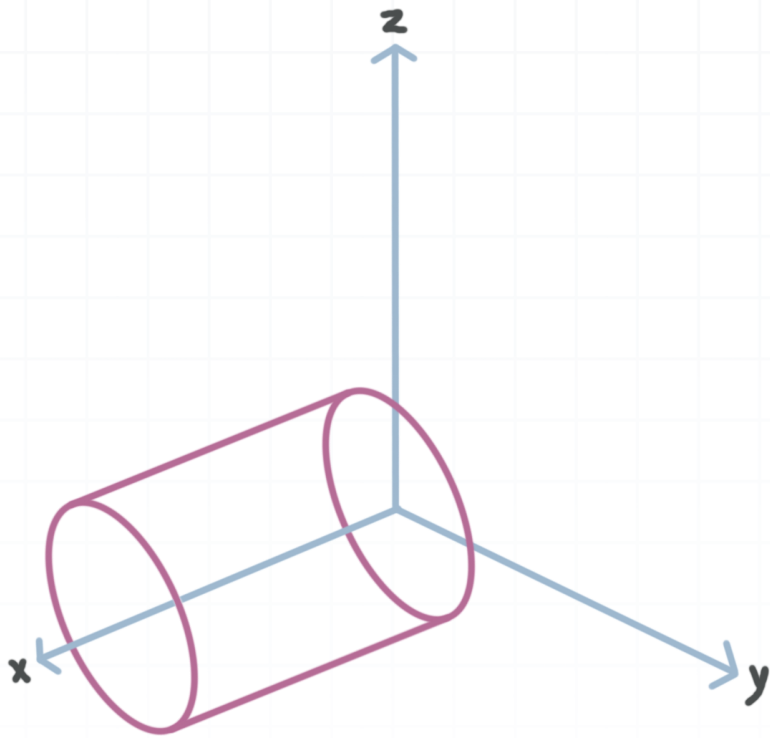


**Topic:** Sketching the surface

**Question:** Which equation represents this quadric surface?

**Answer choices:**

- A  $x^2 + z^2 = 1$
- B  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$
- C  $y^2 + z^2 = 1$
- D  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$



**Solution: C**

The first thing we can see in this surface is that it's a cylindrical shape. The standard form of a cylinder is

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

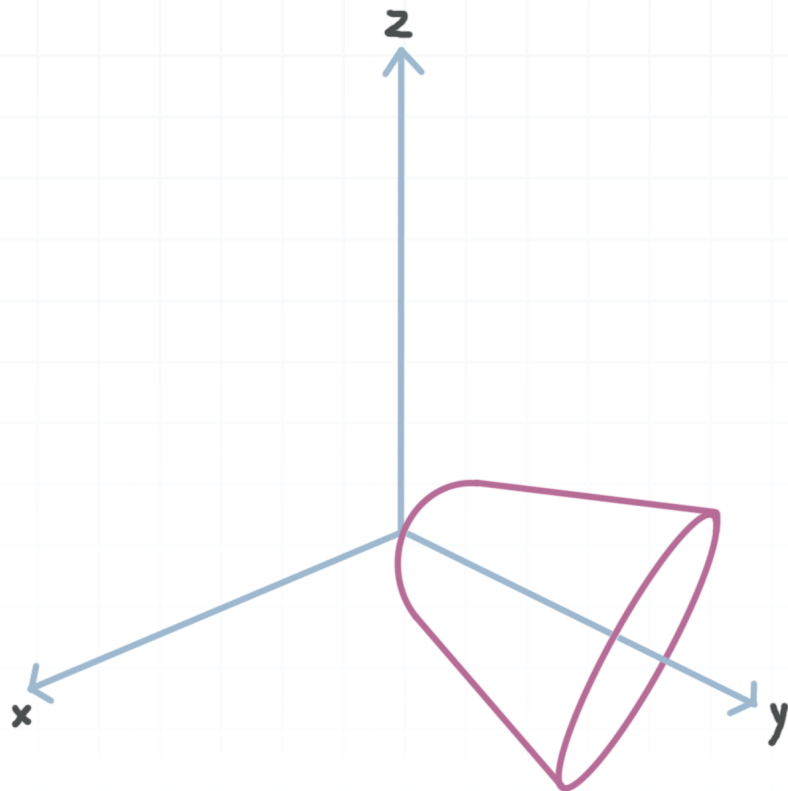
for a cylinder with a center at  $(0,0,0)$ . The cylinder we have does have a center at  $(0,0,0)$  but revolves around the  $x$ -axis, not the  $z$ -axis.

Answer choices A, B and D are all incorrect because the cylinder revolves around the  $x$ -axis and never contacts it. Therefore  $x$  cannot appear in the correct equation. Answer choice C is correct because the equation represents a cylinder, and there's no  $x$  variable in it.



**Topic:** Sketching the surface

**Question:** Which equation represents this quadric surface?

**Answer choices:**

- A  $x^2 + z^2 = y^2$
- B  $x^2 + z^2 = y$
- C  $y^2 + z^2 = x$
- D  $x^2 + y^2 = z$



**Solution: B**

The first thing we can see in this surface is that it's an elliptic paraboloid. The standard form of an elliptic paraboloid is

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{z}{c}$$

for an elliptic paraboloid with a center at (0,0,0). The elliptic paraboloid we have does have a center at (0,0,0) but revolves around the  $y$ -axis not the  $z$ -axis.

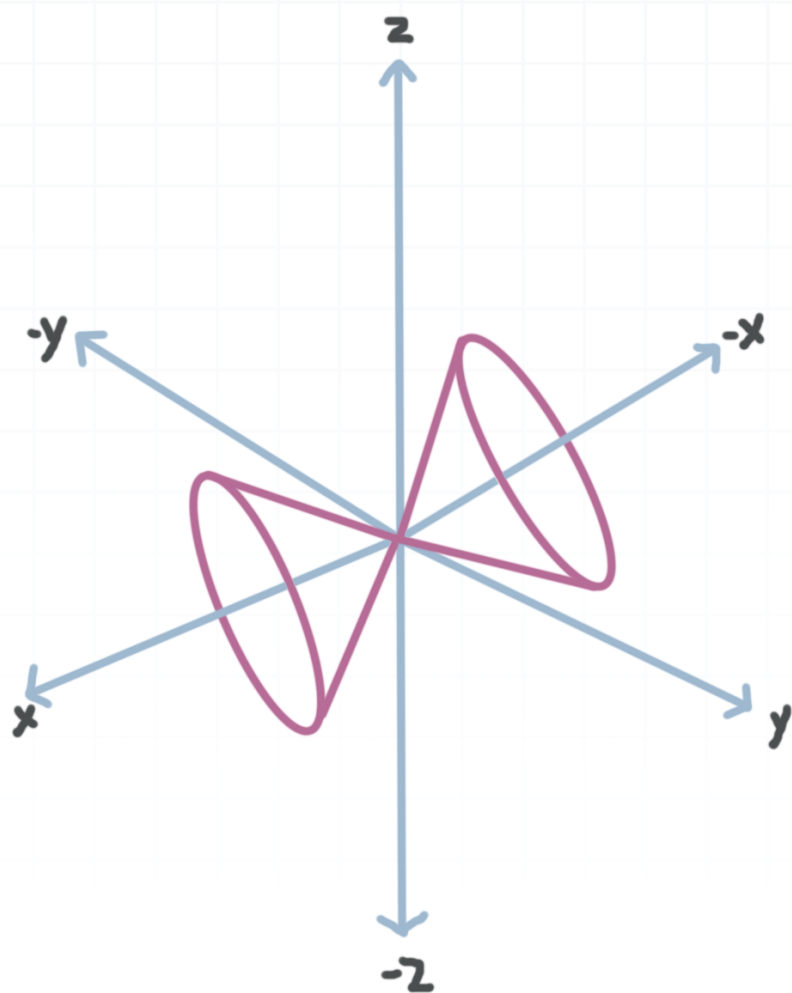
Answer choice A is incorrect because this is not the equation of an elliptic paraboloid. Answer choices C and D are incorrect because these are equation of elliptic paraboloids that revolve around the  $x$ -axis and  $z$ -axis instead of the  $y$ -axis.

Answer choice B is correct because this is the equation of an elliptic paraboloid, and the  $y$  variable is not squared, which corresponds to the shape revolving around the  $y$ -axis.



**Topic:** Sketching the surface

**Question:** Which equation and description represents this quadric surface?

**Answer choices:**

- A  $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$
- B  $x + y = z$
- C  $x^2 + z^2 = y^2$
- D  $y^2 + z^2 = x^2$



**Solution: D**

The first thing we can see in this surface is that it's an elliptic cone. The standard form of a cone is

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{z^2}{c^2}$$

for an elliptic cone with a center at  $(0,0,0)$ . The elliptic cone we have does have a center at  $(0,0,0)$  but revolves around the  $x$ -axis not the  $z$ -axis.

Answer choices A and C are incorrect because these are the equations of elliptic cones that revolve around the  $z$ -axis and  $y$ -axis instead of the  $x$ -axis. Answer choice B is incorrect because this isn't the equation of an elliptic cone.

Option D is correct because this is the equation of an elliptic cone that revolves around the  $x$ -axis.

