# Sequencer64 Developer/Tester's Reference Manual 0.9.9.8

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## **Chapter 1**

## Sequencer64

Author(s) Chris Ahlstrom 2015-10-17

#### 1.1 Introduction

Sequencer64 is a major cleanup, refactoring, and documentation of the Seq24 live-play MIDI sequencer.

The current document describes the functions, classes, modules, and other entities used in this project.

For now, please read the ROADMAP and README files to understand the genesis of this project.

Also, we have pretty deeply documented *Seq24* and *Sequencer64* with PDF files that can be generated by git-cloning the following projects, installing a number of tools related to PDF and LaTeX, and running "make":

• https://github.com/ahlstromcj/sequencer24-doc.git

In the present document, we've left out a fair amount of side-code to cut down on the size of the document. For example, the main module, redundant Windows support, utility headers like easy\_macros.h, simple stuff like the mutex module, the fruity variants (at least the ones already refactored into their own modules), etc., are all left out.

Sequencer64

## **Chapter 2**

## **User Testing of Sequencer64 with Yoshimi**

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#### 2.1 Introduction

This section describes user testing of Sequencer64 using Yoshimi. It will expand as we work our way through all the many use-cases that can be achieved with Sequencer64 and Yoshimi.

#### 2.2 Smoke Test

Every so often we run Sequencer64 with a software synthesizer to make sure we haven't broken any functionality via our major refactoring efforts. We call it a "smoke test". We fire up the two application, and see if anything smokes.

This smoke test sets up Yoshimi with a very simple ALSA setup, and no instruments are loaded. Instead, only the "Simple Sound" is used on all channels. We've been doing this test with Yoshimi 1.3.6. The current Debian Sid ("testing") version of Yoshimi is 1.3.6-2, pulled from SourceForge. It seems to have issues, so we've been cloning and pulling the code from:

```
https://github.com/Yoshimi/yoshimi.git
```

After getting the application build and installed, the next step is to run it, using ALSA for MIDI and for audio:

```
$ yoshimi -a -A &
```

Next, fix up the configuration files for Sequencer64,  $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.rc and  $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr.

First hide sequencer64.usr somewhere, or delete it, as it will determine what MIDI devices are available, and we don't want that (yet). Second, make sure that sequencer64.rc makes the following setting:

```
[manual-alsa-ports]
# Set to 1 if you want seq24 to create its own ALSA ports and
# not connect to other clients
0  # number of manual ALSA ports
```

Next, run the newly-built version of Sequencer64. If desired, use the –bus option described below to force the buss number to the buss you need, as shown in the second version of the command:

```
$ sequencer64/sequencer64 &
$ sequencer64/sequencer64 --bus 5 &
```

In File / Options / MIDI Clock, observe the MIDI inputs made available by your system. Our system shows:

```
[0] 14:0 (Midi Through Port-0)

[1] 128:0 (TiMidity port 0)

[2] 128:0 (TiMidity port 1)

[3] 128:0 (TiMidity port 2)

[4] 128:0 (TiMidity port 3)

[5] 129:0 (input)
```

For some reason (a bug in Yoshimi?), input "[5]" doesn't indicate that it is Yoshimi, but it is. Take note of that input number... that is the MIDI buss number that is needed to drive Yoshimi.

Also make sure that of the clock settings for those busses are "Off".

## The next instruction still works, but it is easier to simply pass the option -bus 5 to Sequencer64 when starting it up.

Now open the file sequencer64/contrib/midi/b4uacuse-GM-format.midi in Sequencer64. For all of the patterns (slots) that have lots of data in them, right click on the pattern and select *Midi Bus* / [5] 129:0 (input) and the desired channel number. (Doesn't matter much, just use up the lower channel numbers first).

Back in Yoshimi, select each Part corresponding to the channels you selected. Make sure *Enabled* is checked for each desired channel.

Back in Sequencer64, click on each pattern you want to hear, which highlights them in black. Now click the play button (green triangle). The song should play, with each part using the "Simple Sound". Not too bad for a bunch of sine waves, eh?

Now we can test the application more fully. Note that the instructions here are very light. Detailed instructions on the usage of Sequencer64 can be found in the following project, which contains a PDF file and the LaTeX code used to build it:

```
https://github.com/ahlstromcj/sequencer24-doc.git
```

Although it applies to an earlier version of the project, it still mostly holds true for Sequencer64.

#### 2.3 Tests in the Patterns Window

The Patterns window is the inside portion of the main window, supported by the mainwid class. it contains a grid of boxes or slots, with each slot potentially containing a pattern, sequence, or track. Empty tracks (i.e. tracks that contain no events, like title-only tracks) are highlighted in yellow.

This window supports only a single variant of mouse-handling.

#### 2.3.1 Button Clicks on a Pattern

A left-click on a pattern slot should cause the following to happen:

- 1. The pattern will be highlighted (white on a black background). This won't occur until the button is released.
- 2. During playback, the pattern will emit MIDI events and play its sequence.
- 3. If the pattern is dragged to another slot, whether playing is in progress or not, releasing the button in the destination slot will move the pattern to that slot.

A right-click on a pattern slot should cause the following to happen:

- 1. If the pattern is empty, then a pop-up menu to make a New pattern, paste a pattern, or make other selections will appear.
- 2. If the pattern is active, then a pop-up menu to Edit the pattern or make other selections will appear.
- 3. A second right-click, just off the menu, will dismiss the menu.

#### 2.3.2 Patterns Window Key Shortcuts

First, note the selection of the File / Options / Keyboard / Show keys option. The tests here should work whether or not it is selected. The only difference is if the keys are shown.

We got a segfault during this test, when we weren't being systematic about it.

#### 2.3.3 The Sequencer64 User File

To be discussed.

#### 2.4 Tests Using Valgrind

Valgrind is a very useful tool for unearthing memory issues and other issues in an application, especially when one has the source code and can build the code with debugging information.

One runs the application from the command line, preceding its command line with valgrind and some of its options.

#### 2.4.1 Valgrind Suppressions

One problem with valgrind is that it also uncovers errors in system libraries that one has no control over. These errors clutter the output, so we suppress them using a valgrind "suppressions" file. Here's how to create one:

```
$ valgrind --gen-suppressions=yes --log-file=val.supp ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
$ valgrind --gen-suppressions=all --log-file=val.supp ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
```

As the program runs, one is asked to print a suppression. If the error is due to a system or third-party library, answer "Y return", and then copy-and-paste the suppression to a file, giving it a name. For example, we provide a file contrib/seq64.supp containing suppressions of errors that annoy us. There are way too many "errors" in ALSA, GTK+, gtkmm, glibc, and more.

The second command collects all the suppressions. Passing the val.supp file through sed makes it immediately usable:

```
$ sed -i -e /^==/g val.supp
```

Running valgrind like this then shows mostly the errors we care about:

```
$ valgrind --suppressions=val.supp ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
```

We've added some other suppression files to the contrib directory. Too much! For example:

```
https://github.com/dtrebbien/GNOME.supp
```

However, overall this process is very painful, and we're going to eventually do all the valgrind work on the unit-test project for Sequencer64:

```
https://github.com/ahlstromcj/seq64-tests
```

#### 2.4.2 Full Valgrind Leak-Checking

Here's how to capture errors, while suppressing the system errors and while generating a log file:

```
$ valgrind --suppressions=contrib/seq64.supp --leak-check=full \
    --track-origins=yes --log-file=valgrind.log --show-leak-kinds=all \
    ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
```

The errors can be also be re-routed to a log-file via the "2> valgrind.log" shell redirection.

Another idea is to precede the valgrind command with the following construct:

```
$ G_SLICE=debug-blocks valgrind ...
```

G\_SLICE=debug-blocks will turn off gtk's advanced memory management to allow valgrind to show correct results. This results in an amazing plethora or invalid read and invalid write errors in GNOME-related libraries. Sheesh!

And don't forget about Valgrind's "massif" memory-tracking tool! (More to come!)

#### 2.4.2.1 Leak-Checking Basic Operation

For the first pass, just run Sequencer64, then immediately exit. Then scan the log file to see if any "errors" can be pinpointed to the application and library code.

Don't forget to run the same scenario without valgrind, in a console window, to see if any of our own debug/problem output occurs.

In any case, leakage tagged as "still reachable" isn't as bad as leakage tagged as "definitely lost" or "indirectly lost".

But good luck finding a Sequencer64 bug buried in the chaff of 3rd-party valgrind reports, even with some suppressions enabled. Apparently a lot of them have to do with data structures that are intended to last the full life of the application.

One can make the search a little easier by searching for the "seq64" namespace in the valgrind log.

#### 2.5 Specific Fault Debugging

This section goes through specific debugging cases we encountered. They should be part of the regular testing of Sequencer64.

#### 2.6 Snipping of a MIDI file.

In order to have a test file for the <code>seq64-tests</code> project, we loaded up the <code>b4uacuse-GM-format.midi</code> file, removed all but four of the tracks, and saved it as <code>b4uacuse-snipped.midi</code>. Loading this file into Sequencer64 caused the following:

```
$ ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
[Reading user configuration /home/ahlstrom/.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr]
[Reading rc configuration /home/ahlstrom/.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.rc]
get_sequence(): m_seqs[4] not null
Segmentation fault
```

First step, fire up a debugger and see what happened. We use cgdb, a text-based front-end for gdb with a "vi" feel.

```
$ cgdb ./Sequencer64/sequencer64
```

Just hit "r", do File / Open, navigate to b4uacuse-snipped.midi, select it, and watch what happens.

The "bt" (backtrace) command shows a pretty large stack, 52 items. Page up to the top of the stack, and select frame 1 ("fr 1"). This shows a mutex at a very low address, 0x650! Frame 2 shows we are in the automutex constructor, calling lock() on that same badly-located mutex. Frame 3 is in sequence::event\_count(), same bad mutex, and the m\_events member is at address 0x0. Obviously, we're dealing with an unallocated sequence.

Frame 4 is in mainwid::draw\_sequence\_on\_pixmap(), just after we've retrieved the next sequence via perform ::get\_sequence(4). But that would be the fifth sequence (the sequence numbers start at 0), and we snipped all but 4 from the file before we saved it.

So, one thing we need to do is *check* the value returned by get\_sequence() before we try to use it. The other thing to do is figure out how we got to the fifth sequence, and fix that code as well. Using the command "p perf().  $\leftarrow$  sequence count()", we verify that there are indeed only 4 sequences allocated.

Frame 5 is in mainwid::draw\_sequences\_on\_pixmap(). That function tries to load all sequences on the current screen-set, from 0 to 31, without checking to see how many their actually are. Inefficient and dangerous.

Frame 6 is in mainwid::reset(). We could pass perf().sequence\_count() here for checking, or get it in mainwid ::draw\_sequences\_on\_pixmap().

Before we fix this issue, we need to load a file that works, to see why it does not fail for most files. We will put a breakpoint at the top mainwid::draw\_sequences\_on\_pixmap().

We hit the breakpoint before even loading a file, with a sequence\_count() of 0. The call to valid\_sequence(0) passes the test. We may want to make valid\_sequence() take the sequence\_count() into account. But the call to perf().is\_active(0) prevents anything bad from happening at startup time.

Once we load a good file, the sequence\_count() is 14 in mainwid::draw\_sequences\_on\_pixmap(). We turn on the display of "offset" using the command "display offset", and "c" (for "continue") until offset = 14, which means we are beyond that last sequence. That bad access is prevented by perf().is\_active(14).

So the fundamental problem is that perf().is\_active(4) is not protecting the access when we load the "bad file". We need to find and fix that issue before papering over the problem with better access checks.

Start again, putting a breakpoint in the call to "new sequence(m\_ppqn)" in midifile. This call sets up some members and clears the list of 256 playing notes. Add another breakpoint at "a\_perf.add\_sequence()" to see what's happening there.

What we find is that the first two tracks have proper sequence numbers as read from the MIDI file, 0 and 1. But the third one preserves the number from the old file, 4. We have a disjunction between the track number and the sequence number, a conceptual problem. We can leave it as is, and beef up the error-checking, or replace the sequence number with the track number when loading the file. What to do?

- Make sure that the is-active flag for all sequences is "false", that the pointers are always null, and make sure to test both of these items (depending on context) before doing anything with the sequence.
- Convert the sequence number to the track number upon saving the MIDI file, or upon reading the MIDI file, and use that number when adding the sequence to the perform object. This might affect some seq24/sequencer64 functionality, however. It's big move.

We need information on reading and importing.

First, if we look at a file that we created long ago by importing b4uacuse.mid, b4uacuse-GM-format.  $\leftarrow$  midi, it has its fourteen sequence numbers identical to their track numbers. No problem.

Second, if we just read b4uacuse.mid, a non-seq24-created MIDI file, we see that each of its tracks have no sequence number – they are all zero. The perform::add\_sequence() simple iterates from the beginning of m\_seqs[] until it finds an inactive m\_seqs[i], and uses that element to hold the sequence pointer.

But now it also segfaults! Let's fix all the non-checked get\_sequence() calls right away, it is too big an issue to ignore.

In the end, we have to be aware that a screen-set can have blank (null) slots interspersed amongst the active slots.

User Testing of Sequencer64 with Yoshimi	

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## **Chapter 3**

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Author(s) Chris Ahlstrom 2015-09-10

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# **Chapter 4**

# **Todo List**

#### File mainwnd.cpp

Figure out best way to select non-legacy PPQN behavior, probably, for now, a command-line option.

 Add a GUI element that shows the actual PPQN in force, maybe next to the maintime object, or in the title caption.

#### File perfnames.cpp

When bringing up this dialog, and starting play from it, some extra horizontal lines are drawn for some of the sequences. This happens even in seq24, so this is long standing behavior. Is it useful, and how? Where is it done? In perfroll?

## Global seq64::mainwid::timeout ()

We should use this callback to display the current time in the playback.

## Global seq64::mainwnd::mainwnd (perform &a\_p)

Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does; make the perform parameter a reference; valgrind flags m\_tooltips as lost data, but if we try to manage it ourselves, many more leaks occur.

## Global seq64::mainwnd::on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*a\_ev)

Test this functionality in old and new application.

## Global seq64::mainwnd::on key release event (GdkEventKey \*a ev)

Test this functionality in old and new application.

## Global seg64::mainwnd::open performance edit ()

Can we offload all this work to perfedit? Is it worthwhile?

## Global seg64::perfedit::perfedit (perform &p, int ppgn=SEQ64 USE DEFAULT PPQN)

Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does.

## Global seq64::perform::is\_active (int seq)

We should have the sequence object keep track of its own activity and access that via a reference or pointer.

## Global seq64::perform::set\_beats\_per\_minute (int bpm)

I think this logic is wrong, in that it needs only one of the two to be stopped before it sets the BPM, while it seems to me that both should be stopped; to be determined.

## Global seq64::perform::start\_playing (bool flag=false)

Verify the usage and nature of this flag.

## Global seq64::seqedit::get\_measures ()

Create a sequence::set\_units() function or a sequence::get\_measures() function to forward to.

# Global seq64::seqedit::seqedit (perform &perf, sequence &seq, int pos, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT → \_ PPQN)

Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does.

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## Global seq64::seqedit::set background sequence (int seq)

Make the sequence pointer a reference.

## Global seq64::seqmenu::seq\_clear\_perf ()

All of seq\_paste() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function.

## Global seq64::seqmenu::seq\_copy ()

Can be offloaded to a perform member function that accepts a sequence clipboard non-const reference parameter.

## Global seq64::seqmenu::seq\_cut ()

A lot of seq\_cut() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function that takes a sequence clipboard non-const reference parameter.

## Global seq64::seqmenu::seq\_paste()

All of seq\_paste() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function with a const clipboard reference parameter.

## Global seq64::sequence::remove (event \*e)

Use find instead in sequence::remove()!

## Global seq64::triggers::next (long \*tick\_on, long \*tick\_off, bool \*selected, long \*tick\_offset)

It would be a bit simpler to simply return a trigger object, wouldn't it?

# **Chapter 5**

# **Deprecated List**

Global seq64::sequence::get\_name () const

16 **Deprecated List** 

# **Chapter 6**

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 6.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

seq64::AbstractPerfInput
seq64::Seq24PerfInput
seq64::click
seq64::configfile
seg64::optionsfile
seq64::userfile
seq64::event
seq64::event_list::event_key
seq64::event_list
seq64::font
seq64::gui_assistant
seq64::gui_assistant_gtk2
seq64::gui_palette_gtk2
seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2
seq64::maintime
seq64::mainwid
seq64::perfnames
seq64::perfroll
seq64::perftime
seq64::seqdata
seq64::seqevent
seq64::seqkeys
seq64::seqroll
seq64::seqtime
seq64::gui_window_gtk2
seq64::mainwnd
seq64::perfedit
seq64::seqedit
seq64::jack_assistant
seq64::jack_scratchpad
seq64::keybindentry
seq64::keys_perform
seq64::keys_perform_gtk2
seq64::keys perform transfer
seq64::keystroke
seq64::lash

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seq64::midi_container
seq64::midi_list
seq64::midi_vector
seq64::midibus
seq64::midifile
seq64::options
seq64::perform
seq64::performcallback
seq64::mainwnd
seq64::rc_settings
seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::rect
seq64::rect
seq64::Seq24SeqEventInput
seq64::Seq24SeqRollInput         151
seq64::seqmenu
seq64::mainwid
seq64::perfnames
seq64::sequence
seq64::trigger
seq64::triggers
seq64::user_instrument
seq64::user_instrument_t
seq64::user_midi_bus
seq64::user_midi_bus_t
seq64::user_settings

# **Chapter 7**

# **Data Structure Index**

# 7.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

seq64::AbstractPerfInput	
Provides an abstract base class to provide the minimal interface for the various "perf input" classes	??
seq64::click	
Encapsulates any possible mouse click	??
seq64::configfile	
This class is the abstract base class for optionsfile and userfile	??
seq64::event	
Provides events for management of MIDI events	??
seq64::event_list::event_key	
Provides a key value for an event map	??
seq64::event_list	
Receptable for MIDI events	??
seq64::font	
This class provides a wrapper for rendering fonts that are encoded as a 16 x 16 pixmap file in XPM format	??
seq64::gui_assistant	
This class provides an interface for some of the GUI support needed in Sequencer64	??
seq64::gui_assistant_gtk2	
This class provides an interface for some of the Gtk/Gdk/Glib support needed in Sequencer64	??
seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2	
Implements the basic drawing areas of the application	??
seq64::gui_palette_gtk2	
Implements a stock palette of Gdk::Color elements	??
seq64::gui_window_gtk2	
This class supports a basic interface for Gtk::Window-derived objects	??
seq64::jack_assistant	
This class provides the performance mode JACK support	??
seq64::jack_scratchpad	
Provide a temporary structure for passing data and results between a perform and jack_assistant	
object	??
seq64::keybindentry	
Class for management of application key-bindings	??
seq64::keys_perform	00
This class supports the performance mode	??
seq64::keys_perform_gtk2	00
This class supports the performance mode	??

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seq64::keys_perform_transfer	
Provides a data-transfer structure to make it easier to fill in a keys_perform object's members	
using sscanf()	??
seq64::keystroke  Encapsulates any practical keystroke	??
Encapsulates any practical keystroke	, ,
This class supports LASH operations, if compiled with LASH support (i.e	??
seq64::maintime	• •
This class provides the drawing of the progress bar at the top of the main window, along with two	
"pills" that move in time with the beat and measure	??
seq64::mainwid	
This class implement the piano roll area of the application	??
seq64::mainwnd	
This class implements the functionality of the main window of the application, except for the	
Patterns Panel functionality, which is implemented in the mainwid class	??
seq64::midi_container	
This class is the abstract base class for a container of MIDI track information	??
seq64::midi_list	
This class is the std::list implementation of the midi_container	??
seq64::midi_vector	-
This class is the std::vector implementation of the midi_container	??
seq64::midibus  Provides a class for handling the MIDI buss on Linux	??
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
seq64::midifile  This class handles the parsing and writing of MIDI files	??
seq64::options	• •
This class supports a full tabbed options dialog	??
seq64::optionsfile	• •
Provides a file for reading and writing the application' main configuration file	??
seq64::perfedit	
This class supports a Performance Editor that is used to arrange the patterns/sequences defined	
in the patterns panel	??
seq64::perfnames	
This class implements the left-side keyboard in the patterns window	??
seq64::perform	
This class supports the performance mode	??
seq64::performcallback	-
Provides for notification of events	??
seq64::perfroll	00
This class implements the performance roll user interface	??
seq64::perftime  This class implements drawing the piano time at the top of the "performance window" (the "song	
editor")	??
seq64::rc_settings	
This class contains the options formerly named "global_xxxxxxx"	??
seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::rect	
A small helper structure representing a rectangle	??
seq64::rect	
A small helper class representing a rectangle	??
seq64::Seq24PerfInput	
Implements the default (Seq24) performance input characteristics of this application	??
seq64::Seq24SeqEventInput	
This structure implement the normal interaction methods for Seq24	??
seq64::Seq24SeqRollInput	00
Implements the Seq24 mouse interaction paradigm for the seqroll	??
seq64::seqdata  This class supports drawing piano-roll eventis on a window	??
rina olasa supporta urawing piano-ton eventis on a window	

7.1 Data Structures 21

seq64::seqedit	
Implements the Pattern Editor, which has references to:	??
seq64::seqevent	
Implements the piano event drawing area	??
seq64::seqkeys	
This class implements the left side piano of the pattern/sequence editor	??
seq64::seqmenu	
	??
seq64::seqroll	
	??
seq64::seqtime	۰,
	??
seq64::sequence  Firstly a receptable for a single track of MIDI data read from a MIDI file or edited into a pattern	??
seq64::trigger	f
	??
seq64::triggers	٠.
	??
seq64::user_instrument	
•	??
seq64::user_instrument_t	
This structure corresponds to [user-instrument-N] definitions in the $\sim$ /.seq24usr	
<pre>or ~/.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr file</pre>	??
seq64::user_midi_bus	
	??
seq64::user_midi_bus_t	
This structure corresponds to [user-midi-bus-0] definitions in the $\sim$ /.seq24usr	
("user") file ( $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr in the latest version of the	
	??
seq64::user_settings	
Holds the current values of sequence settings and settings that can modify the number of se-	~
4	??
seq64::userfile	
Supports the user's ~/.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr and ~/.seq24usr configuration file	
Comiguration inc	

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# **Chapter 8**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

## 8.1 seq64::AbstractPerfInput Class Reference

Provides an abstract base class to provide the minimal interface for the various "perf input" classes. Inheritance diagram for seq64::AbstractPerfInput:



# 8.2 seq64::click Class Reference

Encapsulates any possible mouse click.

## **Public Member Functions**

· click ()

The constructor for class click.

click (int x, int y, int button=SEQ64\_CLICK\_BUTTON\_LEFT, bool press=true, seq\_modifier\_t modkey=SE
 — Q64\_NO\_MASK)

Principal constructor for class click.

• click (const click &rhs)

Provides a stock copy constructor.

• click & operator= (const click &rhs)

Provides a stock principal assignment operator.

• bool is\_press () const

'Getter' function for member m\_is\_press

• bool is\_left () const

'Getter' function for member m\_button to test for the left button.

• bool is\_middle () const

'Getter' function for member m\_button to test for the middle button.

• bool is\_right () const

'Getter' function for member m\_button to test for the right button.

• int x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_x

• int y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_y

• int button () const

'Getter' function for member m\_button

seq\_modifier\_t modifier () const

'Getter' function for member m modifier

• bool mod\_control () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modifier tested for Ctrl key.

bool mod\_control\_shift () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modifier tested for Ctrl and Shift key.

• bool mod\_super () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modifier tested for Mod4/Super/Windows key.

## **Private Attributes**

bool m is press

Determines if the click was a press or a release event.

• int m x

The x-coordinate of the click.

int m\_y

The y-coordinate of the click.

• int m button

The button that was pressed or released.

• seq\_modifier\_t m\_modifier

The optional modifier value.

## 8.2.1 Detailed Description

Useful in passing more generic events to non-GUI classes.

## 8.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 8.2.2.1 seq64::click::click()

Sets all members to false, zero, or the lowest good value.

8.2.2.2 seq64::click::click ( int x, int y, int button = SEQ64\_CLICK\_BUTTON\_LEFT, bool press = true, seq\_modifier\_t modkey = SEQ64\_NO\_MASK )

This function is the only way to set value for the click members (other than the copy constructor and principal assignment operator.

#### **Parameters**

X	The putative x value of the button click.
у	The putative y value of the button click.
button	The value of the button that was clicked, set to 1, 2, or 3.
press	Set to true if the event was a button press, false if it was a button release.
modkey	Indicates which modifier key (such as Ctrl or Alt), if any, was pressed at the same time as the
	click action.

## 8.2.2.3 seq64::click::click ( const click & rhs )

It is nice to be explicit about these kinds of functions, even if it gets tedious.

#### **Parameters**

rhs	Provies the source object to be copied.

## 8.2.3 Member Function Documentation

## 8.2.3.1 click & seq64::click::operator= ( const click & rhs )

It is nice to be explicit about these kinds of functions, even if it gets tedious.

## **Parameters**

rhs	Provies the source object to be assigned from. The assignment is not made if "this" has the
	same address as this parameter.

## 8.2.4 Field Documentation

8.2.4.1 int seq64::click::m\_x [private]

0 is the left-most coordinate.

8.2.4.2 int seq64::click::m\_y [private]

0 is the top-most coordinate.

**8.2.4.3** int seq64::click::m\_button [private]

Left is 1, mmiddle is 2, and right is 3. These numbers are defined via macros, and are Linux-specific and Gtk-specific.

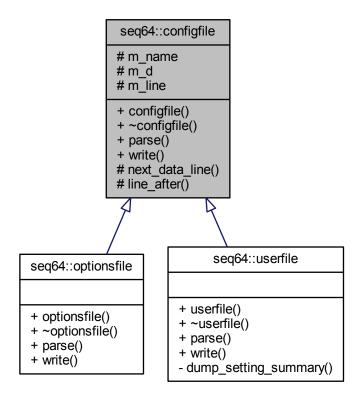
**8.2.4.4 seq\_modifier\_t seq64::click::m\_modifier** [private]

Note that SEQ64\_NO\_MASK is our word for 0, meaning "no modifier".

## 8.3 seq64::configfile Class Reference

This class is the abstract base class for optionsfile and userfile.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::configfile:



## **Public Member Functions**

• configfile (const std::string &a\_name)

Provides the string constructor for a configuration file.

virtual ∼configfile ()

A rote destructor needed for a base class.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void next\_data\_line (std::ifstream &a\_file)

Gets the next line of data from an input stream.

• void line\_after (std::ifstream &a\_file, const std::string &a\_tag)

This function gets a specific line of text, specified as a tag.

## **Protected Attributes**

· std::string m name

Provides the name of the file.

• unsigned char \* m\_d

Points to an allocated buffer that holds the data for the configuration file.

char m\_line [SEQ64\_LINE\_MAX]

The current line of text being processed.

## 8.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.3.1.1 seq64::configfile::configfile ( const std::string & name )

#### **Parameters**

name	The name of the configuration file.
	9

## 8.3.2 Member Function Documentation

8.3.2.1 void seq64::configfile::next\_data\_line( std::ifstream & file ) [protected]

If the line starts with a number-sign, a space (!), or a null, it is skipped, to try the next line. This occurs until an EOF is encountered.

We may try to convert this item to a reference; pointers can be subject to problems. For example, what if someone passes a nullpointer? For speed, we don't check it.

Member m\_line is a "global" return value.

#### **Parameters**

a_file	Points to an input stream.

8.3.2.2 void seq64::configfile::line\_after ( std::ifstream & file, const std::string & tag ) [protected]

## **Parameters**

file	Points to the input file stream.
tag	Provides a tag to be found. Lines are read until a match occurs with this tag.

## 8.3.3 Field Documentation

**8.3.3.1 char seq64::configfile::m\_line[SEQ64\_LINE\_MAX]** [protected]

This member receives an input line, and so needs to be a character buffer.

## 8.4 seq64::event Class Reference

Provides events for management of MIDI events.

## **Public Member Functions**

• event ()

This constructor simply initializes all of the class members.

~event ()

This destructor explicitly deletes m\_sysex and sets it to null.

bool operator< (const event &rhsevent) const</li>

If the current timestamp equal the event's timestamp, then this function returns true if the current rank is less than the event's rank.

void set timestamp (unsigned long time)

'Setter' function for member m\_timestamp

• long get\_timestamp () const

'Getter' function for member m\_timestamp

• unsigned char status () const

'Getter' function for member m\_status

void mod\_timestamp (unsigned long a\_mod)

Calculates the value of the current timestamp modulo the given parameter.

void set\_status (char status)

Sets the m\_status member to the value of a\_status.

• unsigned char get\_status () const

'Getter' function for member m\_status

void set\_data (char d1)

Clears the most-significant-bit of the d1 parameter, and sets it into the first byte of m\_data.

void set data (char d1, char d2)

Clears the most-significant-bit of both parameters, and sets them into the first and second bytes of m\_data.

void get data (unsigned char &d0, unsigned char &d1) const

Retrieves the two data bytes from m\_data[] and copies each into its respective parameter.

• void increment data1 ()

Increments the first data byte (m\_data[1]) and clears the most significant bit.

void decrement\_data1 ()

Decrements the first data byte (m\_data[1]) and clears the most significant bit.

void increment\_data2 ()

Increments the second data byte (m\_data[1]) and clears the most significant bit.

void decrement\_data2 ()

Decrements the second data byte (m\_data[1]) and clears the most significant bit.

• void start sysex ()

Deletes and clears out the SYSEX buffer.

bool append\_sysex (unsigned char \*data, long size)

Appends SYSEX data to a new buffer.

unsigned char \* get\_sysex () const

'Getter' function for member m\_sysex

void set\_size (long a\_size)

 ${\it 'Setter' function for member m\_size}$ 

long get\_size () const

'Getter' function for member m\_size

void link (event \*a\_event)

Sets m\_has\_link and sets m\_link to the provided event pointer.

event \* get\_linked () const

'Getter' function for member m\_linked

bool is\_linked () const

'Getter' function for member m\_has\_link

void clear\_link ()

'Setter' function for member m\_has\_link

• void paint ()

'Setter' function for member m painted

• void unpaint ()

'Setter' function for member m\_painted

• bool is\_painted () const

'Getter' function for member m painted

· void mark ()

'Setter' function for member m\_marked

• void unmark ()

'Setter' function for member m\_marked

• bool is\_marked () const

'Getter' function for member m\_marked

· void select ()

'Setter' function for member m\_selected

· void unselect ()

'Setter' function for member m\_selected

• bool is\_selected () const

'Getter' function for member m\_selected

void make\_clock ()

Sets m\_status to EVENT\_MIDI\_CLOCK;.

· unsigned char data (int index) const

'Getter' function for member m\_data[]

unsigned char get\_note () const

Assuming m\_data[] holds a note, get the note number, which is in the first data byte, m\_data[0].

void set\_note (char a\_note)

Sets the note number, clearing off the most-significant-bit and assigning it to the first data byte, m\_data[0].

• unsigned char get\_note\_velocity () const

'Getter' function for member m\_data[1], the note velocity.

void set\_note\_velocity (int a\_vel)

Sets the note velocity, with is held in the second data byte, m\_data[1].

bool is\_note\_on () const

Returns true if m\_status is EVENT\_NOTE\_ON.

bool is\_note\_off () const

Returns true if m\_status is EVENT\_NOTE\_OFF.

· void print ()

Prints out the timestamp, data size, the current status byte, any SYSEX data if present, or the two data bytes for the status byte.

• int get\_rank () const

This function is used in sorting MIDI status events (e.g.

## **Static Public Member Functions**

• static bool is channel msg (unsigned char msg)

Static test for channel messages/statuses.

static bool is\_one\_byte\_msg (unsigned char msg)

Static test for channel messages that have only one data byte.

• static bool is\_two\_byte\_msg (unsigned char msg)

Static test for channel messages that have two data bytes.

static bool is\_desired\_cc\_or\_not\_cc (unsigned char msg, unsigned char cc, unsigned char datum)

Static test for channel messages that are either not control-change messages, or are and match the given controller value.

## **Private Attributes**

• unsigned char m\_status

This is status byte without the channel.

unsigned char m data [SEQ64 MIDI DATA BYTE COUNT]

The two bytes of data for the MIDI event.

• unsigned char \* m\_sysex

Points to the data buffer for SYSEX messages.

· long m size

Gives the size of the SYSEX message.

event \* m linked

This event is used to link Note Ons and Offs together.

· bool m has link

Indicates that a link has been made.

· bool m selected

Answers the question "is this event selected in editing.".

bool m marked

Answers the question "is this event marked in processing.".

bool m painted

Answers the question "is this event being painted.".

## 8.4.1 Detailed Description

## A MIDI event consists of 3 bytes:

```
-# Status byte, 1sssnnn, where the sss bits specify the type of
  message, and the nnnn bits denote the channel number.
  The status byte always starts with 0.
-# The first data byte, 0xxxxxxxx, where the data byte always
  start with 0, and the xxxxxxx values range from 0 to 127.
-# The second data byte, 0xxxxxxx.
```

This class may have too many member functions.

## 8.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.4.2.1 seq64::event::\simevent ( )
```

The start\_sysex() function does what we need.

## 8.4.3 Member Function Documentation

8.4.3.1 bool seq64::event::operator< ( const event & rhs ) const

Otherwise, it returns true if the current timestamp is less than the event's timestamp.

## Warning

The less-than operator is supposed to support a "strict weak ordering", and is supposed to leave equivalent values in the same order they were before the sort. However, every time we load and save our sample MIDI file, events get reversed. Here are program-changes that get reversed:

```
Save N: 0070: 6E 00 C4 48 00 C4 0C 00 C4 57 00 C4 19 00 C4 26 Save N+1: 0070: 6E 00 C4 26 00 C4 19 00 C4 57 00 C4 0C 00 C4 48
```

The 0070 is the offset within the versions of the b4uacuse-seq24.midi file.

Because of this mis-feature, and the very slow speed of loading a MIDI file when Sequencer64 is built for debugging, we are exploring using an std::map instead of an std::list. Search for occurrences of the SEQ64\_USE\_EVENT\_MAP macro. (This actually works better than a list, for loading MIDI event, we have found).

#### **Parameters**

rhs	The object to be compared against.

#### Returns

Returns true if the time-stamp and "rank" are less than those of the comparison object.

8.4.3.2 static bool seq64::event::is\_channel\_msg ( unsigned char msg ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

msg	The channel status or message byte to be tested.
-----	--

#### Returns

Returns true if the byte represents a MIDI channel message.

8.4.3.3 static bool seq64::event::is\_one\_byte\_msg ( unsigned char msg ) [inline], [static]

The rest have two.

## **Parameters**

msg	The channel status or message byte to be tested.
-----	--

## Returns

Returns true if the byte represents a MIDI channel message that has only one data byte. However, if this function returns false, it might not be a channel message at all, so be careful.

**8.4.3.4 static bool seq64::event::is\_two\_byte\_msg ( unsigned char** *msg* **)** [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

msg	The channel status or message byte to be tested.

## Returns

Returns true if the byte represents a MIDI channel message that has two data bytes. However, if this function returns false, it might not be a channel message at all, so be careful.

8.4.3.5 static bool seq64::event::is\_desired\_cc\_or\_not\_cc ( unsigned char *msg*, unsigned char *cc*, unsigned char *datum* ) [inline], [static]

Note

The old logic was the first line, but can be simplified to the second line; the third line shows the abstract representation. Also made sure of this using a couple truth tables.

```
(m != EVENT_CONTROL_CHANGE) || (m == EVENT_CONTROL_CHANGE && d == cc)
    (m != EVENT_CONTROL_CHANGE) || (d == cc)
    a || (! a && b) => a || b

\param msg
    The channel status or message byte to be tested.

\param cc
    The desired cc value, which the datum must match, if the message is a control-change message.

\param datum
    The current datum, to be compared to cc, if the message is a control-change message.

\return
    Returns true if the message is not a control-change, or if it is and the cc and datum parameters match.
```

8.4.3.6 void seq64::event::mod\_timestamp ( unsigned long a\_mod ) [inline]

#### **Parameters**

a\_mod The value to mod the timestamp against.

#### Returns

Returns a value ranging from 0 to a\_mod-1.

## 8.4.3.7 void seq64::event::set\_status ( char status )

If a\_status is a non-channel event, then the channel portion of the status is cleared using a bitwise AND against EVENT\_CLEAR\_CHAN\_MASK.

Is this a better way to do it?

```
m_status = (unsigned char) (status) & EVENT_CLEAR_CHAN_MASK;
```

Found in yet another fork of seq24:

```
// ORL fait de la merde
```

He also provided a very similar routine: set\_status\_midibus().

```
8.4.3.8 void seq64::event::set_data ( char d1 ) [inline]
```

#### **Parameters**

d1 The byte value to set. We should make these all "midibytes".

8.4.3.9 void seq64::event::set\_data ( char d1, char d2 ) [inline]

#### **Parameters**

d1	The first byte value to set. We should make these all "midibytes".
d2	The second byte value to set. We should make these all "midibytes".

## 8.4.3.10 void seq64::event::get\_data (unsigned char & d0, unsigned char & d1) const [inline]

#### **Parameters**

d0	[out] The return reference for the first byte.
d1	[out] The return reference for the first byte.

## 8.4.3.11 bool seq64::event::append\_sysex ( unsigned char \* data, long dsize )

First, a buffer of size m\_size+dsize is created. The existing SYSEX data (stored in m\_sysex) is copied to this buffer. Then the data represented by data and dsize is appended to that data buffer. Then the original SYSEX buffer, m\_sysex, is deleted, and m\_sysex is assigned to the new buffer.

#### **Parameters**

data	Provides the additional SYSEX data. If not provided, nothing is done, and false is returned.
dsize	Provides the size of the additional SYSEX data. If not provided, nothing is done.

#### Returns

Returns false if there was an EVENT\_SYSEX\_END byte in the appended data, or if an error occurred, and the caller needs to stop trying to process the data.

## 8.4.3.12 int seq64::event::get\_rank() const

The ranking, from high to low, is note off, note on, aftertouch, channel pressure, and pitch wheel, control change, and program changes.

note on/off, aftertouch, control change, etc.) The sort order is not determined by the actual status values.

The lower the ranking the more upfront an item comes in the sort order.

#### Returns

Returns the rank of the current m\_status byte.

## 8.4.4 Field Documentation

## **8.4.4.1 unsigned char seq64::event::m\_status** [private]

The channel will be appended on the MIDI bus. The high nibble = type of event; The low nibble = channel. Bit 7 is present in all status bytes.

## **8.4.4.2 unsigned char seq64::event::m\_data[SEQ64\_MIDI\_DATA\_BYTE\_COUNT]** [private]

Remember that the most-significant bit of a data byte is always 0.

#### **8.4.4.3 unsigned char\* seq64::event::m\_sysex** [private]

This really ought to be a Boost or STD scoped pointer.

**8.4.4.4 bool seq64::event::m\_has\_link** [private]

This item is used [via the get\_link() and link() accessors] in the sequence class.

## 8.5 seq64::event\_list::event\_key Class Reference

Provides a key value for an event map.

## **Public Member Functions**

• event\_key (unsigned long tstamp, int rank)

Principal event\_key constructor.

event\_key (const event &e)

Event-based constructor.

bool operator< (const event key &rhs) const</li>

Provides the minimal operator needed to sort events using an event\_key.

## **Private Attributes**

• unsigned long m\_timestamp

The primary key-value for the key.

• int m\_rank

The sub-key-value for the key.

## 8.5.1 Detailed Description

Its types match the m\_timestamp and get\_rank() function of this event class.

#### 8.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.5.2.1 seq64::event\_list::event\_key::event\_key ( unsigned long tstamp, int rank )

#### **Parameters**

tstamp	The time-stamp is the primary part of the key. It is the most important key item.
rank	Rank is an arbitrary number used to prioritize events that have the same time-stamp. See the
	event::get_rank() function for more information.

#### 8.5.2.2 seq64::event\_list::event\_key::event\_key ( const event & rhs )

This constructor makes it even easier to create an event\_key. Note that the call to event::get\_rank() makes a simple calculation based on the status of the event.

## **Parameters**

rhs	Provides the event key to be copied.

## 8.5.3 Member Function Documentation

8.5.3.1 bool seq64::event\_list::event\_key::operator< ( const event\_key & rhs ) const

#### **Parameters**

e Provides the event key to be compared against.

#### 8.5.4 Field Documentation

- **8.5.4.1** unsigned long seq64::event\_list::event\_key::m\_timestamp [private]
- **8.5.4.2** int seq64::event\_list::event\_key::m\_rank [private]

## 8.6 seg64::event list Class Reference

The event\_list class is a receptable for MIDI events.

## **Data Structures**

· class event key

Provides a key value for an event map.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• event list ()

Principal constructor.

event\_list (const event\_list &a\_rhs)

Copy constructor.

event\_list & operator= (const event\_list &a\_rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

∼event\_list ()

A rote destructor.

• iterator begin ()

'Getter' function for member m\_events.begin(), non-constant version.

• const\_iterator begin () const

 ${\it 'Getter' function for member m\_events.begin(), constant version.}$ 

• iterator end ()

'Getter' function for member m\_events.end(), non-constant version.

• const\_iterator end () const

'Getter' function for member m\_events.end(), constant version.

· int count () const

Returns the number of events stored in m\_events.

void add (const event &e, bool postsort=true)

Adds an event to the internal event list in an optionally sorted manner.

void remove (iterator ie)

Provides a wrapper for the iterator form of erase(), which is the only one that sequence uses.

• void clear ()

Provides a wrapper for clear().

void merge (event\_list &el, bool presort=true)

Provides a merge operation for the event multimap analogous to the merge operation for the event list.

• void sort ()

Wrapper for std::list::sort(), or, since multimaps are always sorted, an empty function.

## **Static Public Member Functions**

static event & dref (iterator ie)

Dereference access for list or map.

static const event & dref (const\_iterator ie)

Dereference const access for list or map.

## **Private Types**

typedef std::multimap< event\_key, event > Events

Types to use to swap between list and multimap implementations.

#### **Private Member Functions**

• void link new ()

Links a new event.

void clear\_links ()

Clears all event links and unmarks them all.

void verify\_and\_link (long slength)

This function verifies state: all note-ons have an off, and it links note-offs with their note-ons.

• void mark\_selected ()

Marks all selected events.

void mark\_out\_of\_range (long slength)

Marks all events that have a time-stamp that is out of range.

• void unmark\_all ()

Unmarks all events.

• void unpaint\_all ()

Unpaints all list-events.

int count\_selected\_notes () const

Counts the selected note-on events in the event list.

• bool any\_selected\_notes () const

Indicates that at least one note is selected.

• int count\_selected\_events (unsigned char status, unsigned char cc) const

Counts the selected events, with the given status, in the event list.

• void select\_all ()

Selects all events, unconditionally.

void unselect\_all ()

Deselects all events, unconditionally.

• void print ()

Prints a list of the currently-held events.

· const Events & events () const

'Getter' function for member m\_events

## **Private Attributes**

· Events m events

This list holds the current pattern/sequence events.

## 8.6.1 Detailed Description

Two implementations, an std::multimap, and the original, an std::list, are provided for comparison, and are selected at build time, by manually defining the SEQ64\_USE\_EVENT\_MAP macro near the top of this module.

## 8.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.6.2.1 seq64::event\_list::event\_list ( const event list & rhs )

#### **Parameters**

rhs
-----

#### 8.6.3 Member Function Documentation

8.6.3.1 event\_list & seq64::event\_list::operator= ( const event\_list & rhs )

Follows the stock rules for such an operator, just assigning member values.

#### **Parameters**

rhs Provides the event list to be assigned.
---

```
8.6.3.2 int seq64::event_list::count() const [inline]
```

We like returning an integer instead of size\_t, and rename the function so nobody is fooled.

8.6.3.3 void seq64::event\_list::add ( const event & e, bool postsort = true )

It is a wrapper, wrapper for insert() or push\_front(), with an option to call sort().

For the std::multimap implementation, This is an option if we want to make sure the insertion succeed.

```
std::pair<Events::iterator, bool> result = m_events.insert(p);
return result.second;
```

## Warning

This pushing (and, in writing the MIDI file, the popping), causes events with identical timestamps to be written in reverse order. Doesn't affect functionality, but it's puzzling until one understands what is happening. That's why we're exploring using a multimap as the container.

#### **Parameters**

е	Provides the event to be added to the list.
postsort	If true, and the std::list implementation has been built in, then the event list is sorted after the
	addition. This is a time-consuming operation.

## 8.6.3.4 void seq64::event\_list::merge ( event\_list & el, bool presort = true )

We have certain constraints to preserve, as the following discussion shows.

For std::list, sequence merges list T into list A by first calling T.sort(), and then A.merge(T). The merge() operation merges T into A by transferring all of its elements, at their respective ordered positions, into A. Both containers must already be ordered.

The merge effectively removes all the elements in T (which becomes empty), and inserts them into their ordered position within container (which expands in size by the number of elements transferred). The operation is performed without constructing nor destroying any element, whether T is an Ivalue or an rvalue, or whether the value-type supports move-construction or not.

Each element of T is inserted at the position that corresponds to its value according to the strict weak ordering defined by operator <. The resulting order of equivalent elements is stable (i.e. equivalent elements preserve the relative order they had before the call, and existing elements precede those equivalent inserted from x). The function does nothing if (&x == this).

For std::multimap, sorting is automatic. However, unless move-construction is supported, merging will be less efficient than for the list version. Also, we need a way to include duplicates of each event, so we need to use a multimap. Once all this setup, merging is really just insertion. And, since sorting isn't needed, the multimap actually turns out to be faster.

#### **Parameters**

el	Provides the event list to be merged into the current event list.
presort	If true, the events are presorted. This is a requirement for merging an std::list, but is a no-op
	for the std::multimap implementation.

8.6.3.5 void seq64::event\_list::link\_new( ) [private]

This function checks for a note on, then look for its note off. This function is provided in the event\_list because it does not depend on any external data. Also note that any desired thread-safety must be provided by the caller.

**8.6.3.6** void seg64::event\_list::verify\_and\_link( long slength ) [private]

#### Threadsafe

## Parameters

slenath	Provides the length beyond which events will be pruned.
c.cg	The state of the series and the series are the series and the series are series and the series are series are series are series and the series are series

**8.6.3.7** void seq64::event\_list::mark\_out\_of\_range( long slength ) [private]

Used for killing (pruning) those events not in range. If the current time-stamp is greater than the length, then the event is marked for pruning.

## **Parameters**

slength	Provides the length beyond which events will be pruned.
---------	---

**8.6.3.8 bool seq64::event\_list::any\_selected\_notes() const** [private]

Acts like event\_list::count\_selected\_notes(), but stops after finding a selected note. We could add a flag to count
\_\_selected\_notes() to break, I suppose.

**8.6.3.9** int seq64::event\_list::count\_selected\_events ( unsigned char *status*, unsigned char *cc* ) const [private]

If the event is a control change (CC), then it must also match the given CC value.

## 8.7 seq64::font Class Reference

This class provides a wrapper for rendering fonts that are encoded as a 16 x 16 pixmap file in XPM format.

## **Public Types**

```
    enum Color {
        BLACK,
        WHITE,
        BLACK_ON_YELLOW,
        YELLOW_ON_BLACK }
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

• font ()

Rote default constructor.

void init (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Window > windo)

Initialization function for a window on which fonts will be drawn.

void render\_string\_on\_drawable (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::GC > m\_gc, int x, int y, Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > drawable, const char \*str, font::Color col) const

Draws a text string.

• int char\_width () const

'Getter' function for member m\_font\_w

• int char\_height () const

'Getter' function for member m\_font\_h

· int padded height () const

'Getter' function for member m\_padded\_h

## **Private Attributes**

· bool m use new font

If true, use the new font, which is a little bit more modern looking.

· int m cell w

Specifies the cell width of the whole cell.

• int m\_cell\_h

Specfies the cell height of the whole cell.

int m\_font\_w

Specifies the exact width of a character cell, in pixels.

int m\_font\_h

Specifies the exact height of a character cell, in pixels.

· int m\_offset

Provides an ad hoc small horizontal or vertical offset for printing strings.

int m\_padded\_h

Provides a common constant used by much of the drawing code, but only marginally related to the padded character height.

• const Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > \* m\_pixmap

Points to the current pixmap (m\_black\_pixmap or m\_white\_pixmap) to use to render a string.

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m\_black\_pixmap

The pixmap in the file src/pixmaps/font\_b.xpm is loaded into this object.

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m\_white\_pixmap

The pixmap in the file src/pixmaps/font\_b.xpm is loaded into this object.

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m\_b\_on\_y\_pixmap

The pixmap in the file src/pixmaps/font\_y.xpm is loaded into this object.

• Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m\_y\_on\_b\_pixmap

The pixmap in the file src/pixmaps/font\_yb.xpm is loaded into this object.

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Bitmap > m\_clip\_mask

This object is instantiated as a default object.

## 8.7.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

## 8.7.1.1 enum seq64::font::Color

#### **Enumerator**

**BLACK** A simple enumeration to describe the basic colors used in writing text. Basically, these two values cause the selection of one or another pixmap (font\_b\_xpm and font\_w\_xpm). We've added two more pixmaps to draw black text on a yellow background (font\_y.xpm) and yellow text on a black background (font\_yb.xpm).

```
The first supported color. A black font on a white background.
```

**WHITE** The second supported color. A white font on a black background.

BLACK\_ON\_YELLOW A new color, for drawing black text on a yellow background.

YELLOW\_ON\_BLACK A new color, for drawing yellow text on a black background.

## 8.7.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.7.2.1 void seq64::font::init ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Window > wp )
```

This function loads four pixmaps that contain the characters to be used to draw text strings.

One pixmap has white characters on a black background, one has black characters on a white background, one has yellow characters on a black background, and one has black characters on a yellow background.

```
8.7.2.2 void seq64::font::render_string_on_drawable ( Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::GC > a\_gc, int x, int y, Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > a\_draw, const char * str, font::Color col) const
```

This function grabs the proper font bitmap, extracts the current character pixmap from it, and slaps it down where it needs to be to render the character in the string.

## **Parameters**

a_gc	Provides the graphics context for drawing the text using GTK+.
X	The horizontal location of the text.
У	The vertical location of the text.
a_draw	The drawable object on which to draw the text.
str	The string to draw. Should use a constant string reference instead.
col	The font color to use to draw the string. The supported values are font::BLACK, font::WH←
	ITE, font::BLACK_ON_YELLOW, font::YELLOW_ON_BLACK. The actual correct colors are
	provided by selecting one of four font pixmaps, as described in the init() function.

#### 8.7.3 Field Documentation

8.7.3.1 int seq64::font::m\_font\_w [private]

Currently defaults to cf\_text\_w = 6. Note that a lot of stuff depends on this being 6 at present, even with our new, slightly wider, font.

**8.7.3.2** int seq64::font::m\_font\_h [private]

Currently defaults to  $cf_{text} = 10$ . Note that a lot of stuff depends on this being 10 at present, even with our new, slightly wider, font. But some of the drawing code doesn't use the character height, but the padded character height.

```
8.7.3.3 const Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap>* seq64::font::m_pixmap [mutable], [private]
```

This member used to be an object, but it's probably a bit faster to just use a pointer (or a reference).

```
8.7.3.4 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::font::m_black_pixmap [private]
```

It contains a black font on a white background.

```
8.7.3.5 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::font::m_white_pixmap [private]
```

It contains a black font on a white background.

```
8.7.3.6 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::font::m_b_on_y_pixmap [private]
```

It contains a black font on a yellow background.

```
8.7.3.7 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::font::m_y_on_b_pixmap [private]
```

It contains a yellow font on a black background.

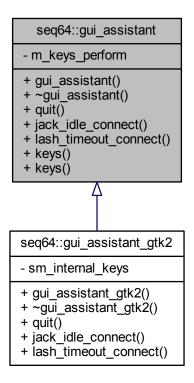
```
\textbf{8.7.3.8} \quad \textbf{Glib::RefPtr} < \textbf{Gdk::Bitmap} > \textbf{seq64::font::m\_clip\_mask} \quad \texttt{[private]}
```

All we know is it seems to be a requirement for creating a pixmap object from an XMP file.

## 8.8 seq64::gui\_assistant Class Reference

This class provides an interface for some of the GUI support needed in Sequencer64.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::gui\_assistant:



## **Public Member Functions**

• gui\_assistant (keys\_perform &kp)

This constructor wires in some externally (for now) created objects.

virtual ~gui\_assistant ()

Stock base-class implementation of a virtual destructor.

• const keys\_perform & keys () const

'Getter' function for member m\_keys\_perform The const getter.

keys\_perform & keys ()

'Getter' function for member m\_keys\_perform The un-const getter.

## **Private Attributes**

keys\_perform & m\_keys\_perform

Provides a reference to the app-specific GUI-specific keys\_perform-derived object that an application is going to use for handling sequence-control keys.

## 8.8.1 Detailed Description

It also contain a number of helper objects that all kind of go together; only this assistant object will need to be passed around (by non-GUI code).

## 8.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 8.8.2.1 seq64::gui\_assistant::gui\_assistant ( keys\_perform & kp )

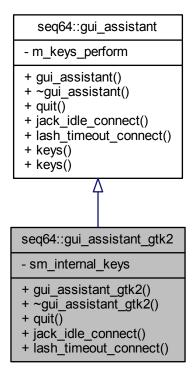
## **Parameters**

kp	Provides a set of key codes to be used by the perform object to control patterns and their
	performance.

## 8.9 seq64::gui\_assistant\_gtk2 Class Reference

This class provides an interface for some of the Gtk/Gdk/Glib support needed in Sequencer64.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::gui assistant gtk2:



## **Public Member Functions**

• gui\_assistant\_gtk2 ()

This class provides an interface for some of the Gtk/Gdk/Glib support needed in Sequencer64.

virtual void quit ()

Calls the Glib Main object's quit() function.

virtual void jack\_idle\_connect (jack\_assistant &jack)

Connects the JACK session-event callback to the Glib idle object.

virtual void lash\_timeout\_connect (lash \*lashobject)

Connects the LASH timeout-event callback to the Glib timeout object.

## **Static Private Attributes**

static keys\_perform\_gtk2 sm\_internal\_keys
 Provides a pre-made keys\_perform object.

## 8.9.1 Member Function Documentation

8.9.1.1 void seq64::gui\_assistant\_gtk2::lash\_timeout\_connect( lash \* lashobject ) [virtual]

The time-out value is set to 250 ms.

Implements seq64::gui assistant.

## 8.9.2 Field Documentation

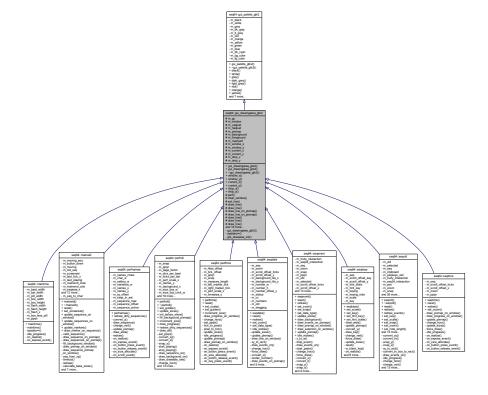
**8.9.2.1 keys\_perform\_gtk2 seq64::gui\_assistant\_gtk2::sm\_internal\_keys** [static], [private]

This object is set into the reference provided in the gui\_assistant base class.

# 8.10 seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2 Class Reference

Implements the basic drawing areas of the application.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2:



## **Data Structures**

struct rect

A small helper structure representing a rectangle.

## **Public Member Functions**

gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2 (perform &p, int window\_x=0, int window\_y=0)

Perform-only constructor.

gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2 (perform &a\_perf, Gtk::Adjustment &a\_hadjust, Gtk::Adjustment &a\_vadjust, int window x=0, int window y=0)

Principal constructor.

~gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2 ()

Provides a destructor to delete allocated objects.

• int window x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_window\_x

• int window\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_window\_y

• int current x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_current\_x

• int current y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_current\_y

int drop\_x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_drop\_x

int drop\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_drop\_y

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• perform & perf ()

'Getter' function for member m\_mainperf

• void clear window ()

Clears the main window.

• void set\_line (Gdk::LineStyle Is, int width=1)

A small wrapper function for readability in line-drawing.

void draw\_line (int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the window.

void draw\_line (const Color &c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the window after setting the given foreground color.

void draw\_line\_on\_pixmap (int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the pixmap.

void draw\_line\_on\_pixmap (const Color &c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the pixmap after setting the given foreground color.

• void draw line (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > &pixmap, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on any pixmap (not a drawable, though, due to a compiler error after setting the given foreground color.

• void draw line (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > &pixmap, const Color &c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the pixmap after setting the given foreground color.

• void draw\_line (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > &drawable, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on any pixmap (not a drawable, though, due to a compiler error after setting the given foreground color.

void draw\_line (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > &drawable, const Color &c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)

A small wrapper function to draw a line on the drawable after setting the given foreground color.

void render\_string (int x, int y, const std::string &s, font::Color color)

A small wrapper function for readability in string-drawing to the window.

void render\_string\_on\_pixmap (int x, int y, const std::string &s, font::Color color)

A small wrapper function for readability in string-drawing to the pixmap.

void draw\_rectangle (int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on the window.

• void draw rectangle (const Color &c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing.

void draw\_rectangle (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > &drawable, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on a "drawable" context, where the foreground color has already been specified.

• void draw\_rectangle (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > &drawable, const Color &c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on any drawable context.

void draw\_rectangle (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > &pixmap, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on a "pixmap" context, where the foreground color has already been specified.

void draw\_rectangle (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > &pixmap, const Color &c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on any pixmap context.

void draw\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap (int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on the pixmap.

• void draw\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap (const Color &c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on the pixmap.

• void draw\_normal\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap (int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill=true)

A small wrapper function for readability in box-drawing on the pixmap.

void draw drawable (int xsrc, int ysrc, int xdest, int ydest, int width, int height)

Provides the most common use case for redrawing.

• void on\_realize ()

For this GTK callback, on realization of window, initialize the shiz.

## **Protected Attributes**

• Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::GC > m gc

The graphics context, which is required for ever drawing and rendering operation.

• Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Window > m window

Provides the default "window".

Gtk::Adjustment & m\_vadjust

Provides an object for vertical "adjustments".

Gtk::Adjustment & m\_hadjust

Provides an object for horizontal "adjustments".

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m pixmap

Provides the default "pixmap".

• Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap> m\_background

Another pixmap, used for backgrounds.

Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > m\_foreground

Another pixmap, used for foregrounds.

• perform & m\_mainperf

A frequent hook into the main perform object.

• int m window x

Window sizes.

• int m\_current\_x

The x and y value of the current location of the mouse (during dragging?)

• int m\_drop\_x

These values are used when roping and highlighting a bunch of events.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· void gtk drawarea init ()

Does basic initialization for each of the constructors.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 8.10.1 Detailed Description

Note that this class really "isn't a" gui\_pallete\_gtk2; it should simply have one. But that base class must be derived from Gtk::DrawingArea. We don't want to waste some space by using a "has-a" relationship, and also put up with having to access the palette indirectly. So, in this case, we tolerate the less strict implementation.

# 8.10.2 Member Function Documentation

**8.10.2.1 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::clear\_window()** [inline], [protected]

One less need to access m\_window directly.

8.10.2.2 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::set\_line( Gdk::LineStyle ls, int width = 1 ) [inline], [protected]

Sets the attributes of a line to be drawn.

#### **Parameters**

ls	Provides the Gtk-specific line style.
width	Provides the width of the line to be drawn. It defaults to the most common value, 1.

8.10.2.3 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line( int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) [inline], [protected]

# Parameters

	x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
	y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
	x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
ĺ	y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.4 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line( const Color & c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) [protected]

#### **Parameters**

С	The foreground color in which to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.5 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line\_on\_pixmap ( int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2 ) [inline], [protected]

x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.6 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line\_on\_pixmap ( const Color & c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2 ) [protected]

#### **Parameters**

С	The foreground color in which to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.7 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line ( Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > & pixmap, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2 ) [inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

pixmap	Provides the Gdk::Pixmap pointer needed to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.8 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Pixmap > & pixmap, const Color & c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2 ) [protected]

# **Parameters**

drawable	Provides the Gdk::Drawable pointer needed to draw the line.
С	The foreground color in which to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
<i>y</i> 2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.9 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line ( Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > & drawable, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2 ) [inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

drawable	Provides the Gdk::Drawable pointer needed to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.

x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.10 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_line ( Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > & drawable, const Color & c, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) [protected]

#### **Parameters**

drawable	Provides the Gdk::Drawable pointer needed to draw the line.
С	The foreground color in which to draw the line.
x1	The x coordinate of the starting point.
y1	The y coordinate of the starting point.
x2	The x coordinate of the ending point.
y2	The y coordinate of the ending point.

8.10.2.11 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::render\_string ( int x, int y, const std::string & s, font::Color color )

[inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
s	The string to be drawn.
color	The color with which to draw the string.

8.10.2.12 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::render\_string\_on\_pixmap ( int x, int y, const std::string & s, font::Color color ) [inline], [protected]

# **Parameters**

	The x-coordinate of the origin.
	The y-coordinate of the origin.
	The string to be drawn.
colo	The color with which to draw the string.

8.10.2.13 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
у	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_c
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.14 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( const Color & c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true )

[protected]

It adds setting the foreground color to the <a href="draw\_rectangle">draw\_rectangle</a>() function.

С	Provides the foreground color to set.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_~
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.15 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Drawable > & drawable, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

drawable	The object on which to draw the rectangle.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.16 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Drawable > & drawable, const Color & c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [protected]

It also supports setting the foreground color to the draw\_rectangle() function.

We have a number of such functions: for the main window, for the main pixmap, and for any drawing surface. Is the small bit of conciseness worth it?

### **Parameters**

drawable	The surface on which to draw the box.
С	Provides the foreground color to set.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_←
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.17 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Pixmap > & pixmap, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

drawable	The object on which to draw the rectangle.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
у	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.

ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.18 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle ( Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Pixmap > & pixmap, const Color & c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [protected]

It also supports setting the foreground color to the draw rectangle() function.

We have a number of such functions: for the main window, for the main pixmap, and for any drawing surface. Is the small bit of conciseness worth it?

#### **Parameters**

pixmap	The surface on which to draw the box.
С	Provides the foreground color to set.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
у	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_c
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.19 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap ( int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true )
[inline], [protected]

#### **Parameters**

X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_~
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.20 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap ( const Color & c, int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true ) [protected]

It adds setting the foreground color to the <a href="draw\_rectangle">draw\_rectangle</a>() function.

# **Parameters**

С	Provides the foreground color to set.
X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
у	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

8.10.2.21 void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::draw\_normal\_rectangle\_on\_pixmap ( int x, int y, int lx, int ly, bool fill = true )

[protected]

It uses Gtk to get the proper background styling for the rectange.

X	The x-coordinate of the origin.
У	The y-coordinate of the origin.
lx	The width of the box.
ly	The height of the box.
fill	If true, fill the rectangle with the current foreground color, as set by m_gc->set_←
	foreground(color). Defaults to true.

**8.10.2.22** void seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::on\_realize() [protected]

It allocates any additional resources that weren't initialized in the constructor.

#### 8.10.3 Field Documentation

```
8.10.3.1 Glib::RefPtr < Gdk::Window > seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_window [protected]
```

Wrapper functions with undecorated wrapper names are used for accessing this item. We hope to be able to hide this items completely some day.

```
8.10.3.2 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_pixmap [protected]
```

Wrapper functions with undecorated wrapper names are used for accessing this item. We hope to be able to hide this items completely some day.

```
8.10.3.3 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_background [protected]
```

Our wrappers still leave this member exposed <giggle>.

```
8.10.3.4 Glib::RefPtr<Gdk::Pixmap> seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_foreground [protected]
```

Our wrappers still leave this member exposed.

```
8.10.3.5 perform& seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_mainperf [protected]
```

We could move this into yet another base class, since a number of classes don't need it. Probably not worth the effort at this time.

```
8.10.3.6 int seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_window_x [protected]
```

Could make this constant, but some windows are resizable.

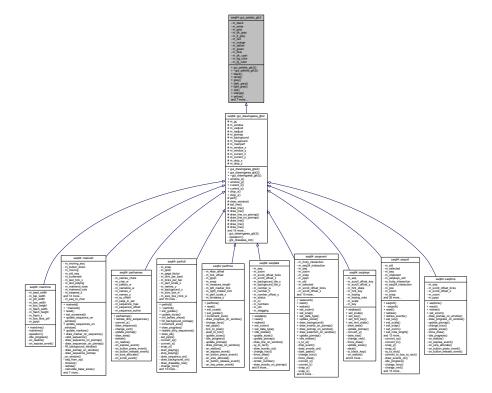
```
8.10.3.7 int seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2::m_drop_x [protected]
```

Provides the x and y value of where the dragging started.

# 8.11 seq64::gui\_palette\_gtk2 Class Reference

Implements a stock palette of Gdk::Color elements.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::gui\_palette\_gtk2:



# **Public Member Functions**

- gui\_palette\_gtk2 ()
  - Principal constructor.
- ~gui\_palette\_gtk2 ()

Provides a destructor to delete allocated objects.

# **Protected Types**

• typedef Gdk::Color Color

Provides a type for the color object.

# 8.11.1 Detailed Description

Note that this class must be derived from Gtk::DrawingArea (or Gtk::Widget) in order to get access to the  $get\_\leftarrow default\_colormap()$  function used in the constructor.

# 8.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

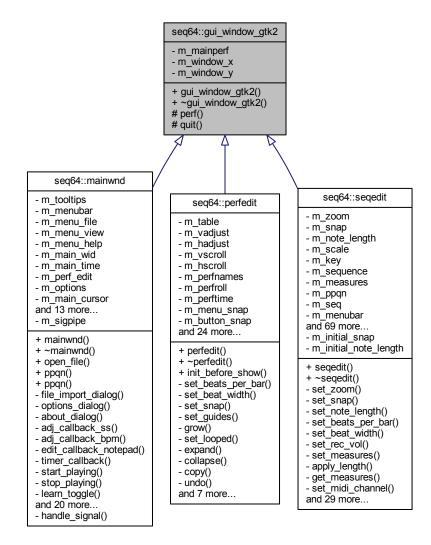
8.11.2.1 seq64::gui\_palette\_gtk2::gui\_palette\_gtk2 ( )

In the constructor you can only allocate colors; get\_window() returns 0 because this window has not be realized.

# 8.12 seq64::gui\_window\_gtk2 Class Reference

This class supports a basic interface for Gtk::Window-derived objects.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::gui\_window\_gtk2:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- gui\_window\_gtk2 (perform &p, int window\_x=0, int window\_y=0)
   Principal constructor, has a reference to the all-important perform object.
- ~gui\_window\_gtk2 ()

This rote constructor does nothing.

# **Protected Member Functions**

• perform & perf ()

'Getter' function for member m\_mainperf

#### **Private Attributes**

· perform & m\_mainperf

The master object, sort of a sequence buss.

• int m\_window\_x

Window sizes.

# 8.12.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.12.1.1 seq64::gui\_window\_gtk2::gui\_window\_gtk2 ( perform & p, int window\_x = 0, int window\_y = 0 )

#### **Parameters**

a perf | Refers to the main performance object.

# 8.12.2 Field Documentation

8.12.2.1 int seq64::gui\_window\_gtk2::m\_window\_x [private]

Could make this constant, but some windows are resizable.

# 8.13 seq64::jack\_assistant Class Reference

This class provides the performance mode JACK support.

# **Public Member Functions**

• jack\_assistant (perform &parent, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

This constructor initializes a number of member variables, some of them public!

~jack\_assistant ()

The destructor doesn't need to do anything yet.

• bool is\_running () const

'Getter' function for member m\_jack\_running

• bool is\_master () const

'Getter' function for member m\_jack\_master

perform & parent ()

'Getter' function for member m\_jack\_parent Needed for external callbacks.

• bool init ()

Initializes JACK support.

· void deinit ()

Tears down the JACK infrastructure.

• void start ()

If JACK is supported, starts the JACK transport.

• void stop ()

If JACK is supported, stops the JACK transport.

void position (bool a\_state)

If JACK is supported and running, sets the position of the transport.

bool output (jack\_scratchpad &pad)

Performance output function for JACK, called by the perform function of the same name.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void info\_message (const std::string &msg)

Common-code for console messages.

void error\_message (const std::string &msg)

Common-code for error messages.

#### **Friends**

- int jack\_sync\_callback (jack\_transport\_state\_t state, jack\_position\_t \*pos, void \*arg)
   Global functions for JACK support and JACK sessions.
- void jack\_shutdown (void \*arg)

This callback is to shutdown JACK by clearing the jack\_assistant::m\_jack\_running flag.

void jack\_timebase\_callback (jack\_transport\_state\_t state, jack\_nframes\_t nframes, jack\_position\_t \*pos, int new pos, void \*arg)

This function sets the JACK position structure.

#### 8.13.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.13.1.1 seq64::jack\_assistant::jack\_assistant ( perform & parent, int ppqn = SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN )

#### **Parameters**

parent | Provides a reference to the main perform object that needs to control JACK event.

# 8.13.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.13.2.1 bool seq64::jack_assistant::init()
```

Then we become a new client of the JACK server.

Who calls this routine?

#### Returns

Returns true if JACK is now considered to be running (or if it was already running.)

```
8.13.2.2 void seq64::jack_assistant::stop()
```

Should it also set m\_jack\_running to false?

8.13.2.3 void seq64::jack\_assistant::position ( bool a\_state )

# http://jackaudio.org/files/docs/html/transport-design.html

This function is called via perform::position\_jack() in the mainwnd, perfedit, perfroll, and seqroll graphical user-interface support objects.

# Warning

A lot of this code is effectively disabled by an early return statement.

state	If true, the current tick is set to the leftmost tick.
olalo	in the deliteration of the forth out to the

8.13.2.4 bool seq64::jack\_assistant::output ( jack\_scratchpad & pad )

#### **Parameters**

pad	Provide a JACK scratchpad, whatever that is.

#### Returns

Returns true if JACK is running.

**8.13.2.5** void seq64::jack\_assistant::info\_message ( const std::string & msg ) [private]

Adds markers and a newline.

#### **Parameters**

msg	The message to print, sans the newline.

**8.13.2.6** void seq64::jack\_assistant::error\_message ( const std::string & msg ) [private]

Adds markers, and sets m\_jack\_running to false.

#### **Parameters**

msg	The message to print, sans the newline.

### 8.13.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

8.13.3.1 int jack\_sync\_callback ( jack\_transport\_state\_t state, jack\_position\_t \* pos, void \* arg ) [friend]

This JACK synchronization callback informs the specified perform object of the current state and parameters of JACK.

# Parameters

state	The JACK Transport state.
pos	The JACK position value.
arg	The pointer to the jack_assistant object. Currently not checked for nullity, nor dynamic-casted.

**8.13.3.2 void jack\_shutdown ( void \*** *arg* **)** [friend]

#### **Parameters**

arg	Points to the jack_assistant in charge of JACK support for the perform object.

8.13.3.3 void jack\_timebase\_callback ( jack\_transport\_state\_t *state*, jack\_nframes\_t *nframes*, jack\_position\_t \* *pos*, int new\_pos, void \* arg ) [friend]

state	Indicates the current state of JACK transport.
nframes	The number of JACK frames.
pos	Provides the position structure to be filled in.
new_pos	The new positions to be set.
arg	Provides the jack_assistant pointer, currently unchecked for nullity.

# 8.14 seq64::jack\_scratchpad Struct Reference

Provide a temporary structure for passing data and results between a perform and jack\_assistant object.

# 8.14.1 Detailed Description

The jack\_assistant class already has access to the members of perform, but it needs access to and modification of local variables in perform::output\_func().

# 8.15 seq64::keybindentry Class Reference

Class for management of application key-bindings.

Inherits Entry.

#### **Public Member Functions**

keybindentry (type t, unsigned int \*location to write=nullptr, perform \*p=nullptr, long s=0)

This constructor initializes the member with values dependent on the value type provided in the first parameter.

• void set (unsigned int val)

Gets the key name from the integer value; if there is one, then it is printed into a temporary buffer, otherwise the value is printed into that buffer as is.

virtual bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*event)

Handles a key press by calling set() with the event's key value.

# **Private Types**

enum type { location, events, groups }

#### **Private Attributes**

unsigned int \* m\_key

Points to the value of the key that is part of this key-binding.

• type m\_type

Stores the type of key-binding.

• perform \* m\_perf

Stores an optional pointer to a perform object.

long m\_slot

Provides???

#### 8.15.1 Member Enumeration Documentation

**8.15.1.1 enum seq64::keybindentry::type** [private]

#### Enumerator

**location** Provides the type of keybindings that can be made. Used for handling a keystroke made while a keyboard-options field is active, for selecting a key via the keyboard, and binding to pattern/sequence boxes, we think. It is used in the options class to associate a key with the binding.

events Used for binding to events.

groups Used for binding to groups.

#### 8.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.15.2.1 seq64::keybindentry::keybindentry ( type t, unsigned int \* location\_to\_write = nullptr, perform \* p = nullptr, long s = 0 )

**Usage** In options, a pointer to a new key-binding entry is managed by calling keybindentry (keybindentry ∴:location, &perf->keyname).

#### **Parameters**

t	Provides the type of key-binding: location, events, or groups.
location_to_write	The location that holds the value of the key associated with the key-binding. The default value
	of this parameter is the null pointer.
р	Points to the performance object used with this key-binding. The default value of this param-
	eter is the null pointer.
s	Provides the slot value for this key-binding. The default value of this parameter is zero.

#### 8.15.3 Member Function Documentation

8.15.3.1 void seq64::keybindentry::set ( unsigned int val )

Then we call set\_text(buf). The set\_width\_char() function is then called.

8.15.3.2 bool seg64::keybindentry::on\_key\_press\_event( GdkEventKey \* event ) [virtual]

This value is used to set the event or key depending on the value of m\_type.

#### 8.15.4 Field Documentation

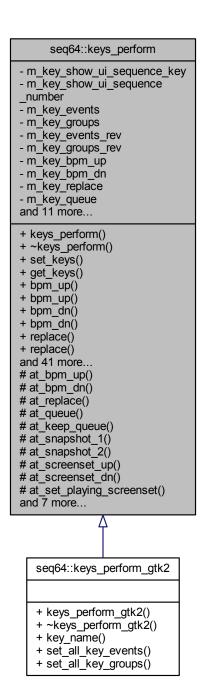
**8.15.4.1** unsigned int\* seq64::keybindentry::m\_key [private]

Not yet sure by the address of this key value is needed. It can be a null pointer, as well.

# 8.16 seq64::keys\_perform Class Reference

This class supports the performance mode.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::keys\_perform:



### **Public Member Functions**

• keys\_perform ()

This construction initializes a vast number of member variables, some of them public!

•  $\sim$ keys\_perform ()

The destructor sets some running flags to false, signals this condition, then joins the input and output threads if the were launched.

void set\_keys (const keys\_perform\_transfer &kpt)

Copies fields from the transfer structure in this object.

· void get\_keys (keys\_perform\_transfer &kpt)

Copies fields from this object into the transfer structure.

bool show\_ui\_sequence\_key () const

Accessor m\_key\_show\_ui\_sequency\_key

• bool show\_ui\_sequence\_number () const

Accessor m\_key\_show\_ui\_sequency\_number

virtual std::string key name (unsigned int key) const

Obtains the name of the key.

• virtual void set\_all\_key\_events ()

Provides base class functionality.

virtual void set\_all\_key\_groups ()

Provides base class functionality.

void set\_key\_event (unsigned int keycode, long sequence\_slot)

At construction time, this function sets up one keycode and one event slot.

void set\_key\_group (unsigned int keycode, long group\_slot)

At construction time, this function sets up one keycode and one group slot.

# **Protected Types**

• typedef std::map< unsigned int, long > SlotMap

This typedef defines a map in which the key is the keycode, that is, the integer value of a keystroke, and the value is the pattern/sequence number or slot.

typedef std::map< long, unsigned int > RevSlotMap

This typedef is like SlotMap, but used for lookup in the other direction.

#### **Private Attributes**

• bool m\_key\_show\_ui\_sequence\_key

If set, shows the shortcut-keys on each filled pattern slot in the main window.

• bool m\_key\_show\_ui\_sequence\_number

If set, shows the sequence number on each filled pattern and empty pattern slot in the main window.

unsigned int m\_key\_bpm\_up

Provides key assignments for some key sequencer features.

# 8.16.1 Detailed Description

It has way too many data members, many of the public. Might be ripe for refactoring.

#### 8.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.16.2.1 seq64::keys\_perform::~keys\_perform()

Finally, any active patterns/sequences are deleted.

# 8.16.3 Member Function Documentation

8.16.3.1 void seq64::keys\_perform::set\_keys ( const keys perform transfer & kpt )

This structure holds all of the key settings from the File / Options / Keyboard tab dialog.

kpt	The structure that holds the values of the keys to be used for various purposes in controlling
	a performance live.

#### 8.16.3.2 void seq64::keys\_perform::get\_keys ( keys\_perform\_transfer & kpt )

#### **Parameters**

kpt	The structure that holds the values of the keys to be used for various purposes in controlling
	a performance live.

8.16.3.3 bool seq64::keys\_perform::show\_ui\_sequence\_key( ) const [inline]

Used in mainwid, options, optionsfile, userfile, and perform.

8.16.3.4 bool seq64::keys\_perform::show\_ui\_sequence\_number( ) const [inline]

Used in mainwid, options, optionsfile, userfile, and perform.

8.16.3.5 std::string seq64::keys\_perform::key\_name ( unsigned int key ) const [virtual]

In gtkmm, this is done via the gdk\_keyval\_name() function. Here, in the base class, we just provide an easy-to-create string.

#### **Parameters**

key	Provides the numeric value of the keystroke.

# Returns

Returns the name of the key, in the format "Key 0xkkkk".

Reimplemented in seq64::keys\_perform\_gtk2.

8.16.3.6 virtual void seg64::keys\_perform::set\_all\_key\_events() [inline], [virtual]

Must be called by the derived-class's override of this function.

Reimplemented in seq64::keys perform gtk2.

8.16.3.7 virtual void seq64::keys\_perform::set\_all\_key\_groups() [inline], [virtual]

Must be called by the derived-class's override of this function.

Reimplemented in seq64::keys\_perform\_gtk2.

8.16.3.8 void seq64::keys\_perform::set\_key\_event ( unsigned int keycode, long sequence\_slot )

It is called 32 times, corresponding the pattern/sequence slots in the Patterns window.

keycode	The key to be assigned.
sequence_slot	The perform event slot into which the keycode will be assigned.

8.16.3.9 void seq64::keys\_perform::set\_key\_group ( unsigned int keycode, long group\_slot )

It is called 32 times, corresponding the pattern/sequence slots in the Patterns window.

### **Parameters**

keycode	The key to be assigned.
group_slot	The perform group slot into which the keycode will be assigned.

# 8.16.4 Field Documentation

**8.16.4.1** bool seq64::keys\_perform::m\_key\_show\_ui\_sequence\_number [private]

Also show the sequence number as part of the sequence name in the performance window (song editor).

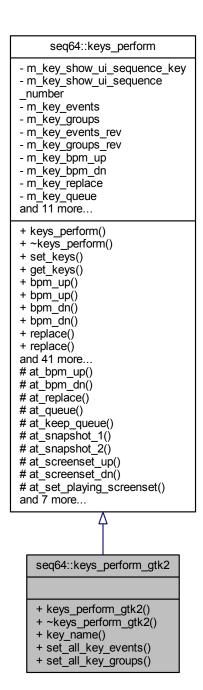
**8.16.4.2 unsigned int seq64::keys\_perform::m\_key\_bpm\_up** [private]

Used in mainwnd, options, optionsfile, perfedit, seqroll, userfile, and perform.

# 8.17 seq64::keys\_perform\_gtk2 Class Reference

This class supports the performance mode.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::keys\_perform\_gtk2:



### **Public Member Functions**

• keys\_perform\_gtk2 ()

This construction initializes a vast number of member variables, some of them public!

virtual ~keys\_perform\_gtk2 ()

The destructor sets some running flags to false, signals this condition, then joins the input and output threads if the were launched.

virtual std::string key\_name (unsigned int key) const

Obtains the name of the key.

virtual void set\_all\_key\_events ()

Sets up the keys for arming/unmuting events in the Gtk-2 environment.

virtual void set\_all\_key\_groups ()

Sets up the keys for group events in the Gtk-2 environment.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 8.17.1 Detailed Description

It has way too many data members, many of the public. Might be ripe for refactoring.

#### 8.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.17.2.1 seg64::keys_perform_gtk2::~keys_perform_gtk2() [virtual]
```

Finally, any active patterns/sequences are deleted.

#### 8.17.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.17.3.1 std::string seq64::keys_perform_gtk2::key_name ( unsigned int key ) const [virtual]
```

In gtkmm, this is done via the gdk\_keyval\_name() function. Here, in the base class, we just provide an easy-to-create string.

Reimplemented from seq64::keys\_perform.

```
8.17.3.2 void seq64::keys_perform_gtk2::set_all_key_events() [virtual]
```

The base-class function call makes sure the the related lists are cleared before rebuilding them here.

Reimplemented from seq64::keys\_perform.

```
8.17.3.3 void seq64::keys_perform_gtk2::set_all_key_groups( ) [virtual]
```

The base-class function call makes sure the the related lists are cleared before rebuilding them here.

Reimplemented from seq64::keys\_perform.

# 8.18 seg64::keys perform transfer Struct Reference

Provides a data-transfer structure to make it easier to fill in a keys\_perform object's members using sscanf().

# 8.19 seq64::keystroke Class Reference

Encapsulates any practical keystroke.

#### **Public Member Functions**

· keystroke ()

The default constructor for class keystroke.

keystroke (unsigned int key, bool press=SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_PRESS, int modkey=int(SEQ64\_NO\_MAS

K))

The principal constructor.

• keystroke (const keystroke &rhs)

Provides the rote copy constructor.

keystroke & operator= (const keystroke &rhs)

Provides the rote principal assignment operator.

• bool is\_press () const

'Getter' function for member m\_is\_press

• bool is\_letter (int ch=SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_BAD\_VALUE) const

'Getter' function for member m\_key to test letters, handles ASCII only.

· bool is delete () const

m\_key to test for a delete-causing key.

· unsigned int key () const

'Getter' function for member m\_key

• seq\_modifier\_t modifier () const

'Getter' function for member m modifier

bool mod\_control () const

'Getter' function for member m modifier tested for Ctrl key.

· bool mod control shift () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modifier tested for Ctrl and Shift key.

bool mod\_super () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modifier tested for Mod4/Super/Windows key.

#### **Private Attributes**

bool m\_is\_press

Determines if the key was a press or a release.

unsigned int m\_key

The key that was pressed or released.

seq\_modifier\_t m\_modifier

The optional modifier value.

# 8.19.1 Detailed Description

Useful in passing more generic events to non-GUI classes.

# 8.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**8.19.2.1** seq64::keystroke::keystroke ( unsigned int key, bool press = SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_PRESS, int modkey = int (SEQ64\_NO\_MASK) )

key	The keystroke number of the key that was pressed or released.
press	If true, the keystroke action was a press, otherwise it was a release.
modkey	The modifier key combination that was pressed, if any, in the form of a bit-mask, as defined
	in the gdk_basic_keys module. Common mask values are SEQ64_SHIFT_MASK, SEQ64←
	_CONTROL_MASK, SEQ64_MOD1_MASK, and SEQ64_MOD4_MASK. If no modifier, this
	value is SEQ64_NO_MASK.

#### 8.19.2.2 seq64::keystroke::keystroke ( const keystroke & rhs )

#### **Parameters**

rhs	The object to be copied.

#### 8.19.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 8.19.3.1 keystroke & seq64::keystroke::operator= ( const keystroke & rhs )

#### **Parameters**

rhs	The object to be assigned.

#### Returns

Returns the reference to the current object, for use in assignment chains.

8.19.3.2 bool seq64::keystroke::is\_letter( int ch = SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_BAD\_VALUE ) const

#### **Parameters**

ch	An optional character to test as an ASCII letter.

#### Returns

If a character is not provided, true is returned if it is an upper or lower-case letter. Otherwise, true is returned if the m\_key value matches the character case-insensitively.

# **Tricky Code**

# 8.19.4 Field Documentation

8.19.4.1 bool seq64::keystroke::m\_is\_press [private]

See the SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_PRESS and SEQ64\_KEYSTROKE\_RELEASE readability macros.

**8.19.4.2** unsigned int seq64::keystroke::m\_key [private]

Generally, the extended ASCII range (0 to 255) is supported. However, Gtk-2.x/3.x will generally support the full gamut of characters defined in the gdk\_basic\_keys.h module. We define minimum and maximum range macros for keystrokes that are a bit generous.

**8.19.4.3 seq\_modifier\_t seq64::keystroke::m\_modifier** [private]

Note that SEQ64\_NO\_MASK is our word for 0, meaning "no modifier".

# 8.20 seq64::lash Class Reference

This class supports LASH operations, if compiled with LASH support (i.e.

#### **Public Member Functions**

lash (perform &p, int argc, char \*\*argv)

This constructor calls lash\_extract(), using the command-line arguments, if SEQ64\_LASH\_SUPPORT is enabled.

void set\_alsa\_client\_id (int id)

Make ourselves a LASH ALSA client.

• void start ()

Process any LASH events every 250 msec, which is an arbitrarily chosen interval.

• bool process\_events ()

Process LASH events.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· bool init ()

Initializes LASH support, if enabled.

void handle\_event (lash\_event\_t \*conf)

Handle a LASH event.

• void handle\_config (lash\_config\_t \*conf)

Handle a LASH configuration item.

# **Private Attributes**

• perform & m perform

A hook into the single perform object in the application.

# 8.20.1 Detailed Description

SEQ64\_LASH\_SUPPORT is defined). All of the #ifdef skeleton work is done in this class in such a way that any other part of the code can use this class whether or not lash support is actually built in; the functions will just do nothing.

# 8.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.20.2.1 seq64::lash::lash ( perform & p, int argc, char \*\* argv )

We fixed the crazy usage of argc and argv here and in the client code in the seq24 module.

**Parameters** 

р	The perform object that needs to implement LASH support.
argc	The number of command-line arguments.
argv	The command-line arguments.

# 8.20.3 Member Function Documentation

8.20.3.1 void seq64::lash::set\_alsa\_client\_id ( int id )

/param id The ALSA client ID to be set.

8.20.3.2 bool seq64::lash::process\_events()

Returns

Always returns true.

8.20.3.3 bool seq64::lash::init() [private]

#### Returns

Returns true if the LASH subsystem was able to be initialized, and a LASH client representative (m\_client) was allocated.

8.20.3.4 void seq64::lash::handle\_event( lash\_event\_t \* ev ) [private]

# **Parameters**

ev	Provides the event to be handled.

 $\textbf{8.20.3.5} \quad \textbf{void seq64::} \textbf{lash::} \textbf{handle\_config(lash\_config\_t} * \textbf{\textit{conf}}) \quad \texttt{[private]}$ 

Currently incomplete.

**Parameters** 

conf	Provides the configuration item to handle.

# 8.21 seq64::maintime Class Reference

This class provides the drawing of the progress bar at the top of the main window, along with two "pills" that move in time with the beat and measure.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::maintime:



# **Public Member Functions**

• maintime (perform &p, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

This constructor sets up the colors black, white, and grey, and then allocates them.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· int idle\_progress (long ticks)

This function clears the window, sets the foreground to black, draws the "time" window's rectangle, and then draws a rectangle for noting the progress of the beat, and the progress for a bar.

· void on realize ()

Handles realization of the window.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

This function merely idles.

#### **Private Attributes**

· const int m beat width

Provides the divisor for ticks to produce a beat value.

const int m bar width

Provides the divisor for ticks to produce a bar value.

• const int m\_pill\_width

Provides the width of the pills, little black squares that show the progress of a beat and a bar (measure).

• const int m\_box\_width

The width/length of the rectangle to be drawn inside the maintime window.

const int m\_box\_height

The height of the rectangle to be drawn inside the maintime window.

const int m\_flash\_width

The width/length of the flashing rectangle to be drawn inside the maintime window.

const int m\_flash\_height

The height of the flashing rectangle to be drawn inside the maintime window.

· const int m\_flash\_x

The x value at which a flash should occur.

• const int m\_box\_less\_pill

The width/length of the maintime window minus the width of the pill.

• int m\_ppqn

Provides the active PPQN value.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

# 8.21.1 Detailed Description

We added a lot of members to hold the results of calculations that involve what are essentially constant. This saves CPU time, and maybe a little memory for the code to make those calculations more than once.

#### 8.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.21.2.1 seq64::maintime::maintime ( perform & p, int ppqn = SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN )

In the constructor you can only allocate colors; get\_window() would return 0 because the windows has not yet been realized.

# 8.21.3 Member Function Documentation

**8.21.3.1** int seq64::maintime::idle\_progress ( long *ticks* ) [private]

Idle hands do the devil's work. We should eventually support some generic coloring for "dark themes". The default coloring is better for "light themes".

*ticks* Provides the main tick setting. This setting is provided by mainwnd(), in its timer callback.

#### Returns

Always returns 1 (it used to return "true"!).

```
8.21.3.2 void seq64::maintime::on_realize( ) [private]
```

It performs the base class's on\_realize() function. It then allocates some additional resources: a window, a GC (?), and it clears the window. Then it sets the default size of the window, specified by GUI constructor parameters.

```
8.21.3.3 bool seq64::maintime::on_expose_event( GdkEventExpose * a_e ) [private]
```

We don't need the m tick member, the function works as well if 0 is passed in. We've removed m tick permanently.

# 8.21.4 Field Documentation

```
8.21.4.1 const int seq64::maintime::m_beat_width [private]
```

Currently, this value is hardwired to 4, but will eventually be wired up as usr().midi\_beat\_width().

```
8.21.4.2 const int seq64::maintime::m_bar_width [private]
```

Currently, this value is hardwired to 16, but will eventually be wired up as  $usr().midi\_beat\_width() * usr().midi\_beat\_width() * usr() * usr()$ 

```
8.21.4.3 const int seq64::maintime::m_box_width [private]
```

This item absolutely depends on the main window being non-resizable.

```
8.21.4.4 const int seq64::maintime::m_box_height [private]
```

This item absolutely depends on the main window being non-resizable.

```
8.21.4.5 const int seq64::maintime::m_flash_width [private]
```

Just a bit smaller than m\_box\_width.

```
8.21.4.6 const int seq64::maintime::m_flash_height [private]
```

Just a bit smaller than m\_box\_width.

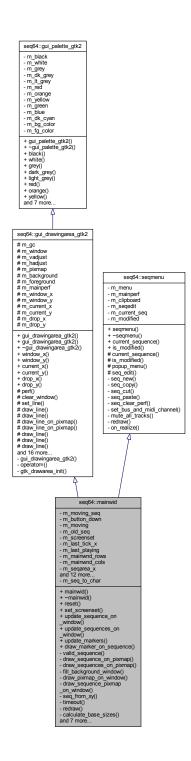
```
8.21.4.7 int seq64::maintime::m_ppqn [private]
```

While this is effectively a constant for the duration of a tune, it might change as different tunes are loaded.

# 8.22 seq64::mainwid Class Reference

This class implement the piano roll area of the application.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::mainwid:



# **Public Member Functions**

• mainwid (perform &p)

This constructor sets a lot of the members, but not all.

~mainwid ()

A rote destructor.

· void reset ()

This function redraws everything and queues up a redraw operation.

void set\_screenset (int ss)

Set the current screen-set.

void update\_sequence\_on\_window (int seq)

Updates the image of one sequencer.

· void update sequences on window ()

Updates the image of multiple sequencers.

· void update markers (int ticks)

Draw the cursors (long vertical bars) on each sequence, so that they follow the playing progress of each sequence in the mainwid (Patterns Panel.)

• void draw\_marker\_on\_sequence (int seq, int tick)

Does the actual drawing of one pattern/sequence position marker, a vertical progress bar.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· bool valid sequence (int seq)

Common-code helper function.

void draw\_sequence\_on\_pixmap (int seq)

This function draws a specific pattern/sequence on the pixmap located in the main window of the application, the Patterns Panel.

void draw sequences on pixmap ()

This function fills the pixmap with sequences.

void fill background window ()

This function updates the background window, clearing it.

void draw\_pixmap\_on\_window ()

This function gueues the blit of pixmap to window.

void draw\_sequence\_pixmap\_on\_window (int seq)

This function draws something in the Patterns Panel.

int seq\_from\_xy (int x, int y)

Translates XY coordinates in the Patterns Panel to a sequence number.

• int timeout ()

Provides a stock callback, because some kind of callback is need.

• void redraw (int seq)

Draw the the given pattern/sequence again.

void calculate\_base\_sizes (int seq, int &basex, int &basey)

Provides a way to calculate the base x and y size values for the pattern map.

void on realize ()

For this GTK callback, on realization of window, initialize the shiz.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

Implements the GTK expose event callback.

• bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Handles a press of a mouse button.

bool on button release event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Handles a release of a mouse button.

bool on motion notify event (GdkEventMotion \*p0)

Handle the motion of the mouse if a mouse button is down and in another sequence and if the current sequence is not in edit mode.

bool on\_focus\_in\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Handles an on-focus event.

• bool on\_focus\_out\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Handles an out-of-focus event.

#### **Private Attributes**

· int m mainwnd rows

These values are assigned to the values given by the constants of similar names in globals.h, and we will make them parameters later.

· int m screenset slots

Provides a convenience variable for avoiding multiplications.

int m\_screenset\_offset

Provides a convenience variable for avoiding multiplications.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.22.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.22.1.1 seq64::mainwid::mainwid ( perform & p )

And it asks for a size of c\_mainwid\_x by c\_mainwid\_y. It adds GDK masks for button presses, releases, and motion, and key presses and focus changes.

#### **Parameters**

p Provides the reference to the all-important perform object.

#### 8.22.2 Member Function Documentation

8.22.2.1 void seq64::mainwid::set\_screenset (int ss)

#### **Parameters**

a\_ss | Provides the screen-set number to set.

8.22.2.2 void seq64::mainwid::update\_sequence\_on\_window ( int seqnum )

#### **Parameters**

seqnum Provides the number of the sequence to update.

8.22.2.3 void seq64::mainwid::update\_markers ( int ticks )

### **Parameters**

ticks Starting point for drawing the markers.

8.22.2.4 void seq64::mainwid::draw\_marker\_on\_sequence ( int seqnum, int tick )

If the sequence has no events, this function doesn't bother even drawing a position marker.

Note that, when Sequencer64 first comes up, and perform::is\_dirty\_main() is called, no sequences exist yet.

seqnum	Provides the number of the sequence to draw.
tick	Provides the location to draw the marker.

# **8.22.2.5** bool seq64::mainwid::valid\_sequence(int seqnum) [private]

#### **Parameters**

seqnum	Provides the number of the sequence to validate.

#### Returns

Returns true if the sequence number is valid for the current m\_screenset value.

**8.22.2.6** void seq64::mainwid::draw\_sequence\_on\_pixmap(int seqnum) [private]

The sequence is drawn only if it is in the current screen set (indicated by m\_screenset).

Also, we now ignore the sequence if it does not exist. :-D

#### Note

If only the main window is up, then the sequences just play – the progress bars move in each pattern. Gaps in the sequence in the Song (performance) Editor. don't change the appearance of the patterns. But, if the Song Editor window is up, and the song is started using the controls in the Song Editor, then the active patterns are black while playing, and white when gaps in the sequence are encountered. The muting status in the main window is ignored. The muting in the Song (performance) windows is in force.

#### **Parameters**

seqnum	Provides the number of the sequence slot that needs to be drawn.

8.22.2.7 void seq64::mainwid::draw\_sequences\_on\_pixmap( ) [private]

Please note that draw\_sequence\_on\_pixmap() also draws the empty slots of inactive sequences, so we cannot take shortcuts here.

**8.22.2.8** void seq64::mainwid::draw\_sequence\_pixmap\_on\_window(int seqnum) [private]

The sequence is drawn only if it is in the current screen set (indicated by m\_screenset. However, if we comment out this code, we can't see any difference in the Patterns Panel, even when playback is ongoing!

#### **Parameters**

seqnum   Provides the number of the sequence to draw.
---

**8.22.2.9** int seq64::mainwid::seq\_from\_xy(int x, int y) [private]

#### **Parameters**

a_x	Provides the x coordinate.
a_y	Provides the y coordinate.

#### Returns

Returns -1 if the sequence number cannot be calculated.

```
8.22.2.10 int seq64::mainwid::timeout( ) [private]
```

**Todo** We should use this callback to display the current time in the playback.

#### Returns

Always returns true.

```
8.22.2.11 void seq64::mainwid::redraw(int seqnum) [private], [virtual]
```

#### **Parameters**

seqnum	Provides the number of the sequence to draw.

Implements seq64::seqmenu.

8.22.2.12 void seq64::mainwid::calculate\_base\_sizes ( int seqnum, int & basex, int & basey ) [private]

The values are returned as side-effects.

### Parameters

seqnum	Provides the number of the sequence to calculate.
basex	A return parameter for the x coordinate of the base size.
basey	A return parameter for the y coordinate of the base size.

```
8.22.2.13 void seq64::mainwid::on_realize() [private]
```

It allocates any additional resources that weren't initialized in the constructor.

This function used to call font::init(), and was the only place where the font::init() function was called. The init() function gets a color-map from the window. We need a more fool-proof was to do this!

8.22.2.14 bool seq64::mainwid::on\_expose\_event( GdkEventExpose \* ev ) [private]

#### **Parameters**

ev	The expose event.

### Returns

Always returns true.

**8.22.2.15** bool seq64::mainwid::on\_button\_press\_event ( GdkEventButton \* p ) [private]

If the press is a single left-click, and no Ctrl key is pressed, then this function grabs the focus, calculates the pattern/sequence over which the button press occurred, and sets the m\_button\_down flag if it is over a pattern. In the release event callback, this then causes the sequence arming/muting to be toggled.

If the press is a single Ctrl-left-click, this function brings up the New or Edit menu. The New menu is brought up if the grid slot is empty, adn the Edit menu otherwise.

If the press is a double-click, it first acts just like two single-clicks (which might confuse the user at first). Then it brings up the Edit menu for the sequence. This new behavior is closer to what users have come to expect from a double-click.

### **Parameters**

ſ	р	Provides the parameters of the button event.

#### Returns

Always returns true.

```
8.22.2.16 bool seq64::mainwid::on_button_release_event( GdkEventButton * p ) [private]
```

This event is a lot more complex than a press. The left button toggles playback status. The right button brings up a popup menu. If the slot is empty, then a "New" popup is presented, otherwise an "Edit" and selection popup is presented.

#### **Parameters**

p Provides the parameters of the button event.
--

#### Returns

Always returns true.

```
8.22.2.17 bool seq64::mainwid::on_motion_notify_event( GdkEventMotion * p ) [private]
```

This function moves the selected pattern to another pattern slot.

#### **Parameters**

р	Provides the parameters of the button event.

#### Returns

Always returns true.

```
8.22.2.18 bool seq64::mainwid::on_focus_in_event( GdkEventFocus * ) [private]
```

Just sets the Gtk::HAS FOCUS flag.

### Returns

Always returns false.

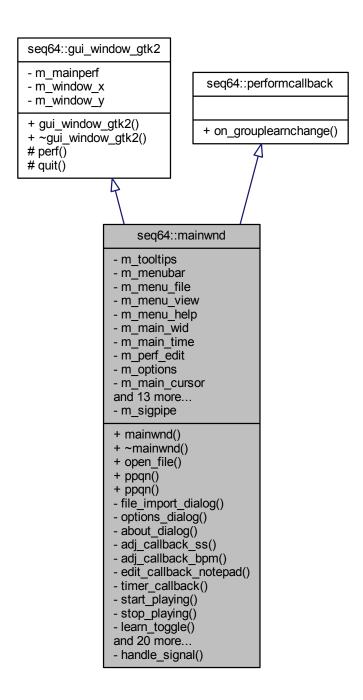
**8.22.2.19** bool seq64::mainwid::on\_focus\_out\_event( GdkEventFocus \* ) [private] Just unsets the Gtk::HAS\_FOCUS flag. Returns Always returns false. 8.22.3 Field Documentation **8.22.3.1** int seq64::mainwid::m\_screenset\_slots [private] It is equally to m\_mainwnd\_rows \* m\_mainwnd\_cols. **8.22.3.2** int seq64::mainwid::m\_screenset\_offset [private]

# 8.23 seq64::mainwnd Class Reference

It is equally to m\_screenset\_slots \* m\_screenset.

This class implements the functionality of the main window of the application, except for the Patterns Panel functionality, which is implemented in the mainwid class.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::mainwnd:



# **Public Member Functions**

mainwnd (perform &a\_p)

The constructor the main window of the application.

•  $\sim$ mainwnd ()

This destructor must explicitly delete some allocated resources.

• void open\_file (const std::string &)

Opens and parses (reads) a MIDI file.

• int ppqn () const

'Getter' function for member m\_ppqn

void ppqn (int ppqn)

'Setter' function for member m\_ppqn We can't set the PPQN value when the mainwnd is created, we have to do it later, using this function.

#### **Private Member Functions**

• void file\_import\_dialog ()

Presents a file dialog to import a MIDI file.

void options\_dialog ()

Opens the File / Options dialog.

· void about\_dialog ()

Presents a Help / About dialog.

void adj\_callback\_ss ()

This function is the callback for adjusting the screen-set value.

void adj\_callback\_bpm ()

This function is the callback for adjusting the BPM value.

void edit\_callback\_notepad ()

A callback function for handling an edit to the screen-set notepad.

bool timer callback ()

This function is the GTK timer callback, used to draw our current time and BPM on\_events (the main window).

• void learn\_toggle ()

Toggle the group-learn status.

• void open\_performance\_edit ()

Opens the Performance Editor (Song Editor).

• void sequence\_key (int seq)

Use the sequence key to toggle the playing of an active pattern in the current screen-set.

• void update\_window\_title ()

Updates the title shown in the title bar of the window.

void toLower (std::string &)

Converts a string to lower-case letters.

void file\_new ()

A callback function for the File / New menu entry.

void file\_open ()

A callback function for the File / Open menu entry.

• void file\_save ()

A callback function for the File / Save menu entry.

• void file\_save\_as ()

A callback function for the File / Save As menu entry.

• void file\_exit ()

A callback function for the File / Exit menu entry.

void new\_file ()

Actually does the work of setting up for a new file.

• bool save\_file ()

Saves the current state in a MIDI file.

• void choose\_file ()

Creates a file-chooser dialog.

int query\_save\_changes ()

Queries the user to save the changes made while the application was running.

• bool is\_save ()

If the data is modified, then the user is queried, and the file is save if okayed.

· bool install signal handlers ()

Installs the signal handlers and pipe code.

bool signal\_action (Glib::IOCondition condition)

Handles saving or exiting actions when signalled.

bool on\_delete\_event (GdkEventAny \*a\_e)

This callback function handles a delete event from ...?

bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*a\_ev)

Handles a key press event.

bool on\_key\_release\_event (GdkEventKey \*a\_ev)

Handles a key release event.

virtual void on\_grouplearnchange (bool state)

Notification handler for learn mode toggle.

#### Static Private Member Functions

· static void handle\_signal (int sig)

This function is the handler for system signals (SIGUSR1, SIGINT...) It writes a message to the pipe and leaves as soon as possible.

#### **Private Attributes**

• Gtk::MenuBar \* m menubar

Theses objects support the menu and its sub-menus.

• mainwid \* m\_main\_wid

The biggest sub-components of mainwnd.

maintime \* m\_main\_time

Is this the bar at the top that shows moving squares?

• perfedit \* m perf edit

A pointer to the song/performance editor.

options \* m\_options

A pointer to the program options.

· Gdk::Cursor m main cursor

Mouse cursor?

• Gtk::Button \* m\_button\_learn

This button is the learn button, otherwise known as the "L" button.

• Gtk::Button \* m\_button\_stop

Implements the red square stop button.

Gtk::Button \* m\_button\_play

Implements the green triangle play button.

• Gtk::Button \* m\_button\_perfedit

The button for bringing up the Song Editor (Performance Editor).

• Gtk::SpinButton \* m\_spinbutton\_bpm

The spin/adjustment controls for the BPM (beats-per-minute) value.

• Gtk::SpinButton \* m\_spinbutton\_ss

The spin/adjustment controls for the screen set value.

Gtk::SpinButton \* m\_spinbutton\_load\_offset

The spin/adjustment controls for the load offset value.

Gtk::Entry \* m\_entry\_notes

What is this?

• sigc::connection m\_timeout\_connect

Provides a timeout handler.

• int m ppqn

Saves the PPQN value obtained from the MIDI file (or the default value, the global ppqn, if SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAUL← T\_PPQN was specified in reading the MIDI file.

#### **Static Private Attributes**

• static int m\_sigpipe [2]

Interesting; what is this used for.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.23.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.23.1.1 seq64::mainwnd::mainwnd ( perform & p )

This constructor is way too large; it would be nicer to provide a number of well-named initialization functions.

#### **Parameters**

p | Refers to the main performance object.

**Todo** Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does; make the perform parameter a reference; valgrind flags m tooltips as lost data, but if we try to manage it ourselves, many more leaks occur.

File menu items, their accelerator keys, and their hot keys.

View menu items and their hot keys.

Help menu items

Top panel items, including the logo (updated for the new version of this application) and the "timeline" progress bar.

#### 8.23.2 Member Function Documentation

8.23.2.1 void seq64::mainwnd::open\_file ( const std::string & fn )

We leave the ppqn parameter set to the SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT for now, to preserve the legacy behavior of using the global ppqn, and scaling the running time against the PPQN read from the MIDI file. Later, we can provide a value like 0, that will certainly be changed by reading the MIDI file.

We don't need to specify the "oldformat" or "global sequence" parameters of the midifile constructor when reading the MIDI file, since reading handles both the old and new formats, dealing with new constructs only if they are present in the file.

### **Parameters**

fn Provides the file-name for the MIDI file to be opened.

8.23.2.2 void seq64::mainwnd::ppqn ( int ppqn ) [inline]

m\_ppqn = choose\_ppqn(ppqn);

```
8.23.2.3 void seq64::mainwnd::file_import_dialog( ) [private]
```

Note that every track of the MIDI file will be imported, even if the track is only a label track (without any MIDI events), or a very long track.

The main difference between the Open operation and the Import operation seems to be that the latter can read MIDI files into a screen-set greater than screen-set 0. No, that's not true, so far. No matter what the current screen-set setting, the import is appended after the current data in screen-set 0. Then, if it overflows that screen-set, the overflow goes into the next screen-set.

It might be nice to have the option of importing a MIDI file into a specific screen-set, for better organization, as well as being able to offset the sequence number.

Also, it is important to note that perf().clear\_all() is not called by this routine, as we are merely adding to what might already be there.

```
8.23.2.4 void seq64::mainwnd::about_dialog( ) [private]
```

I (Chris) took the liberty of tacking my name at the end, and hope to eventually have done enough work to warrant having it there.

```
8.23.2.5 void seq64::mainwnd::adj_callback_ss() [private]
```

Sets the screen-set value in the Performance/Song window, the Patterns, and something about setting the text based on a screen-set notepad from the Performance/Song window.

Let the perform object keep track of modifications.

Screen-set notepad?

```
8.23.2.6 void seq64::mainwnd::adj_callback_bpm( ) [private]
```

Let the perform object keep track of modifications.

```
8.23.2.7 void seq64::mainwnd::edit_callback_notepad() [private]
```

Let the perform object keep track of modifications.

```
8.23.2.8 bool seq64::mainwnd::timer_callback( ) [private]
```

Note

When Sequencer64 first starts up, and no MIDI tune is loaded, the call to mainwid::update\_markers() leads to trying to do some work on sequences that don't yet exist.

```
8.23.2.9 void seq64::mainwnd::open_performance_edit() [private]
```

We will let perform keep track of modifications, and not just set an is-modified flag just because we opened the song editor. We're going to centralize the modification flag in the perform object, and see if it can work.

Todo Can we offload all this work to perfedit? Is it worthwhile?

```
8.23.2.10 void seq64::mainwnd::update_window_title( ) [private]
```

Note that the name of the application is obtained by the "(SEQ64\_PACKAGE)" construction.

The format of the caption bar is the name of the package/application, followed by the file-specification (shortened if necessary so that the name of the file itself can be seen), ending with the PPQN value in parentheses.

```
8.23.2.11 void seq64::mainwnd::new_file( ) [private]
```

Not sure that we need to clear the modified flag here, especially since it is now centralizeed in the perform object. Let perf().clear all() handle it now.

```
8.23.2.12 bool seq64::mainwnd::save_file( ) [private]
```

Here we specify the current value of m\_ppqn, which was set when reading the MIDI file. We also let midifile tell the perform that saving worked, so that the "is modified" flag can be cleared. The midifile class is already a friend of perform.

```
8.23.2.13 bool seq64::mainwnd::signal_action ( Glib::IOCondition condition ) [private]
```

Returns

Returns true if the signalling was able to be completed, even if it was an unexpected signal.

```
8.23.2.14 bool seq64::mainwnd::on_delete_event ( GdkEventAny * a_e ) [private]
```

Any changed data is saved. If the pattern is playing, then it is stopped.

```
8.23.2.15 bool seq64::mainwnd::on_key_press_event( GdkEventKey * ev ) [private]
```

It also handles the control-key and modifier-key combinations matching the entries in its list of if statements.

Todo Test this functionality in old and new application.

```
8.23.2.16 bool seq64::mainwnd::on_key_release_event ( GdkEventKey * ev ) [private]
```

Is this worth turning into a switch statement? Or offloading to a perform member function? The latter.

**Todo** Test this functionality in old and new application.

Returns

Always returns false.

```
8.23.2.17 void seq64::mainwnd::on_grouplearnchange (bool state) [private], [virtual]
```

This handler responds to a learn-mode change from perf().

Reimplemented from seq64::performcallback.

## 8.23.3 Field Documentation

**8.23.3.1** int seq64::mainwnd::m\_sigpipe [static], [private]

This static member provides a couple of pipes for signalling/messaging.

**8.23.3.2** mainwid\* seq64::mainwnd::m\_main\_wid [private]

The first is the Patterns Panel.

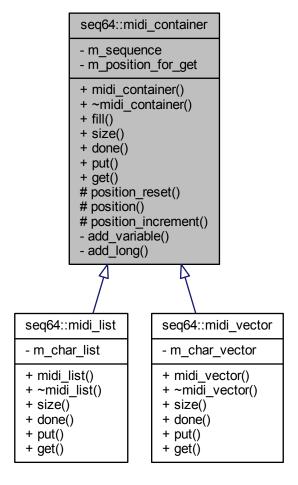
**8.23.3.3** Gtk::SpinButton\* seq64::mainwnd::m\_spinbutton\_load\_offset [private]

However, where is this button located? It is handled in the code, but I've never seen the button!

# 8.24 seq64::midi\_container Class Reference

This class is the abstract base class for a container of MIDI track information.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::midi\_container:



#### **Public Member Functions**

· midi\_container (sequence &seq)

Fills in the few members of this class.

virtual ~midi\_container ()

A rote constructor needed for a base class.

· void fill (int tracknumber)

This function fills the given track (sequence) with MIDI data from the current sequence, preparatory to writing it to a file.

• virtual std::size\_t size () const

Returns the size of the container, in midibytes.

• virtual bool done () const

Instead of checking for the size of the container when "emptying" it [see the midifile::write() function], use this function, which is overridden to match the type of container being used.

virtual void put (midibyte b)=0

Provides a way to add a MIDI byte into the container.

virtual midibyte get ()=0

Provide a way to get the next byte from the container.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

· unsigned int position () const

Returns the current position.

## **Private Member Functions**

void add\_variable (long v)

This function masks off the lower 8 bits of the long parameter, then shifts it right 7, and, if there are still set bits, it encodes it into the buffer in reverse order.

void add\_long (long x)

What is the difference between this function and add\_list\_var()?

## **Private Attributes**

• sequence & m sequence

Provide a hook into a sequence so that we can exchange data with a sequence object.

unsigned int m\_position\_for\_get

Provides the position in the container when making a series of get() calls on the container.

## 8.24.1 Member Function Documentation

8.24.1.1 void seq64::midi\_container::fill ( int tracknumber )

Note that some of the events might not come out in the same order they were stored in (we see that with program-change events).

This function replaces sequence::fill\_container().

Now, for sequence 0, an alternate format for writing the sequencer number chunk is "FF 00 00". But that format can only occur in the first track, and the rest of the tracks then don't need a sequence number, since it is assume to increment. This application doesn't use with that shortcut.

Triggers:

```
Triggers are added by first calling add_variable(0), which is needed because why? Then 0xFF 0x7F is written, followed by the length value, which is the number of triggers at 3 long integers per trigger, plus the 4-byte code for triggers, c_triggers_new = 0x24240008.
```

Not threadsafe The sequence object bound to this container needs to provide the locking mechanism when calling this function.

#### **Parameters**

tracknumber Provides the track number. This number is masked into the track information.

```
8.24.1.2 virtual void seq64::midi_container::put ( midibyte b ) [pure virtual]
```

The original seq24 container used an std::list and a push\_front operation.

Implemented in seq64::midi\_list, and seq64::midi\_vector.

```
8.24.1.3 virtual midibyte seq64::midi_container::get() [pure virtual]
```

It also increments m\_position\_for\_get.

Implemented in seq64::midi\_list, and seq64::midi\_vector.

```
8.24.1.4 unsigned int seq64::midi_container::position() const [inline], [protected]
```

Before the return, the position counter is incremented to the next position.

```
8.24.1.5 void seq64::midi_container::add_variable ( long v ) [private]
```

This function "replaces" sequence::add\_list\_var().

```
8.24.1.6 void seq64::midi_container::add_long(long x) [private]
```

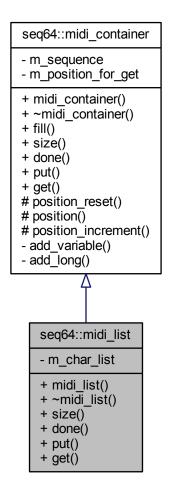
This function "replaces" sequence::add\_long\_list().

This was a *global* internal function called addLongList(). Let's at least make it a private member now, and hew to the naming conventions of this class.

## 8.25 seq64::midi\_list Class Reference

This class is the std::list implementation of the midi\_container.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::midi\_list:



## **Public Member Functions**

• midi list (sequence &seq)

This constructor fills in the members.

virtual ∼midi\_list ()

A rote constructor needed for a base class.

• virtual std::size\_t size () const

Returns the size of the container, in midibytes.

• virtual bool done () const

For popping data from the MIDI list, we are done when the container is empty.

virtual void put (midibyte b)

Provides a way to add a MIDI byte into the list.

· virtual midibyte get ()

Provide a way to get the next byte from the container.

## **Private Types**

• typedef std::list< midibyte > CharList

Provides the type of this container.

## **Private Attributes**

· CharList m\_char\_list

The container itself.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 8.25.1 Member Typedef Documentation

```
8.25.1.1 typedef std::list<midibyte> seq64::midi_list::CharList [private]
```

This type is basically the same as the container used in the midifile module, and almost identical to the CharList type defined in the sequence module.

## 8.25.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.25.2.1 virtual void seq64::midi_list::put( midibyte b ) [inline], [virtual]
```

The original seq24 list used an std::list and a push\_front operation.

Implements seq64::midi\_container.

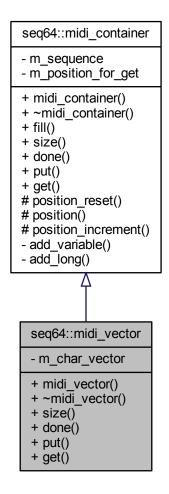
```
8.25.2.2 virtual midibyte seq64::midi_list::get() [inline], [virtual]
```

In this implementation, m\_position\_for\_get is not used. The elements of the container are popped off backward! Implements seq64::midi\_container.

## 8.26 seq64::midi\_vector Class Reference

This class is the std::vector implementation of the midi\_container.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::midi\_vector:



## **Public Member Functions**

• midi vector (sequence &seq)

This constructor fills in the members.

virtual ∼midi\_vector ()

A rote constructor needed for a base class.

• virtual std::size\_t size () const

Returns the size of the container, in midibytes.

• virtual bool done () const

For iterating through the data in the MIDI vector, we are done when we've gotten the last element of the container.

virtual void put (midibyte b)

Provides a way to add a MIDI byte into the list.

· virtual midibyte get ()

Provide a way to get the next byte from the container.

## **Private Types**

typedef std::vector< midibyte > CharVector
 Provides the type of this container.

## **Private Attributes**

CharVector m\_char\_vector

The container itself.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 8.26.1 Member Function Documentation

```
8.26.1.1 virtual void seq64::midi_vector::put( midibyte b ) [inline], [virtual]
```

The original seq24 list used an std::list and a push\_front operation.

Implements seq64::midi container.

```
8.26.1.2 virtual midibyte seq64::midi_vector::get() [inline], [virtual]
```

In this implementation, m\_position\_for\_get is used.

Implements seq64::midi\_container.

## 8.27 seq64::midibus Class Reference

Provides a class for handling the MIDI buss on Linux.

#### **Public Member Functions**

```
• ∼midibus ()
```

A rote empty destructor.

bool init\_out ()

Initialize the MIDI output port.

• bool init\_in ()

Initialize the MIDI input port.

• bool deinit\_in ()

Deinitialize the MIDI input?

• bool init\_out\_sub ()

Initialize the output in a different way?

• bool init\_in\_sub ()

Initialize the output in a different way?

• void print ()

Prints m\_name.

const std::string & get\_name () const

'Getter' function for member n\_name

• int get id () const

'Getter' function for member m\_id

void play (event \*e24, unsigned char channel)

This play() function takes a native event, encodes it to ALSA event, and puts it in the queue.

void sysex (event \*e24)

Takes a native SYSEX event, encodes it to an ALSA event, and then puts it in the queue.

• void start ()

This function gets the MIDI clock a-runnin', if the clock type is not e\_clock\_off.

• void stop ()

Stop the MIDI buss.

void clock (long tick)

Generates the MIDI clock, starting at the given tick value.

• void continue\_from (long tick)

Continue from the given tick.

· void init clock (long tick)

Initialize the clock, continuing from the given tick.

void set\_clock (clock\_e clocktype)

'Setter' function for member m\_clock\_type

clock\_e get\_clock () const

'Getter' function for member m\_clock\_type

void set\_input (bool inputing)

Input functions.

bool get\_input () const

'Getter' function for member m\_inputing

• void flush ()

Flushes our local queue events out into ALSA.

• int get\_client () const

'Getter' function for member m\_dest\_addr\_client The address of client.

int get\_port () const

'Getter' function for member m\_dest\_addr\_port

## **Static Public Member Functions**

• static void set\_clock\_mod (int clockmod)

Set the clock mod to the given value, if legal.

static int get\_clock\_mod ()

Get the clock mod.

## **Private Attributes**

• int m id

The ID of the midibus object.

clock\_e m\_clock\_type

The type of clock to use.

bool m\_inputing

TBD.

• int m\_ppqn

Provides the PPQN value in force, currently a constant.

const int m\_dest\_addr\_client

Destination address of client.

• const int m\_dest\_addr\_port

Destination port of client.

const int m\_local\_addr\_client

Local address of client.

• int m\_local\_addr\_port

Local port of client.

• int m\_queue

Another ID of the MIDI queue?

• std::string m\_name

The name of the MIDI buss.

long m\_lasttick

The last (most recent? final?) tick.

• mutex m\_mutex

Locking mutex.

## **Static Private Attributes**

• static int m\_clock\_mod

This is another name for "16 \* 4".

## **Friends**

· class mastermidibus

The master MIDI bus sets up the buss.

## 8.27.1 Member Function Documentation

```
8.27.1.1 bool seq64::midibus::init_out()
```

Returns

Returns true unless setting up ALSA MIDI failed in some way.

```
8.27.1.2 bool seq64::midibus::init_in( )
```

Returns

Returns true unless setting up ALSA MIDI failed in some way.

```
8.27.1.3 bool seq64::midibus::deinit_in ( )
```

Returns

Returns true, unless an error occurs.

```
8.27.1.4 bool seq64::midibus::init_out_sub( )
```

Returns

Returns true unless setting up the ALSA port failed in some way.

8.27.1.5 bool seq64::midibus::init\_in\_sub()

Returns

Returns true unless setting up the ALSA port failed in some way.

8.27.1.6 void seq64::midibus::play ( event \* e24, unsigned char channel )

Threadsafe

**Parameters** 

e24	The event to be played on this bus.
channel	The channel of the playback.

8.27.1.7 void seq64::midibus::sysex ( event \* e24 )

#### **Parameters**

e24	The event to be handled.
_	

8.27.1.8 void seq64::midibus::clock ( long tick )

## **Parameters**

tick	Provides the starting tick.
------	-----------------------------

8.27.1.9 void seq64::midibus::continue\_from ( long tick )

## Parameters

tick	The continuing tick.

8.27.1.10 void seq64::midibus::init\_clock ( long tick )

## **Parameters**

tick	The starting tick.

8.27.1.11 void seq64::midibus::set\_input ( bool inputing )

Set status to of "inputting" to the given value.

If the parameter is true, then init\_in() is called; otherwise, deinit\_in() is called.

**Parameters** 

inputing	The inputing value to set.

## 8.28 seq64::midifile Class Reference

This class handles the parsing and writing of MIDI files.

## **Public Member Functions**

 midifile (const std::string &name, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN, bool oldformat=false, bool globalbgs=true)

Principal constructor.

∼midifile ()

A rote destructor.

• bool parse (perform &a\_perf, int a\_screen\_set=0)

This function opens a binary MIDI file and parses it into sequences and other application objects.

bool write (perform &a perf)

Write the whole MIDI data and Seq24 information out to the file.

• const std::string & error\_message () const

'Getter' function for member m\_error\_message

• int ppqn () const

'Getter' function for member m\_ppqn Provides a way to get the actual value of PPQN used in processing the sequences when parse() was called.

#### **Private Member Functions**

unsigned long parse prop header (int file size)

Parse the proprietary header, figuring out if it is the new format, or the legacy format, for sequencer-specific data.

bool parse\_proprietary\_track (perform &a\_perf, int file\_size)

After all of the conventional MIDI tracks are read, we're now at the "proprietary" Seq24 data section, which describes the various features that Seq24 supports.

unsigned long read\_long ()

Reads 4 bytes of data using read\_byte().

• unsigned short read\_short ()

Reads 2 bytes of data using read\_byte().

unsigned char read\_byte ()

Reads 1 byte of data directly from the m\_data vector, incrementing m\_pos after doing so.

• unsigned long read varinum ()

Read a MIDI Variable-Length Value (VLV), which has a variable number of bytes.

void write\_long (unsigned long)

Writes 4 bytes, using the write\_byte() function.

· void write short (unsigned short)

Writes 2 bytes, using the write\_byte() function.

void write\_byte (unsigned char c)

Writes 1 byte.

void write\_varinum (unsigned long)

Writes a MIDI Variable-Length Value (VLV), which has a variable number of bytes.

void write\_track\_name (const std::string &trackname)

Writes out a track name.

std::string read\_track\_name ()

Reads the track name.

void write seq number (unsigned short seqnum)

Writes out a sequence number.

int read\_seq\_number ()

Reads the sequence number.

void write\_track\_end ()

Writes out the end-of-track marker.

• void write\_prop\_header (unsigned long tag, long len)

We want to write:

bool write\_proprietary\_track (perform &a\_perf)

Writes out the proprietary section, using the new format if the legacy format is not in force.

long varinum\_size (long len) const

Calculates the length of a variable length value.

• long prop\_item\_size (long datalen) const

Calculates the size of a proprietary item, as written by the write\_prop\_header() function, plus whatever is called to write the data.

• long track\_name\_size (const std::string &trackname) const

Calculates the size of a trackname and the meta event that specifies it.

void errdump (const std::string &msg)

Helper function to emit more useful error messages.

void errdump (const std::string &msg, unsigned long p)

Helper function to emit more useful error messages for erroneous long values.

• long seq\_number\_size () const

Returns the size of a sequence-number event, which is always 5 bytes, plus one byte for the delta time that precedes it

• long track end size () const

Returns the size of a track-end event, which is always 3 bytes.

bool is\_sysex\_special\_id (midibyte ch)

Check for special SysEx ID byte.

#### **Private Attributes**

• int m file size

Holds the size of the MIDI file.

• std::string m\_error\_message

Holds the last error message, useful for trouble-shooting without having Sequencer64 running in a console window.

bool m\_disable\_reported

Indicates that file reading has already been disabled (due to serious errors), so don't complain about it anymore.

• int m pos

Holds the position in the MIDI file.

const std::string m\_name

The unchanging name of the MIDI file.

std::vector< unsigned char > m data

This vector of characters holds our MIDI data.

std::list< unsigned char > m\_char\_list

Provides a list of characters.

bool m\_new\_format

Use the new format for the proprietary footer section of the Seq24 MIDI file.

bool m\_global\_bgsequence

Indicates to store the new key, scale, and background sequence in the global, "proprietary" section of the MIDI song.

• int m\_ppqn

Provides the current value of the PPQN, which used to be constant and is now only the macro DEFAULT\_PPQN.

• bool m use default ppqn

Indicates that the default PPQN is in force.

## 8.28.1 Detailed Description

In addition to the standard MIDI tracks, it also handles some "private" or "proprietary" tracks specific to Seq24. It does not, however, handle SYSEX events.

#### 8.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.28.2.1 seq64::midifile::midifile ( const std::string & name, int ppqn = SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN, bool oldformat = false, bool globalbgs = true )

#### **Parameters**

name	Provides the name of the MIDI file to be read or written.
ppqn	Provides the initial value of the PPQN setting. It is handled differently for parsing (reading) versus writing the MIDI file.
	Reading.
	<ul> <li>If set to SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN, the legacy application behavior is used.         The m_ppqn member is set to the default PPQN, DEFAULT_PPQN. The value read from the MIDI file, ppqn, is then use to scale the running-time of the sequence relative to DEFAULT_PPQN.     </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Otherwise, m_ppqn is set to the value read from the MIDI file. No scaling is done.</li> <li>Since the value gets written, specify ppqn as 0, an obviously bogus value, to get this behavior.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Writing. This value is written to the MIDI file in the header chunk of the song. Note that the caller must query for the PPQN set during parsing, and pass it to the constructor when preparing to write the file. See how it is done in the mainwand class.</li> </ul>
oldformat	If true, write out the MIDI file using the old Seq24 format, instead of the new MIDI-compliant sequencer-specific format, for the seq24-specific SeqSpec tags defined in the globals module. This option is false by default. Note that this option is only used in writing; reading can handle either format transparently.
globalbgs	If true, write any non-default values of the key, scale, and background sequence to the global "proprietary" section of the MIDI file, instead of to each sequence. Note that this option is only used in writing; reading can handle either format transparently.

## 8.28.3 Member Function Documentation

## 8.28.3.1 bool seq64::midifile::parse ( perform & p, int screenset = 0 )

In addition to the standard MIDI track data in a normal track, Seq24 adds four sequencer-specific events just before the end of the track:

```
SeqSpec FF 7F 1C 24 24 00 08 00 00 ...
    c_triggers_new:
    c_midibus:
                        SeqSpec FF 7F 05 24 24 00 01 00
                        SeqSpec FF 7F 06 24 24 00 06 04 04
    c_timesig:
                        SeqSpec FF 7F 05 24 24 00 02 06
    c_midich:
Standard MIDI provides for the port and channel specifications, but
they are apparently considered obsolete:
Obsolete meta-event:
                                     Replacement:
    MIDI port (buss): FF 21 01 po
MIDI channel: FF 20 01 ch
                                        Device (port) name: FF 09 len text
What do other applications use for specifying port/channel?
Note on the is-modified flag. We now assume that the perform object is
starting from scratch when parsing. But we let mainwind tell the perform
object when to clear everything with perform::clear_all(). The mainwnd
does this for a new file, opening a file, but not for a file import, which
might be done simply to add more MIDI tracks to the current composition.
So, if parsing succeeds, all we want to do is make sure the flag is set.
```

Parsing a file successfully is not always a modification of the setup. For instance, the first read of a MIDI file should start clean, not dirty.

## SysEx notes:

Some files (e.g. Dixie04.mid) do not always encode System Exclusive messages properly for a MIDI file. Instead of a varinum length value, they are followed by extended IDs  $(0x7D,\ 0x7E,\ or\ 0x7F)$ .

We've covered some of those cases by disabling access to m\_data if the position passes the size of the file, but we want try to bypass these odd cases properly. So we look ahead for one of these special values.

#### **Parameters**

р	Provides a reference to the perform object into which sequences/tracks are to be added.
screenset	The screen-set offset to be used when loading a sequence (track) from the file. This value
	ranges from -31 to 0 to +31 (32 is the maximum screen-set available in Seq24). This offset is
	added to the sequence number read in for the sequence, to place it elsewhere in the imported
	tune, and locate it in a specific screen-set. If this parameter is non-zero, the we will assume
	that the perform data is dirty.

#### Returns

Returns true if the parsing succeeded.

## 8.28.3.2 bool seq64::midifile::write ( perform & p )

## Parameters

р	Provides the object that will contain and manage the entire performance.

## Returns

Returns true if the write operations succeeded.

## Note

Seq24 reverses the order of some events, due to popping from its container. Not an issue here.

```
8.28.3.3 int seq64::midifile::ppqn() const [inline]
```

The PPQN will be either the global ppqn (legacy behavior) or the value read from the file, depending on the ppqn parameter passed to the midifile constructor.

```
8.28.3.4 unsigned long seq64::midifile::parse_prop_header( int file_size ) [private]
```

The new format creates a final track chunk, starting with "MTrk". Then comes the delta-time (here, 0), and the event. An event is a MIDI event, a SysEx event, or a Meta event.

A MIDI Sequencer Specific meta message includes either a delta time or absolute time, and the MIDI Sequencer Specific event encoded as follows:

0x00 0xFF 0x7F length data

For convenience, this function first checks the amount of file data left. If enough, then it reads a long value. If the value starts with  $0x00\ 0xFF\ 0x7F$ , then that is a SeqSpec event, which signals usage of the new Sequencer64 "proprietary" format. Otherwise, it is probably the old format, and the long value is a control tag (0x242400nn), which can be returned immedidately.

If it is the new format, we back up to the FF, then get the next byte, which should be a 7F. If so, then we read the length (a variable length value) of the data, and then read the long value, which should be the control tag, which, again, is returned by this function.

#### Note

Most sequencers seem to be tolerant of both the lack of an "MTrk" marker and of the presence of an unwrapped control tag, and so can handle both the old and new formats of the final proprietary track.

#### **Parameters**

file_size	The size of the data file. This value is compared against the member m_pos (the position
	inside m_data[]), to make sure there is enough data left to process.

#### Returns

Returns the control-tag value found. These are the values, such as c\_midich, found in the globals module, that indicate the type of sequencer-specific data that comes next. If there is not enough data to process, then 0 is returned.

8.28.3.5 bool seq64::midifile::parse\_proprietary\_track( perform & p, int file\_size ) [private]

It consists of series of tags:

- · c midictrl
- · c\_midiclocks
- c notes
- · c bpmtag (beats per minute)
- · c mutegroups
- c\_musickey (new, added if usr() global\_seq\_feature() is true)
- c musicscale (ditto)
- · c backsequence (ditto)

(There are more tags defined in the globals module, but they are not used in this function. This doesn't quite make sense, as there are also some "triggers" values, and we're pretty sure the application uses them. Oh, it turns out that they are set up by actions performed on each sequence, and are stored as sequencer-specific ("SeqSpec") data with each track's data as held in the MIDI container for the track. See the midi\_container module for more information.)

The format is (1) tag ID; (2) length of data; (3) the data.

First, we separate out this function for a little more clarity. Then we added code to handle reading both the legacy Seq24 format and the new, MIDI-compliant format. Note that even the new format is not quite correct, since it doesn't handle a MIDI manufacturer's ID, making it a single byte that is part of the data. But it does have the "MTrk" marker and track name, so that must be processed for the new format.

Now, in our "midicvt" project, we have a test MIDI file, b4uacuse-non-mtrk.midi that is good, except for having a tag "MUnk" instead of "MTrk". We should consider being more permissive, if possible. Otherwise, though, the only penality is that the "proprietary" chunk is completely skipped.

#### **Parameters**

р	The performance object that is being set via the incoming MIDI file.
file_size	The file size as determined in the parse() function.

There are also implicit parameters, with the m\_pos and m\_new\_format member variables.

```
8.28.3.6 unsigned long seq64::midifile::read_long( ) [private]
```

Warning

This code looks endian-dependent and integer-size dependent.

```
8.28.3.7 unsigned long seq64::midifile::read_varinum() [private]
```

This function reads the bytes while bit 7 is set in each byte. Bit 7 is a continuation bit. See write\_varinum() for more information.

```
8.28.3.8 void seq64::midifile::write_long ( unsigned long a_x ) [private]
```

Warning

This code looks endian-dependent.

```
8.28.3.9 void seq64::midifile::write_short ( unsigned short a_x ) [private]
```

Warning

This code looks endian-dependent.

```
8.28.3.10 void seq64::midifile::write_byte (unsigned char c) [inline], [private]
```

The byte is written to the m char list member, using a call to push back().

```
8.28.3.11 void seq64::midifile::write_varinum( unsigned long value ) [private]
```

A MIDI file Variable Length Value is stored in bytes. Each byte has two parts: 7 bits of data and 1 continuation bit. The highest-order bit is set to 1 if there is another byte of the number to follow. The highest-order bit is set to 0 if this byte is the last byte in the VLV.

To recreate a number represented by a VLV, first you remove the continuation bit and then concatenate the leftover bits into a single number.

To generate a VLV from a given number, break the number up into 7 bit units and then apply the correct continuation bit to each byte.

In theory, you could have a very long VLV number which was quite large; however, in the standard MIDI file specification, the maximum length of a VLV value is 5 bytes, and the number it represents can not be larger than 4 bytes.

Here are some common cases:

```
    Numbers between 0 and 127 (0x7F) are represented by a single byte.
    0x80 is represented as "0x81 0x00".
    0x0FFFFFFFF (the largest number) is represented as "0xFF 0xFF 0xFF".
```

Also see the varinum\_size() function.

```
8.28.3.12 void seq64::midifile::write_track_name ( const std::string & trackname ) [private]
```

Note that we have to precede this "event" with a delta time value, set to 0.

```
8.28.3.13 std::string seq64::midifile::read_track_name( ) [private]
```

Meant only for usage in the proprietary footer track, in the new file format.

#### Returns

Returns the track name, or an empty string if there was a problem.

```
8.28.3.14 void seq64::midifile::write seq number ( unsigned short segnum ) [private]
```

The format is "00 FF 00 02 ss ss", where "02" is actually the constant length of the data. We have to precede these values with a 0 delta time, of course.

Now, for sequence 0, an alternate format is "FF 00 00". But that format can only occur in the first track, and the rest of the tracks then don't need a sequence number, since it is assumed to increment. Our application doesn't bother with that shortcut.

```
8.28.3.15 int seq64::midifile::read_seq_number( ) [private]
```

Meant only for usage in the proprietary footer track, in the new file format.

#### Returns

Returns the sequence number found, or -1 if it was not found.

```
8.28.3.16 void seq64::midifile::write_prop_header( unsigned long control_tag, long data_length ) [private]
```

- 0x4D54726B. The track tag "MTrk". The MIDI spec requires that software can skip over non-standard chunks. "Prop"? Would require a fix to midicvt.
- 0xaabbccdd. The length of the track. This needs to be calculated somehow.
- 0x00. A zero delta time.
- 0x7f7f. Sequence number, a special value, well out of normal range.
- The name of the track:
  - "Seq24-Spec"
  - "Sequencer64-S"

Then follows the proprietary data, written in the normal manner. Finally, tack on the track-end meta-event. Components of final track size:

```
-# Delta time. 1 byte, always 0x00.

-# Sequence number. 5 bytes. OPTIONAL. We won't write it.

-# Track name. 3 + 10 or 3 + 15

-# Series of proprietary specs:

-# Prop header:

-# If legacy format, 4 bytes.

-# Otherwise, 2 bytes + varinum_size(length) + 4 bytes.

-# Length of the prop data.

-# Track End. 3 bytes.
```

Writes a "proprietary" Seq24 footer header in either the new MIDI-compliant format, or the legacy Seq24 format. This function does not write the data. It replaces calls such as "write\_long(c\_midich)" in the proprietary secton of write().

The legacy format just writes the control tag (0x242400xx). The new format writes 0x00 0xFF 0x7F len 0x242400xx; the first 0x00 is the delta time.

In the new format, the 0x24 is a kind of "manufacturer ID". At http://www.midi.org/techspecs/manid. php we see that most manufacturer IDs start with 0x00, and are thus three bytes long, or start with codes at 0x40 and above. Similary, this site shows that no manufacturer uses 0x24:

http://sequence15.blogspot.com/2008/12/midi-manufacturer-ids.html

#### Warning

Currently, the manufacturer ID is not handled; it is part of the data, which can be misleading in programs that analyze MIDI files.

#### **Parameters**

control_tag	Determines the type of sequencer-specific section to be written. It should be one of the value
	in the globals module, such as c_midibus or c_mutegroups.
data_length	The amount of data that will be written. This parameter does not count the length of the
	header itself.

```
8.28.3.17 bool seq64::midifile::write_proprietary_track( perform & p ) [private]
```

The first thing to do, for the new format only, is calculate the length of this big section of data. This was quite tricky; we tweaked and adjusted until the midicvt program handled the whole new-format file without emitting any errors. Here's the basics of what Seq24 did for writing the data in this part of the file:

```
-# Write the c_midictrl value, then write a 0. To us, this looks like
no one wrote any code to write this data. And yet, the parsing
code can handles a non-zero value, which is the number of sequences
as a long value, not a byte. So shouldn't we write 4 bytes, not
one? Yes, indeed, we made a mistake. However, we should be
writing out the full data set as well. But not even Seq24 does
that! Perhaps they decided it was best kept in the "rc"
configuration file.
-# MORE TO COME.
```

## **8.28.3.18** long seq64::midifile::varinum\_size( long len ) const [private]

This function is needed when calculating the length of a track. Note that it handles only the following situations:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variable-length\_quantity

```
1 byte: 0x00 to 0x7F
2 bytes: 0x80 to 0x3FFF
3 bytes: 0x4000 to 0x001FFFFF
4 bytes: 0x200000 to 0x0FFFFFFF
```

#### Returns

Returns values as noted above. Anything beyond that range returns 0.

```
8.28.3.19 long seq64::midifile::prop_item_size ( long data_length ) const [private]
```

If using the new format, the length includes the sum of sequencer-specific tag (0xFF 0x7F) and the size of the variable-length value. Then, for legacy and new format, 4 bytes are added for the Seq24 MIDI control value, and then the data length is added.

8.28.3.20 void seq64::midifile::errdump ( const std::string & msg ) [private]

It adds the file offset to the message.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

The constructed string is returned as a side-effect, in case we want to pass it along to the externally-accessible error-message buffer.

**8.28.3.21** void seq64::midifile::errdump ( const std::string & msg, unsigned long value ) [private]

It adds the file offset to the message.

#### **Parameters**

msg	The main error message string, without an ending newline character.
value	The long value to show as part of the message.

## Returns

The constructed string is returned as a side-effect, in case we want to pass it along to the externally-accessible error-message buffer.

8.28.3.22 boolseq64::midifile::is\_sysex\_special\_id( midibyte ch ) [inline], [private]

## **Parameters**

|--|

### Returns

Returns true if the byte is SysEx special ID.

## 8.28.4 Field Documentation

```
8.28.4.1 int seq64::midifile::m_file_size [private]
```

This variable was added when loading a file that caused an attempt to load data well beyond the file-size of the midicvt test file Dixie04.mid.

**8.28.4.2 std::string seq64::midifile::m\_error\_message** [private]

If empty, there's no pending error. Currently most useful in the parse() function.

**8.28.4.3 bool seq64::midifile::m\_disable\_reported** [private]

Once is enough.

**8.28.4.4 int seq64::midifile::m\_pos** [private]

This is at least a 31-bit value in the recent architectures running Linux and Windows, so it will handle up to 2 Gb of data. This member is used as the offset into the m\_data vector.

```
8.28.4.5 std::vector<unsigned char> seq64::midifile::m_data [private]
```

We could also use a string of characters, unsigned. This member is resized to the putative size of the MIDI file, in the parse() function. Then the whole file is read into it, as if it were an array. This member is an input buffer.

```
8.28.4.6 std::list<unsigned char> seq64::midifile::m_char_list [private]
```

The class pushes each MIDI byte into this list using the write\_byte() function. Also note that the write() function calls sequence::fill\_list() to fill a temporary std::list<char> (!) buffer, then writes that data backwards to this member. This member is an output buffer.

```
8.28.4.7 bool seq64::midifile::m_new_format [private]
```

In the new format, each sequencer-specific value (0x242400xx, as defined in the globals module) is preceded by the sequencer-specific prefix, 0xFF 0x7F len id/date). By default, the new format is used, but the user can specify the —legacy (-I) option, or make a soft link to the sequence24 binary called "seq24", to write the data in the old format. [We will eventually add the —legacy option to the "rc" configuration file.] Note that reading can handle either format transparently.

# 8.29 seq64::options Class Reference

This class supports a full tabbed options dialog.

Inherits Dialog.

## **Private Types**

enum button

Defines buttons indices or IDs for some controls related to JACK.

## **Private Attributes**

· perform & m mainperf

The performance object to which some of these options apply.

• Gtk::Button \* m button ok

The famous "OK" button's pointer.

• Gtk::Notebook \* m\_notebook

Not sure yet what this notebook is for.

#### 8.29.1 Field Documentation

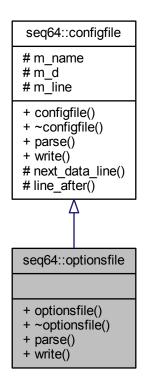
```
8.29.1.1 Gtk::Notebook* seq64::options::m_notebook [private]
```

Must be a GTK thang.

## 8.30 seq64::optionsfile Class Reference

Provides a file for reading and writing the application' main configuration file.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::optionsfile:



## **Public Member Functions**

• optionsfile (const std::string &name)

Principal constructor.

•  $\sim$ optionsfile ()

A rote destructor.

• bool parse (perform &perf)

Parse the  $\sim$ /.seq24rc or  $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.rc file.

• bool write (const perform &perf)

This options-writing function is just about as complex as the options-reading function.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 8.30.1 Detailed Description

The settings that are passed around are provided or used by the perform class.

## 8.30.2 Member Function Documentation

**8.30.2.1** bool seq64::optionsfile::parse( perform & p ) [virtual]

[midi-control]

Get the number of sequence definitions provided in the [midi-control] section. Ranges from 32 on up. Then read in all of the sequence lines. The first 32 apply to the first screen set. There can also be a comment line "# mute in group" followed by 32 more lines. Then there are addditional comments and single lines for BPM up, BPM down, Screen Set Up, Screen Set Down, Mod Replace, Mod Snapshot, Mod Queue, Mod Gmute, Mod Glearn, and Screen Set Play. These are all forms of MIDI automation useful to control the playback while not sitting near the computer.

### [mute-group]

The mute-group starts with a line that indicates up to 32 mute-groups are defined. A common value is 1024, which means there are 32 groups times 32 keys. But this value is currently thrown away. This value is followed by 32 lines of data, each contained 4 sets of 8 settings. See the seq24-doc project on GitHub for a much more detailed description of this section.

## [midi-clock]

The MIDI-clock section defines the clocking value for up to 16 output busses. The first number, 16, indicates how many busses are specified. Generally, these busses are shown to the user with names such as "[1] seq24 1".

#### [keyboard-control]

The keyboard control defines the keys that will toggle the stage of each of up to 32 patterns in a pattern/sequence box. These keys are displayed in each box as a reminder. The first number specifies the Key number, and the second number specifies the Sequence number.

## [keyboard-group]

The keyboard group specifies more automation for the application. The first number specifies the Key number, and the second number specifies the Group number. This section should be better described in the seq24-doc project on GitHub.

### [jack-transport]

This section covers various JACK settings, one setting per line. In order, the following numbers are specfied:

```
    jack_transport - Enable sync with JACK Transport.
    jack_master - Seq24 will attempt to serve as JACK Master.
    jack_master_cond - Seq24 will fail to be Master if there is already a Master set.
    jack_start_mode:

            0 = Playback will be in Live mode. Use this to allow muting and unmuting of loops.
                 1 = Playback will use the Song Editor's data.
```

## [midi-input]

This section covers the MIDI input busses, and has a format similar to "[midi-clock]". Generally, these busses are shown to the user with names such as "[1] seq24 1", and currently there is only one input buss. The first field is the port number, and the second number indicates whether it is disabled (0), or enabled (1).

## [midi-clock-mod-ticks]

This section covers.... One common value is 64.

## [manual-alsa-ports]

This section covers.... Set to 1 if you want seq24 to create its own ALSA ports and not connect to other clients.

#### [last-used-dir]

This section simply holds the last path-name that was used to read or write a MIDI file. We still need to add a check for a valid path, and currently the path must start with a "/", so it is not suitable for Windows.

## [interaction-method]

This section specified the kind of mouse interaction.

- 0 = 'seq24' (original Seq24 method).
- 1 = 'fruity' (similar to a certain fruity sequencer we like).

0.51 Sequ4perieuit Class nelelelice	109
The second data line is set to "1" if Mod4 can be used to keep seq24 in note-adding mode ever is released, and "0" otherwise.	en after the right-click
Implements seq64::configfile.	
8.30.2.2 bool seq64::optionsfile::write ( const perform & p ) [virtual]	
200.00q0op	
Parameters	
p Provides a const reference to the main perform object. However, we have constness, because too many of the perform getter functions are used in	
Returns	
Returns true if the write operations all succeeded.	

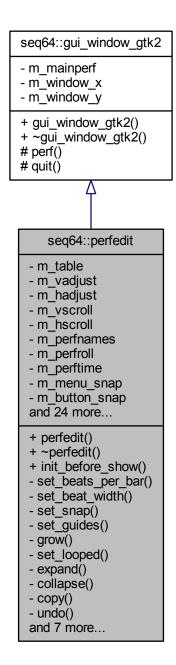
New boolean to show sequence numbers; ignored in legacy mode.

Implements seq64::configfile.

# 8.31 seq64::perfedit Class Reference

This class supports a Performance Editor that is used to arrange the patterns/sequences defined in the patterns panel.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::perfedit:



## **Public Member Functions**

• perfedit (perform &p, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

Principal constructor, has a reference to a perform object.

∼perfedit ()

This rote constructor does nothing.

void init\_before\_show ()

This function forwards its call to the perfroll function of the same name.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void set beats per bar (int bpm)

Sets the beats-per-measure text and value to the given value, and then calls set\_guides().

void set beat width (int bw)

Sets the BW (beat width, or the denominator in the time signature) text and values to the given value, and then calls set quides().

void set\_snap (int snap)

Sets the snap text and values to the given value, and then calls set guides().

· void set guides ()

Sets the guides, which are the L and R user-interface elements.

• void grow ()

Increments the size of the perfroll and perftime objects.

· void set\_looped ()

Set the looping in the perform object.

• void expand ()

Implement the expand action.

· void collapse ()

Implement the collapse action.

• void copy ()

Implement the copy (actually, expand-and-copy) action.

• void undo ()

Implement the undo feature (Ctrl-Z).

void popup menu (Gtk::Menu \*menu)

Opens the given popup menu.

bool timeout ()

Handles a drawing timeout.

void start\_playing ()

Implement the playing.

void stop\_playing ()

Stop the playing.

• void on realize ()

This callback function calls the base-class on\_realize() function, and then connects the perfedit::timeout() function to the Glib signal-timeout, with a redraw timeout of m\_redraw\_ms.

bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*ev)

This function is the callback for a key-press event.

bool on\_delete\_event (GdkEventAny \*)

All this callback function does is return false.

## **Private Attributes**

• Gtk::Menu \* m\_menu\_bpm

Menus for time signature, beats per measure, beat width.

• int m\_snap

Set snap-to in "pulses".

• int m\_bpm

The current "beats per measure" value.

int m\_bw

The current "beat width" value.

• int m\_ppqn

The current "parts per quarter note" value.

• int m\_standard\_bpm

The standard "beats per measure" of Sequencer64, which here matches the beats-per-measure displayed in the perfroll (piano roll).

· int m\_redraw\_ms

Provides the timer period for the perfedit timer, used to determine the rate of redrawing.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 8.31.1 Detailed Description

It has a seqroll and piano roll? No, it has a perform, a perfnames, a perfroll, and a perftime.

## 8.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.31.2.1 seq64::perfedit::perfedit ( perform & p, int ppqn = SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN )
```

We've reordered the pointer members and put them in the initializer list to make the constructor a bit cleaner.

**Parameters** 

p | Refers to the main performance object.

**Todo** Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does.

```
8.31.2.2 seg64::perfedit::~perfedit()
```

We're going to have to run the application through valgrind to make sure that nothing is left behind.

## 8.31.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.31.3.1 void seq64::perfedit::init_before_show()
```

It does not seem to need to also forward to the perftime function of the same name.

```
8.31.3.2 void seq64::perfedit::set_beats_per_bar(int bpm) [private]
```

The usage of is modified was faulty. Offloaded it to the perform object to make it more foolproof. See the perform ::modify() function.

```
8.31.3.3 void seq64::perfedit::set_beat_width(int bw) [private]
```

The usage of is modified was faulty. Offloaded it to the perform object to make it more foolproof. See the perform ::modify() function.

```
8.31.3.4 void seq64::perfedit::set_guides( ) [private]
```

See the set\_snap() function.

It's a little confusing; I assigned the label "m\_standard\_bpm" to the value 4 in "measure\_pulse =  $192 * 4 * m_bpm / m_bw$ ", but I am not sure I understand this equation... why the extra factor of 4? That 4 appears in "c\_ppqn \* 4" a lot in the original code.

```
8.31.3.5 void seq64::perfedit::grow() [private]
```

Make sure that setting the modified flag makes sense for this operation. It doesn't seem to modify members.

```
8.31.3.6 void seq64::perfedit::expand() [private]
```

This action opens up a space of events between the L and R (left and right) markers. This action is preceded by pushing an Undo operation in the perform object, moving its triggers, and telling the perfroll to redraw.

```
8.31.3.7 void seq64::perfedit::collapse( ) [private]
```

This action removes all events between the L and R (left and right) markers. This action is preceded by pushing an Undo operation in the perform object, not moving its triggers (they go away), and telling the perfoll to redraw.

```
8.31.3.8 void seq64::perfedit::copy( ) [private]
```

This action opens up a space of events between the L and R (left and right) markers, and copies the information from the same amount of events that follow the R marker. This action is preceded by pushing an Undo operation in the perform object, copying its triggers, and telling the perfroll to redraw.

```
8.31.3.9 void seq64::perfedit::undo() [private]
```

We pop an Undo trigger, and then ask the perfroll to queue up a (re)drawing action.

```
8.31.3.10 bool seq64::perfedit::timeout() [private]
```

It redraws "dirty" sequences in the perfroll and the perfnames objects, and shows draw progress on the perfroll.

```
8.31.3.11 void seq64::perfedit::start_playing( ) [inline], [private]
```

JACK will be used if it is present and, in the application, enabled. This call also sets rc().is\_pattern\_playing(true).

```
8.31.3.12 void seq64::perfedit::stop_playing() [inline], [private]
```

This call also sets rc().is pattern playing(true).

## 8.31.4 Field Documentation

```
8.31.4.1 int seq64::perfedit::m_bpm [private]
```

Do not confuse it with BPM (beats per minute). The numerator of the time signature.

```
8.31.4.2 int seq64::perfedit::m_bw [private]
```

The denominator of the time signature.

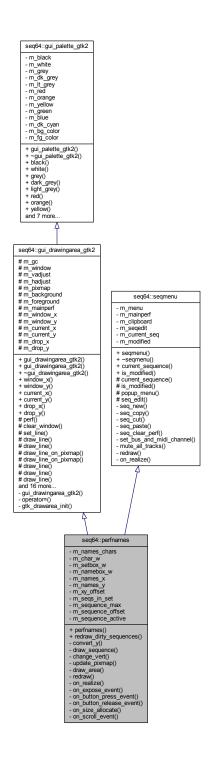
```
8.31.4.3 int seq64::perfedit::m_redraw_ms [private]
```

This is hardwired to 40 ms in Linux, and 20 ms in Windows.

# 8.32 seq64::perfnames Class Reference

This class implements the left-side keyboard in the patterns window.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::perfnames:



## **Public Member Functions**

perfnames (perform &p, Gtk::Adjustment &vadjust)
 Principal constructor for this user-interface object.

void redraw\_dirty\_sequences ()

Redraws sequences that have been modified.

#### **Private Member Functions**

int convert\_y (int y)

Converts a y-value into a sequence number and returns it.

void draw\_sequence (int sequence)

Draw the given sequence.

· void change\_vert ()

Change the vertial offset of a sequence/pattern.

• void update\_pixmap ()

This function does nothing.

· void draw\_area ()

This function does nothing.

· void redraw (int sequence)

Redraw the given sequence.

• void on\_realize ()

Handles the callback when the window is realized.

bool on expose event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

Handles an on-expose event.

bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Provides the callback for a button press, and it handles only a left mouse button.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Handles a button-release for the right button, bringing up a popup menu.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &)

Handles a size-allocation event.

bool on scroll event (GdkEventScroll \*ev)

Handle the scrolling of the window.

## **Private Attributes**

· int m names chars

Provides the number of the characters in the name box.

int m\_char\_w

Provides the "real" width of a character.

• int m\_setbox\_w

Provides the width of the "set number" box.

• int m\_namebox\_w

Provides the width of the "name" box.

• int m\_names\_x

Provides the width of the names box, which is the width of a character for 24 characters.

int m\_names\_y

Provides the height of the names box, which is hardwired to 24 pixels.

• int m\_xy\_offset

Provides the horizontal and vertical offsets of the text relative to the names box.

## **Additional Inherited Members**

## 8.32.1 Detailed Description

*Obsolete* Note the usage of virtual base classes. Since these can add some extra overhead, we should determine if we can do without the virtuality (and indeed it doesn't seem to be needed).

## 8.32.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.32.2.1 seq64::perfnames::perfnames ( perform & p, Gtk::Adjustment & vadjust )
```

Weird is that the window (x,y) are set to (c names x, 100), when c names y is 22 (now 24) in globals.h.

#### 8.32.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.32.3.1 void seq64::perfnames::draw_sequence ( int seqnum ) [private]
```

This function has to be prepared to handle an almost endless list of sequences, including unused ones, to draw them all with compatible styles. The sequences are grouped by set-number. The set-number occurs every 32 sequences in the leftmost column of the window.

```
8.32.3.2 void seq64::perfnames::on_realize( ) [private]
```

It first calls the base-class version of on realize(). Then it allocates any additional resources needed.

```
8.32.3.3 bool seq64::perfnames::on_expose_event( GdkEventExpose * ev ) [private]
```

It draws all of the sequences.

```
8.32.3.4 void seq64::perfnames::on_size_allocate ( Gtk::Allocation & a ) [private]
```

It first calls the base-class version of this function.

## 8.32.4 Field Documentation

```
8.32.4.1 int seq64::perfnames::m_names_chars [private]
```

Pretty much hardwired to 24 at present.

```
8.32.4.2 int seq64::perfnames::m_char_w [private]
```

This value is obtained from a font-renderer accessor function.

```
8.32.4.3 int seq64::perfnames::m_setbox_w [private]
```

This used to be hardwired to 6 \* 2 (character-width times two).

```
8.32.4.4 int seq64::perfnames::m_namebox_w [private]
```

This used to be a weird calculation based on character width.

```
8.32.4.5 int seq64::perfnames::m_names_y [private]
```

This value was once 22 pixels, but we need a little extra room for our new font. This extra room is compatible enough with the old font, as well.

```
8.32.4.6 int seq64::perfnames::m_xy_offset [private]
```

Currently hardwired.

## 8.33 seq64::perform Class Reference

This class supports the performance mode.

## **Public Member Functions**

• perform (gui\_assistant &mygui, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

This construction initializes a vast number of member variables, some of them public (but we're working on that)!

~perform ()

The destructor sets some running flags to false, signals this condition, then joins the input and output threads if the were launched.

• bool is\_modified () const

'Getter' function for member m\_is\_modfied

· void modify ()

'Setter' function for member m\_is\_modified This setter only sets the modified-flag to true.

• int sequence\_count () const

'Getter' function for member m\_sequence\_count It is better to call this getter before bothering to even try to use a sequence.

int sequence\_max () const

'Getter' function for member m\_sequence\_max

· const gui assistant & gui () const

'Getter' function for member m\_gui\_support The const getter.

• gui\_assistant & gui ()

'Getter' function for member  $m\_gui\_support$  The un-const getter.

• const keys\_perform & keys () const

'Getter' function for member m\_gui\_support.keys() The const getter.

keys\_perform & keys ()

'Getter' function for member m\_gui\_support.keys() The un-const getter.

mastermidibus & master\_bus ()

 ${\it 'Getter' function for member m\_master\_bus}$ 

• bool is\_running () const

'Getter' function for member m\_running

bool is\_learn\_mode () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mode\_group\_learn

void enregister (performcallback \*pfcb)

Adds a pointer to an object to be notified by this perform object.

void init ()

Initializes the master MIDI bus.

· void clear\_all ()

Clears all of the patterns/sequences.

void launch\_input\_thread ()

Creates the input thread using input\_thread\_func().

void launch\_output\_thread ()

Creates the output thread using output\_thread\_func().

void init jack ()

Initializes JACK support, if SEQ64\_JACK\_SUPPORT is defined.

void deinit jack ()

Tears down the JACK infrastructure.

void add sequence (sequence \*seq, int perf)

Adds a pattern/sequence pointer to the list of patterns.

void delete\_sequence (int seq)

Deletes a pattern/sequence by number.

bool is\_sequence\_in\_edit (int seq)

Check if the pattern/sequence, given by number, has an edit in progress.

void clear\_sequence\_triggers (int seq)

Clears the patterns/sequence for the given sequence, if it is active.

long get\_tick () const

'Getter' function for member m\_tick

void set left tick (long tick, bool setstart=true)

Set the left marker at the given tick.

long get\_left\_tick () const

'Getter' function for member m\_left\_tick

void set\_start\_tick (long tick)

'Setter' function for member m\_starting\_tick

long get\_starting\_tick () const

'Getter' function for member m\_starting\_tick

void set\_right\_tick (long tick, bool setstart=true)

Set the right marker at the given tick.

long get\_right\_tick () const

'Getter' function for member m\_right\_tick

void move\_triggers (bool direction)

If the left tick is less than the right tick, then, for each sequence that is active, its triggers are moved by the difference between the right and left in the specified direction.

void copy\_triggers ()

If the left tick is less than the right tick, then, for each sequence that is active, its triggers are copied, offset by the difference between the right and left.

void push\_trigger\_undo ()

For every active sequence, call that sequence's push\_trigger\_undo() function.

void pop\_trigger\_undo ()

For every active sequence, call that sequence's pop\_trigger\_undo() function.

· void collapse ()

Convenience function for perfedit's collapse functionality.

• void copy ()

Convenience function for perfedit's copy functionality.

void expand ()

Convenience function for perfedit's expand functionality.

midi control \* get midi control toggle (unsigned int seq)

Retrieves a value from m\_midi\_cc\_toggle[].

midi control \* get midi control on (unsigned int seq)

Retrieves a value from m\_midi\_cc\_on[].

• midi control \* get midi control off (unsigned int seq)

Retrieves a value from m\_midi\_cc\_off[].

void handle\_midi\_control (int control, bool state)

Handle the MIDI Control values that provide some automation for the application.

const std::string & get\_screen\_set\_notepad (int screen\_set) const

Retrieves the given string from m\_screen\_set\_notepad[].

const std::string & current\_screen\_set\_notepad () const

Returns the notepad text for the current screen-set.

void set screen set notepad (int screenset, const std::string &note)

Copies the given string into m\_screen\_set\_notepad[].

void set\_screen\_set\_notepad (const std::string &note)

Sets the notepad text for the current screen-set.

· void set screenset (int ss)

Sets the m\_screenset value (the index or ID of the current screen set).

int get\_screenset () const

'Getter' function for member m\_screenset

void set\_playing\_screenset ()

Sets the screen set that is active, based on the value of m\_playing\_screen.

int get\_playing\_screenset () const

'Getter' function for member m playing screen

void mute\_group\_tracks ()

Will need to study this one more closely.

void select\_and\_mute\_group (int g\_group)

Select a mute group and then mutes the track in the group.

void set\_mode\_group\_mute ()

'Setter' function for member m\_mode\_group

void unset\_mode\_group\_mute ()

'Setter' function for member m\_mode\_group Unsets this member.

void select\_group\_mute (int g\_mute)

Makes some checks and sets the group mute flag.

void set\_mode\_group\_learn ()

Sets the group-mute mode, then the group-learn mode, then notifies all of the notification subscribers.

void unset\_mode\_group\_learn ()

Notifies all of the notification subscribers that group-learn is being turned off.

void select\_mute\_group (int group)

Will need to study this one more closely.

void start (bool state)

If JACK is not running, call inner\_start() with the given state.

• void stop ()

If JACK is not running, call inner\_stop().

void start jack ()

If JACK is supported, starts the JACK transport.

void stop\_jack ()

If JACK is supported, stops the JACK transport.

void position\_jack (bool state)

If JACK is supported and running, sets the position of the transport.

• void off\_sequences ()

For all active patterns/sequences, set the playing state to false.

void all\_notes\_off ()

For all active patterns/sequences, turn off its playing notes.

· void set active (int seq, bool active)

Sets or unsets the active state of the given pattern/sequence number.

• void set\_was\_active (int seq)

Sets was-active flags: main, edit, perf, and names.

bool is\_dirty\_main (int seq)

Checks the pattern/sequence for main-dirtiness.

bool is dirty edit (int seq)

Checks the pattern/sequence for edit-dirtiness.

bool is\_dirty\_perf (int seq)

Checks the pattern/sequence for perf-dirtiness.

· bool is dirty names (int seq)

Checks the pattern/sequence for names-dirtiness.

void new\_sequence (int seq)

Creates a new pattern/sequence for the given slot, and sets the new pattern's master MIDI bus address.

bool is\_active (int seq)

Checks the pattern/sequence for activity.

• sequence \* get\_sequence (int seq)

Retrieves the actual sequence, based on the pattern/sequence number.

void reset\_sequences ()

For all active patterns/sequences, get its playing state, turn off the playing notes, set playing to false, zero the markers, and, if not in playback mode, restore the playing state.

· void play (long tick)

Plays all notes to the current tick.

void set\_orig\_ticks (long tick)

For every pattern/sequence that is active, sets the "original ticks" value for the pattern.

void set\_beats\_per\_minute (int bpm)

Sets the value of the BPM into the master MIDI buss, after making sure it is squelched to be between 20 and 500.

int get\_beats\_per\_minute ()

Retrieves the BPM setting of the master MIDI buss.

void set looping (bool looping)

'Setter' function for member m\_looping

void set\_sequence\_control\_status (int status)

If the given status is present in the c status snapshot, the playing state is saved.

void unset\_sequence\_control\_status (int status)

If the given status is present in the  $c\_$ status $\_$ snapshot, the playing state is restored.

• void sequence\_playing\_off (int seq)

Turn off the playing of a sequence, if it is active.

void set\_group\_mute\_state (int g\_track, bool mute\_state)

'Setter' function for member m\_mute\_group

bool get\_group\_mute\_state (int g\_track)

'Getter' function for member m\_mute\_group

void mute\_all\_tracks ()

Mutes all tracks in the current set of active patterns/sequences.

• void output func ()

Performance output function.

void input\_func ()

This function is called by input\_thread\_func().

• long get max trigger ()

Locates the largest trigger value among the active sequences.

void set\_offset (int offset)

Calculates the offset into the screen sets.

· void save playing state ()

For all active patterns/sequences, this function gets the playing status and saves it in m\_sequence\_state[i].

void restore\_playing\_state ()

For all active patterns/sequences, this function gets the playing status from m\_sequence\_state[i] and sets it for the sequence.

bool show\_ui\_sequence\_key () const

Accessor m\_show\_ui\_sequency\_key Provides access to keys().show\_ui\_sequence\_key().

· bool show ui sequence number () const

Accessor m\_show\_ui\_sequency\_number Provides access to keys().show\_ui\_sequence\_number().

bool is\_playing () const

'Getter' function for member rc().is\_pattern\_playing() Provide a convenience function so that clients don't have to mess with a global variable when they're dealing with a perform object.

void start\_playing (bool flag=false)

Encapsulates a series of calls used in mainwnd.

void stop\_playing ()

Encapsulates a series of calls used in mainwnd.

void learn\_toggle ()

Encapsulates some calls used in mainwnd.

int decrement\_beats\_per\_minute ()

Encapsulates some calls used in mainwnd.

int increment\_beats\_per\_minute ()

Encapsulates some calls used in mainwnd.

int decrement\_screenset ()

Encapsulates some calls used in mainwnd.

• int increment screenset ()

Encapsulates some calls used in mainwnd.

bool highlight (const sequence &seq) const

True if a sequence is empty and should be highlighted.

void sequence\_key (int seq)

Handle a sequence key to toggle the playing of an active pattern in the selected screen-set.

• std::string sequence label (const sequence &seq)

Provides a way to format the sequence parameters string for display in the mainwid or perfnames modules.

void set\_input\_bus (int bus, bool input\_active)

Sets the input bus, and handles the special "key labels on sequence" and "sequence numbers on sequence" functionality.

bool mainwnd\_key\_event (const keystroke &k)

Provided for mainwnd::on\_key\_press\_event() and mainwnd::on\_key\_release\_event() to call.

• bool perfroll\_key\_event (const keystroke &k, int drop\_sequence)

Provided for perfroll::on\_key\_press\_event() and perfroll::on\_key\_release\_event() to call.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· void is modified (bool flag)

'Setter' function for member m\_is\_modified

• bool is\_midi\_control\_valid (unsigned int seq) const

Checks the parameter against c\_midi\_controls.

• bool is\_screenset\_valid (int screenset) const

Checks the screenset against c\_max\_sets.

void set\_running (bool running)

'Setter' function for member m\_running

void set playback mode (bool playbackmode)

'Setter' function for member m\_playback\_mode

bool is\_seq\_valid (int seq) const

Provides common code to check for the bounds of a sequence number.

· bool is\_mseq\_valid (int seq) const

Validates the sequence number, which is important since they're currently used as array indices.

void install\_sequence (sequence \*seq, int seqnum)

A private helper function for add\_sequence().

void inner\_start (bool state)

Locks on m\_condition\_var.

· void inner stop ()

Unconditionally, and without locking, clears the running status, resets the sequences, and set m\_usemidiclock false.

void set\_all\_key\_events ()

Pass-along function for keys().set\_all\_key\_events.

void set\_all\_key\_groups ()

Pass-along function for keys().set\_all\_key\_events.

void set\_key\_event (unsigned int keycode, long sequence\_slot)

At construction time, this function sets up one keycode and one event slot.

void set\_key\_group (unsigned int keycode, long group\_slot)

At construction time, this function sets up one keycode and one group slot.

· int clamp track (int track) const

Provides common code to keep the track value valid.

#### **Private Attributes**

• gui\_assistant & m\_gui\_support

Support for a wide range of GUI-related operations.

bool m\_mute\_group [c\_gmute\_tracks]

Mute group support.

• int m\_playing\_screen

Playing screen support.

· int m playscreen offset

Playing screen sequence number offset.

sequence \* m\_seqs [c\_max\_sequence]

Provides a vector of patterns/sequences.

mastermidibus m\_master\_bus

Provides our MIDI buss.

• pthread\_t m\_out\_thread

Provides information for managing pthreads.

bool m\_playback\_mode

Specifies the playback mode.

• int m ppqn

Holds the current PPQN for usage in various actions.

• int m\_one\_measure

Holds the "one measure's worth" of pulses (ticks), which is normally m\_ppqn \* 4.

long m\_left\_tick

Holds the position of the left (L) marker, and it is first defined as 0.

· long m\_right\_tick

Holds the position of the right (R) marker, and it is first defined as the end of the fourth measure.

· long m starting tick

Holds the starting tick for playing.

• long m\_tick

MIDI Clock support.

bool m\_is\_modified

It may be a good idea to eventually centralize all of the dirtiness of a performance here.

#### **Friends**

• int jack\_sync\_callback (jack\_transport\_state\_t state, jack\_position\_t \*pos, void \*arg)

Global functions for JACK support and JACK sessions.

#### 8.33.1 Detailed Description

It has way too many data members, many of the public. Might be ripe for refactoring.

#### 8.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.33.2.1 seq64::perform::perform( gui assistant & mygui, int ppqn = SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN )
```

#### **Parameters**

mygui Provides access to the GUI assistant that holds many things, including the containers of keys and the "events" they provide. This is a base-class reference; for a real class, see the gui\_assistant\_gtk2 class in the seq\_gtkmm2 GUI-specific library. Note that we access the m\_gui\_support member using the gui() accessor function.

```
8.33.2.2 seq64::perform::\simperform ( )
```

Finally, any active patterns/sequences are deleted.

#### 8.33.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.33.3.1 void seq64::perform::modify() [inline]
```

The setter that will, is\_modified(), is private. No one but perfrom and its friends should falsify this flag.

```
8.33.3.2 int seq64::perform::sequence_count() const [inline]
```

In many cases at startup, or when loading a file, there are no sequences yet, and still the code calls functions that try to access them.

```
8.33.3.3 void seq64::perform::init ( )
```

Who calls this routine? The main() routine of the application.

```
8.33.3.4 void seq64::perform::clear_all ( )
```

The mainwnd module calls this function. Note that perform now handles the "is-modified" flag.

```
8.33.3.5 void seq64::perform::launch_input_thread ( )
```

This might be a good candidate for a small thread class derived from a small base class.

```
8.33.3.6 void seq64::perform::launch_output_thread ( )
```

This might be a good candidate for a small thread class derived from a small base class.

8.33.3.7 void seq64::perform::init\_jack()

Who calls this routine? The main() routine of the application, and the options module.

8.33.3.8 void seq64::perform::add\_sequence ( sequence \* seq, int prefnum )

No check is made for a null pointer.

This function checks for the preferred sequence number. This is the number that was specified by the Sequence Number meta-event for the current track. If the preferred sequence number is in the valid range (0 to m\_sequence \_ max) and it is not active, add it and activate it.

Otherwise, iterate through all patterns from prefnum to m\_sequence\_max and add and activate the first one that is not active, and then quit.

#### Warning

The logic of the if-statement in this function was such that *prefnum* could be out-of-bounds in the else-clause. We reworked the logic to be airtight. This bug was caught by gcc 4.8.3 on CentOS, but not on gcc 4.9.3 on Debian Sid!

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pointer to the pattern/sequence to add.
prefnum	The preferred sequence number of the pattern, as explained above. If this value is out-of-
	range, then it is basically ignored.

8.33.3.9 void seq64::perform::delete\_sequence ( int seq )

We now also solidify the deletion by setting the pointer to null after deletion.

8.33.3.10 void seq64::perform::clear\_sequence\_triggers ( int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides the desired sequence. Hopefull, the is_active() function validates this value.
-----	---

8.33.3.11 void seq64::perform::set\_left\_tick ( long tick, bool setstart = true )

#### **Parameters**

tick	The tick (MIDI pulse) at which to place the left tick. If the left tick is greater than or equal to
	the right tick, then the right ticked is moved forward by one "measure's length" (m_ppqn $*$ 4) past the left tick.
setstart	If true (the default, and longstanding implicit setting), then the starting tick is also set to the left tick.

8.33.3.12 void seq64::perform::set\_right\_tick ( long tick, bool setstart = true )

This setting is made only if the tick parameter is at or beyond the first measure.

#### **Parameters**

tick	The tick (MIDI pulse) at which to place the right tick. If less than or equal to the left tick setting,
	then the left tick is backed up by one "measure's worth" (m_ppqn * 4) worth of ticks from the
	new right tick.
setstart	If true (the default, and longstanding implicit setting), then the starting tick is also set to the
	left tick, if that got changed.

8.33.3.13 void seq64::perform::move\_triggers ( bool a\_direction )

#### **Parameters**

a direction	Specifies the desired direction; false = left, true = right.
a_direction	Specifies the desired direction, talse = left, true = right.

8.33.3.14 void seq64::perform::copy\_triggers()

This copies the triggers between the L marker and R marker to the R marker.

8.33.3.15 void seq64::perform::push\_trigger\_undo()

Too bad we cannot yet keep track of all the undoes.

8.33.3.16 midi\_control \* seq64::perform::get\_midi\_control\_toggle ( unsigned int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides a control value (such as c_midi_control_bpm_up) to use to retrieve the desired
	midi_control object. Note that this value is unsigned simply to make the legality check of the
	parameter easier.

8.33.3.17  $midi\_control * seq64::perform::get\_midi\_control\_on ( unsigned int seq )$ 

### **Parameters**

seq	Provides a control value (such as c_midi_control_bpm_up) to use to retrieve the desired
	midi_control object.

8.33.3.18 midi\_control \* seq64::perform::get\_midi\_control\_off ( unsigned int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides a control value (such as c_midi_control_bpm_up) to use to retrieve the desired
	midi_control object.

8.33.3.19 const std::string & seq64::perform::get\_screen\_set\_notepad ( int screenset ) const

#### **Parameters**

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screenset	The ID number of the string set, an index into the m_screen_set_notepad[] array. This value	1
	is validated.	

#### Returns

Returns a reference to the desired string, or to an empty string if the screen-set number is invalid.

8.33.3.20 void seq64::perform::set\_screen\_set\_notepad ( int screenset, const std::string & notepad )

#### **Parameters**

screenset	The ID number of the string set, an index into the m_screen_set_xxx[] arrays.
notepad	Provides the string date to copy into the notepad. Not sure why a pointer is used, instead of
	nice "const std::string &" parameter. And this pointer isn't checked.

### 8.33.3.21 void seq64::perform::set\_screenset ( int ss )

It's not clear that we need to set the is-modified flag just because we changed the screen set.

#### **Parameters**

ss The index of the desired string set. It is	forced to range from 0 to c_max_sets - 1.
---	---

### 8.33.3.22 void seq64::perform::set\_playing\_screenset()

For each value up to c\_seqs\_in\_set (32), the index of the current sequence in the currently screen set (m\_playing ← \_screen) is obtained. If it is active and the sequence actually exists

Modifies m\_playing\_screen, and mutes the group tracks.

```
8.33.3.23 void seg64::perform::unset_mode_group_learn()
```

Then unsets the group-learn mode flag.

8.33.3.24 void seq64::perform::select\_mute\_group ( int a\_group )

#### **Parameters**

a_group	Provides the group to mute. Note that this parameter is essentially a track or sequence
	number.

#### 8.33.3.25 void seq64::perform::start ( bool state )

#### **Parameters**

state	What does this state mean?

### 8.33.3.26 void seq64::perform::stop ( )

The logic seems backward here, in that we call inner\_stop() if JACK is not running. Or perhaps we misunderstand the meaning of m\_jack\_running?

8.33.3.27 void seq64::perform::all\_notes\_off()

Then flush the MIDI buss.

8.33.3.28 void seq64::perform::set\_active ( int seq, bool active )

If setting it active, the sequence::number() setter is called. It won't modify the sequence's internal copy of the sequence number if it has already been set.

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides the prospective sequence number.
active	True if the sequence is to be set to the active state.

8.33.3.29 void seq64::perform::set\_was\_active ( int seq )

Why do we need this routine?

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity.

8.33.3.30 bool seq64::perform::is\_dirty\_main ( int seq )

See the sequence::is\_dirty\_main() function.

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity.
-----	---

#### Returns

Returns the was-active-main flag value, before setting it to false. Returns false if the pattern was invalid.

8.33.3.31 bool seq64::perform::is\_dirty\_edit ( int seq )

### Parameters

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity.

#### Returns

Returns the was-active-edit flag value, before setting it to false. Returns false if the pattern was invalid.

8.33.3.32 bool seq64::perform::is\_dirty\_perf ( int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity.

#### Returns

Returns the was-active-perf flag value, before setting it to false. Returns false if the pattern/sequence number was invalid.

8.33.3.33 bool seq64::perform::is\_dirty\_names ( int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity.
-----	---

#### Returns

Returns the was-active-names flag value, before setting it to false. Returns false if the pattern/sequence number was invalid.

8.33.3.34 void seq64::perform::new\_sequence ( int seq )

Then it activates the pattern.

It doesn't deal with thrown exceptions.

8.33.3.35 bool seq64::perform::is\_active(int seq) [inline]

Todo We should have the sequence object keep track of its own activity and access that via a reference or pointer.

#### **Parameters**

seq	The pattern number. It is checked for invalidity. This can lead to "too many" (i.e. redundant)
	checks.

#### Returns

Returns the value of the active-flag, or false if the pattern was invalid.

8.33.3.36 sequence\* seq64::perform::get\_sequence( int seq ) [inline]

#### **Parameters**

seq	The prospective sequence number.

#### Returns

Returns the value of m\_seqs[seq] if seq is valid. Otherwise, a null pointer is returned.

8.33.3.37 void seq64::perform::reset\_sequences ( )

Then flush the MIDI buss.

8.33.3.38 void seq64::perform::play ( long tick )

Starts the playing of all the patterns/sequences.

This function just runs down the list of sequences and has them dump their events.

#### **Parameters**

tick Provides the tick at which to start playing.

8.33.3.39 void seq64::perform::set\_orig\_ticks ( long tick )

#### **Parameters**

tick

8.33.3.40 void seq64::perform::set\_beats\_per\_minute ( int bpm )

The value is set only if neither JACK nor this performance object are running.

It's not clear that we need to set the is-modified flag just because we changed the screen set.

**Todo** I think this logic is wrong, in that it needs only one of the two to be stopped before it sets the BPM, while it seems to me that both should be stopped; to be determined.

8.33.3.41 void seq64::perform::set\_sequence\_control\_status ( int a\_status )

Then the given status is OR'd into the m\_control\_status.

8.33.3.42 void seq64::perform::unset\_sequence\_control\_status ( int a\_status )

Then the given status is reversed in m\_control\_status.

8.33.3.43 void seq64::perform::sequence\_playing\_off ( int seq )

#### **Parameters**

seq The number of the seq to be turned off.

8.33.3.44 void seq64::perform::output\_func ( )

- 1. Get delta time (current last).
- 2. Get delta ticks from time.
- 3. Add to current\_ticks.
- 4. Compute prebuffer ticks.
- 5. Play from current tick to prebuffer.

Figure out how much time we need to sleep, and do it.

8.33.3.45 long seq64::perform::get\_max\_trigger ( )

### Returns

Returns the highest trigger value, or zero. It is not clear why this function doesn't return a "no trigger found" value. Is there always at least one trigger, at 0?

8.33.3.46 void seq64::perform::set\_offset ( int offset ) [inline]

Sets m\_offset = offset \* c\_mainwnd\_rows \* c\_mainwnd\_cols;

#### **Parameters**

offset The desired offset.

```
8.33.3.47 bool seq64::perform::show_ui_sequence_key( )const [inline]
```

Used in mainwid, options, optionsfile, userfile, and perform.

```
8.33.3.48 bool seq64::perform::show_ui_sequence_number( ) const [inline]
```

Used in mainwid, optionsfile, and perform.

```
8.33.3.49 void seq64::perform::start_playing ( bool flag = false ) [inline]
```

We've reversed the start() and start\_jack() calls so that JACK is started first, to match all of the other use-cases for playing that we've found in the code.

Todo Verify the usage and nature of this flag.

```
8.33.3.50 int seq64::perform::decrement_beats_per_minute( ) [inline]
```

Actually does a lot of work in those function calls.

```
8.33.3.51 int seq64::perform::increment_beats_per_minute( ) [inline]
```

Actually does a lot of work in those function calls.

```
8.33.3.52 std::string seq64::perform::sequence_label ( const sequence & seq )
```

This string goes on the bottom-left of those user-interface elements.

The format of this string is something like the following example, depending on the "show sequence numbers" option. The values shown are, in this order, sequence number (if allowed), buss number, channel number, beats per bar, and beat width.

```
No sequence number: 31-16 4/4
Sequence number: 9 31-16 4/4
```

The sequence number and buss number are re  $\mathbf{0}$ , while the channel number is displayed re  $\mathbf{1}$ .

#### Note

Later, we could add the sequence hot-key to this string, though showing that is not much use in perfnames. Also, this function is a stilted mix of direct access and access through sequence number.

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides the reference to the sequence, use for getting the sequence parameters to be written
	to the label string.

#### Returns

Returns the filled in label if the sequence is active. Otherwise, an empty string is returned.

8.33.3.53 void seq64::perform::set\_input\_bus ( int bus, bool active )

This function is called by options::input callback().

**Tricky Code** See the bus parameter. We should provide two separate functions for this feature, but it is already combined into one input-callback function with a lot of other functionality in the options module.

#### **Parameters**

bus	If this value is greater than SEQ64_DEFAULT_BUSS_MAX (32), then it is treated as a user-
	interface flag (PERFORM_KEY_LABELS_ON_SEQUENCE or PERFORM_NUM_LABEL←
	S_ON_SEQUENCE) that causes all the sequences to be dirtied, and thus get redrawn iwht
	the new user-interface setting.
active	Indicates whether the buss or the user-interface feature is active or inactive.

8.33.3.54 bool seq64::perform::mainwnd\_key\_event ( const keystroke & k )

#### Returns

Returns true if the key was handled.

8.33.3.55 bool seq64::perform::perfroll\_key\_event ( const keystroke & k, int drop\_sequence )

#### Returns

Returns true if the key was handled.

**8.33.3.56** bool seq64::perform::is\_midi\_control\_valid ( unsigned int seq ) const [inline], [private]

#### **Parameters**

seq	The value that should be in the c_midi_controls range.

#### Returns

Returns true if the parameter is valid. For this function, no error print-out is generated.

**8.33.3.57** bool seq64::perform::is\_screenset\_valid (int screenset ) const [inline], [private]

#### **Parameters**

screenset	The prospective screenset value.

#### Returns

Returns true if the parameter is valid. For this function, no error print-out is generated.

8.33.3.58 bool seq64::perform::is\_seq\_valid(int seq)const [private]

Also see the function is\_mseq\_valid(), which also checks the pointer stored in the m\_seq[] array.

We considered checking the *seq* param against sequence\_count(), but this function is called while creating sequences that add to that count, so we continue checking against the "container" size. Also, it is possible to have holes in the array representing inactive sequences, so that sequencer\_count() would be too limiting.

#### **Parameters**

seq	The sequencer number, in interval [0, m_sequence_max).

#### Returns

Returns true if the sequence number is valid.

8.33.3.59 bool seq64::perform::is\_mseq\_valid ( int seq ) const [private]

It also evaluates the m\_seq[seq] pointer value.

#### Note

Since we can have holes in the sequence array, where there are inactive sequences, we check if the sequence is even active before emitting a message about a null pointer for the sequence. We only want to see messages that indicate actual problems.

#### **Parameters**

seq	Provides the sequence number to be checked. It is checked for validity. We cannot compare	
	the sequence number versus the sequence_count(), because the current implementation can	
	have inactive holes (with null pointers) interspersed with active pointers.	

#### Returns

Returns true if the sequence number is valid as per is\_seq\_valid(), and the sequence pointer is not null.

**8.33.3.60** void seq64::perform::install\_sequence( sequence \* seq, int seqnum ) [private]

It is common code and using it prevents inconsistences. It assumes values have already been checked.

#### **Parameters**

seq	seq The pointer to the pattern/sequence to add.	
segnum The sequence number of the pattern to be added.		

**8.33.3.61** void seq64::perform::inner\_start(bool state) [private]

Then, if not is\_running(), the playback mode is set to the given state. If that state is true, call off\_sequences(). Set the running status, and signal the condition. Then unlock.

8.33.3.62 void seq64::perform::set\_key\_event ( unsigned int keycode, long sequence\_slot ) [private]

It is called 32 times, corresponding to the pattern/sequence slots in the Patterns window.

It first removes the given key-code from the regular and reverse slot-maps. Then it removes the sequence-slot from the regular and reverse slot-maps.

Finally, it adds the sequence-slot with a key value of key-code, and adds the key-code with a value of sequence-slot.

Why are we erasing four items instead of just two?

8.33.3.63 void seq64::perform::set\_key\_group ( unsigned int keycode, long group\_slot ) [private]

It is called 32 times, corresponding the pattern/sequence slots in the Patterns window.

Compare it to the set\_key\_events() function.

```
8.33.3.64 int seq64::perform::clamp_track(int track) const [inline], [private]
```

Note the bug we found, where we checked for track > c\_seqs\_in\_set, but set it to c\_seqs\_in\_set - 1 in that case!

### 8.33.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

```
8.33.4.1 int jack_sync_callback ( jack_transport_state_t state, jack_position_t * pos, void * arg ) [friend]
```

This JACK synchronization callback informs the specified perform object of the current state and parameters of JACK.

#### **Parameters**

state	The JACK Transport state.	
pos	The JACK position value.	
arg	The pointer to the jack_assistant object. Currently not checked for nullity, nor dynamic-casted.	

#### 8.33.5 Field Documentation

```
8.33.5.1 int seq64::perform::m_playscreen_offset [private]
```

Saves some multiplications, should make the code easier to grok, and centralizes the use of c\_seqs\_in\_set, which we want to be able to change at run-time, as a future enhancement.

```
8.33.5.2 bool seq64::perform::m_playback_mode [private]
```

There are two, "live" and "song", but we're not yet sure what "true" indicates. It is most likely:

```
m_playback_mode == false: live mode
m_playback_mode == true: playback/song mode
```

```
8.33.5.3 int seq64::perform::m_one_measure [private]
```

We can save some multiplications, and, more importantly, later define a more flexible definition of "one measure's worth" than simply four quarter notes.

```
8.33.5.4 long seq64::perform::m_left_tick [private]
```

Note that "tick" is actually "pulses".

```
8.33.5.5 long seq64::perform::m_right_tick [private]
```

Note that "tick" is actually "pulses".

**8.33.5.6 long seq64::perform::m\_starting\_tick** [private]

By default, this value is always reset to the value of the "left tick". We want to eventually be able to leave it at the last playing tick, to support a "pause" functionality. Note that "tick" is actually "pulses".

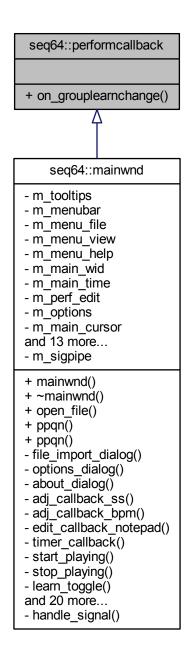
**8.33.5.7** bool seq64::perform::m\_is\_modified [private]

All the GUIs seem to use a perform object. IN PROGRESS.

# 8.34 seq64::performcallback Struct Reference

Provides for notification of events.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::performcallback:



## 8.34.1 Detailed Description

Provide a response to a group-learn change event.

## 8.35 seq64::perfroll Class Reference

This class implements the performance roll user interface.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::perfroll:



### **Public Member Functions**

perfroll (perform &perf, Gtk::Adjustment &hadjust, Gtk::Adjustment &vadjust, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEF

 AULT\_PPQN)

Principal constructor.

∼perfroll ()

This destructor deletes the interaction object.

· void set\_guides (int snap, int measure, int beat)

This function sets the m\_snap, m\_measure\_length, and m\_beat\_length members directly from the function parameters, which are in units of pulses (sometimes misleadingly called "ticks".)

• void update\_sizes ()

Updates the sizes of various items.

void init\_before\_show ()

Sets the roll-lengths ticks member.

void fill background pixmap ()

This function updates the background of the Performance roll.

void increment size ()

Increments the value of m\_roll\_length\_ticks by the PPQN \* 512, then calls update\_sizes().

• void draw progress ()

Draws the progess line that shows where we are in the performance.

• void redraw\_dirty\_sequences ()

Redraws patterns/sequences that have been modified.

• void draw\_all ()

Provides a very common sequence of calls used in perfroll\_input.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void set ppqn (int ppqn)

Handles changes to the PPQN value in one place.

void convert\_xy (int x, int y, long &ticks, int &seq)

Converts a tick-offset ....

void convert\_x (int x, long &ticks)

Converts a tick-offset on the x coordinate.

void snap\_x (int &x)

This function performs a 'snap' action on x.

· void start\_playing ()

Start the performance playing.

void stop\_playing ()

Stop the performance playing.

• void draw\_sequence\_on (int seqnum)

Draws the given pattern/sequence on the given drawable area.

void draw\_background\_on (int seqnum)

Draws the given pattern/sequence background on the given drawable area.

void draw\_drawable\_row (long y)

Not quite sure what this draws yet.

· void change horz ()

Changes the 4-bar horizontal offset member and queues up a draw operation.

• void change vert ()

Changes the 4-bar vertical offset member and queues up a draw operation.

void split\_trigger (int sequence, long tick)

Splits a trigger, whatever than means.

• void on realize ()

Provides the on-realization callback.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

Handles the on-expose event.

bool on button press event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

This callback function handles a button press by forwarding it to the interaction object's button-press function.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

This callback function handles a button release by forwarding it to the interaction object's button-release function.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*ev)

Handles motion notification by forwarding it to the interaction object's motion-notification callback function.

• bool on scroll event (GdkEventScroll \*ev)

Handles horizontal and vertical scrolling.

• bool on\_focus\_in\_event (GdkEventFocus \*ev)

This callback handles an in-focus event by setting the flag to HAS\_FOCUS.

bool on focus out event (GdkEventFocus \*ev)

This callback handles an out-of-focus event by resetting the flag HAS\_FOCUS.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &al)

Upon a size allocation event, this callback calls the base-class version of this function, then sets m\_window\_x and m\_window\_y, and calls update\_sizes().

bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*ev)

This callback function handles a key-press event.

void on\_size\_request (GtkRequisition \*)

This do-nothing callback effectively throws away a size request.

### **Private Attributes**

• FruityPerfInput m\_fruity\_interaction

We need both styles of interaction object present.

Seq24PerfInput m seq24 interaction

Provides support for standard Seq24 mouse handling, plus the keystroke handlers.

#### **Friends**

· class FruityPerfInput

These friend implement interaction-specific behavior, although only the Seq24 interactions support keyboard processing, except for some common functionality provided by perform::perfroll\_key\_event().

### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.35.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.35.1.1 seq64::perfroll::~perfroll()

Well, now there are two objects, so no explicit deletion necessary.

#### 8.35.2 Member Function Documentation

8.35.2.1 void seq64::perfroll::set\_guides ( int snap, int measure, int beat )

This function then fills in the background, and queues up a draw operation.

### **Parameters**

snap	Provides the number of snap-pulses (pulses per snap interval) as calculated in perfedit::set ←	
	_guides(). This is actually equal to the measure-pulses divided by the snap value in perfedit;	
	the snap value defaults to 8.	

measure	sure Provides the number of measure-pulses (pulses per measure) as calculated in perfedit::set  _guides().	
beat	Provides the number of beat-pulses (pulses per beat) as calculated in perfedit::set_guides().	

#### 8.35.2.2 void seq64::perfroll::update\_sizes ( )

Note

Trying to figure out what the 16 is. So take the "bars-visible" calculation, the c\_perf\_scale\_x value, assume that "ticks" is another name for "pulses", and assume that "beats" is a quarter note. Ignoring the numbers, the units come out to:

```
pixels * ticks / pixel
bars = ------
ticks / beat * beats / bar
```

Thus, the 16 is a "beats per bar" or "beats per measure" value. This doesn't quite make sense, but there are 16 divisions per beat on the perfroll user-interface. So for now we'll call it the latter, and make a variable called "m\_divs\_per\_beat", see its definition in the class initializer list.

```
8.35.2.3 void seq64::perfroll::init_before_show()
```

First, it gets the largest trigger value among the active sequences. Then it truncates this value to the nearest PPQN \* 16 ticks. Then it adds PPQN \* 4096 ticks.

```
8.35.2.4 void seq64::perfroll::fill_background_pixmap ( )
```

This first thing done is to clear the background by painting it with a filled white rectangle.

```
8.35.2.5 void seq64::perfroll::set_ppqn ( int ppqn ) [private]
```

The m\_ticks\_per\_bar member replaces the global ppqn times 16. This construct is parts-per-quarter-note times 4 quarter notes times 4 sixteenth notes in a bar. (We think...)

The m\_perf\_scale\_x member starts out at c\_perf\_scale\_x, which is 32 ticks per pixel at the default tick rate of 192 PPQN. We adjust this now. But note that this calculation still involves the c\_perf\_scale\_x constant.

```
8.35.2.6 void seq64::perfroll::convert_xy( int x, int y, long & d_tick, int & d_seq) [private]
```

The results are returned via the d\_tick and d\_seq parameters.

```
8.35.2.7 void seq64::perfroll::convert_x ( int x, long & tick ) [private]
```

The result is returned via the tick parameter.

```
8.35.2.8 void seq64::perfroll::snap_x ( int & x ) [private]
```

- m\_snap = number pulses to snap to
- m perf scale x = number of pulses per pixel

Therefore  $mod = m\_snap/m\_perf\_scale\_x$  equals the number pixels to snap to.

```
8.35.2.9 void seq64::perfroll::start_playing( ) [private]
```

We need to keep in sync with perfedit's start\_playing()... wish we could call it directly. Well, now we go to the source, calling perform::start\_playing().

```
8.35.2.10 void seq64::perfroll::stop_playing( ) [private]
```

We need to keep in sync with perfedit's stop\_playing()... wish we could call it directly. Well, now we go to the source, calling perform::stop\_playing().

```
8.35.2.11 void seq64::perfroll::draw_sequence_on(int seqnum) [private]
```

Statement nesting from hell!

```
8.35.2.12 void seq64::perfroll::draw_drawable_row(long y) [private]
```

It is involved in the drawing of a greyed (selected) row.

What's weird is that we divide y by m\_names\_y, then multiply it by m\_names\_y, before passing the result to drawddrawable(). However, if we just as y casted to an int, then the drawing of the row is only partial, vertically.

```
8.35.2.13 void seq64::perfroll::on_realize( ) [private]
```

Calls the base-class version first.

Then it allocates the additional resources need, that couldn't be initialized in the constructor, and makes some connections.

```
8.35.2.14 bool seg64::perfroll::on_button_press_event( GdkEventButton * ev ) [private]
```

This gives us Seq24 versus Fruity behavior.

One minor issue: Fruity behavior doesn't yet provide the keystroke behavior we now handle for the Seq24 mode of operation.

```
8.35.2.15 bool seq64::perfroll::on_button_release_event ( GdkEventButton * ev ) [private]
```

This gives us Seq24 versus Fruity behavior.

```
8.35.2.16 bool seq64::perfroll::on_key_press_event ( GdkEventKey * ev ) [private]
```

If we don't check the event type first, then the ev->keyval value is something weird like 65507. Note that we pass the functionality on to the perform::perfroll\_key\_event() function for the handling of delete, cut, copy, paste, and undo operations. If the keystroke is not handled by that function, then we handle it here.

Note that only the Seq24 input interaction object handles additional keystrokes not handled by the perfroll\_key $_{\leftarrow}$  event() function.

## 8.35.3 Field Documentation

```
8.35.3.1 FruityPerfInput seq64::perfroll::m_fruity_interaction [private]
```

Even if the user specifies the fruity interaction, the Seq24 interaction is still needed to handle our new keystroke support for the perfroll. We need both objects to exist all the time, similar to the Fruity/Seq24 roles in the seqroll

object.

Obsolete AbstractPerfInput \* m interaction

# 8.36 seq64::perftime Class Reference

This class implements drawing the piano time at the top of the "performance window" (the "song editor"). Inheritance diagram for seq64::perftime:



#### **Public Member Functions**

perftime (perform &perf, Gtk::Adjustment &hadjust, int ppgn=SEQ64 USE DEFAULT PPQN)

Principal constructor.

void set guides (int snap, int measure)

Sets the m\_snap value and the m\_measure\_length members directly from the function parameters, which are in units of pulses (sometimes misleadingly called "ticks".)

void increment\_size ()

This function does nothing.

#### **Private Member Functions**

• void change\_horz ()

Change the m\_4bar\_offset and queue a draw operation.

void set\_ppqn (int ppqn)

Handles changes to the PPQN value in one place.

long tick\_to\_pixel (long tick)

Common calculation to convert a pulse/tick value to a perftime x value.

long pixel\_to\_tick (long pixel)

The inverse of tick\_to\_pixel().

void update\_sizes ()

This function does nothing.

• int idle progress ()

This function just returns true.

void update pixmap ()

This function does nothing.

· void draw pixmap on window ()

This function does nothing.

void on\_realize ()

Implements the on-realization event, then allocates some resources the could not be allocated in the constructor.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

Implements the on-expose event.

• bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Implement the button-press event.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &r)

Implements a size-allocation event.

 $\bullet \ \ bool \ on\_button\_release\_event \ (GdkEventButton \ *)\\$ 

This button-release handler does nothing.

### **Private Attributes**

· int m 4bar offset

Not yet sure exactly what this member represents.

· int m\_tick\_offset

This member is m\_4bar\_offset times 16 times the current PPQN, to save some calculations and centralize this value.

• int m ppqn

The current value of PPQN, which we are trying to get to work everywhere, when PPQN is changed from the global ppqn = 192.

· int m snap

Snap value, starts out very small, equal to m\_ppqn.

• int m\_measure\_length

Provides the length of a measure in pulses or ticks.

int m\_left\_marker\_tick

Holds the current location of the left (L) marker when arrow movement is in force.

· int m\_right\_marker\_tick

Holds the current location of the right (R) marker when arrow movement is in force.

int m perf scale x

A class version of the global c\_perf\_scale\_x factor.

· int m\_timearea\_y

A class version of the global c\_timerarea\_y factor.

### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.36.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.36.1.1 seq64::perftime::perftime ( perform & p, Gtk::Adjustment & hadjust, int ppqn = SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN )
```

In the constructor you can only allocate colors; get\_window() returns 0 because we have not been realized.

Note

Note that we still have to use a global constant in the base-class constructor; we cannot assign it to the corresponding member beforehand.

#### 8.36.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.36.2.1 void seq64::perftime::set_guides ( int snap, int measure )
```

This function then fills in the background, and queues up a draw operation.

#### **Parameters**

snap	Provides the number of snap-pulses (pulses per snap interval) as calculated in perfedit::set←	
	_guides(). This is actually equal to the measure-pulses divided by the snap value in perfedit;	
	the snap value defaults to 8.	
measure	Provides the number of measure-pulses (pulses per measure) as calculated in perfedit::set←	
	_guides().	

```
8.36.2.2 void seq64::perftime::on_realize( ) [private]
```

It is important to call the base-class version of this function.

Done in base-class's on\_realize() and in its constructor now.

```
m_window = get_window();
m_gc = Gdk::GC::create(m_window);
m_window->clear();
set_size_request(10, m_timearea_y);
```

### **8.36.2.3** bool seq64::perftime::on\_expose\_event( GdkEventExpose \* ev ) [private]

Note

The perfedit object is created early on. When brought on-screen from mainwnd (the main window), first, perftime::on\_realize() is called, then this event is called.

It crashes trying to set the foreground color.

#### 8.36.3 Field Documentation

```
8.36.3.1 int seq64::perftime::m_measure_length [private]
```

This value is m ppqn \* 4, though eventually we want to employ a more flexible representation of measure length.

```
8.36.3.2 int seq64::perftime::m_left_marker_tick [private]
```

Otherwise it is -1.

**8.36.3.3** int seq64::perftime::m\_right\_marker\_tick [private]

Otherwise it is -1.

## 8.37 seq64::rc\_settings Class Reference

This class contains the options formerly named "global\_xxxxxxx".

#### **Public Member Functions**

• rc\_settings ()

Default constructor.

rc\_settings (const rc\_settings &rhs)

Copy constructor.

rc\_settings & operator= (const rc\_settings &rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

• std::string config\_filespec () const

Constructs the full path and file specification for the "rc" file based on whether or not the legacy Seq24 filenames are being used.

• std::string user filespec () const

Constructs the full path and file specification for the "user" file based on whether or not the legacy Seq24 filenames are being used.

· void set\_defaults ()

Sets the default values.

• void set\_globals ()

Copies the current values of the member variables into their corresponding global variables.

void get\_globals ()

Copies the current values of the global variables into their corresponding member variables.

bool legacy\_format () const

Accessor m\_legacy\_format

bool lash\_support () const

Accessor m\_lash\_support

• bool allow\_mod4\_mode () const

Accessor m\_allow\_mod4\_mode

• bool show\_midi () const

Accessor m\_show\_midi

• bool priority () const

Accessor m\_priority

• bool stats () const

Accessor m\_stats

bool pass\_sysex () const

Accessor m\_pass\_sysex

bool with\_jack\_transport () const

Accessor m\_with\_jack\_transport

• bool with\_jack\_master () const

Accessor m\_with\_jack\_master

· bool with\_jack\_master\_cond () const

Accessor m\_with\_jack\_master\_cond

• bool jack\_start\_mode () const

Accessor m\_jack\_start\_mode

bool manual\_alsa\_ports () const

Accessor m\_manual\_alsa\_ports

bool is\_pattern\_playing () const

Accessor m\_is\_pattern\_playing

· bool print\_keys () const

Accessor m\_print\_keys

· bool device\_ignore () const

Accessor m\_device\_ignore

int device\_ignore\_num () const

'Getter' function for member m\_device\_ignore\_num

interaction\_method\_t interaction\_method () const

'Getter' function for member m interaction method

· const std::string & filename () const

'Getter' function for member m\_filename

const std::string & jack\_session\_uuid () const

'Getter' function for member m\_jack\_session\_uuid

const std::string & last\_used\_dir () const

'Getter' function for member m\_last\_used\_dir

const std::string & config\_directory () const

'Getter' function for member m\_config\_directory

const std::string & config\_filename () const

'Getter' function for member m\_config\_filename

• const std::string & user\_filename () const

'Getter' function for member m\_user\_filename

• const std::string & config\_filename\_alt () const

'Getter' function for member m\_config\_filename\_alt;

• const std::string & user\_filename\_alt () const

'Getter' function for member m\_user\_filename\_alt
• void device\_ignore\_num (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_device\_ignore\_num However, please note that this value, while set in the options processing of the main module, does not appear to be used anywhere in the code in seq24, Sequencer24, and this application.

void interaction method (interaction method t value)

'Setter' function for member m\_interaction\_method

void filename (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m filename

void jack\_session\_uuid (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m\_jack\_session\_uuid

void last used dir (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m last used dir

void config\_directory (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m\_config\_directory

void config\_filename (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m\_config\_filename

void user filename (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m\_user\_filename

void config\_filename\_alt (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m config filename alt:

void user\_filename\_alt (const std::string &value)

'Setter' function for member m\_user\_filename\_alt

#### **Private Member Functions**

• std::string home\_config\_directory () const

Provides the directory for the configuration file, and also creates the directory if necessary.

• bool make\_directory (const std::string &pathname) const

An internal function to ensure that the ~/.config/sequencer64 directory exists.

#### **Private Attributes**

• std::string m\_filename

Provides the name of current MIDI file.

#### 8.37.1 Member Function Documentation

**8.37.1.1** std::string seq64::rc\_settings::home\_config\_directory( ) const [private]

If the legacy format is in force, then the home directory for the configuration is (in Linux) "/home/username", and the configuration file is ".seq24rc".

If the new format is in force, then the home directory is (in Linux) "/home/username/.config/sequencer64", and the configuration file is "sequencer64.rc".

#### Returns

Returns the selection home configuration directory. If it does not exist or could not be created, then an empty string is returned.

**8.37.1.2** bool seq64::rc\_settings::make\_directory( const std::string & pathname) const [private]

This function is actually a little more general than that, but it is not sufficiently general, in general.

#### **Parameters**

pathname	Provides the name of the path to create.	The parent directory of the final directory must
	already exist.	

#### Returns

Returns true if the path-name exists.

## 8.38 seq64::gui\_drawingarea\_gtk2::rect Struct Reference

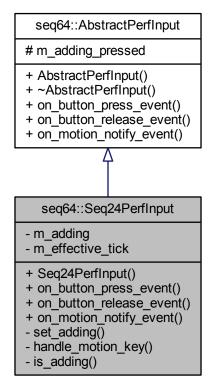
A small helper structure representing a rectangle.

## 8.39 seq64::rect Class Reference

A small helper class representing a rectangle.

## 8.40 seq64::Seq24PerfInput Class Reference

Implements the default (Seq24) performance input characteristics of this application. Inheritance diagram for seq64::Seq24PerfInput:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev, perfroll &roll)

  Handles the normal variety of button-press event.
- bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev, perfroll &roll)

  Handles various button-release events.
- bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*a\_ev, perfroll &roll)

  Handles the normal motion-notify event.

### **Private Member Functions**

void set\_adding (bool a\_adding, perfroll &roll)
 A popup menu (which one?) calls this.

bool handle\_motion\_key (bool is\_left, perfroll &roll)

Handles the keystroke motion-notify event for moving a pattern back and forth in the performance.

· bool is adding () const

'Getter' function for member m\_adding

#### 8.40.1 Member Function Documentation

8.40.1.1 bool seq64::Seq24Perfinput::on\_button\_press\_event( GdkEventButton \* ev, perfroll & roll) [virtual]

Is there any easy way to use ctrl-left-click as the middle button here?

Implements seq64::AbstractPerfInput.

**8.40.1.2** bool seq64::Seq24Perfinput::on\_button\_release\_event( GdkEventButton \* ev, perfroll & roll) [virtual]

Any use for the middle-button or ctrl-left-click we can add?

Implements seq64::AbstractPerfInput.

**8.40.1.3** void seq64::Seq24PerfInput::set\_adding( bool adding, perfroll & roll) [private]

What does it mean?

8.40.1.4 bool seq64::Seq24Perfinput::handle motion key ( bool is left, perfroil & roll ) [private]

What happens when the mouse is used to drag the pattern is that, first, roll.m\_drop\_tick is set by left-clicking into the pattern to select it. As the pattern is dragged, the drop-tick value does not change, but the tick (converted from the moving x value) does.

Then the button-handler sets roll.m\_moving = true, and calculates roll.m\_drop\_tick\_trigger\_offset = roll.m\_drop\_tick - p.get\_sequence(dropseq)->selected\_trigger\_start();

The motion handler sees that roll.m\_moving is true, gets the new tick value from the new x value, offsets it, and calls p.get\_sequence(dropseq)->move\_selected\_triggers\_to(tick, true).

When the user releases the left button, then roll.m\_growing is turned of and the roll draw\_all()'s.

### Parameters

is left   False denotes the right arrow key, and true denotes the left arrow key.	
roll Provides a reference to the parent roll, which keeps track of most of the information about	
	status of the window.

### Returns

Returns true if there was some action able to happen that would necessitate a window update. We've updated triggers::move\_selected() [called indirectly near the end of this routine] to return false if no more movement could be made. This prevents this routine from moving way ahead after movement of the selected (in the user-interface) trigger stops.

### 8.41 seq64::Seq24SeqEventInput Struct Reference

This structure implement the normal interaction methods for Seq24.

#### **Public Member Functions**

Seq24SeqEventInput ()

Default constructor.

void set\_adding (bool a\_adding, seqevent &ths)

Changes the mouse cursor to a pencil or a left pointer in the given segevent abbject, depending on the first parameter.

bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev, seqevent &ths)

Implements the on-button-press event callback.

• bool on button release event (GdkEventButton \*a ev, segevent &ths)

Implements the on-button-release callback.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*a\_ev, seqevent &ths)

Implements the on-motion-notify event.

#### 8.41.1 Member Function Documentation

8.41.1.1 void seg64::Seg24SegEventInput::set\_adding( bool adding, segevent & segev)

Modifies m adding as well.

8.41.1.2 bool seq64::Seq24SeqEventInput::on\_button\_press\_event ( GdkEventButton \* a\_ev, seqevent & seqev )

Set values for dragging, then reset the box that holds dirty redraw spot. Then do the rest. Needs update. seqev.m seq.unselect(); ???????

## 8.42 seq64::Seq24SeqRollInput Class Reference

Implements the Seq24 mouse interaction paradigm for the seqroll.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Seq24SeqRollInput ()

Default constructor.

void set\_adding (bool a\_adding, seqroll &ths)

Changes the mouse cursor pixmap according to whether a note is being added or not.

• bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev, seqroll &ths)

Implements the on-button-press event handling for the Seq24 style of mouse interaction.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev, seqroll &ths)

Implements the on-button-release event handling for the Seq24 style of mouse interaction.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*a\_ev, seqroll &ths)

Implements the on-motion-notify event handling for the Seq24 style of mouse interaction.

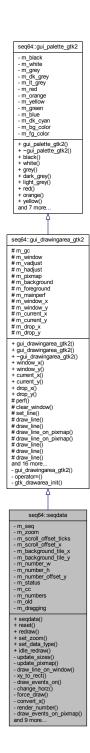
## 8.42.1 Member Function Documentation

8.42.1.1 void seq64::Seq24SeqRollInput::set\_adding ( bool adding, seqroll & sroll )

What calls this? It is actually a right click.

# 8.43 seq64::seqdata Class Reference

This class supports drawing piano-roll eventis on a window. Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqdata:



## **Public Member Functions**

• seqdata (sequence &seq, perform &p, int zoom, Gtk::Adjustment &hadjust) *Principal constructor.*  void reset ()

This function calls update\_size().

· void redraw ()

Updates the pixmap and queues up a redraw operation.

void set zoom (int a zoom)

Sets the zoom to the given value and resets the view via the reset function.

void set\_data\_type (unsigned char a\_status, unsigned char a\_control)

Sets the status to the given value, and the control to the optional given value, which defaults to 0, then calls redraw().

• int idle redraw ()

Draws events on this object's built-in window and pixmap.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· void update sizes ()

Updates the sizes in the pixmap if the view is realized, and queues up a draw operation.

void update pixmap ()

Simply calls draw\_events\_on\_pixmap().

void draw\_line\_on\_window ()

Draws on vertical line on the data window.

• void xy\_to\_rect (int a\_x1, int a\_y1, int a\_x2, int a\_y2, int &r\_x, int &r\_y, int &r\_w, int &r\_h)

This function takes two points, and returns an Xwin rectangle, returned via the last four parameters.

void draw\_events\_on (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > drawable)

Draws events on the given drawable object.

• void change\_horz ()

Change the scrolling offset on the x-axis, and redraw.

• void force draw ()

Force a redraw.

void convert\_x (int x, long &tick)

This function takes screen coordinates, and gives the horizontaol tick value based on the current zoom, returned via the second parameter.

• void render number (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Pixmap > &pixmap, int x, int y, const char \*const num)

Convenience function for rendering numbers.

void draw\_events\_on\_pixmap ()

Simply calls draw\_events\_on() for this object's built-in pixmap.

void draw\_pixmap\_on\_window ()

Simply queues up a draw operation.

void on\_realize ()

Implements the on-realization event, by calling the base-class version and then allocating the resources that could not be allocated in the constructor.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-expose event.

bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implement a button-press event.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implement a button-release event.

• bool on motion notify event (GdkEventMotion \*a p0)

Handles a motion-notify event.

bool on\_leave\_notify\_event (GdkEventCrossing \*p0)

Handles an on-leave notification event.

bool on\_scroll\_event (GdkEventScroll \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-scroll event.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &)

Handle a size-allocation event.

#### **Private Attributes**

• int m zoom

one pixel == m\_zoom ticks

· int m number w

The adjusted width of a digit in a data number.

• int m\_number\_h

The adjusted height of all digits in a data number.

int m number offset y

A new value to make it easier to adapt the vertical number drawing of a data item's numeric value to a different font.

• unsigned char m\_status

What is the data window currently editing?

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 8.43.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.43.1.1 seq64::seqdata::seqdata ( sequence & seq, perform & p, int zoom, Gtk::Adjustment & hadjust )
```

In the constructor you can only allocate colors, get\_window() returns 0 because we have not been realized.

#### 8.43.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.43.2.1 void seq64::seqdata::reset ( )
```

Then, regardless of whether the view is realized, updates the pixmap and queues up a draw operation.

Note

If it weren't for the is realized() condition, we could just call update sizes(), which does all this anyway.

```
8.43.2.2 void seq64::seqdata::redraw() [inline]
```

We need to make this an inline function and use it as common code.

```
8.43.2.3 void seq64::seqdata::set_zoom ( int zoom )
```

This begs the question, do we have GUI access to the zoom setting?

```
8.43.2.4 void seq64::seqdata::set_data_type ( unsigned char status, unsigned char control )
```

Perhaps we should check that at least one of the parameters causes a change.

```
8.43.2.5 int seq64::seqdata::idle_redraw()
```

This drawing is done only if there is no dragging in progress, to guarantee no flicker.

```
8.43.2.6 void seq64::seqdata::update_sizes() [private]
```

It creates a pixmap with window dimensions given by m\_window\_x and m\_window\_y.

8.43.2.7 void seq64::seqdata::xy\_to\_rect(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int & rx, int & ry, int & rw, int & rh) [private]

It checks the mins/maxes, then fills in x, y, and width, height.

```
8.43.2.8 void seq64::seqdata::on_realize( ) [private]
```

It also connects up the change horz() function.

Note that this function creates a small pixmap for every possible y-value, where y ranges from 0 to MIDI\_COUNT $\leftarrow$  \_MAX-1 = 127. It then fills each pixmap with a numeric representation of that y value, up to three digits (left-padded with spaces).

```
8.43.2.9 bool seq64::seqdata::on_motion_notify_event( GdkEventMotion * ev ) [private]
```

It converts the x,y of the mouse to ticks, then sets the events in the event-data-range, updates the pixmap, draws events in the window, and draws a line on the window.

```
8.43.2.10 bool seq64::seqdata::on_scroll_event( GdkEventScroll * a_ev ) [private]
```

This scroll event only handles basic scrolling, without any modifier keys such as SEQ64\_CONTROL\_MASK or SEQ64K SHIFT MASK.

### 8.43.3 Field Documentation

```
8.43.3.1 int seq64::seqdata::m_number_w [private]
```

By "adjusted", well this is just a minor tweak for appearances.

```
8.43.3.2 int seq64::seqdata::m_number_h [private]
```

Basically, the character height times 3. By "adjusted", well this is just a minor tweak for appearances.

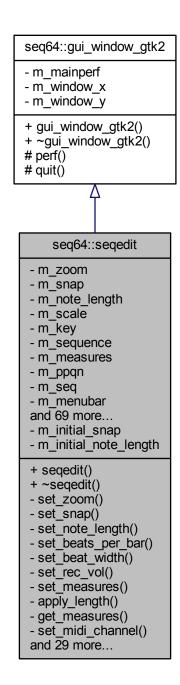
```
8.43.3.3 int seq64::seqdata::m_number_offset_y [private]
```

This value was hardwired as 8, for a character height of 10.

### 8.44 seq64::seqedit Class Reference

Implements the Pattern Editor, which has references to:

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqedit:



### **Public Member Functions**

- seqedit (perform &perf, sequence &seq, int pos, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)
   Principal constructor.
- ∼seqedit ()

A rote destructor.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void set zoom (int zoom)

Selects the given zoom value.

void set\_snap (int snap)

Selects the given snap value.

void set\_note\_length (int note\_length)

Selects the given note-length value.

void set\_beats\_per\_bar (int bpm)

Set the bpm (beats per measure) value, using the given parameter, and some internal values passed to apply\_\(-\cup \left| \left| \left| \left| \left| \right| \right| \left| \left| \right| \r

void set\_beat\_width (int bw)

Set the bw (beat width) value, using the given parameter, and some internal values passed to apply length().

void set rec vol (int recvol)

Passes the given parameter to sequence::set\_rec\_vol().

void set\_measures (int lim)

Set the measures value, using the given parameter, and some internal values passed to apply\_length().

void apply\_length (int bpm, int bw, int measures)

Sets the sequence length based on the three given parameters.

long get\_measures ()

Calculates the measures value based on the bpm (beats per measure), ppqn (parts per quarter note), and bw (beat width) values, and returns the resultant measures value.

· void set midi channel (int midichannel)

Selects the given MIDI channel parameter in the main sequence object, so that it will use that channel.

· void set midi bus (int midibus)

Selects the given MIDI buss parameter in the main sequence object, so that it will use that buss.

• void set\_scale (int scale)

Selects the given scale value.

void set\_key (int note)

Selects the given key (signature) value.

• void set\_background\_sequence (int seq)

Draws the given background sequence on the Pattern editor so that the musician has something to see that can be played against.

void name\_change\_callback ()

Set the name for the main sequence to this object's entry name.

void play\_change\_callback ()

Passes the play status to the sequence object.

void record\_change\_callback ()

Passes the recording status to the sequence object.

• void q\_rec\_change\_callback ()

Passes the quantized-recording status to the sequence object.

void thru\_change\_callback ()

Passes the MIDI Thru status to the sequence object.

void undo\_callback ()

Pops an undo operation from the sequence object, and then tell the segroll, seqtime, seqdata, and seqevent objects to redraw.

• void redo callback ()

Pops a redo operation from the sequence object, and then tell the segroll, seqtime, seqdata, and seqevent objects to redraw.

void set data type (unsigned char status, unsigned char control=0)

Sets the data type based on the given parameters.

void fill\_top\_bar ()

This function inserts the user-interface items into the top bar or panel of the pattern editor; this bar has two rows of user interface elements.

• void create\_menus ()

Creates the various menus by pushing menu elements into the menus.

void popup menu (Gtk::Menu \*menu)

Pops up the given pop-up menu.

void popup\_event\_menu ()

Populates the event-selection menu that drops from the "Event" button in the bottom row of the Pattern editor.

· void popup midibus menu ()

Populates the MIDI Output buss pop-up menu.

void popup sequence menu ()

Populates the "set background sequence" menu (drops from the button that has some note-bars on it at the right of the second row of the top bar).

void popup\_tool\_menu ()

Sets up the pop-up menus that are brought up by pressing the Tools button, which shows a hammer image.

· void popup midich menu ()

Populates the MIDI Channel pop-up menu.

Gtk::Image \* create menu image (bool state=false)

Sets the manu pixmap depending on the given state, where true is a full menu (black backgroun), and empty menu (gray background).

• bool timeout ()

Update the window after a time out, based on dirtiness and on playback progress.

void do action (int action, int var)

Implements the actions brought forth from the Tools (hammer) button.

void on\_realize ()

On realization, calls the base-class version, and connects the redraw timeout signal, timed at c\_redraw\_ms.

bool on\_delete\_event (GdkEventAny \*event)

Handles an on-delete event.

bool on scroll event (GdkEventScroll \*ev)

Handles an on-scroll event.

• bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*ev)

Handles a key-press event.

### **Private Attributes**

• int m zoom

Provides the zoom values: 0 1 2 3 4, and 1, 2, 4, 8, 16.

• int m\_snap

Use in setting the snap-to in pulses, off = 1.

• int m\_scale

Settings for the music scale and key.

• Gtk::Menu \* m\_menu\_length

Provides the length in measures.

• Gtk::Menu \* m\_menu\_bpm

These member provife the time signature, beats per measure, and beat width menus.

• unsigned char m editing status

Indicates what is the data window currently editing?

### **Static Private Attributes**

• static int m\_initial\_snap

Static data members.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 8.44.1 Detailed Description

- · perform
- · seqroll
- · seqkeys
- · seqdata
- · seqtime
- · segevent
- sequence

This class has a metric ton of user-interface objects and other members.

#### 8.44.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.44.2.1 seq64::seqedit::seqedit ( perform & p, sequence & seq, int pos, int ppqn = SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN )
```

If provided, override the scale, key, and background-sequence with the values stored in the file with the sequence, if they are set to non-default values. This is a new feature.

**Todo** Offload most of the work into an initialization function like options does.

#### 8.44.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.44.3.1 void seq64::seqedit::set_zoom(int z) [private]
```

It is passed to the seqroll, seqtime, seqdata, and seqevent objects, as well.

The notation is in pixels:ticks, but I would prefer to use pulses/pixel (pulses per pixel). Oh well.

Finally, note that this value of zoom is saved to the "user" configuration file when Sequencer64 exit.

```
8.44.3.2 void seq64::seqedit::set_snap ( int snap ) [private]
```

It is passed to the seqroll, seqevent, and sequence objects, as well.

```
8.44.3.3 void seq64::seqedit::set_note_length ( int notelength ) [private]
```

It is passed to the seqroll object, as well.

#### Warning

Currently, we don't handle changes in the global PPQN after the creation of the menu. The creation of the menu hard-wires the values of note-length. To adjust for a new global PQN, we will need to store the original PPQN (m\_original\_ppqn = m\_ppqn), and then adjust the notelength based on the new PPQN. For example if the new PPQN is twice as high as 192, then the notelength should double, though the text displayed in the "Note length" field should remain the same. A double value would be needed to handle the setting of a smaller m\_ppqn. Not needed until we support a set\_ppqn() function in this class. Another option is to rebuild the menu.

#### **Parameters**

notelength	Provides the note length in units of MIDI pulses. For example	
------------	---	--

**8.44.3.4** void seg64::seqedit::set\_measures(int lim) [private]

#### **Parameters**

lim Provides the sequence length, in measures.

```
8.44.3.5 void seq64::seqedit::apply_length (int bpm, int bw, int measures) [private]
```

There's an implicit "adjust-triggers = true" parameter used in sequence::set\_length().

Then the segroll, segtime, segdata, and segevent objects are reset().

```
8.44.3.6 long seq64::seqedit::get_measures() [private]
```

Todo Create a sequence::set\_units() function or a sequence::get\_measures() function to forward to.

```
8.44.3.7 void seq64::seqedit::set_midi_channel(int midichannel) [private]
```

Should this change raise the is-modified flag?

```
8.44.3.8 void seq64::seqedit::set_midi_bus(int bus) [private]
```

Should this change raise the is-modified flag?

```
8.44.3.9 void seq64::seqedit::set_scale ( int scale ) [private]
```

It is passed to the sequence as well. As a new feature, it is also passed to the sequence, so that it can be saved as part of the sequence data.

Note that the "initial value" for this parameter is a static variable that gets set to the new value, so that opening up another sequence causes the sequence to take on the new "initial value" as well. A feature, but should it be optional? Now it is, based on the setting of usr().global\_seq\_feature().

```
8.44.3.10 void seq64::seqedit::set_key( int key ) [private]
```

It is passed to the sequence, so that it can be saved as part of the sequence data.

Note that the "initial value" for this parameter is a static variable that gets set to the new value, so that opening up another sequence causes the sequence to take on the new "initial value" as well. A feature, but should it be optional? Now it is, based on the setting of usr().global\_seq\_feature().

```
8.44.3.11 void seq64::seqedit::set_background_sequence(int seqnum) [private]
```

As a new feature, it is also passed to the sequence, so that it can be saved as part of the sequence data, but only if less or equal to the maximum single-byte MIDI value, 127.

Note that the "initial value" for this parameter is a static variable that gets set to the new value, so that opening up another sequence causes the sequence to take on the new "initial value" as well. A feature, but should it be optional? Now it is, based on the setting of usr().global\_seq\_feature().

**Todo** Make the sequence pointer a reference.

```
8.44.3.12 void seq64::seqedit::name_change_callback( ) [private]
```

That name is the name the user has given to the sequence being edited.

```
8.44.3.13 void seq64::seqedit::set_data_type ( unsigned char status, unsigned char control = 0 ) [private]
```

This function uses the hardwired array c\_controller\_names.

#### **Parameters**

status	The current editing status.
control	The control value. However, we really need to validate it!

```
8.44.3.14 void seq64::seqedit::create_menus() [private]
```

The first menu is the Zoom menu, represented in the pattern/sequence editor by a button with a magnifying glass. The values are "pixels to ticks", where "ticks" are actually the "pulses" of "pulses per quarter note". We would prefer the notation "n" instead of "1:n", as in "n pulses per pixel". The Snap menu is actually the Grid Snap button, which shows two arrows pointing to a central bar.

The note-length menu is on the button that shows four notes.

This menu lets one set the key of the sequence, and is brought up by the button with the "golden key" image on it.

This button shows a down around for the bottom half of the time signature. It's tooltip is "Time signature. Length of beat." But it is called bw, or beat width, in the code.

This menu is shown when pressing the button at the bottom of the window that has "Vol" as its label. Let's show the numbers as well to help the user. And we'll have to document this change.

This menu sets the scale to show on the panel, and the button shows a "staircase" image. See the c\_music\_scales enumeration defined in the globals module.

This section sets up two different menus. The first is m\_menu\_length. This menu lets on set the sequence length in bars (not the MIDI channel). The second menu is the m\_menu\_bpm, or BPM, which here means "beats per measure" (not "beats per minute").

```
8.44.3.15 void seq64::seqedit::popup_event_menu() [private]
```

This menu has a large number of items. I think they are filled in in code, but can also be loaded from  $\sim$ /.seq24usr. To be determined. Create the 8 sub-menus for the various ranges of controller changes, shown 16 per sub-menu.

```
8.44.3.16 void seq64::seqedit::popup_midibus_menu() [private]
```

The MIDI busses are obtained by getting the mastermidibus object, and iterating through the busses that it contains.

```
8.44.3.17 void seq64::seqedit::popup_sequence_menu() [private]
```

It is populated with an "Off" menu entry, and a second "[0]" menu entry that pulls up a drop-down menu of all of the patterns/sequences that are present in the MIDI file for screen-set 0. If more screensets have active sequences,

then their screen-set number appears in the screen-set section of the menu.

Now, at present, we can only save background sequence numbers that are less than 128, which means the sequences from 0 to 127, or the first four screen sets. Higher sequences can be selected, but, right now, they cannot be saved. We'll probably fix that at some point, low priority.

```
8.44.3.18 void seq64::seqedit::popup_tool_menu( ) [private]
```

This button shows three sub-menus that need to be filled in by this function. All the functions accessed here seem to be implemented by the do\_action() function.

```
8.44.3.19 void seq64::seqedit::do_action ( int action, int var ) [private]
```

Note that the push\_undo() calls push all of the current events (in sequence::m\_events) onto the stack (as a single entry).

```
8.44.3.20 bool seq64::seqedit::on_delete_event ( GdkEventAny * event ) [private]
```

It tells the sequence to stop recording, tells the perform object's mastermidibus to stop processing input, and sets the sequence object's editing flag to false.

#### Warning

This function also calls "delete this"!

#### Returns

Always returns false.

### 8.44.4 Field Documentation

```
8.44.4.1 int seq64::seqedit::m_initial_snap [static], [private]
```

These items apply to all of the instances of seqedit, and are passed on to the following constructors:

- seqdata
- · segevent
- segroll
- · seqtime

The snap and note-length defaults would be good to write to the "user" configuration file. The scale and key would be nice to write to the proprietary section of the MIDI song. Or, even more flexibly, to each sequence, if that makes sense to do, since all tracks would generally be in the same key. Right, Charles Ives?

Note that, currently, that some of these "initial values" are modified, so that they are "contagious". That is, the next sequence to be opened in the sequence editor will adopt these values. This is a long-standing feature of Seq24, but strikes us as a bit too surprising and tricky.

## 8.45 seg64::segevent Class Reference

Implements the piano event drawing area.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqevent:



### **Public Member Functions**

• seqevent (perform &p, sequence &seq, int zoom, int snap, seqdata &seqdata\_wid, Gtk::Adjustment &hadjust, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

Principal constructor.

• void reset ()

This function basically resets the whole widget as if it was realized again.

· void redraw ()

Adjusts the scrolling offset for ticks, updates the pixmap, and draws it on the window.

void set\_zoom (int a\_zoom)

Sets zoom to the given value, and resets if the value ended up being changed.

void set\_snap (int a\_snap)

'Setter' function for member m\_snap

void set data type (unsigned char a status, unsigned char a control)

Sets the status to the given parameter, and the CC value to the given optional control parameter, which defaults to 0.

void update sizes ()

If the window is realized, this function creates a pixmap with window dimensions, the updates the pixmap, and queues up a redraw.

void draw background ()

This function updates the background.

void draw\_events\_on\_pixmap ()

This function fills the main pixmap with events.

void draw\_pixmap\_on\_window ()

This function currently just queues up a draw operation for the pixmap.

void draw\_selection\_on\_window ()

Draw the selected events on the window.

• void update pixmap ()

Redraws the background pixmap on the main pixmap, then puts the events on.

• int idle redraw ()

Implements redraw while idling.

### **Private Member Functions**

void x\_to\_w (int a\_x1, int a\_x2, int &a\_x, int &a\_w)

This function checks the mins / maxes.

• void drop\_event (long a\_tick)

Drops (adds) an event at the given tick.

void draw\_events\_on (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > a\_draw)

Draws events on the given drawable object.

• void start\_paste ()

Starts a paste operation.

• void change\_horz ()

Changes the horizontal scrolling offset for ticks, then updates the pixmap and forces a redraw.

· void force\_draw ()

Forces a draw on the current drawable area of the window.

void convert\_x (int x, long &tick)

Takes the screen x coordinate, multiplies it by the current zoom, and returns the tick value in the given parameter.

void convert\_t (long ticks, int &x)

Converts the given tick value to an x corrdinate, based on the zoom, and returns it via the second parameter.

void snap\_y (int &y)

This function performs a 'snap' on y.

void snap\_x (int &a\_x)

This function performs a 'snap' on x.

void on\_realize ()

Implements the on-realize callback.

bool on expose event (GdkEventExpose \*a ev)

Implements the on-expose event callback.

bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-button-press event callback.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-button-release event callback.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-motion-notify event callback.

bool on\_focus\_in\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Responds to a focus event by setting the HAS\_FOCUS flag.

bool on\_focus\_out\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Responds to a unfocus event by resetting the HAS\_FOCUS flag.

bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*a\_p0)

Implements the key-press event callback function.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &)

Implements the on-size-allocate event callback.

#### **Private Attributes**

• FruitySeqEventInput m\_fruity\_interaction

Why should we need both at the same time? Just load the one that is specified in the configuration.

• int m zoom

Zoom setting, means that one pixel  $== m_zoom$  ticks.

bool m selecting

Used when highlighting a bunch of events.

· unsigned char m status

Indicates what is the data window currently editing?

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 8.45.1 Member Function Documentation

```
8.45.1.1 void seq64::seqevent::set_snap ( int a_snap ) [inline]
```

Simply sets the snap member.

```
8.45.1.2 void seq64::seqevent::set_data_type ( unsigned char status, unsigned char control = 0 )
```

Then redraws.

```
8.45.1.3 void seq64::segevent::update_sizes()
```

This ends up filling the background with dotted lines, etc.

```
8.45.1.4 void seg64::segevent::draw_background()
```

It sets the foreground to white, draws the rectangle, in order to clear the pixmap.

```
8.45.1.5 void seq64::seqevent::draw_pixmap_on_window()
```

#### Old comments:

```
It then tells event to do the same. We changed something on this window, and chances are we need to update the event widget as well and update our velocity window.
```

```
8.45.1.6 int seq64::seqevent::idle_redraw ( )
```

Who calls this routine?

```
8.45.1.7 void seq64::seqevent::x_to_w ( int a_x1, int a_x2, int & a_x, int & a_w ) [private]
```

Then it fills in x and the width.

```
8.45.1.8 void seq64::seqevent::drop_event(long a_tick) [private]
```

It sets the first byte properly for after-touch, program-change, channel-pressure, and pitch-wheel. The type of event is determined by m\_status.

```
8.45.1.9 void seq64::seqevent::start_paste() [private]
```

It gets the clipboard box that selected elements are in, makes a coordinate conversion, and then, sets the  $m_{\leftarrow}$  selected rectangle to hold the (x,y,w,h) of the selected events.

```
8.45.1.10 void seq64::seqevent::convert_x (int x, long & tick) [inline], [private]
```

Why not just return it normally?

```
8.45.1.11 void seq64::seqevent::convert_t (long ticks, int & x) [inline], [private]
```

Why not just return it normally?

```
8.45.1.12 void seq64::seqevent::snap_x(int & x) [private]
```

- snap = number pulses to snap to
- m\_zoom = number of pulses per pixel
- Therefore snap / m\_zoom = number of pixels to snap to.

```
8.45.1.13 void seq64::seqevent::on_realize( ) [private]
```

It calls the base-class version, and then allocates additional resource not allocated in the constructor. Finally, it connects up the change\_horz function.

```
8.45.1.14 bool seq64::seqevent::on_button_press_event( GdkEventButton * a_ev ) [private]
```

It distinguishes between the Seq24 and Fruity varieties of mouse interaction.

Odd. In the legacy code, each case fell through to the next case to the "default" case! We will assume for now that this is incorrect.

Note that returning "true" from a Gtkmm event-handler stops the propagation of the event to higher-level widgets. The Fruity and Seq24 event handlers return true, always. In the legacy code, though, the fall-through code caused false to be returned, always. Not sure what effect this had. Added some fixes, but then commented them out until better testing can be done.

**8.45.1.15** bool seq64::seqevent::on\_button\_release\_event( GdkEventButton \* a\_ev ) [private]

It distinguishes between the Seq24 and Fruity varieties of mouse interaction.

Odd. The fruity case fell through to the Seq24 case. We will assume for now that this is correct. Added some fixes, but then commented them out until better testing can be done.

**8.45.1.16** bool seq64::seqevent::on\_motion\_notify\_event ( GdkEventMotion \* a\_ev ) [private]

It distinguishes between the Seq24 and Fruity varieties of mouse interaction.

Odd. The fruity case fell through to the Seq24 case. We will assume for now that this is correct. Added some fixes, but then commented them out until better testing can be done.

**8.45.1.17** bool seq64::seqevent::on\_key\_press\_event ( GdkEventKey \* a\_p0 ) [private]

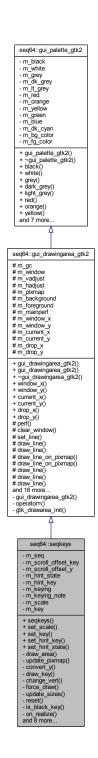
It handles deleted a selection via the Backspace or Delete keys, cut via Ctrl-X, copy via Ctrl-C, paste via Ctrl-V, and undo via Ctrl-Z.

Would be nice to provide redo functionality via Ctrl-Y. :-)

# 8.46 seq64::seqkeys Class Reference

This class implements the left side piano of the pattern/sequence editor.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqkeys:



# **Public Member Functions**

• seqkeys (sequence &seq, perform &p, Gtk::Adjustment &vadjust)

Principal constructor.

• void set\_scale (int a\_scale)

Sets the musical scale, then resets.

void set\_key (int a\_key)

Sets the musical key, then resets.

void set\_hint\_key (int a\_key)

Sets a key to grey so that it can serve as a scale hint.

void set\_hint\_state (bool a\_state)

Sets the hint state to the given value.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· void draw area ()

Draws the updated pixmap on the drawable area of the window where the keys' location is hardwired.

void update\_pixmap ()

Updates the pixmaps to prepare it for the next draw operation.

void convert y (int a y, int &a note)

Takes the screen y coordinate, and returns the note value in the second parameter.

void draw\_key (int a\_key, bool a\_state)

Draws the given key according to the given state.

· void change\_vert ()

Changes the y offset of the scrolling, and the forces a draw.

void force draw ()

Forces a draw operation on the whole window.

· void reset ()

Resetting the keys view updates the pixmap and queues up a draw operation.

· bool is\_black\_key (int key) const

Detects a black key.

• void on\_realize ()

Implements the on-realize event.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-expose event, by drawing on the window.

• bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-button-press event callback.

bool on\_button\_release\_event (GdkEventButton \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-button-release event callback.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*a\_p0)

Implements the on-motion-notify event handler.

bool on\_enter\_notify\_event (GdkEventCrossing \*p0)

Implements the on-enter notification event handler.

bool on\_leave\_notify\_event (GdkEventCrossing \*p0)

Implements the on-leave notification event handler.

bool on\_scroll\_event (GdkEventScroll \*a\_ev)

Implements the on-scroll-event notification event handler.

void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &)

Implements the on-size-allocation notification event handler.

### **Private Attributes**

• bool m\_keying

What is this?

# **Additional Inherited Members**

- 8.46.1 Member Function Documentation
- 8.46.1.1 void seq64::seqkeys::set\_hint\_state ( bool state )

#### **Parameters**

state	Provides the value for hinting, where true == on, false == off.
-------	---

**8.46.1.2** void seq64::seqkeys::draw\_key( int key, bool state ) [private]

It accounts for the black keys and the white keys, and for the highlighting of the active key.

#### **Parameters**

key	The key to be drawn.
state	How the key is to be drawn, where false == normal, true == grayed. A key is greyed when the
	mouse cursor is at the same vertical location on the piano as the key.

8.46.1.3 void seq64::seqkeys::on\_realize( ) [private]

Call the base-class version and then allocates resources that could not be allocated in the constructor. It connects the change\_vert() function and then calls it.

**8.46.1.4** bool seq64::seqkeys::on\_button\_press\_event( GdkEventButton \* ev ) [private]

It currently handles only the left button. This button, pressed on the piano keyboard, causes m\_keying to be set to true, and the given note to play.

**8.46.1.5** bool seq64::seqkeys::on\_button\_release\_event ( GdkEventButton \* ev ) [private]

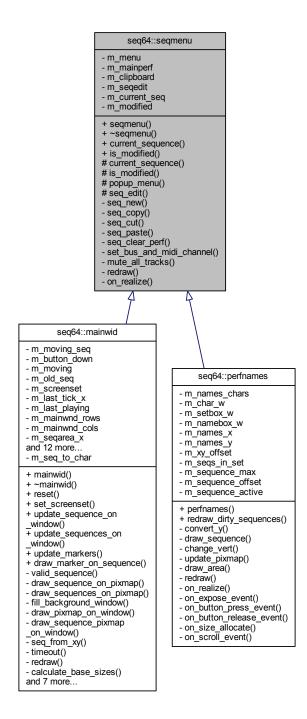
It currently handles only the left button, and only if m\_keying is true.

This function is used after pressing on one of the keys on the left-side piano keyboard, to make it play, and turns off the playing of the note.

# 8.47 seq64::segmenu Class Reference

This class handles the right-click menu of the sequence slots in the pattern window.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqmenu:



### **Public Member Functions**

seqmenu (perform &a\_p)

Principal constructor.

virtual ∼seqmenu ()

Provides a rote base-class destructor.

int current\_sequence () const

'Getter' function for member m\_current\_seq

bool is\_modified () const

'Getter' function for member m\_modified

#### **Protected Member Functions**

void current\_sequence (int seq)

'Setter' function for member m\_current\_seq

void is modified (bool flag)

'Setter' function for member m\_modified

void popup\_menu ()

This function sets up the File menu entries.

• void seq edit ()

This menu callback launches the sequence-editor (pattern editor) window.

#### **Private Member Functions**

• void seq\_new ()

This function sets the new sequence into the perform object, a bit prematurely, though.

void seq\_copy ()

Copies the selected (current) sequence to the clipboard sequence.

• void seq cut ()

Deletes the selected (current) sequence and copies it to the clipboard sequence, if it is not in edit mode.

void seq\_paste ()

Pastes the sequence clipboard into the current sequence, if the current sequence slot is not active.

void seq\_clear\_perf()

If the current sequence is active, this function pushes a trigger undo in the main perform object, clears its sequence triggers for the current sequence, and sets the dirty flag of the sequence.

void set\_bus\_and\_midi\_channel (int a\_bus, int a\_ch)

Sets up the bus, MIDI channel, and dirtiness flag of the current sequence in the main perform object, as per the give parameters.

void mute\_all\_tracks ()

Mutes all tracks in the main perform object.

### **Private Attributes**

seqedit \* m seqedit

Change Note Added by Chris on 2015-08-02 based on compiler warnings and a comment warning in the seq\_edit() function.

## 8.47.1 Detailed Description

It is an abstract base class.

### 8.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
8.47.2.1 seq64::seqmenu::seqmenu ( perform & p )
```

Apart from filling in some of the members, this function initializes the clipboard, so that we don't get a crash on a paste with no previous copy.

```
8.47.2.2 seq64::seqmenu::~seqmenu() [virtual]
```

A rote destructor.

This is necessary in an abstraction base class.

If we determine that we need to delete the m\_sequedit pointer, we can do it here. But that is not likely, because we can have many new sequedit objects in play, because we can edit many at once.

#### 8.47.3 Member Function Documentation

```
8.47.3.1 void seq64::seqmenu::popup_menu() [protected]
```

It also sets up the pattern popup menu entries that are used in mainwid.

```
8.47.3.2 void seq64::seqmenu::seq_edit() [protected]
```

If it is already open for that sequence, this function just raises it.

Note that the m segedit member to which we save the new pointer is currently there just to avoid a compiler warning.

Also, if a new sequences is created, we set the m\_modified flag to true, even though the sequence might later be deleted. Too much modification to keep track of!

```
8.47.3.3 void seg64::segmenu::seg_copy() [private]
```

**Todo** Can be offloaded to a perform member function that accepts a sequence clipboard non-const reference parameter.

```
8.47.3.4 void seq64::seqmenu::seq_cut( ) [private]
```

**Todo** A lot of seq\_cut() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function that takes a sequence clipboard non-const reference parameter.

```
8.47.3.5 void seq64::seqmenu::seq_paste( ) [private]
```

Then it sets the dirty flag for the destination sequence.

**Todo** All of seq\_paste() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function with a const clipboard reference parameter.

```
8.47.3.6 void seq64::seqmenu::seq_clear_perf() [private]
```

**Todo** All of seq\_paste() can be offloaded to a (new) perform member function.

### 8.47.4 Field Documentation

```
8.47.4.1 seqedit* seq64::seqmenu::m_seqedit [private]
```

We'll save the result of that function here, and will let valgrind tell us later if Gtkmm takes care of it.

# 8.48 seq64::seqroll Class Reference

Implements the piano roll section of the pattern editor.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqroll:



### **Public Member Functions**

• seqroll (perform &perf, sequence &seq, int zoom, int snap, seqkeys &seqkeys\_wid, int pos, Gtk::Adjustment &hadjust, Gtk::Adjustment &vadjust, int ppqn=SEQ64\_USE\_DEFAULT\_PPQN)

Principal constructor.

∼seqroll ()

Provides a destructor to delete allocated objects.

· void reset ()

This function basically resets the whole widget as if it was realized again.

· void redraw ()

Redraws unless m\_ignore\_redraw is true.

void redraw events ()

Redraws events unless m\_ignore\_redraw is true.

void set key (int key)

Sets the music key to the given value, and then resets the view.

void set\_scale (int scale)

Sets the music scale to the given value, and then resets the view.

void set\_snap (int snap)

Sets the snap to the given value, and then resets the view.

void set\_zoom (int zoom)

Sets the zoom to the given value, and then resets the view.

void set\_note\_length (int note\_length)

'Setter' function for member m\_note\_length

void set ignore redraw (bool ignore)

'Setter' function for member m\_ignore\_redraw

void set data type (unsigned char status, unsigned char control)

Sets the status to the given parameter, and the CC value to the given optional control parameter, which defaults to 0.

void set\_background\_sequence (bool state, int seq)

This function sets the given sequence onto the piano roll of the pattern editor, so that the musician can have another pattern to play against.

void update\_pixmap ()

This function draws the background pixmap on the main pixmap, and then draws the events on it.

• void update\_sizes ()

Update the sizes of items based on zoom, PPQN, BPM, BW (beat width) and more.

void update\_background ()

Updates the background of this window.

· void draw background on pixmap ()

Draws the main pixmap.

void draw\_events\_on\_pixmap ()

Fills the main pixmap with events.

void draw\_selection\_on\_window ()

Draws the current selecton on the main window.

void draw\_progress\_on\_window ()

Draw a progress line on the window.

int idle\_redraw ()

Draw the events on the main window and on the pixmap.

· void start paste ()

Starts a paste operation.

• void update and draw (int force=false)

Wraps up some common code.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void convert\_tn (long ticks, int note, int &x, int &y)

This function takes the given note and tick, and returns the screen coordinates via the pointer parameters.

void snap x (int &x)

Performs a 'snap' operation on the x coordinate.

void xy\_to\_rect (int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, int &x, int &y, int &w, int &h)

This function checks the mins / maxes, and then fills in the x, y, width, and height values.

• void convert\_tn\_box\_to\_rect (long tick\_s, long tick\_f, int note\_h, int note\_l, int &x, int &y, int &w, int &h)

Converts a tick/note box to an x/y rectangle.

void draw\_events\_on (Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > draw)

Draws events on the given drawable area.

• void change horz ()

Change the horizontal scrolling offset and redraw.

void change\_vert ()

Change the vertical scrolling offset and redraw.

· void force\_draw ()

Set the pixmap into the window and then draws the selection on it.

• void on\_realize ()

Implements the on-realize event handling.

bool on\_expose\_event (GdkEventExpose \*ev)

Implements the on-expose event handling.

• bool on\_button\_press\_event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Implements the on-button-press event handling.

bool on button release event (GdkEventButton \*ev)

Implements the on-button-release event handling.

bool on\_motion\_notify\_event (GdkEventMotion \*ev)

Implements the on-motion-notify event handling.

bool on\_focus\_in\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Implements the on-focus event handling.

bool on\_focus\_out\_event (GdkEventFocus \*)

Implements the on-unfocus event handling.

bool on\_key\_press\_event (GdkEventKey \*ev)

Implements the on-key-press event handling.

bool on\_scroll\_event (GdkEventScroll \*a\_ev)
 Implements the on-scroll event handling.

• void on\_size\_allocate (Gtk::Allocation &)

Implements the on-size-allocate event handling.

• bool on\_leave\_notify\_event (GdkEventCrossing \*p0)

Implements the on-leave-notify event handling.

bool on\_enter\_notify\_event (GdkEventCrossing \*p0)

Implements the on-enter-notify event handling.

### **Private Attributes**

• FruitySeqRollInput m\_fruity\_interaction

Provides a fruity input object, whether it is needed or not.

Seq24SeqRollInput m seq24 interaction

Provides a normal seq24 input object, which is always needed to handle, for example, keystroke input.

• int m\_zoom

one pixel == m\_zoom ticks\*

unsigned char m\_status

Indicates what is the data window currently editing.

· bool m selecting

When highlighting a bunch of events.

• int m\_move\_delta\_x

Tells where the dragging started.

#### **Friends**

· class FruitySeqRollInput

These friend implement interaction-specific behavior, although only the Seq24 interactions support keyboard processing.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.48.1 Member Function Documentation

```
8.48.1.1 void seq64::seqroll::reset ( )
```

It's almost identical to the change\_horz() function!

```
8.48.1.2 void seq64::seqroll::redraw_events()
```

Almost: update\_and\_draw(true) are almost replaceable by update\_background(); update\_pixmap(); force\_draw();

8.48.1.3 void seq64::seqroll::set\_data\_type ( unsigned char status, unsigned char control )

Unlike the same function in seqevent, this version does not redraw.

```
8.48.1.4 void seq64::seqroll::set_background_sequence ( bool state, int seq )
```

The state parameter sets the boolean m\_drawing\_background\_seq.

### **Parameters**

```
state If true, the background sequence will be drawn.
```

seq Provides the sequence number, which is checked against the SEQ64\_IS\_LEGAL\_SEQUENCE() macro before being used. This macro allows the value SEQ64\_SEQUENCE\_LIMIT, which disables the background sequence.

```
8.48.1.5 void seq64::seqroll::update_sizes ( )
```

### Old comments:

```
Use m_zoom and i % m_seq->get_bpm() == 0,
int numberLines = 128 / m_seq->get_bw() / m_zoom;
int distance = c_ppqn / 32;
```

8.48.1.6 void seq64::seqroll::update\_background()

The first thing done is to clear the background, painting it white.

```
8.48.1.7 void seq64::seqroll::draw_events_on_pixmap ( )
```

Just calls draw\_events\_on().

```
8.48.1.8 void seq64::seqroll::convert_tn ( long a_ticks, int a_note, int & a_x, int & a_y ) [private]
```

This function is the "inverse" of convert xy().

```
8.48.1.9 void seq64::seqroll::snap_x(int & x) [private]
```

This function is similar to snap\_y(), but it calculates a modulo value from the snap and zoom settings.

```
- m_snap = number pulses to snap to
- m_zoom = number of pulses per pixel
```

Therefore, m\_snap / m\_zoom = number pixels to snap to.

```
8.48.1.10 void seq64::seqroll::draw_events_on( Glib::RefPtr< Gdk::Drawable > draw ) [private]
```

"Method 0" seems be the one that draws the background sequence, if active. "Method 1" draws the sequence itself.

```
8.48.1.11 bool seq64::seqroll::on_key_press_event( GdkEventKey * ev ) [private]
```

The start/end key may be the same key (i.e. SPACEBAR). Allow toggling when the same key is mapped to both triggers (i.e. SPACEBAR).

Concerning the usage of the arrow keys in this function: This code is reached, but has no visible effect. Why? I think they were meant to move the point for playback. We may HAVE A BUG with our new handling of triggers, or maybe these depend upon the proper playback mode. In any case, the old functionality is preserved. However, if there are notes selected, then these keys support selection movement.

```
8.48.1.12 bool seq64::seqroll::on_scroll_event( GdkEventScroll * ev ) [private]
```

This scroll event only handles basic scrolling without any modifier keys such as SEQ64\_CONTROL\_MASK or  $S \leftarrow EQ64$ \_SHIFT\_MASK.

### 8.49 seq64::seqtime Class Reference

This class implements the piano time, whatever that is.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::seqtime:

```
seq64::gui_palette_gtk2
                                                           seqo4::gul_p
- m_black
- m_white
- m_grey
- m_dk_grey
- m_lt_grey
- m_red
- m_orange
- m_yellow
- m_green
- m_blue
- m_dk_cyan
- m_bg_color
- m_fg_color
- m_ti_palette
                                                - m_tg_color

+ gui_palette_gtk2()
+ yaui_palette_gtk2()
+ black()
+ white()
+ grey()
+ dark_grey()
+ red()
+ variange()
+ yellow()
and 7 more...
          seq64::gui_drawingarea_gtk2
     # m_gc
# m_gc
# m_window
# m_window
# m_vadjust
# m_hadjust
# m_pixmap
# m_bixmap
# m_background
# m_mainperf
# m_window_x
# m_window_y
# m_current_y
# m_drop_x
# m_drop_y
# m_drop_y

gu drawingarea_gtk2()

gu drawingarea_gtk2()

gu drawingarea_gtk2()

yundrawingarea_gtk2()

yundrawingarea_gtk2()

yundrawingarea_gtk2()

yundrawingarea_gtk2()

yundrawingarea_gtk2()

draw_ine()

# draw_line()

# draw_l
                                - m_seq
- m_scroll_offset_ticks
- m_scroll_offset_x
- m_zoom
- m_ppqn
          - m_ppqn

+ seqtime()
+ reset()
+ redraw()
+ set_zoom()
- draw_pixmap_on_window()
- draw_pixmap_on_window()
- update_pixmap()
- change_horz()
- update_sizes()
- force_draw()
- idle_progress()
- on_realize()
- on_size_allocate()
- on_button_press_event()
- on_button_release_event()
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• void set\_zoom (int zoom)

Sets the zoom to the given value and resets the window.

#### **Private Member Functions**

```
    bool idle_progress ()
        Simply returns true.
    bool on_button_press_event (GdkEventButton *)
        Implements the on-button-press event handler.
    bool on_button_release_event (GdkEventButton *)
        Implements the on-button-release event handler.
```

#### **Private Attributes**

```
• int m_zoom

one pixel == m_zoom ticks
```

### **Additional Inherited Members**

### 8.49.1 Member Function Documentation

```
8.49.1.1 bool seq64::seqtime::on_button_press_event ( GdkEventButton * ) [inline], [private]
Simply returns false.
8.49.1.2 bool seq64::seqtime::on_button_release_event ( GdkEventButton * ) [inline], [private]
Simply returns false.
```

# 8.50 seq64::sequence Class Reference

The sequence class is firstly a receptable for a single track of MIDI data read from a MIDI file or edited into a pattern.

# **Public Types**

```
enum select_action_e {
e_select,
e_select_one,
e_is_selected,
e_would_select,
e_deselect,
e_toggle_selection,
e_remove_one }
```

### **Public Member Functions**

```
    sequence (int ppqn=SEQ64_USE_DEFAULT_PPQN)
        Principal constructor.
    ~sequence ()
        A rote destructor.
    sequence & operator= (const sequence &rhs)
        Principal assignment operator.
    event_list & events ()
```

'Getter' function for member m\_events

• bool any\_selected\_notes () const

'Getter' function for member m\_events.any\_selected\_notes()

triggers::List & triggerlist ()

'Getter' function for member m\_triggers

• int number () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seq\_number

void number (int segnum)

'Setter' function for member m\_seq\_number This setter will set the sequence number only if it has not already been set

• int event\_count () const

Returns the number of events stored in m\_events.

void push undo ()

Pushes the list-event into the undo-list.

void pop undo ()

If there are items on the undo list, this function pushes the list-event into the redo-list, puts the top of the undo-list into the list-event, pops from the undo-list, calls <a href="mailto:verify\_and\_link(">verify\_and\_link()</a>, and then calls unselect.

void pop\_redo ()

If there are items on the redo list, this function pushes the list-event into the undo-list, puts the top of the redo-list into the list-event, pops from the redo-list, calls verify\_and\_link(), and then calls unselect.

void push trigger undo ()

Calls triggers::push\_undo() with locking.

• void pop\_trigger\_undo ()

Calls triggers::pop\_undo() with locking.

void set\_name (const std::string &name)

Sets the sequence name member, m\_name.

void set\_name (char \*name)

Sets the sequence name member, m\_name.

void set\_beats\_per\_bar (long beatspermeasure)

'Setter' function for member m\_time\_beats\_per\_measure

· long get beats per bar () const

'Getter' function for member m\_time\_beats\_per\_measure

void set\_beat\_width (long beatwidth)

'Setter' function for member m\_time\_beat\_width

· long get beat width () const

'Getter' function for member m\_time\_beat\_width

void set\_rec\_vol (long rec\_vol)

'Setter' function for member m rec vol

void set\_song\_mute (bool mute)

'Setter' function for member m\_song\_mute

• bool get\_song\_mute () const

 ${\it 'Getter' function for member m\_song\_mute}$ 

const char \* get\_name () const

'Getter' function for member m\_name pointer

· const std::string & name () const

'Getter' function for member m\_name

void set\_editing (bool edit)

'Setter' function for member m\_editing

bool get\_editing () const

'Getter' function for member m\_editing

• void set\_raise (bool edit)

8.50 seq64::sequence Class Reference 'Setter' function for member m\_raise bool get\_raise (void) const 'Getter' function for member m\_raise void set length (long len, bool adjust triggers=true) Sets the length (m\_length) and adjusts triggers for it if desired. • long get\_length () const 'Getter' function for member m length long get\_last\_tick () Returns the last tick played, and is used by the editor's idle function. void set\_playing (bool) Sets the playing state of this sequence. bool get\_playing () const 'Getter' function for member m\_playing • void toggle\_playing () Toggles the playing status of this sequence. void toggle\_queued () 'Setter' function for member m\_queued and m\_queued\_tick · void off\_queued () 'Setter' function for member m queued bool get\_queued () const 'Getter' function for member m\_queued long get\_queued\_tick () const 'Getter' function for member m\_queued\_tick void set\_recording (bool) 'Setter' function for member m\_recording and m\_notes\_on · bool get\_recording () const 'Getter' function for member m\_recording void set\_snap\_tick (int st) 'Setter' function for member m\_snap\_tick void set quantized rec (bool qr) 'Setter' function for member m\_quantized\_rec bool get\_quantized\_rec () const 'Getter' function for member m\_quantized\_rec void set thru (bool) 'Setter' function for member m\_thru • bool get\_thru () const 'Getter' function for member m\_thru • bool is\_dirty\_main () Returns the value of the dirty main flag, and sets that flag to false (i.e. • bool is dirty edit () Returns the value of the dirty edit flag, and sets that flag to false. bool is dirty perf () Returns the value of the dirty performance flag, and sets that flag to false. bool is\_dirty\_names () Returns the value of the dirty names (heh heh) flag, and sets that flag to false. void set\_dirty\_mp () Sets the dirty flags for names, main, and performance.

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Call set\_dirty\_mp() and then sets the dirty flag for editing.

unsigned char get\_midi\_channel () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_channel

void set\_dirty ()

void set\_midi\_channel (unsigned char ch)

Sets the m\_midi\_channel number.

• void print ()

Prints a list of the currently-held events.

void print\_triggers ()

Prints a list of the currently-held triggers.

void play (long tick, bool playback mode)

The play() function dumps notes starting from the given tick, and it pre-buffers ahead.

void set\_orig\_tick (long tick)

'Setter' function for member m\_last\_tick

void add event (const event \*e)

Adds an event to the internal event list in a sorted manner.

void add\_trigger (long tick, long len, long offset=0, bool adjust\_offset=true)

Adds a trigger.

void split\_trigger (long tick)

Splits a trigger.

• void grow\_trigger (long tick\_from, long tick\_to, long len)

Grows a trigger.

void del\_trigger (long tick)

Deletes a trigger, that brackets the given tick, from the trigger-list.

• bool get\_trigger\_state (long tick)

Checks the list of triggers against the given tick.

bool select\_trigger (long tick)

Checks the list of triggers against the given tick.

• bool unselect\_triggers ()

Unselects all triggers.

bool intersect\_triggers (long position, long &start, long &end)

This function examines each trigger in the trigger list.

• bool intersect\_notes (long position, long position\_note, long &start, long &end, long &note)

This function examines each note in the event list.

• bool intersect\_events (long posstart, long posend, long status, long &start)

This function examines each non-note event in the event list.

void del\_selected\_trigger ()

Deletes the first selected trigger that is found.

void cut\_selected\_trigger ()

Copies and deletes the first selected trigger that is found.

void copy\_selected\_trigger ()

Copies the first selected trigger that is found.

void paste\_trigger ()

If there is a copied trigger, then this function grabs it from the trigger clipboard and adds it.

bool move\_selected\_triggers\_to (long tick, bool adjust\_offset, int which=2)

Moves selected triggers as per the given parameters.

• long selected\_trigger\_start ()

Gets the last-selected trigger's start tick.

• long selected\_trigger\_end ()

Gets the selected trigger's end tick.

long get\_max\_trigger ()

Get the ending value of the last trigger in the trigger-list.

void move triggers (long start tick, long distance, bool direction)

Moves triggers in the trigger-list.

void copy\_triggers (long start\_tick, long distance)

Copies triggers to ...

• void clear\_triggers ()

Clears the whole list of triggers.

· long get\_trigger\_offset () const

'Getter' function for member m\_trigger\_offset

void set\_midi\_bus (char mb)

Sets the midibus number to dump to.

char get midi bus () const

'Getter' function for member m\_bus

void set\_master\_midi\_bus (mastermidibus \*mmb)

'Setter' function for member m masterbus

int select\_note\_events (long tick\_s, int note\_h, long tick\_f, int note\_l, select\_action\_e action)

This function selects events in range of tick start, note high, tick end, and note low.

• int select\_events (long tick\_s, long tick\_f, unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, select\_action\_e action)

Select all events in the given range, and returns the number selected.

int select\_events (unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, bool inverse=false)

Select all events with the given status, and returns the number selected.

• int get\_num\_selected\_notes () const

Counts the selected notes in the event list.

int get\_num\_selected\_events (unsigned char status, unsigned char cc) const

Counts the selected events, with the given status, in the event list.

• void select all ()

Selects all events, unconditionally.

void copy\_selected ()

Copies the selected events.

void paste\_selected (long tick, int note)

Pastes the selected notes (and only note events) at the given tick and the given note value.

void get\_selected\_box (long &tick\_s, int &note\_h, long &tick\_f, int &note\_l)

Returns the 'box' of the selected items.

void get\_clipboard\_box (long &tick\_s, int &note\_h, long &tick\_f, int &note\_l)

Returns the 'box' of selected items.

void move\_selected\_notes (long deltatick, int deltanote)

Removes and adds reads selected in position.

• void add note (long tick, long len, int note, bool paint=false)

Adds a note of a given length and note value, at a given tick location.

• void add\_event (long tick, unsigned char status, unsigned char d0, unsigned char d1, bool paint=false)

Adds a event of a given status value and data values, at a given tick location.

void stream event (event \*ev)

Streams the given event.

void change\_event\_data\_range (long tick\_s, long tick\_f, unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, int d\_s, int d f)

Changes the event data range.

void increment\_selected (unsigned char status, unsigned char control)

Increments events the match the given status and control values.

void decrement selected (unsigned char status, unsigned char control)

Decrements events the match the given status and control values.

void grow\_selected (long deltatick)

Moves note off event.

· void stretch selected (long deltatick)

Performs a stretch operation on the selected events.

• void remove\_marked ()

Removes marked events.

void mark\_selected ()

Marks the selected events.

· void unpaint\_all ()

Unpaints all list-events.

· void unselect ()

Deselects all events, unconditionally.

void verify and link ()

This function verifies state: all note-ons have an off, and it links note-offs with their note-ons.

void link\_new ()

Links a new event.

void zero\_markers ()

Resets everything to zero.

• void play\_note\_on (int note)

Plays a note from the piano roll on the main bus on the master MIDI buss.

void play\_note\_off (int note)

Turns off a note from the piano roll on the main bus on the master MIDI buss.

void off\_playing\_notes ()

Sends a note-off event for all active notes.

void reset\_draw\_marker ()

This refreshes the play marker to the last tick.

• void reset\_draw\_trigger\_marker ()

Sets the draw-trigger iterator to the beginning of the trigger list.

draw\_type get\_next\_note\_event (long \*tick\_s, long \*tick\_f, int \*note, bool \*selected, int \*velocity)

Each call to seqdata() fills the passed references with a events elements, and returns true.

int get\_lowest\_note\_event ()

Goes through the list of notes, and picks the one with the lowest value.

• int get\_highest\_note\_event ()

Goes through the list of notes, and picks the one with the highest value.

bool get\_next\_event (unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, long \*tick, unsigned char \*d0, unsigned char \*d1, bool \*selected)

Get the next event in the event list that matches the given status and control character.

bool get\_next\_event (unsigned char \*status, unsigned char \*cc)

Get the next event in the event list.

bool get\_next\_trigger (long \*tick\_on, long \*tick\_off, bool \*selected, long \*tick\_offset)

Get the next trigger in the trigger list, and set the parameters based on that trigger.

void fill\_container (midi\_container &c, int tracknumber)

This function fills the given character list with MIDI data from the current sequence, preparatory to writing it to a file.

void quantize\_events (unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, long snap\_tick, int divide, bool linked=false)

Not deleting the ends, not selected.

void transpose\_notes (int steps, int scale)

Transposes notes by the given steps, in accordance with the given scale.

• midibyte musical\_key () const

'Getter' function for member m\_musical\_key

void musical key (int key)

'Setter' function for member m\_musical\_key

• midibyte musical\_scale () const

'Getter' function for member m\_musical\_scale

· void musical scale (int scale)

'Setter' function for member m\_musical\_scale

• long background\_sequence () const

'Getter' function for member m\_background\_sequence

void background\_sequence (int bs)

'Setter' function for member m\_background\_sequence Only partial validation at present, we do not want the upper limit to be hard-wired at this time.

#### **Private Member Functions**

· void put event on bus (event \*ev)

Takes an event that this sequence is holding, and places it on the midibus.

• void remove all ()

Clears all events from the event container.

• void set\_trigger\_offset (long trigger\_offset)

Sets m\_trigger\_offset and wraps it to m\_length.

void split\_trigger (trigger &trig, long splittick)

Splits the trigger given by the parameter into two triggers.

void adjust\_trigger\_offsets\_to\_length (long newlen)

Adjusts trigger offsets to the length of ???, for all triggers, and undo triggers.

void remove (event\_list::iterator i)

A helper function, which does not lock/unlock, so it is unsafe to call without supplying an iterator from the list-event.

void remove (event \*e)

A helper function, which does not lock/unlock, so it is unsafe to call without supplying an iterator from the list-event.

#### **Private Attributes**

· event\_list m\_events

This list holds the current pattern/sequence events.

int m\_seq\_number

A new member so that the sequence number is carried along with the sequence.

· midibyte m musical key

Holds a copy of the musical key for this sequence, which we now support writing to this sequence.

midibyte m\_musical\_scale

Holds a copy of the musical scale for this sequence, which we now support writing to this sequence.

· long m background sequence

Holds a copy of the background sequence number for this sequence, which we now support writing to this sequence.

• mutex m\_mutex

Provides locking for the sequence.

# **Static Private Attributes**

· static event list m events clipboard

A static clipboard for holding pattern/sequence events.

### 8.50.1 Detailed Description

More members than you can shake a stick at.

### 8.50.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

8.50.2.1 enum seq64::sequence::select\_action\_e

#### Enumerator

**e\_select** This enumeration is used in selecting events and note. Se the select\_note\_events() and select\_← events() functions.

```
To select ...
```

- e select one To select ...
- e\_is\_selected The events are selected ...
- e\_would\_select The events would be selected ...
- **e\_deselect** To deselect the event under the cursor.
- **e\_toggle\_selection** To toggle the selection of the event under the cursor.
- e\_remove\_one To remove one note under the cursor.

### 8.50.3 Member Function Documentation

8.50.3.1 sequence & seq64::sequence::operator= ( const sequence & rhs )

Follows the stock rules for such an operator, but does a little more then just assign member values. Currently, it does not assign them all, so we should create a partial\_copy() function to do this work, and use it where it is needed.

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.2 int seq64::sequence::event_count() const
```

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.3 void seg64::sequence::push_undo()
```

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.4 void seq64::sequence::pop_undo()
```

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.5 void seq64::sequence::pop_redo()
```

Threadsafe

8.50.3.6 void seq64::sequence::push\_trigger\_undo( )

Threadsafe

8.50.3.7 void seq64::sequence::set\_beats\_per\_bar ( long beatspermeasure )

Threadsafe

#### **Parameters**

beatspermea-	The new setting of the beats-per-bar value.
sure	

8.50.3.8 void seq64::sequence::set\_beat\_width ( long beatwidth )

#### Threadsafe

**Parameters** 

beatwidth The new setting of the beat width value.

8.50.3.9 long seq64::sequence::get\_beat\_width() const [inline]

Threadsafe

8.50.3.10 void seq64::sequence::set\_rec\_vol ( long recvol )

Threadsafe

**Parameters** 

recvol The new setting of the recording volume setting.

8.50.3.11 const char\* seq64::sequence::get\_name( ) const [inline]

### **Deprecated**

8.50.3.12 void seq64::sequence::set\_length ( long len, bool adjust\_triggers = true )

This function is called in seqedit::apply\_length(), when the user selects a sequence length in measures. That function calculates the length in ticks:

```
L = M x B x 4 x P / W
L == length (ticks or pulses)
M == number of measures
B == beats per measure
P == pulses per quarter-note
W == beat width in beats per measure

For our "b4uacuse" MIDI file, M can be about 100 measures, B is 4,
P can be 192 (but we want to support higher values), and W is 4.
So L = 100 * 4 * 4 * 192 / 4 = 76800 ticks. Seems small.
```

### Threadsafe

8.50.3.13 void seq64::sequence::set\_playing (bool p)

When playing, and the sequencer is running, notes get dumped to the ALSA buffers.

**Parameters** 

Threadsafe

```
off, and turn off any notes still playing.
8.50.3.14 void seq64::sequence::toggle_queued( )
Toggles the queued flag and sets the dirty-mp flag. Also calculates the queued tick based on m_last_tick.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.15 void seq64::sequence::off_queued()
Toggles the queued flag and sets the dirty-mp flag.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.16 void seq64::sequence::set_recording (bool r)
Threadsafe
8.50.3.17 void seq64::sequence::set_snap_tick ( int st )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.18 void seq64::sequence::set_quantized_rec ( bool qr )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.19 void seq64::sequence::set_thru ( bool r )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.20 bool seq64::sequence::is_dirty_main()
resets it). This flag signals that a redraw is needed from recording.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.21 bool seq64::sequence::is_dirty_edit()
Threadsafe
8.50.3.22 bool seq64::sequence::is_dirty_perf( )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.23 bool seq64::sequence::is_dirty_names ( )
```

Provides the playing status to set. True means to turn on the playing, false means to turn it

```
8.50.3.24 void seq64::sequence::set_dirty_mp()

Not threadsafe

8.50.3.25 void seq64::sequence::set_dirty()

Threadsafe

8.50.3.26 void seq64::sequence::set_midi_channel(unsigned char ch)

Threadsafe

8.50.3.27 void seq64::sequence::print()

Not threadsafe

8.50.3.28 void seq64::sequence::print_triggers()

Not threadsafe
```

8.50.3.29 void seq64::sequence::play ( long tick, bool playback\_mode )

This function is called by the sequencer thread, performance. The tick comes in as global tick.

It turns the sequence off after we play in this frame.

# **Parameters**

tick	Provides the current end-tick value.
playback_mode	Provides how playback is managed. We think it goes like this: True indicates that it is live play-
	back, controlled by the main windows and its layout of patterns and triggers. False indicate
	that the performance/song editor is in control of playback.

### Threadsafe

8.50.3.30 void seq64::sequence::set\_orig\_tick ( long tick )

Threadsafe

8.50.3.31 void seq64::sequence::add\_event ( const event \* ep )

Then it reset the draw-marker and sets the dirty flag.

Currently, when reading a MIDI file [see the midifile::parse() function], only the main events (notes, after-touch, pitch, program changes, etc.) are added with this function. So, we can rely on reading only playable events into a sequence. Well, actually, certain meta-events are also read, to obtain channel, buss, and more settings. Also read for a sequence, if the global-sequence flag is not set, are the new key, scale, and background sequence parameters.

This module (sequencer) adds all of those events as well, but it can surely add other events. We should assume that any events added by sequencer are playable/usable.

Threadsafe

## Warning

This pushing (and, in writing the MIDI file, the popping), causes events with identical timestamps to be written in reverse order. Doesn't affect functionality, but it's puzzling until one understands what is happening. Actually, this is true only in Seq24, we've fixed that behavior for Sequencer64.

8.50.3.32 void seq64::sequence::add\_trigger ( long tick, long len, long offset = 0, bool fixoffset = true )

A pass-through function that calls triggers::add().

8.50.3.33 void seq64::sequence::split\_trigger ( long splittick )

This is the public overload of split\_trigger.

Threadsafe

8.50.3.34 void seq64::sequence::grow\_trigger ( long tickfrom, long tickto, long len )

### **Parameters**

tickfrom	The desired from-value back which to expand the trigger, if necessary.
tickto	The desired to-value towards which to expand the trigger, if necessary.
len	The additional length to append to tickto for the check.

### Threadsafe

8.50.3.35 void seq64::sequence::del\_trigger ( long tick )

Threadsafe

8.50.3.36 bool seq64::sequence::get\_trigger\_state ( long tick )

If any trigger is found to bracket that tick, then true is returned.

## Parameters

tick	Provides the tick of interest.

## Returns

Returns true if a trigger is found that brackets the given tick.

8.50.3.37 bool seq64::sequence::select\_trigger ( long tick )

If any trigger is found to bracket that tick, then true is returned, and the trigger is marked as selected.

### **Parameters**

tick	Provides the tick of interest.

## Returns

Returns true if a trigger is found that brackets the given tick.

8.50.3.38 bool seq64::sequence::unselect\_triggers ( )

#### Returns

Always returns false.

8.50.3.39 bool seq64::sequence::intersect\_triggers ( long position, long & start, long & ender )

If the given position is between the current trigger's tick-start and tick-end values, the these values are copied to the start and end parameters, respectively, and then we exit.

#### Threadsafe

#### **Parameters**

position	The position to examine.
start	The destination for the starting tick of the matching trigger.
ender	The destination for the ending tick of the matching trigger.

#### Returns

Returns true if a trigger was found whose start/end ticks contained the position. Otherwise, false is returned, and the start and end return parameters should not be used.

8.50.3.40 bool seq64::sequence::intersect\_notes ( long position, long position\_note, long & start, long & ender, long & note )

If the given position is between the current notes on and off time values, values, the these values are copied to the start and end parameters, respectively, the note value is copied to the note parameter, and then we exit.

## Threadsafe

## **Parameters**

position	The position to examine.
position_note	I think this is the note value we might be looking for ???
start	The destination for the starting timestamp of the matching note.
ender	The destination for the ending timestamp of the matching note.
note	The destination for the note of the matching event.

### Returns

Returns true if a event was found whose start/end ticks contained the position. Otherwise, false is returned, and the start and end return parameters should not be used.

8.50.3.41 bool seq64::sequence::intersect events ( long posstart, long posend, long status, long & start )

If the given position is between the current notes's timestamp-start and timestamp-end values, the these values are copied to the posstart and posend parameters, respectively, and then we exit.

# Threadsafe

### **Parameters**

posstart	The starting position to examine.
----------	-----------------------------------

posen	The ending position to examine.
statu	The desired status value.
star	The destination for the starting timestamp of the matching trigger.

### Returns

Returns true if a event was found whose start/end timestamps contained the position. Otherwise, false is returned, and the start and end return parameters should not be used.

```
8.50.3.42 void seq64::sequence::paste_trigger()
```

Why isn't this protected by a mutex? We will eventually enable this see if anything bad happens, such as a deadlock, or corruption.

8.50.3.43 bool seq64::sequence::move\_selected\_triggers\_to ( long tick, bool adjustoffset, int which = 2 )

```
min_tick][0 1][max_tick 2

If we are moving the 0, use first as offset.

If we are moving the 1, use the last as the offset.

If we are moving both (2), use first as offset.
```

### Threadsafe

### Returns

Returns the value of triggers::move\_selected(), which indicate that the movement could be made. Used in Seq24PerfInput::handle motion key().

```
8.50.3.44 long seq64::sequence::selected_trigger_start()
```

### Threadsafe

## Returns

Returns the tick\_start() value of the last-selected trigger. If no triggers are selected, then -1 is returned.

```
8.50.3.45 long seq64::sequence::selected_trigger_end ( )
```

### Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.46 long seq64::sequence::get_max_trigger()
```

## Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.47 void seq64::sequence::move_triggers ( long starttick, long distance, bool direction )
```

Note the dependence on the m\_length member being kept in sync with the parent's value of m\_length.

# Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.48 void seq64::sequence::copy_triggers ( long starttick, long distance )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.49 void seq64::sequence::clear_triggers ( )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.50 void seq64::sequence::set_midi_bus ( char mb )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.51 void seq64::sequence::set_master_midi_bus ( mastermidibus * mmb )
Threadsafe
Parameters
                       Provides a pointer to the master MIDI buss for this sequence. This should be a reference.
              mmb
8.50.3.52 int seq64::sequence::select_note_events ( long a_tick_s, int a_note_h, long a_tick_f, int a_note_l,
          select_action_e a_action )
Returns the number selected.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.53 int seq64::sequence::select_events ( long tick_s, long tick_f, unsigned char status, unsigned char cc,
          select_action_e action )
Note that there is also an overloaded version of this function.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.54 int seq64::sequence::select_events ( unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, bool inverse = false )
Note that there is also an overloaded version of this function.
Threadsafe
Warning
      This used to be a void function, so it just returns 0 for now.
8.50.3.55 int seq64::sequence::get_num_selected_notes ( ) const
Threadsafe
8.50.3.56 int seq64::sequence::get_num_selected_events ( unsigned char status, unsigned char cc ) const
If the event is a control change (CC), then it must also match the given CC value.
Threadsafe
```

8.50.3.57 void seq64::sequence::select\_all()

Threadsafe

8.50.3.58 void seq64::sequence::copy\_selected()

Threadsafe

8.50.3.59 void seq64::sequence::paste\_selected ( long tick, int note )

I wonder if we can get away with just getting a reference to m\_events\_clipboard, rather than copying the whole thing, for speed.

Threadsafe

8.50.3.60 void seq64::sequence::add\_note ( long tick, long length, int note, bool paint = false )

It adds a single note-on / note-off pair.

The paint parameter indicates if we care about the painted event, so then the function runs though the events and deletes the painted ones that overlap the ones we want to add.

Threadsafe

8.50.3.61 void seq64::sequence::add\_event ( long *tick*, unsigned char *status*, unsigned char *d0*, unsigned char *d1*, bool *paint*= false )

The a\_paint parameter indicates if we care about the painted event, so then the function runs though the events and deletes the painted ones that overlap the ones we want to add.

Threadsafe

8.50.3.62 void seq64::sequence::stream\_event ( event \* ev )

Threadsafe

8.50.3.63 void seq64::sequence::change\_event\_data\_range ( long tick\_s, long tick\_f, unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, int data\_s, int data\_f)

Changes only selected events, if any.

Threadsafe

Let t == the current tick value; ts == tick start value; tf == tick finish value; ds = data start value; df == data finish value; d = the new data value.

Then

If this were an interpolation formula it would be:

```
Something is not quite right; to be investigated.
\param tick_s
    Provides the starting tick value.
\param tick_f
    Provides the ending tick value.
\param status
    Provides the event status that is to be changed.
    Provides the event control value.
\param data s
    Provides the starting data value.
\param data_f
    Provides the finishing data value.
8.50.3.64 void seq64::sequence::increment_selected ( unsigned char astat, unsigned char control )
The supported statuses are:
  EVENT_NOTE_ON
   EVENT_NOTE_OFF
    EVENT_AFTERTOUCH
   EVENT_CONTROL_CHANGE
   EVENT_PITCH_WHEEL
    EVENT_PROGRAM_CHANGE
- EVENT_CHANNEL_PRESSURE
Threadsafe
8.50.3.65 void seq64::sequence::decrement_selected ( unsigned char astat, unsigned char control )
The supported statuses are:
   EVENT_NOTE_ON
    EVENT_NOTE_OFF
   EVENT_AFTERTOUCH
   EVENT_CONTROL_CHANGE
   EVENT_PITCH_WHEEL
    EVENT_PROGRAM_CHANGE
   EVENT_CHANNEL_PRESSURE
Threadsafe
8.50.3.66 void seq64::sequence::grow_selected ( long delta_tick )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.67 void seq64::sequence::stretch_selected ( long delta_tick )
This should move a note off event, according to old comments, but it doesn't seem to do that. See the grow_~
```

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selected() function.

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.68 void seq64::sequence::remove_marked ( )
Note how this function handles removing a value to avoid incrementing a now-invalid iterator.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.69 void seq64::sequence::mark_selected ( )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.70 void seq64::sequence::unpaint_all()
Threadsafe
8.50.3.71 void seq64::sequence::unselect ( )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.72 void seq64::sequence::verify_and_link()
Threadsafe
8.50.3.73 void seq64::sequence::link_new()
Threadsafe
8.50.3.74 void seq64::sequence::zero_markers ( )
This function is used when the sequencer stops.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.75 void seq64::sequence::play_note_on ( int a_note )
It flushes a note to the midibus to preview its sound, used by the virtual piano.
Threadsafe
8.50.3.76 void seq64::sequence::play_note_off ( int a_note )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.77 void seq64::sequence::off_playing_notes ( )
Threadsafe
8.50.3.78 void seq64::sequence::reset_draw_marker()
It resets the draw marker so that calls to get_next_note_event() will start from the first event.
Threadsafe
```

8.50.3.79 void seq64::sequence::reset\_draw\_trigger\_marker ( )

#### Threadsafe

8.50.3.80 draw\_type seq64::sequence::get\_next\_note\_event ( long \*  $a\_tick\_s$ , long \*  $a\_tick\_f$ , int \*  $a\_note$ , bool \*  $a\_selected$ , int \*  $a\_velocity$  )

When it has no more events, returns a false.

8.50.3.81 int seq64::sequence::get\_lowest\_note\_event()

#### Threadsafe

#### Returns

Returns the note with the lowest value. If there are no notes in the list, then SEQ64\_MIDI\_COUNT\_MAX-1 is returned, which of course doesn't tell the caller much.

8.50.3.82 int seq64::sequence::get\_highest\_note\_event()

### Threadsafe

#### Returns

Returns the note with the highest value. If there are no notes in the list, then 0 is returned, which of course doesn't tell the caller much.

8.50.3.83 bool seq64::sequence::get\_next\_event ( unsigned char status, unsigned char cc, long \* tick, unsigned char \* d0, unsigned char \* d1, bool \* selected )

Then set the rest of the parameters parameters using that event.

Note the usage of event::is\_desired\_cc\_or\_not\_cc(status, cc, \*d0); Either we have a control change with the right CC or it's a different type of event.

8.50.3.84 bool seq64::sequence::get\_next\_event ( unsigned char \* a\_status, unsigned char \* a\_cc )

Then set the status and control character parameters using that event.

8.50.3.85 void seq64::sequence::fill\_container ( midi\_container & c, int tracknumber )

Note that some of the events might not come out in the same order they were stored in (we see that with program-change events.

### **Parameters**

	С	Provides the std::list object to push events to the front, which thus inserts them in backwards
		order. (These events are then popped back, which restores the order, with some exceptions).
Ī	tracknumber	Provides the track number. This number is masked into the track information.

8.50.3.86 void seq64::sequence::transpose\_notes ( int steps, int scale )

If the scale value is 0, this is "no scale", which is the chromatic scale, where all 12 notes, including sharps and flats, are part of the scale.

```
8.50.3.87 void seq64::sequence::background_sequence(int bs) [inline]
```

Disabling the sequence number (setting it to SEQ64\_SEQUENCE\_LIMIT) is valid.

```
8.50.3.88 void seq64::sequence::put_event_on_bus( event * ev ) [private]
```

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.89 void seq64::sequence::set_trigger_offset ( long trigger_offset ) [private]
```

Threadsafe

```
8.50.3.90 void seq64::sequence::split_trigger ( trigger & trig, long splittick ) [private]
```

This is the private overload of split trigger.

Threadsafe

**Parameters** 

trig	Provides the original trigger, and also holds the changes made to that trigger as it is short-
	ened.
splittick	The position just after where the original trigger will be truncated, and the new trigger begins.

```
8.50.3.91 void seq64::sequence::adjust_trigger_offsets_to_length ( long newlength ) [private]
```

Threadsafe

Might can get rid of this function?

```
8.50.3.92 void seq64::sequence::remove(event_list::iterator i) [private]
```

If it's a note off, and that note is currently playing, then send a note off.

Not threadsafe

```
8.50.3.93 void seq64::sequence::remove( event * e ) [private]
```

Finds the given event in m\_events, and removes the first iterator matching that.

Not threadsafe

Todo Use find instead in sequence::remove()!

# 8.50.4 Field Documentation

```
8.50.4.1 int seq64::sequence::m_seq_number [private]
```

This number is set in the perform::install\_sequence() function.

```
8.50.4.2 midibyte seq64::sequence::m_musical_key [private]
```

If the value is SEQ64\_KEY\_OF\_C, then there is no musical key to be set.

```
8.50.4.3 midibyte seq64::sequence::m_musical_scale [private]
```

If the value is the enumeration value c\_scale\_off, then there is no musical scale to be set.

```
8.50.4.4 long seq64::sequence::m_background_sequence [private]
```

If the value is greater than max sequence(), then there is no background sequence to be set.

```
8.50.4.5 mutex seq64::sequence::m_mutex [mutable], [private]
```

Made mutable for use in certain locked getter functions.

# 8.51 seq64::trigger Class Reference

This class hold a single trigger for a sequence object.

### **Public Member Functions**

• trigger ()

Initializes the trigger structure.

bool operator< (const trigger &rhs)</li>

This operator compares only the m\_tick\_start members.

• long tick\_start () const

'Getter' function for member m\_tick\_start

void tick\_start (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_tick\_start

void increment\_tick\_start (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_tick\_start

void decrement\_tick\_start (long s)

'Setter' function for member m tick start

• long tick\_end () const

'Getter' function for member m\_tick\_end

• void tick\_end (long e)

'Setter' function for member m\_tick\_end

void increment\_tick\_end (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_tick\_end

void decrement\_tick\_end (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_tick\_end

• long offset () const

'Getter' function for member m\_offset

• void offset (long o)

'Setter' function for member m\_offset

• void increment\_offset (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_offset

void decrement\_offset (long s)

'Setter' function for member m\_offset

• bool selected () const

'Getter' function for member m selected

void selected (bool s)

'Setter' function for member m\_selected

### **Private Attributes**

· long m\_tick\_start

Provides the starting tick for this trigger.

long m\_tick\_end

Provides the ending tick for this trigger.

long m\_offset

Provides the offset for this trigger.

· bool m selected

Indicates that the trigger is part of a selection.

### 8.51.1 Detailed Description

This class is used in playback, and is contained in the triggers class.

# 8.52 seq64::triggers Class Reference

The triggers class is a receptable the triggers that can be used with a sequence object.

# **Public Types**

typedef std::list< trigger > List

Exposes the triggers type, currently needed for midi\_container only.

## **Public Member Functions**

• triggers (sequence &parent)

Principal constructor.

• ∼triggers ()

A rote destructor.

• triggers & operator= (const triggers &rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

void set\_ppqn (int ppqn)

'Setter' function for member m\_ppqn We have to set this value after construction for best safety.

void set\_length (int len)

'Setter' function for member m\_length We have to set this value after construction for best safety.

• List & triggerlist ()

'Getter' function for member m\_triggers

void push\_undo ()

Pushes the list-trigger into the trigger undo-list, then flags each item in the undo-list as unselected.

• void pop\_undo ()

If the trigger undo-list has any items, the list-trigger is pushed into the redo list, the top of the undo-list is coped into the list-trigger, and then pops from the undo-list.

void print (const std::string &seqname)

Prints a list of the currently-held triggers.

• bool play (long &start\_tick, long &end\_tick)

If playback-mode (live mode?) is in force, that is, if using in-triggers and on/off triggers, this function handles that kind of playback.

void add (long tick, long len, long offset=0, bool adjustoffset=true)

Adds a trigger.

· void adjust\_offsets\_to\_length (long newlen)

Adjusts trigger offsets to the length of ???, for all triggers, and undo triggers.

void split (long tick)

Splits the first trigger that brackets the splittick parameter.

void split (trigger &trig, long split\_tick)

Splits the trigger given by the parameter into two triggers.

void grow (long tick\_from, long tick\_to, long length)

Grows a trigger.

· void remove (long tick)

Deletes the first trigger that brackets the given tick from the trigger-list.

bool get\_state (long tick)

Checks the list of triggers against the given tick.

· bool select (long tick)

Checks the list of triggers against the given tick.

• bool unselect ()

Unselects all triggers.

· bool intersect (long position, long &start, long &end)

This function examines each trigger in the trigger list.

void remove\_selected ()

Deletes the first selected trigger that is found.

• void copy\_selected ()

Copies the first selected trigger that is found.

· void paste ()

If there is a copied trigger, then this function grabs it from the trigger clipboard and adds it.

• bool move\_selected (long tick, bool adjustoffset, int which=2)

Moves selected triggers as per the given parameters.

long get\_selected\_start ()

Gets the selected trigger's start tick.

long get\_selected\_end ()

Gets the selected trigger's end tick.

long get\_maximum ()

Get the ending value of the last trigger in the trigger-list.

void move (long start\_tick, long distance, bool direction)

Moves triggers in the trigger-list.

void copy (long start\_tick, long distance)

Not sure what these diagrams are for yet.

• void clear ()

Clears the whole list of triggers.

bool next (long \*tick\_on, long \*tick\_off, bool \*selected, long \*tick\_offset)

'Getter' function for member m\_trigger\_offset

• trigger next\_trigger ()

Get the next trigger in the trigger list, and set the parameters based on that trigger.

· void reset\_draw\_trigger\_marker ()

Sets the draw-trigger iterator to the beginning of the trigger list.

## **Private Member Functions**

long adjust\_offset (long offset)

Adjusts the given offset by mod'ing it with m\_length and adding m\_length if needed, and returning the result.

### **Private Attributes**

· sequence & m parent

Holds a reference to the parent sequence object that owns this trigger object.

· List m\_triggers

This list holds the current pattern/triggers events.

· trigger m\_clipboard

This item holds a single copied trigger, to be pasted later.

· Stack m undo stack

Handles the undo list for a series of operations on triggers.

Stack m\_redo\_stack

Handles the redo list for a series of operations on triggers.

List::iterator m\_iterator\_play\_trigger

An iterator for cycling through the triggers during playback.

List::iterator m\_iterator\_draw\_trigger

An iterator for cycling through the triggers during drawing.

bool m\_trigger\_copied

Set to true if there is an active trigger in the trigger clipboard.

• long m\_trigger\_offset

Offset.

• int m\_ppqn

Holds the value of the PPQN from the parent sequence, for easy access.

· int m length

Holds the value of the length from the parent sequence, for easy access.

### 8.52.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

8.52.1.1 seq64::triggers::triggers ( sequence & parent )

### **Parameters**

parent	The triggers object often needs to tell its parent sequence object what to do (such as stop
	playing).

### 8.52.2 Member Function Documentation

8.52.2.1 triggers & seq64::triggers::operator= ( const triggers & rhs )

Follows the stock rules for such an operator, but does a little more then just assign member values. Currently, it does not assign them all, so we should create a partial copy() function to do this work, and use it where it is needed.

```
8.52.2.2 void seq64::triggers::set_length(int len) [inline]
```

Also, there a chance that the length of the parent might change from time to time. Currently, only the sequence constructor and midifile call this function.

8.52.2.3 bool seq64::triggers::play ( long & start\_tick, long & end\_tick )

This is a new function for sequence::play() to call.

#### **Parameters**

start_tick	Provides the starting tick value, and returns the modified value as a side-effect.
end_tick	Provides the ending tick value, and returns the modified value as a side-effect.

### Returns

Returns true if we're through playing the frame, and the caller should stop the playback.

8.52.2.4 void seq64::triggers::add ( long tick, long len, long offset = 0, bool fixoffset = true )

# What is this?

### **Parameters**

tick	Provides the tick (pulse) time at which the trigger goes on.
len	Provides the length of the trigger. This value is actually calculated from the "on" value minus
	the "off" value read from the MIDI file.
offset	This value specifies the offset of the trigger. It is a feature of the c_triggers_new that c_
	triggers doesn't have. It is the third value in the trigger specification of the Sequencer64 MIDI
	file.
fixoffset	If true, the offset parameter is modified by adjust_offset() first. We think that basically makes
	sure it is positive.

8.52.2.5 void seq64::triggers::adjust\_offsets\_to\_length ( long newlength )

# **Parameters**

newlength	

**COMMON CODE?** 

COMMON CODE?

8.52.2.6 void seq64::triggers::split ( long splittick )

This is the first trigger where splittick is greater than L and less than R.

# **Parameters**

splittick	Provides the tick that must be bracketed for the split to be made.

8.52.2.7 void seq64::triggers::split ( trigger & trig, long splittick )

The original trigger ends 1 tick before the splittick parameter, and the new trigger starts at splittick and ends where the original trigger ended.

#### **Parameters**

	trig	Provides the original trigger, and also holds the changes made to that trigger as it is short-
		ened.
Ì	splittick	The position just after where the original trigger will be truncated, and the new trigger begins.

# 8.52.2.8 void seq64::triggers::grow ( long tickfrom, long tickto, long len )

This function looks for the first trigger where the tickfrom parameter is between the trigger's tick-start and tick-end values. If found then the trigger's start is moved back to tickto, if necessary, or the trigger's end is moved to tickto plus the length parameter, if necessary.

Then this new trigger is added, and the function breaks from the search loop.

#### **Parameters**

tickfrom	The desired from-value back which to expand the trigger, if necessary.
tickto	The desired to-value towards which to expand the trigger, if necessary.
len	The additional length to append to tickto for the check.

### 8.52.2.9 void seq64::triggers::remove ( long tick )

#### **Parameters**

tick	Provides the tick to be examined.
------	-----------------------------------

# 8.52.2.10 bool seq64::triggers::get\_state ( long tick )

If any trigger is found to bracket that tick, then true is returned.

# Parameters

tick	Provides the tick of interest.

### Returns

Returns true if a trigger is found that brackets the given tick.

# 8.52.2.11 bool seq64::triggers::select ( long tick )

If any trigger is found to bracket that tick, then true is returned, and the trigger is marked as selected.

# **Parameters**

tick	Provides the tick of interest.

# Returns

Returns true if a trigger is found that brackets the given tick.

# 8.52.2.12 bool seq64::triggers::unselect ( )

# Returns

Always returns false.

8.52.2.13 bool seq64::triggers::intersect ( long position, long & start, long & ender )

If the given position is between the current trigger's tick-start and tick-end values, the these values are copied to the start and end parameters, respectively, and then we exit.

#### **Parameters**

position	The position to examine.
start	The destination for the starting tick (m_tick_start) of the matching trigger.
ender	The destination for the ending tick (m_tick_end) of the matching trigger.

#### Returns

Returns true if a trigger was found whose start/end ticks contained the position. Otherwise, false is returned, and the start and end return parameters should not be used.

```
8.52.2.14 void seq64::triggers::paste ( )
```

It pastes at the copy end.

8.52.2.15 bool seq64::triggers::move\_selected ( long tick, bool fixoffset, int which = 2 )

#### **Parameters**

which	Selects which movement will be done. This parameter has three possible values:
	If we are moving the 0, use first as offset.
	If we are moving the 1, use the last as the offset.
	If we are moving both (2), use first as offset.

### Returns

Returns true if there was room to move. Otherwise, false is returned. We need this feature to support keystoke movement of a selected trigger in the perfroll window, and keep it from continually incremented when there can be no more movement. This causes moving the other direction to be delayed while the accumulating movement counter is used up. However, right now we can't rely on this result, and ignore it. There may be no way around this minor issue.

```
8.52.2.16 long seq64::triggers::get_selected_start()
```

We guess this ends up selecting only one trigger, otherwise only the last selected one would effectively set the result.

### Returns

Returns the tick\_start() value of the last-selected trigger. If no triggers are selected, then -1 is returned.

```
8.52.2.17 long seq64::triggers::get_selected_end ( )
```

## Returns

Returns the tick end() value of the last-selected trigger. If no triggers are selected, then -1 is returned.

### 8.52.2.18 void seq64::triggers::copy ( long starttick, long distance )

```
[
     ] [
... a
. . .
5
      play
      offset
  10 play
] [
           ] [] orig
[
            [ ][ ] [] split on the R marker, shift first
      delete middle
        ][][]
                     move ticks
          ] [
          ][ ] [ ] split on L
                [ ] [ ] increase all after L
```

Copies triggers to...

```
8.52.2.19 bool seq64::triggers::next ( long * tick_on, long * tick_off, bool * selected, long * offset )
```

Get the next trigger in the trigger list, and set the parameters based on that trigger.

long get\_trigger\_offset () const { return m\_trigger\_offset; }

Todo It would be a bit simpler to simply return a trigger object, wouldn't it?

# **Parameters**

tick_on	Return value for the retrieval of the starting tick for the trigger.
tick_off	Return value for the retrieval of the ending tick for the trigger.
selected	Return value for the retrieval of the is-selected flag for the trigger.
offset	Return value for the retrieval of the offset for the trigger.

# Returns

Returns true if a trigger was found. If false, the caller cannot rely on the values returned through the return parameters.

**Side-effect(s)** The value of the m\_iterator\_draw\_trigger member will be altered by this call, unless pointing to the end of the triggerlist, or if there are no triggers.

```
8.52.2.20 trigger seq64::triggers::next_trigger()
```

# Returns

Returns the next trigger. If there is none, a default trigger object is returned.

**Side-effect(s)** The value of the m\_iterator\_draw\_trigger member will be altered by this call, unless pointing to the end of the triggerlist, or if there are no triggers.

**8.52.2.21** long seq64::triggers::adjust\_offset( long *offset* ) [private]

#### **Parameters**

offset Provides the offset, mod'ed against m\_length, used to adjust the offset.

### Returns

Returns the new offset. However, if m length is 0, no change is made, and the original offset is returned.

#### 8.52.3 Field Documentation

```
8.52.3.1 int seq64::triggers::m_ppqn [private]
```

This should not change, but we have to set it after construction, and so we provide a setter for it, set\_ppqn(), called by the sequence constructor.

```
8.52.3.2 int seq64::triggers::m_length [private]
```

This might change, we're not yet sure.

# 8.53 seq64::user\_instrument Class Reference

Provides data about the MIDI instruments, readable from the "user" configuration file.

# **Public Member Functions**

• user\_instrument (const std::string &name="")

Default constructor.

• user\_instrument (const user\_instrument &rhs)

Copy constructor.

user\_instrument & operator= (const user\_instrument &rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

• bool is\_valid () const

'Getter' function for member m\_is\_valid

· void set defaults ()

Sets the default values.

• const std::string & name () const

'Getter' function for member m\_instrument\_def.instrument (name of instrument)

· int controller\_count () const

'Getter' function for member m\_controller\_count This function returns the number of active controllers.

• int controller max () const

'Getter' function for member MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX This function returns the maximum number of controllers, active or inactive.

• const std::string & controller\_name (int c) const

'Getter' function for member m\_instrument\_def.controllers[c]

bool controller\_active (int c) const

'Getter' function for member m\_instrument\_def.controllers\_active[c]

• void set\_controller (int c, const std::string &cname, bool isactive)

'Setter' function for member m\_instrument\_def.controllers[c] and .controllers\_active[c] Only sets the controller values if the object is already valid.

### **Private Member Functions**

void set\_name (const std::string &instname)

'Setter' function for member m\_instrument\_def.instrument

void copy\_definitions (const user\_instrument &rhs)

Copies the array members from one instance of user\_instrument to this one.

#### **Private Attributes**

· bool m is valid

Provides a validity flag, useful in returning a reference to a bogus object for internal error-check.

· int m controller count

Provides the actual number of non-default controllers actually set.

· user\_instrument\_t m\_instrument\_def

The instance of the structure that this class wraps.

## 8.53.1 Detailed Description

Will later make the size adjustable, if it makes sense to do so.

#### 8.53.2 Member Function Documentation

8.53.2.1 void seq64::user\_instrument::set\_defaults ( )

Also invalidates the object.

8.53.2.2 int seq64::user\_instrument::controller\_max() const [inline]

Remember that the controller numbers for each MIDI instrument range from 0 to 127 (MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX-1).

8.53.2.3 const std::string & seq64::user\_instrument::controller\_name ( int c ) const

### **Parameters**

c The index of the desired controller.

### Returns

The name of the desired controller has is returned. If the index c is out of range, or the object is not valid, then a reference to an internal, empty string is returned.

8.53.2.4 bool seq64::user\_instrument::controller\_active ( int c ) const

#### **Parameters**

c The index of the desired controller.

## Returns

The status of the desired controller has is returned. If the index c is out of range, or the object is not valid, then false is returned.

8.53.2.5 void seq64::user\_instrument::set\_controller ( int c, const std::string & cname, bool isactive )

#### **Parameters**

С	The index of the desired controller.
cname	The name of the controller to be set as the controller name.
isactive	A flag that indicates if the desired controller is active.

**8.53.2.6** void seq64::user\_instrument::set\_name( const std::string & instname) [private]

If the name parameter is not empty, the validity flag is set to true, otherwise it is set to false. Too tricky?

**8.53.2.7** void seq64::user\_instrument::copy\_definitions ( const user\_instrument & rhs ) [private]

Does not include the validity flag.

#### 8.53.3 Field Documentation

**8.53.3.1** bool seg64::user\_instrument::m\_is\_valid [private]

Callers should check this flag via the is\_valid() accessor before using this object. This flag is set to true when any valid member assignment occurs via a public setter call. However, setting an empty name for the instrument member will render the object invalid.

**8.53.3.2** int seq64::user\_instrument::m\_controller\_count [private]

Often, the "user" configuration file has only a few out of the 128 assigned explicitly.

# 8.54 seq64::user\_instrument\_t Struct Reference

This structure corresponds to [user-instrument-N] definitions in the  $\sim$ /.seq24usr or  $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/susr file.

# **Data Fields**

· std::string instrument

Provides the name of the "instrument" being supported.

std::string controllers [SEQ64\_MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX]

Provides a list of up to 128 controllers (e.g.

bool controllers\_active [SEQ64\_MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX]

Provides a flag that indicates if each of up to 128 controller is active and supported.

### 8.54.1 Field Documentation

8.54.1.1 std::string seq64::user\_instrument\_t::instrument

Do not confuse "instrument" with "program" here. An "instrument" is most likely a hardware MIDI sound-box (though it could be a software synthesizer as well.

8.54.1.2 std::string seq64::user\_instrument\_t::controllers[SEQ64\_MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX]

"Modulation"). If a controller isn't present, or if General MIDI is in force, this name might be empty.

8.54.1.3 bool seq64::user\_instrument\_t::controllers\_active[SEQ64\_MIDI\_CONTROLLER\_MAX]

If false, it might be an unsupported controller or a General MIDI device.

# 8.55 seq64::user\_midi\_bus Class Reference

Provides data about the MIDI busses, readable from the "user" configuration file.

### **Public Member Functions**

• user\_midi\_bus (const std::string &name="")

Default constructor.

• user\_midi\_bus (const user\_midi\_bus &rhs)

Copy constructor.

• user\_midi\_bus & operator= (const user\_midi\_bus &rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

• bool is\_valid () const

'Getter' function for member m\_is\_valid

void set\_defaults ()

Sets the default values.

• const std::string & name () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_bus\_def.alias (name of alias)

• int channel\_count () const

'Getter' function for member m\_channel\_count

• int channel\_max () const

'Getter' function for member SEQ64\_MIDI\_BUS\_CHANNEL\_MAX

• int instrument (int channel) const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_bus\_def.instrument[channel]

• void set\_instrument (int channel, int instrum)

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_bus\_def.instrument[channel]

# **Private Member Functions**

void set name (const std::string &name)

'Setter' function for member m\_midi\_bus\_def.alias (name of alias) Also sets the validity flag according to the emptiness of the name parameter.

void copy\_definitions (const user\_midi\_bus &rhs)

Copies the member fields from one instance of user\_midi\_bus to this one.

### **Private Attributes**

• bool m\_is\_valid

Provides a validity flag, useful in returning a reference to a bogus object for internal error-check.

int m\_channel\_count

Provides the actual number of non-default buss channels actually set.

user\_midi\_bus\_t m\_midi\_bus\_def

The instance of the structure that this class wraps.

# 8.55.1 Detailed Description

Will later make the size adjustable, if it makes sense to do so.

#### 8.55.2 Member Function Documentation

```
8.55.2.1 void seq64::user_midi_bus::set_defaults()
```

Also invalidates the object. All 16 of the channels are set to SEQ64\_GM\_INSTRUMENT\_FLAG (-1).

8.55.2.2 int seq64::user\_midi\_bus::channel\_count( ) const [inline]

### Returns

This function returns the number of channels. Basically this value is always the same as that returned by channel max(), but this pair of functions is consistent with the count functions in the user instrument class.

8.55.2.3 int seq64::user\_midi\_bus::channel\_max() const [inline]

#### Returns

Returns the maximum number of MIDI buss channels. Remember that the instrument channels for each MIDI buss range from 0 to 15 (MIDI\_BUS\_CHANNEL\_MAX-1).

8.55.2.4 int seq64::user\_midi\_bus::instrument ( int channel ) const

#### **Parameters**

channel	Provides the desired buss channel number.
---------	---

## Returns

The instrument number of the desired buss channel is returned. If the channel number is out of range, or the object is not valid, then SEQ64\_GM\_INSTRUMENT\_FLAG (-1) is returned.

8.55.2.5 void seg64::user\_midi\_bus::set\_instrument ( int channel, int instrum )

Does not alter the validity flag, just checks it.

# **Parameters**

channel	Provides the desired buss channel number.
instrum	Provides the instrument number to set that channel to.

8.55.2.6 void seq64::user\_midi\_bus::copy\_definitions ( const user midi bus & rhs ) [private]

Does not include the validity flag.

# 8.55.3 Field Documentation

**8.55.3.1** bool seq64::user\_midi\_bus::m\_is\_valid [private]

Callers should check this flag via the is\_valid() accessor before using this object. This flag is set to true when any valid member assignment occurs via a public setter call.

**8.55.3.2** int seq64::user\_midi\_bus::m\_channel\_count [private]

Often, the "user" configuration file has only a few out of the 16 assigned explicitly.

# 8.56 seq64::user\_midi\_bus\_t Struct Reference

This structure corresponds to [user-midi-bus-0] definitions in the  $\sim$ /.seq24usr ("user") file ( $\sim$ /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr in the latest version of the application).

#### **Data Fields**

std::string alias

Provides the user's desired name for the MIDI bus.

int instrument [SEQ64\_MIDI\_BUS\_CHANNEL\_MAX]

Provides an implicit list of MIDI channels from 0 to 15 (1 to 16) and the "instrument" number assigned to each channel.

#### 8.56.1 Field Documentation

8.56.1.1 std::string seq64::user\_midi\_bus\_t::alias

For example, "2x2 A" for some kind of MIDI card or USB MIDI cable. If manual-alsa-ports is enabled, this could be something like "[0] seq24 0", and that is what should be shown in that case.

8.56.1.2 int seg64::user\_midi\_bus\_t::instrument[SEQ64\_MIDI\_BUS\_CHANNEL\_MAX]

Note that the "instrument" is not a MIDI program number. Instead, it is the number associated with a "user-instrument" section in the "user" configuration file.

# 8.57 seg64::user settings Class Reference

Holds the current values of sequence settings and settings that can modify the number of sequences and the configuration of the user-interface.

# **Public Member Functions**

· user settings ()

Scale factor for PPQN.

• user\_settings (const user\_settings &rhs)

Copy constructor.

user\_settings & operator= (const user\_settings &rhs)

Principal assignment operator.

· void set\_defaults ()

Sets the default values.

void normalize ()

Calculate the derived values from the already-set values.

· void set globals () const

Copies the current values of the member variables into their corresponding global variables.

void get\_globals ()

Copies the current values of the global variables into their corresponding member variables.

bool add\_bus (const std::string &alias)

Adds a user bus to the container, but only does so if the name parameter is not empty.

bool add instrument (const std::string &instname)

Adds a user instrument to the container, but only does so if the name parameter is not empty.

const user\_midi\_bus & bus (int index)

'Getter' function for member Unlike the non-const version this function is public.

const user\_instrument & instrument (int index)

'Getter' function for member Unlike the non-const version this function is public.

• int bus\_count () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_buses.size()

void set bus instrument (int index, int channel, int instrum)

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_buses[index].instrument[channel] Currently this function is used, in the userfile ::parse() function.

• int bus\_instrument (int buss, int channel)

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_buses[buss].instrument[channel]

const std::string & bus\_name (int buss)

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_buses[buss].name

int instrument\_count () const

'Getter' function for member m\_instruments.size()

void set instrument controllers (int index, int cc, const std::string &ccname, bool isactive)

 $'Setter'\ function\ for\ member\ m\_midi\_instrument\_defs[index]. controllers,\ controllers\_active$ 

const std::string & instrument name (int instrum)

'Getter' function for member m instruments[instrument].instrument (name of instrument)

const std::string & instrument\_name (int buss, int channel)

Gets the correct instrument number from the buss and channel, and then looks up the name of the instrument.

bool instrument\_controller\_active (int instrum, int cc)

'Getter' function for member m instruments[instrument].controllers active[controller]

• bool controller\_active (int buss, int channel, int cc)

A convenience function so that the caller doesn't have to get the instrument number from the bus\_instrument() member function.

const std::string & instrument\_controller\_name (int instrum, int cc)

'Getter' function for member m\_instruments[instrument].controllers\_active[controller]

const std::string & controller\_name (int buss, int channel, int cc)

'Getter' function for member m\_instruments[instrument].controllers\_active[controller] A convenience function so that the caller doesn't have to get the instrument number from the bus\_instrument() member function.

• int grid\_style () const

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_style Checks for normal style.

bool grid\_is\_normal () const

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_style Checks for normal style.

· bool grid is white () const

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_style Checks for the white style.

bool grid\_is\_black () const

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_style Checks for the black style.

• int grid\_brackets () const

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_brackets

int mainwnd\_rows () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwnd\_rows

int mainwnd\_cols () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwnd\_cols

int seqs\_in\_set () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqs\_in\_set, dependent member

int gmute\_tracks () const

'Getter' function for member m\_gmute\_tracks, dependent member

• int max\_sets () const

'Getter' function for member m\_max\_sets

int max\_sequence () const

'Getter' function for member m\_max\_sequence, dependent member

• int text x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_text\_x, not user modifiable, not saved

int text\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_text\_y, not user modifiable, not saved

• int segchars x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqchars\_x, not user modifiable, not saved

int seqchars\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqchars\_y, not user modifiable, not saved

int segarea x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_segarea\_x, not user modifiable, not saved

• int seqarea\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqarea\_y, not user modifiable, not saved

• int seqarea\_seq\_x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqarea\_seq\_x, not user modifiable, not saved

• int seqarea\_seq\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqarea\_seq\_y, not user modifiable, not saved

• int mainwid border () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwid\_border

· int mainwid\_spacing () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwid\_spacing

int mainwid\_x () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwid\_x, dependent member

• int mainwid\_y () const

'Getter' function for member m\_mainwid\_y, dependent member

int control\_height () const

'Getter' function for member m\_control\_height

· int zoom () const

'Getter' function for member m\_current\_zoom

void zoom (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_current\_zoom This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 1 and 32, inclusive.

· bool global seq feature () const

'Getter' function for member m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save

void global\_seq\_feature (bool flag)

'Setter' function for member m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save

• int seqedit\_scale () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqedit\_scale

• void seqedit\_scale (int scale)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqedit\_scale

int seqedit\_key () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqedit\_key

void seqedit\_key (int key)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqedit\_key

• int seqedit\_bgsequence () const

'Getter' function for member m\_seqedit\_bgsequence

void seqedit\_bgsequence (int seqnum)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqedit\_bgsequence Note that SEQ64\_IS\_LEGAL\_SEQUENCE() allows the SE← Q64\_SEQUENCE\_LIMIT (0x800 = 2048) value, to turn off the use of a background sequence.

bool use\_new\_font () const

'Getter' function for member m\_use\_new\_font

void use\_new\_font (bool flag)

'Setter' function for member m\_use\_new\_font

int midi\_ppqn () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_ppqn

• int midi\_beats\_per\_bar () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_beats\_per\_measure

int midi\_beats\_per\_minute () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_beats\_per\_minute

• int midi\_beat\_width () const

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_beat\_width

char midi\_buss\_override () const

'Getter' function for member m midi buss override

• int min zoom () const

'Getter' function for member mc\_min\_zoom

• int max\_zoom () const

'Getter' function for member mc\_max\_zoom

int baseline\_ppqn () const

'Getter' function for member mc\_baseline\_ppqn

void midi\_ppqn (int ppqn)

'Setter' function for member m\_midi\_ppqn This value can be set from 96 to 960 (this upper limit will be determined by what Sequencer64 can actually handle).

void midi\_buss\_override (char buss)

'Setter' function for member m\_midi\_buss\_override This value can be set from 0 to 31.

### **Protected Member Functions**

· void grid\_brackets (int thickness)

'Getter' function for member m\_grid\_brackets

void grid\_style (int gridstyle)

'Setter' function for member m\_grid\_style

void mainwnd\_rows (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_mainwnd\_rows This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 4 and 8, inclusive.

void mainwnd\_cols (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_mainwnd\_cols This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 8 and 10, inclusive.

void max\_sets (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_max\_sets This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 32 and 64, inclusive.

void text\_x (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_text\_x This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 6 and 6, inclusive.

void text\_y (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_text\_y This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 12 and 12, inclusive.

void seqchars\_x (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqchars\_x This affects the size or crampiness of a pattern slot, and for now we will hardwire it to 15.

void seqchars\_y (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqchars\_y This affects the size or crampiness of a pattern slot, and for now we will hardwire it to 5.

void seqarea\_x (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqarea\_x

void segarea y (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqarea\_y

void seqarea\_seq\_x (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_segarea\_seg\_x

void seqarea\_seq\_y (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_seqarea\_seq\_y

• void mainwid\_border (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_mainwid\_border This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 0 and 3, inclusive.

void mainwid spacing (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_mainwid\_spacing This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 2 and 6, inclusive.

void control height (int value)

'Setter' function for member m\_control\_height This value is not modified unless the value parameter is between 0 and 4, inclusive.

• void dump summary ()

Provides a debug dump of basic information to help debug a surprisingly intractable problem with all busses having the name and values of the last buss in the configuration.

void midi\_beats\_per\_bar (int beatsperbar)

'Setter' function for member m\_midi\_beats\_per\_measure This value can be set from 1 to 16.

• void midi\_beats\_per\_minute (int beatsperminute)

'Setter' function for member m\_midi\_beats\_minute This value can be set from 20 to 500.

void midi\_beat\_width (int beatwidth)

'Setter' function for member m midi beatwidth This value can be set to any power of 2 in the range from 1 to 16.

# **Private Types**

```
    enum mainwid_grid_style_t {
        grid_style_normal,
        grid_style_white,
        grid_style_black,
        grid_style_max }
```

typedef std::vector< user midi bus > Busses

[user-midi-bus-definitions]

typedef std::vector< user\_instrument > Instruments

[user-instrument-definitions]

### **Private Member Functions**

user\_midi\_bus & private\_bus (int buss)

'Getter' function for member m\_midi\_buses[index] (internal function) If the index is out of range, then an invalid object is returned.

user\_instrument & private\_instrument (int instrum)

'Getter' function for member m\_instruments[index] If the index is out of range, then a invalid object is returned.

### **Private Attributes**

· Busses m midi buses

Provides data about the MIDI busses, readable from the "user" configuration file.

· Instruments m instruments

Provides data about the MIDI instruments, readable from the "user" configuration file.

mainwid\_grid\_style\_t m\_grid\_style

[user-interface-settings]

int m\_grid\_brackets

Specify drawing brackets (like the old Seq24) or a solid box.

• int m\_mainwnd\_rows

Number of rows in the Patterns Panel.

• int m\_mainwnd\_cols

Number of columns in the Patterns Panel.

• int m\_max\_sets

Maximum number of screen sets that can be supported.

· int m mainwid border

These control sizes.

• int m control\_height

This constants seems to be created for a future purpose, perhaps to reserve space for a new bar on the mainwid pane.

int m\_current\_zoom

Provides the initial zoom value, in units of.

· bool m global seq feature save

If true, this value provide a bit of backward-compatibility with the global key/scale/background-sequence persistence feature.

int m\_seqedit\_scale

Replaces seqedit::m\_initial\_scale as the repository for the scale to apply when a sequence is loaded into the sequence editor.

· int m\_seqedit\_key

Replaces seqedit::m\_initial\_key as the repository for the key to apply when a sequence is loaded into the sequence editor.

· int m\_seqedit\_bgsequence

Replaces sequedit::m\_initial\_sequence as the repository for the background sequence to apply when a sequence is loaded into the sequence editor.

• bool m\_use\_new\_font

Sets the usage of the font.

int m\_text\_x

Constants for the mainwid class.

int m\_seqchars\_x

Constants for the mainwid class.

• int m\_midi\_ppqn

Provides the universal PPQN setting for the duration of this setting.

int m\_midi\_beats\_per\_measure

Provides the universal and unambiguous MIDI value for beats per measure, also called "beats per bar" (BPB).

· int m midi beats per minute

Provides the universal and unambiguous MIDI value for beats per minute (BPM).

int m\_midi\_beat\_width

Provides the universal MIDI value for beats width (BW).

· char m midi buss override

Provides a universal override of the buss number for all sequences, for the purpose of convenience of of testing.

int m\_seqs\_in\_set

Number of patterns/sequences in the Patterns Panel, also known as a "set" or "screen set".

int m\_gmute\_tracks

Number of group-mute tracks that can be supported, which is m seqs in set squared, or 1024.

int m max sequence

The maximum number of patterns supported is given by the number of patterns supported in the panel (32) times the maximum number of sets (32), or 1024 patterns.

• int m segarea x

The m\_seqarea\_x and m\_seqarea\_y constants are derived from the width and heights of the default character set, and the number of characters in width, and the number of lines, in a pattern/sequence box.

int m segarea seg x

Area of what? Doesn't look at all like it is based on the size of characters.

· int m mainwid x

The width of the main pattern/sequence grid, in pixels.

• const int mc\_min\_zoom

Provides the minimum zoom value, currently a constant.

· const int mc max zoom

Provides the maximum zoom value, currently a constant.

• const int mc\_baseline\_ppqn

Permanent storage for the baseline, default PPQN used by Seq24.

# 8.57.1 Detailed Description

These settings will eventually be made part of the "user" settings file.

# 8.57.2 Member Typedef Documentation

```
8.57.2.1 typedef std::vector<user midi bus> seq64::user settings::Busses [private]
```

Internal type for the container of user\_midi\_bus objects. Sorry about the "confusion" about "bus" versus "buss". See Google for arguments about it.

```
8.57.2.2 typedef std::vector<user_instrument> seq64::user_settings::Instruments [private]
```

Internal type for the container of user\_instrument objects.

### 8.57.3 Member Enumeration Documentation

```
8.57.3.1 enum seq64::user_settings::mainwid_grid_style_t [private]
```

Enumerator

*grid\_style\_normal* Provides a setting to control the overall style of grid-drawing for the pattern slots in mainwid. These values can be specified in the [user-interface-settings] section of the "user" configuration file.

```
The grid background color is the normal background color for the current GTK theme. The box is drawn with brackets on either side.
```

*grid\_style\_white* The grid background color is white. This style better fits displaying the white-on-black sequence numbers. The box is drawn with brackets on either side.

grid\_style\_black The grid background color is black.

grid\_style\_max Marks the end of the list, and is an illegal value.

```
8.57.4 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
8.57.4.1 seq64::user_settings::user_settings()
Default constructor.
Should this be a float (6 significant digits) or two integers for scaling?
8.57.5 Member Function Documentation
8.57.5.1 void seq64::user_settings::set_defaults ( )
For the m_midi_buses and m_instruments members, this function can only iterate over the current size of the
vectors. But the default size is zero!
8.57.5.2 void seq64::user_settings::set_globals ( ) const
Should be called at initialization, and after settings are read from the "user" configuration file.
DO NOT PUT ANY GLOBALS HERE UNTIL THEIR EFFECTS HAVE BEEN TESTED!!!!
8.57.5.3 void seq64::user_settings::get_globals ( )
Should be called before settings are written to the "user" configuration file.
8.57.5.4 const user_midi_bus& seq64::user_settings::bus ( int index ) [inline]
Cannot append the const specifier.
8.57.5.5 const user instrument& seq64::user_settings::instrument(int index) [inline]
Cannot append the const specifier.
8.57.5.6 bool seq64::user_settings::controller_active ( int buss, int channel, int cc ) [inline]
It also has a shorter name.
8.57.5.7 const std::string& seq64::user_settings::controller_name ( int buss, int channel, int cc ) [inline]
It also has a shorter name.
8.57.5.8 void seq64::user_settings::zoom ( int value )
The default value is 2.
8.57.5.9 void seq64::user_settings::mainwnd_rows (int value ) [protected]
The default value is 4. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.
8.57.5.10 void seq64::user_settings::mainwnd_cols (int value) [protected]
```

The default value is 8. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.11 void seq64::user_settings::max_sets (int value) [protected]
```

The default value is 32. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.12 void seq64::user_settings::text_x (int value) [protected]
```

The default value is 6. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment. This value is currently restricted, until we can code up a bigger font.

```
8.57.5.13 void seq64::user_settings::text_y ( int value ) [protected]
```

The default value is 12. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment. This value is currently restricted, until we can code up a bigger font.

```
8.57.5.14 void seq64::user_settings::mainwid_border( int value ) [protected]
```

The default value is 0. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.15 void seq64::user_settings::mainwid_spacing (int value) [protected]
```

The default value is 2. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.16 void seq64::user_settings::control_height(int value) [protected]
```

The default value is 0. Dependent values are recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.17 void seq64::user_settings::dump_summary() [protected]
```

Does its work only if PLATFORM\_DEBUG and SEQ64\_USE\_DEBUG\_OUTPUT are defined. Only enabled in emergencies :-D.

```
8.57.5.18 void seq64::user_settings::midi_ppqn ( int value )
```

The default value is 192. Dependent values may be recalculated after the assignment.

```
8.57.5.19 void seq64::user_settings::midi_buss_override ( char buss )
```

The default value is -1, which means that there is no buss override. It provides a way to override the buss number for smallish MIDI files. It replaces the buss-number read from the file. This option is turned on by the –bus option, and is merely a convenience feature for the quick previewing of a tune. (It's called "developer laziness".)

```
8.57.5.20 void seq64::user_settings::midi_beats_per_bar( int value ) [protected]
```

The default value is 4.

```
8.57.5.21 void seq64::user_settings::midi_beats_per_minute( int value ) [protected]
```

The default value is 120.

**8.57.5.22 void seq64::user\_settings::midi\_beat\_width(int bw)** [protected]

The default value is 4.

8.57.5.23 user\_midi\_bus & seq64::user\_settings::private\_bus(int index) [private]

This invalid object has an empty alias, and all the instrument numbers are -1.

8.57.5.24 user\_instrument & seq64::user\_settings::private\_instrument ( int index ) [private]

This invalid object has an empty(), instrument name, false for all controllers\_active[] values, and empty controllers[] string values.

#### 8.57.6 Field Documentation

**8.57.6.1 Busses seq64::user\_settings::m\_midi\_buses** [private]

Since this object is a vector, its size is adjustable.

**8.57.6.2 Instruments seq64::user\_settings::m\_instruments** [private]

The size is adjustable, and grows as objects are added.

**8.57.6.3** mainwid\_grid\_style\_t seq64::user\_settings::m\_grid\_style [private]

Specifies the current grid style.

**8.57.6.4** int seq64::user\_settings::m\_grid\_brackets [private]

0 = no brackets, 1 and above is the thickness of the brakcets. 1 is the normal thickness of the brackets, 2 is a two-pixel thickness, and so on.

**8.57.6.5** int seq64::user\_settings::m\_mainwnd\_rows [private]

The current value is 4, and if changed, many other values depend on it. Together with m\_mainwnd\_cols, this value fixes the patterns grid into a 4 x 8 set of patterns known as a "screen set". We would like to be able to change this value from 4 to 8, and maybe allow the values of 5, 6, and 7 as well. But if we could just get 8 working, then well would Sequencer64 deserve the 64 in its name.

**8.57.6.6** int seq64::user\_settings::m\_mainwnd\_cols [private]

The current value is 4, and probably won't change, since other values depend on it. Together with m\_mainwnd\_rows, this value fixes the patterns grid into a 4 x 8 set of patterns known as a "screen set".

**8.57.6.7 int seq64::user\_settings::m\_max\_sets** [private]

Basically, that the number of times the Patterns Panel can be filled. 32 sets can be created. Although this value is part of the "user" configuration file, it is likely that it will never change. Rather, the number of sequences per set would change. We'll see.

```
8.57.6.8 int seq64::user_settings::m_mainwid_border [private]
```

We'll try changing them and see what happens. Increasing these value spreads out the pattern grids a little bit and makes the Patterns panel slightly bigger. Seems like it would be useful to make these values user-configurable.

```
8.57.6.9 int seq64::user_settings::m_control_height [private]
```

But it is used only in this header file, to define m mainwid y, but doesn't add anything to that value.

```
8.57.6.10 bool seq64::user_settings::m_global_seq_feature_save [private]
```

In this feature, applying one of these three changes to a sequence causes them to also be applied to sequences that are subsequently opened for editing. However, we improve on this feature by allowing the changes to be saved in the global, proprietary part of the saved MIDI file.

If false, the user can still save the key/scale/background-sequence values with each individual sequence, so they can be different.

This value will be true by default, unless changed in the "user" configuration file.

```
8.57.6.11 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqedit_scale [private]
```

Its default value is c\_scale\_off. Although this value is now stored in the user\_settings class, it always comes from the currently loaded MIDI file, if present. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is true, this variable is stored in the "proprietary" track at the end of the file, under the control tag c\_musicscale, and will be applied to any sequence that is edited. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is false, this variable is stored, if used, in the meta-data for the sequence to which it applies, and, again, is tagged with the control tag c\_musicscale.

```
8.57.6.12 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqedit_key [private]
```

Its default value is SEQ64\_KEY\_OF\_C. Although this value is now stored in the user\_settings class, it always comes from the currently loaded MIDI file, if present. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is true, this variable is stored in the "proprietary" track at the end of the file, under the control tag c\_musickey, and will be applied to any sequence that is edited. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is false, this variable is stored, if used, in the meta-data for the sequence to which it applies, and, again, is tagged with the control tag c\_musickey.

```
8.57.6.13 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqedit_bgsequence [private]
```

Its default value is SEQ64\_SEQUENCE\_LIMIT. Although this value is now stored in the user\_settings class, it always comes from the currently loaded MIDI file, if present. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is true, this variable is stored, if it has a valid (but not "legal") value, in the "proprietary" track at the end of the file, under the control tag c\_backsequence, and will be applied to any sequence that is edited. If m\_global\_seq\_feature\_save is false, this variable is stored, if used, in the meta-data for the sequence to which it applies, and, again, is tagged with the control tag c\_backsequence.

```
8.57.6.14 bool seq64::user_settings::m_use_new_font [private]
```

By default, in normal mode, the new font is used. In legacy mode, the old font is used.

```
8.57.6.15 int seq64::user_settings::m_text_x [private]
```

The m\_text\_x and m\_text\_y constants help define the "seqarea" size. It looks like these two values are the character width (x) and height (y) in pixels. Thus, these values would be dependent on the font chosen. But that, currently, is hard-wired. See the m\_font\_6\_12[] array for the default font specification.

However, please not that font files are not used. Instead, the fonts are provided by two pixmaps in the src/pixmap
directory: font\_b.xpm (black lettering on a white background) and font\_w.xpm (white lettering on a black background).

We have added black-on-yellow and yellow-on-black versions of the fonts, to support the highlighting of pattern boxes if they are empty of actual MIDI events.

We have also added a set of four new font files that are roughly the same size, and are treated as the same size, but look smooth and less like a DOS-era font.

The font module does not use these values directly, but does define some similar variables that differ slightly between the two styles of font. There are a lot of tricks and hard-wired places to fix before further work can be done with fonts in Sequencer64.

```
8.57.6.16 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqchars_x [private]
```

The m\_seqchars\_x and m\_seqchars\_y constants help define the "seqarea" size. These look like the number of characters per line and the number of lines of characters, in a pattern/sequence box.

```
8.57.6.17 int seq64::user_settings::m_midi_ppqn [private]
```

This variable replaces the global ppqn. The default value of this setting is 192 parts-per-quarter-note (PPQN). There is still a lot of work to get a different PPQN to work properly in speed of playback, scaling of the user interface, and other issues. Note that this value can be changed by the still-experimental –ppqn option. There is one remaining trace of the global, though: DEFAULT\_PPQN.

```
8.57.6.18 int seq64::user_settings::m_midi_beats_per_measure [private]
```

This variable will replace the global beats per measure. The default value of this variable is DEFAULT\_BEATS\_P← ER\_MEASURE (4). For external access, we will call this value "beats per bar", abbreviate it "BPB", and use "bpb" in any accessor function names. Now, although it applies to the whole session, we should be able to continue seq24's tradition of allowing each sequence to have its own time signature. Also, there are a number of places where the number 4 appears and looks like it might be a hardwired BPB value, either for MIDI purposes or for drawing the piano-roll grids. So we might need a couple different versions of this variable.

```
8.57.6.19 int seq64::user_settings::m_midi_beats_per_minute [private]
```

This variable will replace the global beats per minute. The default value of this variable is DEFAULT\_BPM (120). This variable should apply to the whole session; there's probably no way to support a diffent tempo for each sequence. But we shall see. For external access, we will call this value "beats per minute", abbreviate it "BPM", and use "bpm" in any accessor function names.

```
8.57.6.20 int seq64::user_settings::m_midi_beat_width [private]
```

This variable will replace the global beat\_width. The default value of this variable is DEFAULT\_BEAT\_WIDTH (4). Now, although it applies to the whole session, we should be able to continue seq24's tradition of allowing each sequence to have its own time signature. Also, there are a number of places where the number 4 appears and looks like it might be a hardwired BW value, either for MIDI purposes or for drawing the user-interface. So we might need a couple different versions of this variable. For external access, we will call this value "beat width", abbreviate it "BW", and use "bw" in any accessor function names.

```
8.57.6.21 char seq64::user_settings::m_midi_buss_override [private]
```

This variable replaces the global buss-override variable, and is set via the command-line option —bus.

```
8.57.6.22 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqs_in_set [private]
```

This value is  $4 \times 8 = 32$  by default.

Warning

Currently implicit/explicit in a number of the "rc" file and rc\_settings. Would probably want the left 32 or the first 32 items in the main window only to be subject to keystroke control. This value is calculated by the normalize() function, and is *not* part of the "user" configuration file.

```
8.57.6.23 int seq64::user_settings::m_gmute_tracks [private]
```

This value is *not* part of the "user" configuration file; it is calculated by the normalize() function.

```
8.57.6.24 int seq64::user_settings::m_max_sequence [private]
```

It is a derived value, and not stored in the "user" file.

```
m_max_sequence = m_seqs_in_set * m_max_sets;
```

```
8.57.6.25 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqarea_x [private]
```

Compare these two constants to m\_seqarea\_seq\_x(y), which was in mainwid.h, but is now in this file.

```
8.57.6.26 int seq64::user_settings::m_seqarea_seq_x [private]
```

These are used only in the mainwid module.

```
8.57.6.27 int seq64::user_settings::m_mainwid_x [private]
```

Affected by the m\_mainwid\_border and m\_mainwid\_spacing values.

```
8.57.6.28 const int seq64::user_settings::mc_min_zoom [private]
```

It's value is 1.

```
8.57.6.29 const int seq64::user_settings::mc_max_zoom [private]
```

It's value is 32.

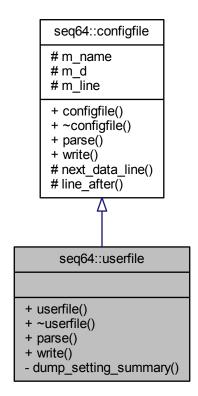
```
8.57.6.30 const int seq64::user_settings::mc_baseline_ppqn [private]
```

This value is necessary in order to keep user-interface elements stable when different PPQNs are used. It is set to DEFAULT\_PPQN.

## 8.58 seq64::userfile Class Reference

Supports the user's  $\sim$  /.config/sequencer64/sequencer64.usr and  $\sim$  /.seq24usr configuration file.

Inheritance diagram for seq64::userfile:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• userfile (const std::string &a\_name)

Principal constructor.

• ∼userfile ()

A rote destructor needed for a derived class.

• bool parse (perform &a\_perf)

Parses a "usr" file, filling in the given perform object.

bool write (const perform &a\_perf)

This function just returns false, as there is no "perform" information in the user-file yet.

### **Private Member Functions**

· void dump setting summary ()

Provides a debug dump of basic information to help debug a surprisingly intractable problem with all busses having the name and values of the last buss in the configuration.

#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 8.58.1 Member Function Documentation

8.58.1.1 bool seq64::userfile::parse( perform & a\_perf) [virtual]

This function opens the file as a text file (line-oriented).

**Parameters** 

```
a_perf The performance object, currently unused.
```

Implements seq64::configfile.

**8.58.1.2** bool seq64::userfile::write ( const perform & a\_perf ) [virtual]

**Parameters** 

```
a_perf | The performance object, currently unused.
```

Implements seq64::configfile.

```
8.58.1.3 void seq64::userfile::dump_setting_summary() [private]
```

Does work only if PLATFORM\_DEBUG is defined; see the user\_settings class.

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