of business on the day prior to the date of the report or, if the report is published during intraday trading, the price referenced is indicative of the traded price as of the date and time of the report and in relation to a debt security (including equity preferred and CDS), prices are indicative as of the date and time of the report and are from various sources including BofA Securities trading desks.

The date and time of completion of the production of any recommendation in this report shall be the date and time of dissemination of this report as recorded in the report timestamp.

Recipients who are not institutional investors or market professionals should seek the advice of their independent financial advisor before considering information in this report in connection with any investment decision, or for a necessary explanation of its contents.

Officers of BofAS or one or more of its affiliates (other than research analysts) may have a financial interest in securities of the issuer(s) or in related investments. Refer to BofA Global Research policies relating to conflicts of interest.

"BofA Securities" includes BofA Securities, Inc. ("BofAS") and its affiliates. Investors should contact their BofA Securities representative or Merrill Global Wealth Management financial advisor if they have questions concerning this report or concerning the appropriateness of any investment idea described herein for such investor. "BofA Securities" is a global brand for BofA Global Research.

Information relating to Non-US affiliates of BofA Securities and Distribution of Affiliate Research Reports:

BofAS and/or Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S") may in the future distribute, information of the following non-US affiliates in the US (short name: legal name, regulator): Merrill Lynch (South Africa): Merrill Lynch South Africa (Pty) Ltd., regulated by The Financial Service Board; MLI (UK): Merrill Lynch International, regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and the Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA); BofASE (France): BofA Securities Europe SA is authorized by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudential et de Résolution (ACPR) and regulated by the ACPR and the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF). BofA Securities Europe SA ("BofASE") with registered address at 51, rue La Boétie, 75008 Paris is registered under no. 842 602 690 RCS Paris. In accordance with the provisions of French Code Monétaire et Financier (Monetary and Financial Code), BofASE is an établissement de crédit et d'investissement (credit and investment institution) that is authorised and supervised by the European Central Bank and the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR) and regulated by the ACPR and the Autorité des Marchés Financiers. BofASE's share capital can be found at www.bofaml.com/BofASEdisclaimer; BofA Europe (Milan): Bank of America Europe Designated Activity Company, Milan Branch, regulated by the Bank of Italy, the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Central Bank of Ireland (CBI); BofA Europe (Frankfurt): Bank of America Europe Designated Activity Company, Frankfurt Branch regulated by BaFin, the ECB and the CBI; BofA Europe (Madrid): Bank of America Europe Designated Activity Company, Sucursal en España, regulated by the Bank of Spain, the ECB and the CBI; Merrill Lynch (Australia): Merrill Lynch (Australia): Merrill Lynch (Hong Kong): Merrill Lynch (Asia Pacific) Limited, regulated by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (HKSFC); Merrill Lynch (Singapore): Merrill Lynch (Singapore) Pte Ltd, regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS); Merrill Lynch (Canada): Merrill Lynch (Canada): Merrill Lynch (Canada): Merrill Lynch (Mexico): Mexico (Mexico): Merrill Lynch (Mexico): Mexico CV, Casa de Bolsa, regulated by the Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores; Merrill Lynch (Argentina): Merrill Lynch Argentina SA, regulated by Comisión Nacional de Valores; BofAS Japan: BofA Securities Japan Co., Ltd., regulated by the Financial Services Agency; Merrill Lynch (Seoul): Merrill Lynch International, LLC Seoul Branch, regulated by the Financial Supervisory Service; Merrill Lynch (Taiwan): Merrill Lynch Securities (Taiwan) Ltd., regulated by the Securities and Futures Bureau; BofAS India: BofA Securities India Limited, regulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI); Merrill Lynch (Israel): Merrill Lynch Israel Limited, regulated by Israel Securities Authority; Merrill Lynch (DIFC): Merrill Lynch International (DIFC Branch), regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA); Merrill Lynch (Brazil): Merrill Lynch S.A. Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários, regulated by Comissão de Valores Mobiliários; Merrill Lynch KSA Company: Merrill Lynch Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Company, regulated by the Capital Market Authority.

This information: has been approved for publication and is distributed in the United Kingdom (UK) to professional clients and eligible counterparties (as each is defined in the rules of the FCA and the PRA) by MLI (UK), which is authorized by the PRA and regulated by the FCA and the PRA - details about the extent of our regulation by the FCA and PRA are available from us on request; has been approved for publication and is distributed in the European Economic Area (EEA) by BofASE (France), which is authorized by the ACPR and regulated by the ACPR and the AMF; has been considered and distributed in Japan by BofAS Japan, a registered securities dealer under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act in Japan, or its permitted affiliates; is issued and distributed in Hong Kong by Merrill Lynch (Hong Kong) which is regulated by HKSFC; is issued and distributed in Taiwan by Merrill Lynch (Taiwan); is issued and distributed in India by BofAS India; and is issued and distributed in Singapore to institutional investors and/or accredited investors (each as defined under the Financial Advisers Regulations) by Merrill Lynch (Singapore) (Company Registration No 198602883D). Merrill Lynch (Singapore) is regulated by MAS. Merrill Lynch Equities (Australia) Limited (ABN 65 006 276 795), AFS License 235132 (MLEA) distributes this information in Australia only to 'Wholesale' clients as defined by s.761G of the Corporations Act 2001. With the exception of Bank of America N.A., Australia Branch, neither MLEA nor any of its affiliates involved in preparing this information is an Authorised Deposit-Taking Institution under the Banking Act 1959 nor regulated by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority. No approval is required for publication or distribution of this information in Brazil and its local distribution is by Merrill Lynch (Brazil) in accordance with applicable regulations. Merrill Lynch (DIFC) is authorized and regulated by the DFSA. Information in Germany and is regulated by BaFin, the ECB and the CBI. BofA Securit

This information has been prepared and issued by BofAS and/or one or more of its non-US affiliates. The author(s) of this information may not be licensed to carry on regulated activities in your jurisdiction and, if not licensed, do not hold themselves out as being able to do so. BofAS and/or MLPF&S is the distributor of this information in the US and accepts full responsibility for information distributed to BofAS and/or MLPF&S clients in the US by its non-US affiliates. Any US person receiving this information and wishing to effect any transaction in any security discussed herein should do so through BofAS and/or MLPF&S and not such foreign affiliates. Hong Kong recipients of this information should contact Merrill Lynch (Asia Pacific) Limited in respect of any matters relating to dealing in securities or provision of specific advice on securities or any other matters arising from, or in connection with, this information. Singapore recipients of this information should contact Merrill Lynch (Singapore) Pte Ltd in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, this information. For clients that are not accredited investors, expert investors or institutional investors Merrill Lynch (Singapore) Pte Ltd accepts full responsibility for the contents of this information distributed to such clients in Singapore.

General Investment Related Disclosures:

Taiwan Readers: Neither the information nor any opinion expressed herein constitutes an offer or a solicitation of an offer to transact in any securities or other financial instrument. No part of this report may be used or reproduced or quoted in any manner whatsoever in Taiwan by the press or any other person without the express written consent of BofA Securities. This document provides general information only, and has been prepared for, and is intended for general distribution to, BofA Securities clients. Neither the information nor any opinion expressed constitutes an offer or an invitation to make an offer, to buy or sell any securities or other financial instrument or any derivative related to such securities or instruments (e.g., options, futures, warrants, and contracts for differences). This document is not intended to provide personal investment advice and it does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation and the particular needs of, and is not directed to, any specific person(s). This document and its content do not constitute, and should not be considered to constitute, investment advice for purposes of ERISA, the US tax code, the Investment Advisers Act or otherwise. Investors should seek financial advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in financial



instruments and implementing investment strategies discussed or recommended in this document and should understand that statements regarding future prospects may not be realized. Any decision to purchase or subscribe for securities in any offering must be based solely on existing public information on such security or the information in the prospectus or other offering document issued in connection with such offering, and not on this document.

Securities and other financial instruments referred to herein, or recommended, offered or sold by BofA Securities, are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and are not deposits or other obligations of any insured depository institution (including, Bank of America, N.A.). Investments in general and, derivatives, in particular, involve numerous risks, including, among others, market risk, counterparty default risk and liquidity risk. No security, financial instrument or derivative is suitable for all investors. Digital assets are extremely speculative, volatile and are largely unregulated. In some cases, securities and other financial instruments may be difficult to value or sell and reliable information about the value or risks related to the security or financial instrument may be difficult to obtain. Investors should note that income from such securities and other financial instruments, if any, may fluctuate and that price or value of such securities and instruments may rise or fall and, in some cases, investors may lose their entire principal investment. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Levels and basis for taxation may change.

This report may contain a short-term trading idea or recommendation, which highlights a specific near-term catalyst or event impacting the issuer or the market that is anticipated to have a short-term price impact on the equity securities of the issuer. Short-term trading ideas and recommendations are different from and do not affect a stock's fundamental equity rating, which reflects both a longer term total return expectation and attractiveness for investment relative to other stocks within its Coverage Cluster. Short-term trading ideas and recommendations may be more or less positive than a stock's fundamental equity rating.

BofA Securities is aware that the implementation of the ideas expressed in this report may depend upon an investor's ability to "short" securities or other financial instruments and that such action may be limited by regulations prohibiting or restricting "shortselling" in many jurisdictions. Investors are urged to seek advice regarding the applicability of such regulations prior to executing any short idea contained in this report.

Foreign currency rates of exchange may adversely affect the value, price or income of any security or financial instrument mentioned herein. Investors in such securities and instruments, including ADRs, effectively assume currency risk.

BofAS or one of its affiliates is a regular issuer of traded financial instruments linked to securities that may have been recommended in this report. BofAS or one of its affiliates may, at any time, hold a trading position (long or short) in the securities and financial instruments discussed in this report.

BofA Securities, through business units other than BofA Global Research, may have issued and may in the future issue trading ideas or recommendations that are inconsistent with, and reach different conclusions from, the information presented herein. Such ideas or recommendations may reflect different time frames, assumptions, views and analytical methods of the persons who prepared them, and BofA Securities is under no obligation to ensure that such other trading ideas or recommendations are brought to the attention of any recipient of this information. In the event that the recipient received this information pursuant to a contract between the recipient and BofAS for the provision of research services for a separate fee, and in connection therewith BofAS may be deemed to be acting as an investment adviser, such status relates, if at all, solely to the person with whom BofAS has contracted directly and does not extend beyond the delivery of this report (unless otherwise agreed specifically in writing by BofAS). If such recipient uses the services of BofAS in connection with the sale or purchase of a security referred to herein, BofAS may act as principal for its own account or as agent for another person. BofAS is and continues to act solely as a broker-dealer in connection with the execution of any transactions, including transactions in any securities referred to herein.

Copyright and General Information:

Copyright 2023 Bank of America Corporation. All rights reserved. iQdatabase® is a registered service mark of Bank of America Corporation. This information is prepared for the use of BofA Securities clients and may not be redistributed, retransmitted or disclosed, in whole or in part, or in any form or manner, without the express written consent of BofA Securities. BofA Global Research information is distributed simultaneously to internal and client websites and other portals by BofA Securities and is not publicly-available material. Any unauthorized use or disclosure is prohibited. Receipt and review of this information constitutes your agreement not to redistribute, retransmit, or disclose to others the contents, opinions, conclusion, or information contained herein (including any investment recommendations, estimates or price targets) without first obtaining express permission from an authorized officer of BofA Securities. Materials prepared by BofA Global Research personnel are based on public information. Facts and views presented in this material have not been reviewed by, and may not reflect information known to, professionals in other business areas of BofA Securities, including investment banking personnel. BofA Securities has established information barriers between BofA Global Research and certain business groups. As a result, BofA Securities does not disclose certain client relationships with, or compensation received from, such issuers. To the extent this material discusses any legal proceeding or issues, it has not been prepared as nor is it intended to express any legal conclusion, opinion or advice. Investors should consult their own legal advisers as to issues of law relating to the subject matter of this material. BofA Global Research personnel's knowledge of legal proceedings in which any BofA Securities entity and/or its directors, officers and employees may be plaintiffs, defendants, co-defendants or co-plaintiffs with or involving issuers mentioned in this material is based on public inform

This information has been prepared independently of any issuer of securities mentioned herein and not in connection with any proposed offering of securities or as agent of any issuer of any securities. None of BofAS any of its affiliates or their research analysts has any authority whatsoever to make any representation or warranty on behalf of the issuer(s). BofA Global Research policy prohibits research personnel from disclosing a recommendation, investment rating, or investment thesis for review by an issuer prior to the publication of a research report containing such rating, recommendation or investment thesis.

Any information relating to the tax status of financial instruments discussed herein is not intended to provide tax advice or to be used by anyone to provide tax advice. Investors are urged to seek tax advice based on their particular circumstances from an independent tax professional.

The information herein (other than disclosure information relating to BofA Securities and its affiliates) was obtained from various sources and we do not guarantee its accuracy. This information may contain links to third-party websites. BofA Securities is not responsible for the content of any third-party website or any linked content contained in a third-party website. Content contained on such third-party websites is not part of this information and is not incorporated by reference. The inclusion of a link does not imply any endorsement by or any affiliation with BofA Securities. Access to any third-party website is at your own risk, and you should always review the terms and privacy policies at third-party websites before submitting any personal information to them. BofA Securities is not responsible for such terms and privacy policies and expressly disclaims any liability for them.

All opinions, projections and estimates constitute the judgment of the author as of the date of publication and are subject to change without notice. Prices also are subject to change without notice. BofA Securities is under no obligation to update this information and BofA Securities ability to publish information on the subject issuer(s) in the future is subject to applicable quiet periods. You should therefore assume that BofA Securities will not update any fact, circumstance or opinion contained herein.

Certain outstanding reports or investment opinions relating to securities, financial instruments and/or issuers may no longer be current. Always refer to the most recent research report relating to an issuer prior to making an investment decision.

In some cases, an issuer may be classified as Restricted or may be Under Review or Extended Review. In each case, investors should consider any investment opinion relating to such issuer (or its security and/or financial instruments) to be suspended or withdrawn and should not rely on the analyses and investment opinion(s) pertaining to such issuer (or its securities and/or financial instruments) nor should the analyses or opinion(s) be considered a solicitation of any kind. Sales persons and financial advisors affiliated with BofAS or any of its affiliates may not solicit purchases of securities or financial instruments that are Restricted or Under Review and may only solicit securities under Extended Review in accordance with firm policies.

Neither BofA Securities nor any officer or employee of BofA Securities accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential damages or losses arising from any use of this information.

