

# BUILT-IN DATA STRUCTURES

Through the lens of Big O

# Now that we've covered BIG O...

Let's spend a couple minutes analyzing the things we do all the time in JS: working with Arrays, Objects, and built-in methods.

We spend a lot of this course  
talking about data structures.

Let's start by discussing the  
ones we get for free

# OBJECTIVES

- Understand how objects and arrays work, through the lens of Big O
- Explain why adding elements to the beginning of an array is costly
- Compare and contrast the runtime for arrays and objects, as well as built-in methods

# OBJECTS

**Unordered, key value pairs!**

```
let instructor = {  
  firstName: "Kelly",  
  isInstructor: true,  
  favoriteNumbers: [1,2,3,4]  
}
```

# When to use objects

- When you don't need order
- When you need fast access / insertion and removal

# Big O of Objects

Insertion -  **$O(1)$**

Removal -  **$O(1)$**

Searching -  **$O(N)$**

Access -  **$O(1)$**

**When you don't need any ordering, objects  
are an excellent choice!**

# Big O of Object Methods

Object.keys -  **$O(N)$**

Object.values -  **$O(N)$**

Object.entries -  **$O(N)$**

hasOwnProperty -  **$O(1)$**



# ARRAYS

Ordered lists!

```
let names = ["Michael", "Melissa", "Andrea"];
```

```
let values = [true, {}, [], 2, "awesome"];
```

# WHEN TO USE ARRAYS

- When you need order
- When you need fast access / insertion and removal (sort of....)

# Big O of Arrays

Insertion - **It depends....**

Removal - **It depends....**

Searching -  **$O(N)$**

Access -  **$O(1)$**

**Let's see what we mean by that!**

# Big O of Array Operations

- push -  **$O(1)$**
- pop -  **$O(1)$**
- shift -  **$O(N)$**
- unshift -  **$O(N)$**
- concat -  **$O(N)$**
- slice -  **$O(N)$**
- splice -  **$O(N)$**
- sort -  **$O(N * \log N)$**
- forEach/map/filter/reduce/etc. -  **$O(N)$**

You don't need to know all this...



# Limitations of Arrays

Inserting at the beginning is  
not as easy as we might think!  
There are **more efficient** data  
structures for that!