DS 100/200: Principles and Techniques of Data Science Date: March 6, 2019

## Homework #4 Solutions

Name:

1. (a) Let p denote the probability that a particular item A appears in a simple random sample (SRS). Suppose we collect 5 independent simple random samples, i.e., each SRS is obtained by drawing from the entire population. Let X denote the random variable for the total number of times that A appears in these 5 samples. What is the expected value of X, i.e.,  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ ? Your answer should be in terms of p.

**Solution:** Let  $X_i$  denote a Bernoulli random variable equal to 1 if A appears in the  $i^{th}$  sample and 0 otherwise, i = 1, ..., 5. Then, the  $X_i$  are independent and identically distributed Bernoulli(p) random variables and  $\mathbb{E}[X] = \mathbb{E}[X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5] = 5\mathbb{E}[X_1] = 5p$ .

(b) What is Var(X)? Again, your answer should be in terms of p.

**Solution:** By the linearity property for the variance of sums of independent random variables,  $Var(X) = Var(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5) = 5Var(X_1) = 5p(1-p)$ .

2. Show that if two random variables X and Y are independent, then Var(X - Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y). You may not use the fact that Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) if X and Y are independent. Instead, use linearity of expectations and the definition of variance. Hint: If two random variables are independent, then their covariance is 0 and  $\mathbb{E}[XY] = \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y]$ .

## Solution:

$$Var(X - Y) = \mathbb{E}[(X - Y)^{2}] - \mathbb{E}[X - Y]^{2}$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^{2} - 2XY + Y^{2}] - (\mathbb{E}[X] - \mathbb{E}[Y])^{2}$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^{2}] - 2\mathbb{E}[XY] + \mathbb{E}[Y^{2}] - \mathbb{E}[X]^{2} + 2\mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y] - \mathbb{E}[Y]^{2}$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[X^{2}] - \mathbb{E}[X]^{2} + \mathbb{E}[Y^{2}] - \mathbb{E}[Y]^{2} + 2\mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y] - 2\mathbb{E}[XY]$$

$$= Var(X) + Var(Y) + 2\mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y] - 2\mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y]$$

$$= Var(X) + Var(Y).$$

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3. Consider rolling (independently) one fair six-sided die and one loaded six-sided die. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  denote, respectively, the number of spots from one roll of the fair die and one roll of the loaded die. Suppose the distribution for the loaded die is

$$Pr(X_2 = 1) = Pr(X_2 = 2) = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$Pr(X_2 = 3) = Pr(X_2 = 4) = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$Pr(X_2 = 5) = Pr(X_2 = 6) = \frac{4}{16}$$

Let  $Y = X_1 X_2$  denote the product of the two numbers of spots.

(a) What is the expected value of Y.

$$\mathbb{E}[X_1 X_2] = \mathbb{E}[X_1] \mathbb{E}[X_2]$$

$$= \frac{1+2+3+4+5+6}{6} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{16} \cdot (1+2) + \frac{3}{16} \cdot (3+4) + \frac{4}{16} \cdot (5+6)\right)$$

$$= \frac{7}{2} \cdot \frac{17}{4}$$

$$= \frac{119}{8} = 14.875$$

(b) What is the variance of Y.

$$Var(X_1) = \frac{1+4+9+16+25+36}{6} - \frac{7^2}{2} = \frac{35}{12}$$

$$Var(X_2) = \frac{1}{16} \cdot (1+4) + \frac{3}{16} \cdot (9+16) + \frac{4}{16} \cdot (25+36) - \frac{17^2}{4} = \frac{35}{16}$$

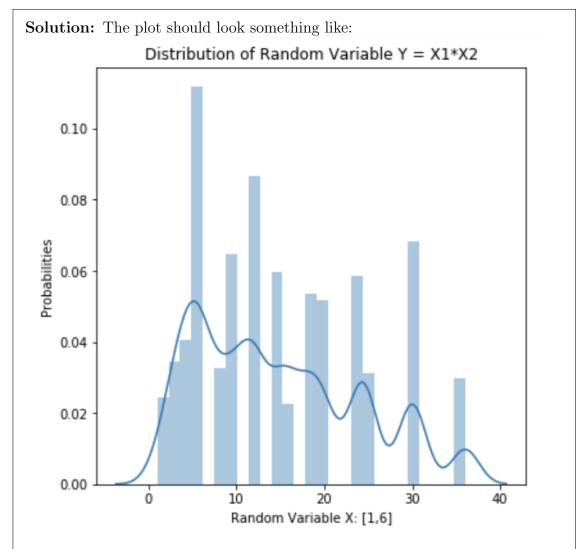
$$Var(X_1X_2) = Var(X_1)Var(X_2) + Var(X_1)\mathbb{E}[X_2]^2 + Var(X_2)\mathbb{E}[X_1]^2$$

$$= \frac{35}{12} \cdot \frac{35}{16} + \frac{35}{12} \cdot \frac{17^2}{4} + \frac{35}{16} \cdot \frac{7^2}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5495}{64} = 85.859375$$

(c) Estimate the sampling distribution of Y by simulating 10,000 rolls of the pair of dice. Provide a graphical display of the distribution. Compare the mean and variance from this estimate to the values you computed above.

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The mean and variance from the sampling distribution should be similar to the values calculated in the previous two parts.