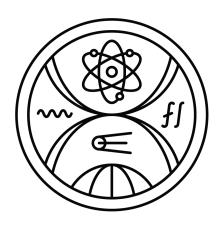
# COMENIUS UNIVERSITY BRATISLAVA FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS, PHYSICS AND INFORMATICS

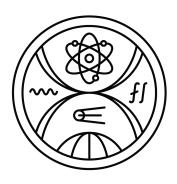


## PERSON IDENTIFICATION WITH PARTIALLY OCCLUDED FACE

Diploma Thesis

2022 Bc. Anna Camara

# COMENIUS UNIVERSITY BRATISLAVA $\label{eq:faculty} \textbf{FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS, PHYSICS AND}$ $\label{eq:faculty} \textbf{INFORMATICS}$



## PERSON IDENTIFICATION WITH PARTIALLY OCCLUDED FACE

Diploma Thesis

Study programme: mAIN/k - Applied Computer Science (Conversion Programme)

Bc. Anna Camara

Field of Study: Computer Science

Department: FMFI.KAI Departement of Applied Informatics

Supervisor: RNDr. Zuzana Černeková, PhD.

Bratislava, 2022





#### Comenius University in Bratislava Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics

#### THESIS ASSIGNMENT

Name and Surname: Bc. Anna Camara

**Study programme:** Applied Computer Science (Conversion Programme) (Single

degree study, master II. deg., full time form)

Field of Study: Computer Science Type of Thesis: Diploma Thesis

Language of Thesis:EnglishSecondary language:Slovak

**Title:** Person identification with partially occluded face

Annotation: The goal of the thesis is to identify a person in case when face is partially

occluded for example with sunglasses or face mask. Study the topic of person identification based on the face. Analyze the performance of the existing solutions published in the literature. Propose a new method based on a neural network, which can find and identify a person. Create a dataset for training and testing purposes. Evaluate the proposed method and draw the conclusions.

**Supervisor:** RNDr. Zuzana Černeková, PhD.

**Department:** FMFI.KAI - Department of Applied Informatics

**Head of** prof. Ing. Igor Farkaš, Dr.

department:

**Assigned:** 24.09.2018

**Approved:** 03.10.2018 prof. RNDr. Roman Ďurikovič, PhD.

Guarantor of Study Programme

Student	Supervisor

Čestne prehlasujem, že túto diplomovú prácu som vypracovala samostatne len s použitím uvedenej literatúry a za pomoci konzultácií s môjou školiteľkou.

Bratislava, 2023 .....

Bc. Anna Camara

### Poďakovanie

Touto cestou by som sa chcel v prvom rade poďakovať môjmu školiteľovi ...... za jeho cenné rady a usmernenia, ktoré mi veľmi pomohli pri riešení tejto diplomovej práce. Takisto sa chcem poďakovať mojím kolegom ..... za rady ohľadom implementácie a v neposlednom rade chcem tiež poďakovať

## Abstract

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{Key}}$  words: facial identification, facial recognition,

## Abstrakt

Kľúčové slová: tvárová identifikácia, rozpozanie tvárií.

#### Chapter 1

#### Introduction

More and more, facial identification is becoming part of our lives. We are hearing terms like facial identification, facial recognition, verification, biometric and others. First let's clarify what this terms mean and what is the difference between them.

The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) [3] provides following definitions:

**Biometric Characteristic** is a biological and behavioural characteristic of an individual from which distinguishing, repeatable biometric features can be extracted for the purpose of biometric recognition.

Biometric Recognition/Biometrics is an automated recognition of individuals (referring to only humans) based on their biological and behavioural characteristics. Biometric recognition encompasses biometric verification and biometric identification.

Biometric identification is a process of searching against a biometric enrolment database to find and return the biometric reference identifier(s) attributable to a single individual.

**Biometric verification** is a process of confirming a biometric claim through comparison.

In simpler words, when we speak of biometrics or biometric recognition we mean biological and behavioral measurements that can be used to identify individuals. This is a broad term for both verification and identification. In verification we are comparing (1:1) one input against one control point. Basically we are asking "Is this the same person as saved in our control point?". In identification we are comparing (1:N) one input against a whole database. We are asking "Who, from our database, is this?".

This of course includes more than recognition based on ones face. In current age we are able to identify a person from many sources some of which are fingerprints, voice, scan of retina and face.

Now when we have these definitions it is simple to clarify what is facial recognition. **Facial recognition** is biometric recognition based on persons face. This theses will focus on facial identification, specifically on facial identification with partially occluded face by face mask.

#### 1.1 Goals

The goal of this thesis is to improve facial identification techniques to be able to identify masked faces. In this process I would like to focus on two groups of questions:

- 1. Face identification with facial mask:
  - What different techniques are currently used for facial identification?

- How well do facial identification models/softwares perform on masked faces?
- Are these systems able to identify a person that is wearing a mask even when there are no masked people in the database? If they are not, how can we achieve it?

#### 2. Racial bias:

- How do current systems perform on people of different colors? I would like to do separate evaluation on different groups.
- How to reduce this bias?

#### TO DO: WHY IS ANSWERING THESE QUESTIONS IMPORTANT...

- How do current systems perform on people of differt colors -> Toto je hlavne dolezite preto ze mame viac socialneho bias voci people of color(ZDROJ) a tympadom su castejsie odsudeny na sudoch. prepojit s tym ako sa momentalne pouzvaja identifikacia tvarii.
- +ukazat ze sa tomu nevenuje dostatok studii, ze tieto otazky neboli dostatocne zodpovedane

TO DO: Dodat organizaciu prace. aka co sa kde nachadza.

Current facial recognition software and its performance on masked faces

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