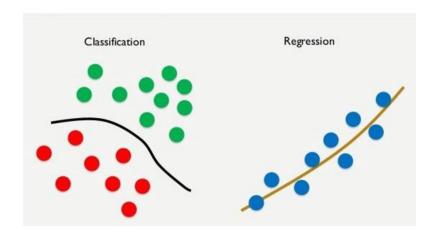
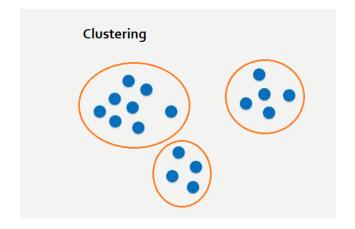
Supervised Learning

- Discover the relationship between input attributes (independent variables) and a target attribute (dependent variable)
- Labelled Dataset
- Regression, Classification

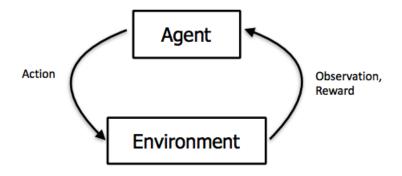


Unsupervised Learning

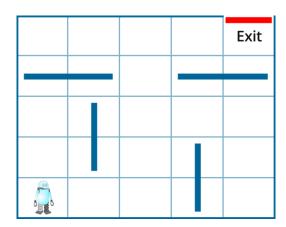
- Discover similarities or patterns in data without any guidance
- Unlabelled Dataset
- Clustering

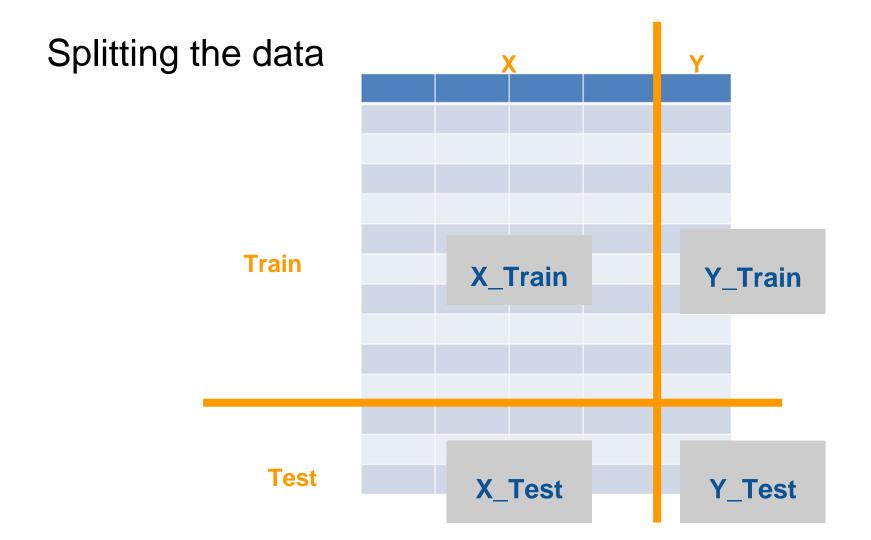


Reinforcement Learning



- State Action -Reward
- Q-Learning, SARSA
- Self-Driving Cars

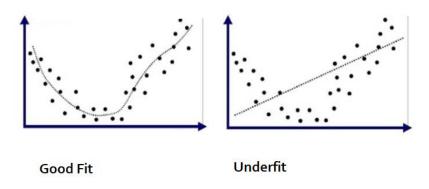




Overfitting & Underfitting

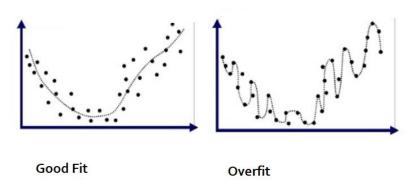
Underfitting

- Model doesn't perform well.
- Model doesn't learn the underlying pattern of data
- Can happen if
 - Too simple model
 - Not enough data for training



Overfitting

- Model performs very good on training data, but poorly on new data
- Can happen if
 - Model is too complex, fits the data too well
 - Captures noise of data



Overfitting



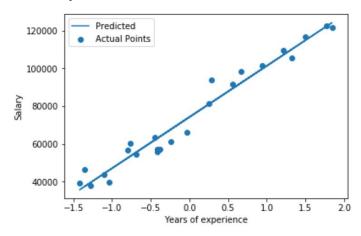
Supervised Tasks

Regression & Classification

Regression

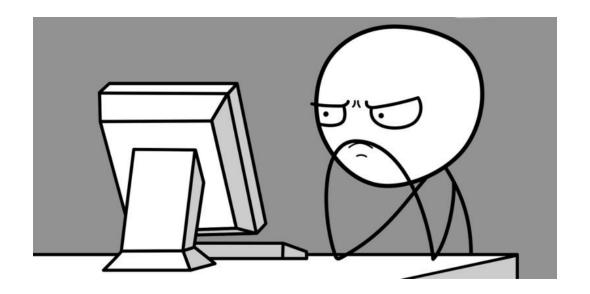
- Models a target prediction value based on independent variables
- Predicts Continuous Values

- Used for
 - Forecasting
 - Finding relationship between variables



Models: Linear Regressor, Support Vector Regressor, etc.

Regression

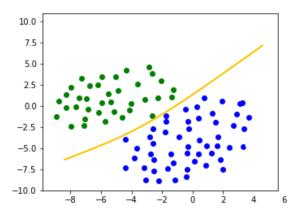


Let the machines start learning!

https://tinyurl.com/exploreml-salary

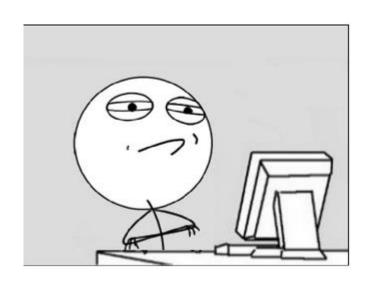
Classification

- Models a target class value based on independent variables
- Predicts Discrete Values
- Used for
 - Categorizing into classes
 - Detecting presence of classes, ex Object Detection



Models: Support Vector Classifier, K-Nearest Neighbour, etc.

Classification



What did one support vector say to another support vector?

I feel so marginalized.

https://tinyurl.com/exploreml-banknote