HTTPS and Secure Communication

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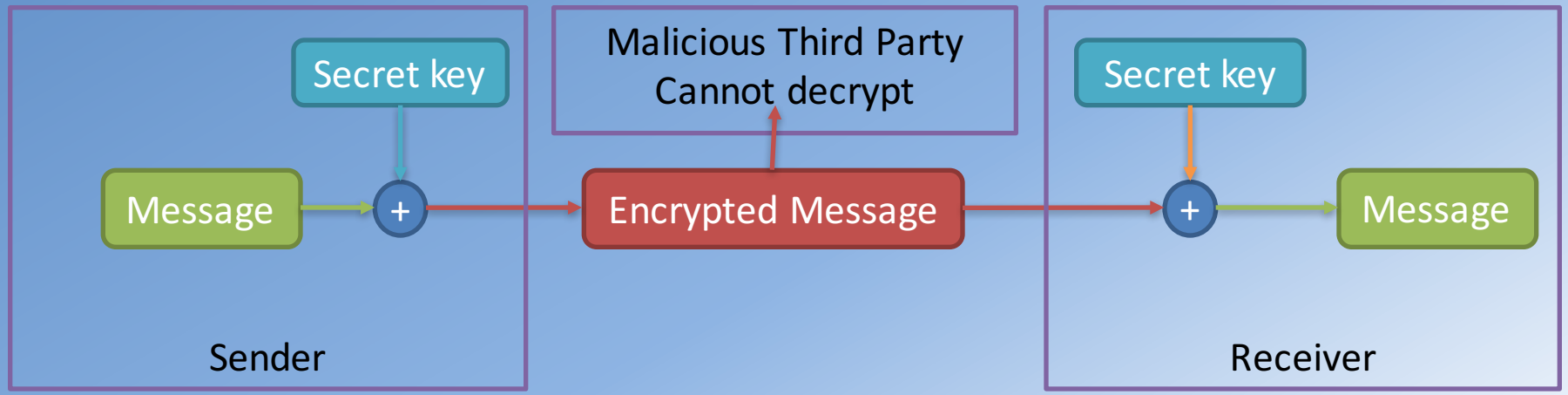
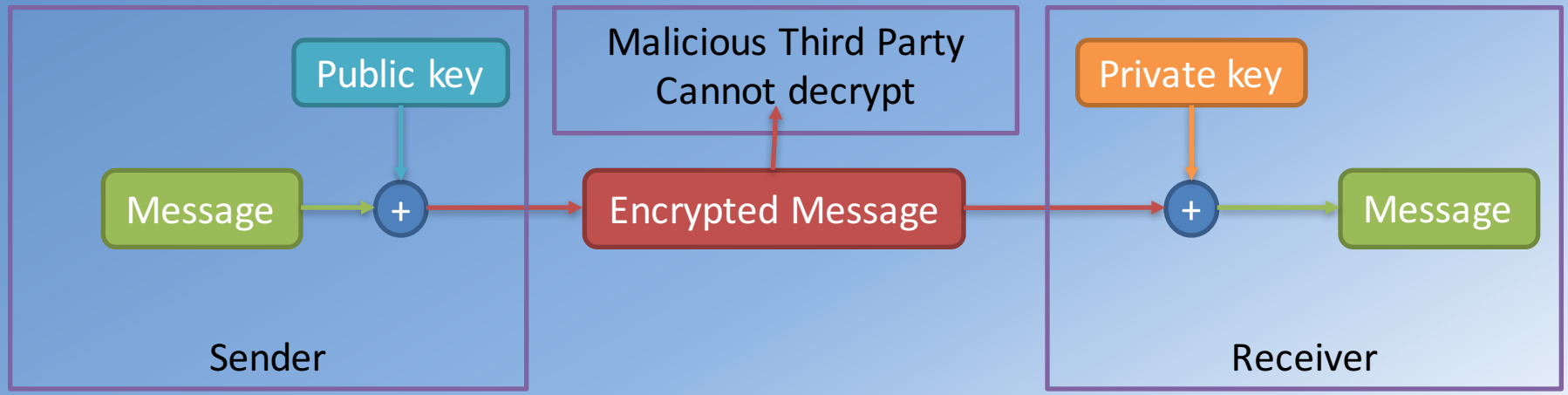
Symmetric Key Cryptography

- Symmetric Encryption:
  - Shared secret key between the two parties



Public Key Cryptography

- Asymmetric Encryption:
  - Public key that can be widely distributed
  - Private key that is only known to the receiver

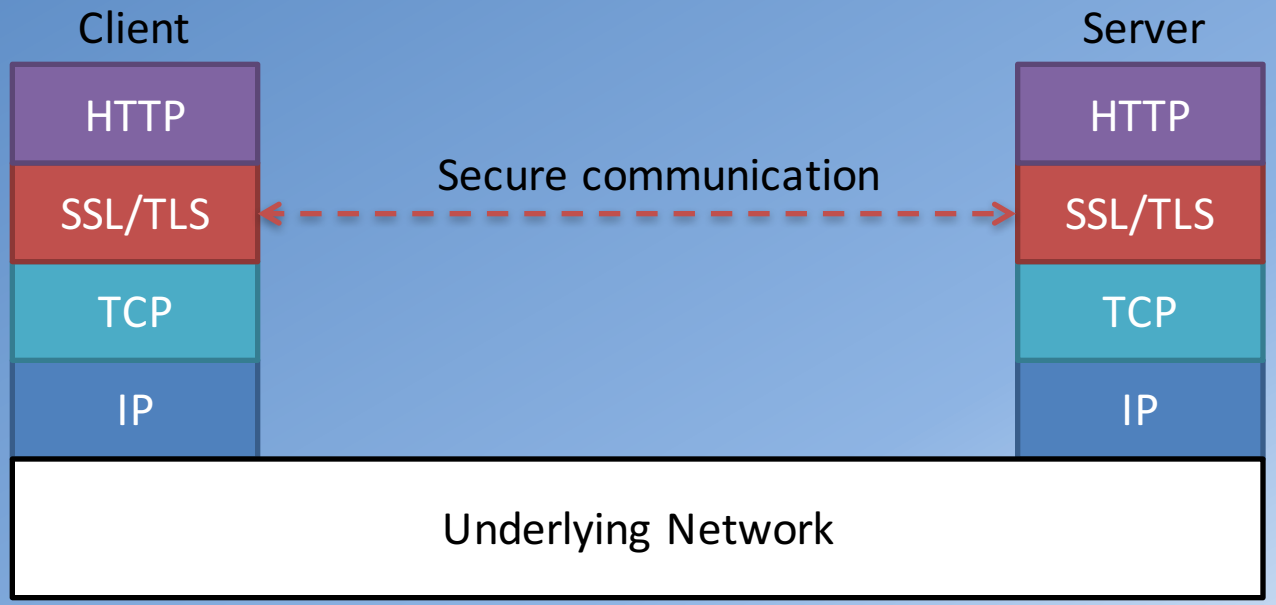


Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) / Transport Layer Security (TLS)

- Cryptographic protocols that enable secure communication over an insecure network like the Internet
- Privacy and Integrity of the communication protected
  - Uses a combination of public-key crytography and symmetric cryptography

SSL/TLS Handshake

HTTPS


Client
Server
HTTP
SSL/TLS
TCP
IP
Secure communication
HTTP
SSL/TLS
TCP
IP
Underlying Network

Generating Keys

- Use openssl for generating keys for testing

  openssl genrsa 1024 > private.key

  openssl req -new -key private.key -out cert.csr

  openssl x509 -req -in cert.csr -signkey private.key -out certificate.pem
- For production environment / deploying to a production server you need to get the keys and certificate from a certification authority (CA) e.g., Verisign, Thawte

Node HTTPS Module

- HTTPS core module in Node:

```
var https = require('https');
var fs = require('fs');

var options = {
  key: fs.readFileSync(__dirname+'/private.key'),
  cert: fs.readFileSync(__dirname+'/certificate.pem')
};

var secureServer = https.createServer(options,app);
```

Exercise: HTTPS and Secure Communication

- Configure a secure server in Node using the core HTTPS module
- Generate the private key and public certificate and configure the HTTPS server
- Redirect traffic from the insecure HTTP server to a secure HTTPS server