2. Altry / Halide / Halo Altrane R-X Substituent =) F, (1, B+, I CH3-CI methyl Chloride Chloro methane CH3 CH2-Br Ethyl bromide Bromo ethane CH3CH2CH2-In-brobyl iodide 1-Iodo brokane CH3-CH-I Isotropyl iodide 2-Iodo Propone CH3 CH3 Terhary Bytys bromide protono 2-Bromo-2-methys ~ CH3

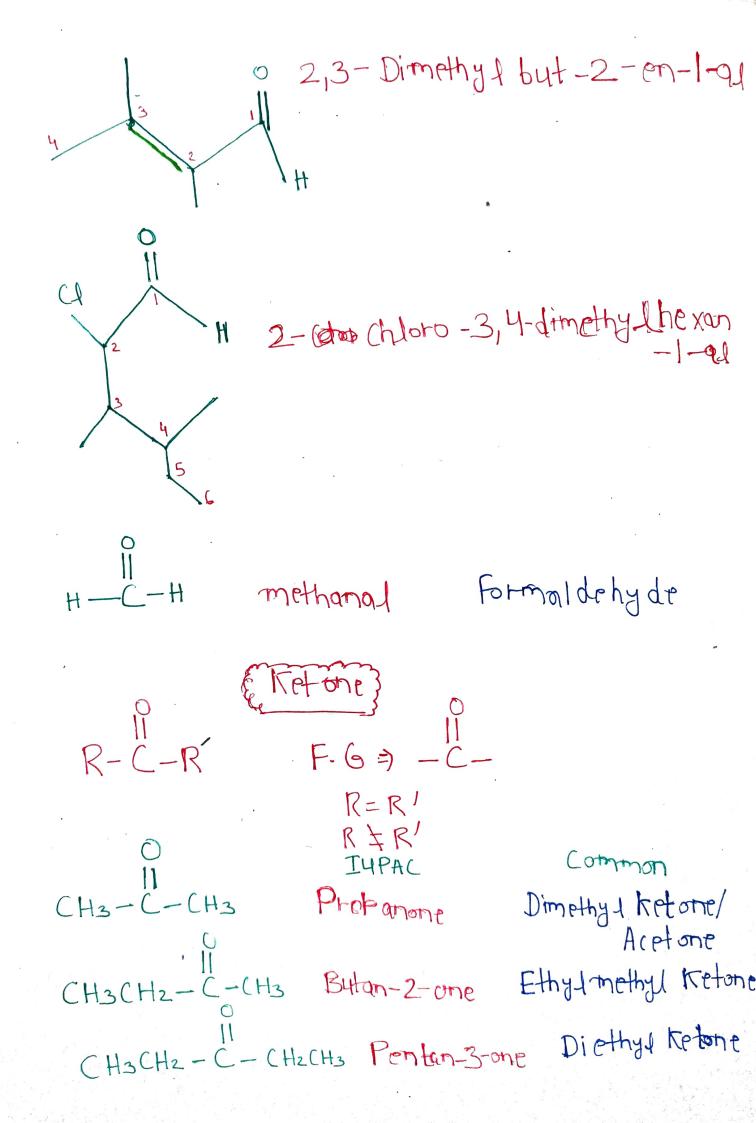
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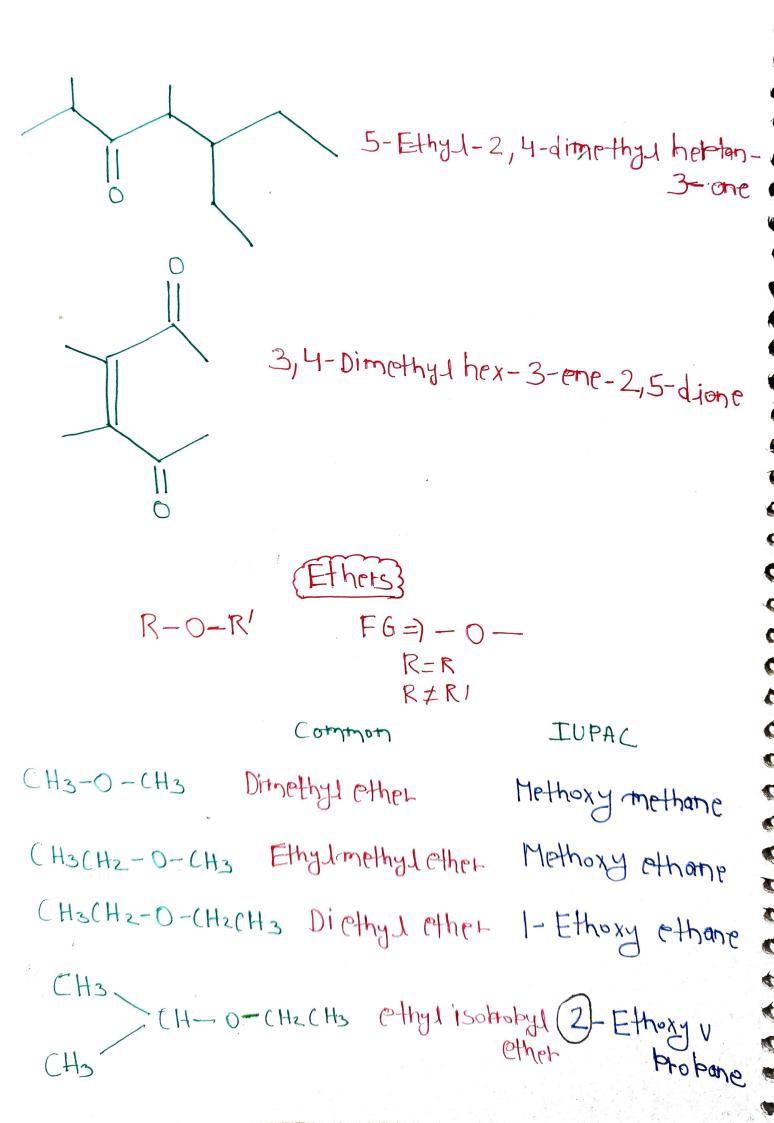
--- Next by

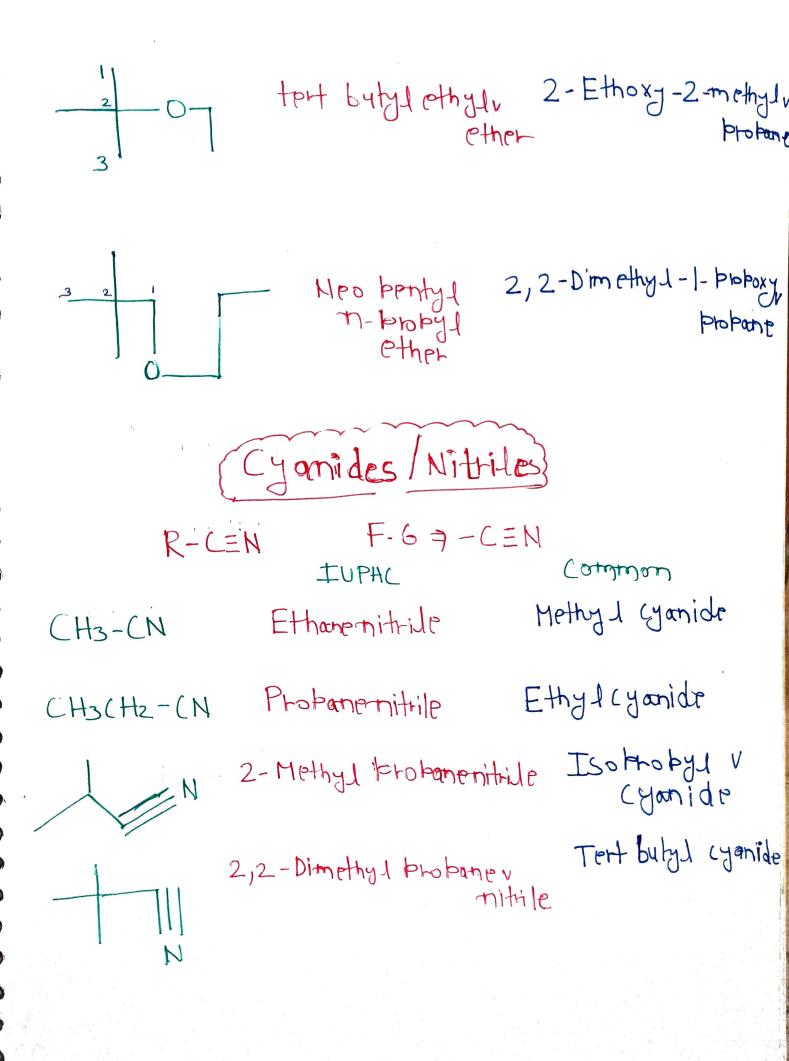
Alcohol R-OH FG=)-OH IUPAC Common Eth Methyl alcohol Methanol (H3-0H Ethyl alcohol Ethanol CH3 CH2-OH n-Proby Alcohol Proton-1-01 alcohol 2,2-Dimethyl/Probon-1-01 Neobentyla Acetal dehy de ethanal

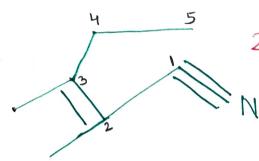
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2,3-Dimethyl bent-2-ene-1-nitrile

Methyl amine

Amines

R-NH2 FG=)-HH2

TUPAC

TUPAC Methanamine

CH3(H2-NH2 ethylamine

Ethanamine

CH3(H2(H2-NH2n-Proby) amine Proban-1-amine

CH3-NH2

CH3CH2-N-H Cthyl methyl N-Methyl ethan amine

CH3(H2(H2-NH2n-Proby) amine Proban-1-amine

CH3(H2-N-H ethy) methy) N-Methy) ethan amine

amine

(H3

(H3

(H3-2C-NH2 Text-by) amine 2-Methy) brokan-2-amine

Carboxylic Acid

R-C-OH

F.G=)—C-OH

TUPAC

TUPAC

Common

H—C-OH

Methanoic acid

Formic acid

CH₃-C-OH

Probanoic acid

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

Butanoic acid

CH₃-CH₂-CH₂-C-OH

Butanoic acid

CH₃-CH₂-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

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CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-CH₂-C-OH

CH₃-C-OH

CH₃-Cmethanoic acid Formic acid CH3CH2-CH-CH2-C-OH3-Methy1 Pentamoic acid CH3 NOTE: Formaldehyde aqueous solution is called (Formaline) Which is used as a preservative for biological species.

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