#### Python for Computer Science and Data Science 1 (CSE-3651)

### Quiz-4

- 1. What is a correct syntax to add the lables "x", "y", and "z" to a Pandas Series?
  - A) pd.Series(mylist, index=["x","y","z"])
  - B) pd.Series(mylist, names=["x","y","z"])
  - C) pd.Series(mylist, labels=["x","y","z"])
  - D) None of the above
- 2: Which of the following returns the statistical data about the numerical columns in the data frame df?
  - A) print(df.describe())
  - B) print(df.stats())
  - C) print(describe(df))
  - D) print(stats(df))
- 3. Which of the following is/are used to get the columns named 'clmn1' and 'clmn3' from the data frame df?
  - A) print(df.loc['clmn1', 'clmn3'])
  - B) print(df.loc[['clmn1', 'clmn3']])
  - C) print(df.iloc['clmn1', 'clmn3'])
  - D) print(df.iloc[['clmn1', 'clmn3']])
- 4. What does df['A'] > 5 return when applied to a DataFrame?
  - A) A filtered DataFrame where column A is greater than 5
  - B) A Boolean Series indicating whether each value in column A is greater than 5
  - C) A DataFrame with rows where column A is greater than 5
  - D) None of the above
- 5. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
str1="PYnative"
print(str1[1:4],str1[:5],str1[4:],str1[0:-1],str1[:-1])
```

- A. PYn PYnat ive PYnativ vitanYP
- B. Yna PYnat tive PYnativ vitanYP
- C. Yna PYnat tive PYnativ PYnativ
- D. None of the above
- 6. max('YOUR','YOUR','YOUr','YOU') yields
  - A) 'YOUR'
  - B) 'YOuR'
  - C) 'YOUr'
  - D) 'YOU'

## 7. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
x = '123'
y = 'python'
z = 'Python'
print(y.islower() and z.isupper() or x.istitle())
```

- A) False
- B) True
- C) None
- D) 'Python123'

### 8. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
str1 = 'ABC, XYZ, PQR'
print(str1.partition(','))

A) ('ABC', ',', 'XYZ, PQR')
B) ('ABC', ',', 'XYZ', ',', 'PQR')
C) ('ABC, XYZ', ',', 'PQR')
D) ('ABCXYZPQR')
```

### 9. What is the meaning of the symbol \* used in regular expressions?

- A) Zero or more occurrences of the preceding pattern.
- B) Exactly one arbitrary character excluding newline.
- C) Zero or one occurrences of the preceding pattern
- D) One or more occurrences of the preceding pattern

# 10. The function of re.search is \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Matches a pattern at the start of the string
- B) Matches a pattern at the end of the string
- C) Matches a pattern from any part of a string
- **D)** Such a function does not exist