Commands to be used in Git Bash:
(1)$ git clone https://github.com/Anirban166/ProjectName
(2)$ cd ProjectName
(use 'ls' or 'ls -l' to check if files are there)
(switch to new branch:)
(3)$ git checkout -b add-name-Anirban166
(4)to go inside folders of cloned repo, go by $ cd foldername (dont include foldername while adding)
(5)$ nano Anirban166.md
(create file using nano editor)
(add to staging area:)
(6)$ git add foldername/Anirban166.md
(commit:)
(7)$ git commit -m "whatever you did - Anirban166"
(8)$ git push origin timepass-Anirban166

If fatal file not found error arises:
$ git init
$ dir (see directory with files)

First Timers :
$ git config --global user.name 'Anirban166'
$ git config --global user.email 'bloodraven166@gmail.com'
$ git config --global color.ui 'auto'
$ mkdir gitfiles //we make a directory called gitfiles. by default in C:\Users\HP
$ ls //to check the folder, in c->users->HP
$ cd gitfiles //go to folder we just made
$ git init //initialize git repo
$ touch readme.md //create readme.md file
$ nano readme.md //edit file - write something - ctrl+x to exit and then save with 'Y' and hit enter to save the file
$ git clone C:/Users/HP/gitfiles/.git/ //clone with full file path
$ git status
//get:-
on branch master
No commits yet

Untracked files:
(use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)
readme.md

$ git add readme.md
warning: LF will be replaced by CRLF in readme.md.
The file will have its original line endings in your working directory

$ git status
On branch master

No commits yet