EE2023 Signals & Systems Quiz Semester 1 AY2013/14

Date: 8 October 2013

Time Allowed: 1.5 hours

Instructions:

- 1. Answer all 4 questions. Each question carries 10 marks
- 2. This is a closed book quiz
- 3. Tables of Fourier transforms and trigonometric identities are given on Pages 11 and 12.
- 4. No programmable or graphic calculator is allowed
- Ņ Write your answers in the spaces indicated in this question paper. Attachment is not
- 6. Write your name, matric number and lecture group in the spaces indicated below.

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Marks

For your information

Group 3. A/Prof Tan Woei Wan Group 2 : A/Prof Ng Chun Sum Group 1: A/Prof Loh Ai Poh Group 4 : Prof Lawrence Wong

Total Marks	*	Ç	2	—	1
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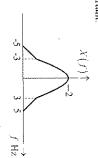
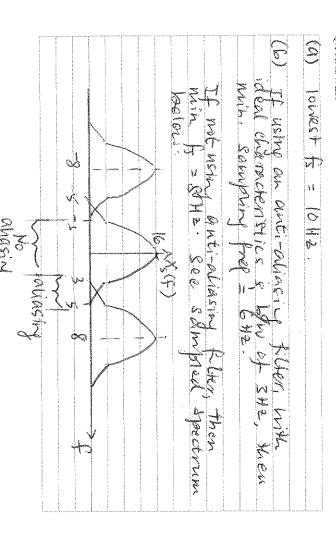


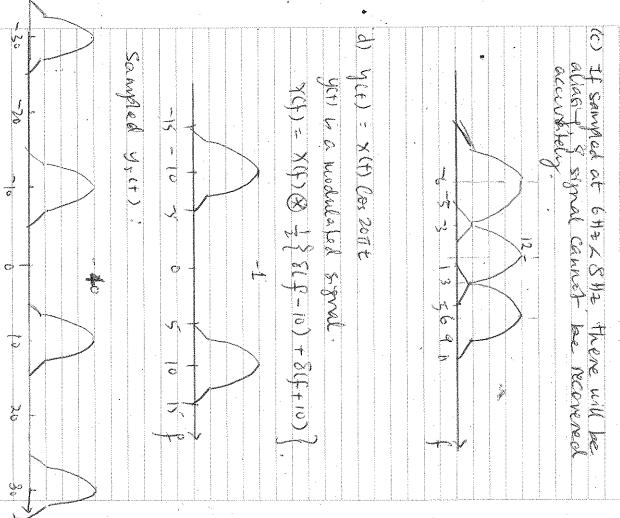
Figure Q.1: Spectrum of x(t)

- (a) Without using any anti-aliasing filter, design a sampling frequency to sample x(t) such that the sampled signal has no frequency aliasing effects
- (b) What is the lowest sampling frequency which can be used to sample x(t) in such a way that there is no distortion to the important frequency components? Show how you arrive at your choice of the sampling frequency
- 3 If x(t) is sampled at 6 Hz, can the important part of x(t) be reconstructed from the sampled signal? Justify your answer
- (d) Suppose another signal $y(t) = x(t)\cos(20\pi t)$ is sampled at 20Hz. Sketch the spectrum of the sampled y(t).

Q.1 ANSWER



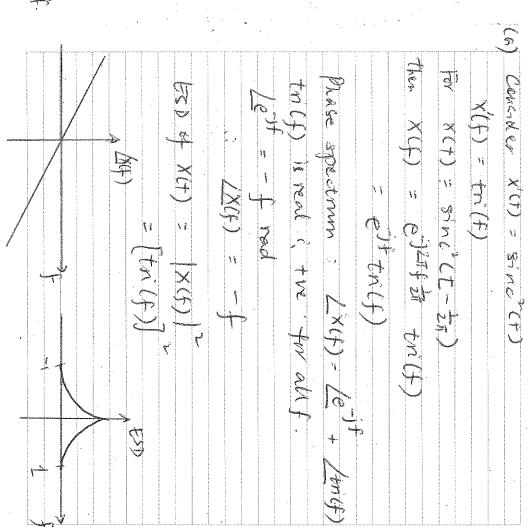
Q.1 ANSWER ~ continued

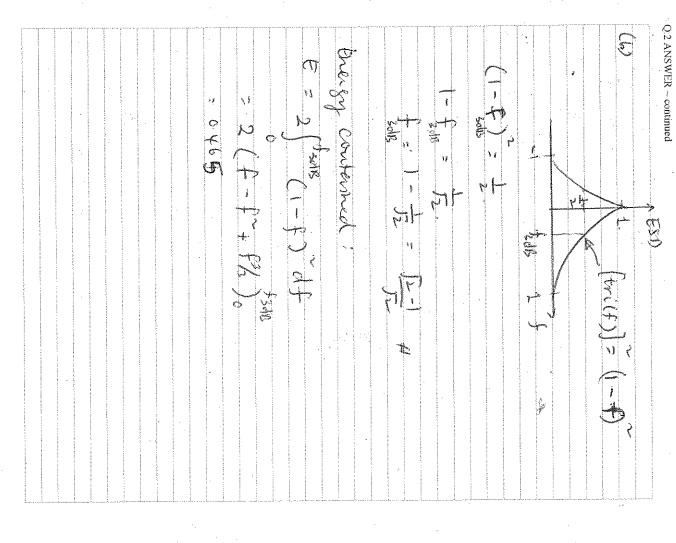


Q.2 Let
$$x(t) = \text{sinc}^2 \left(t - \frac{1}{2\pi} \right)$$
.

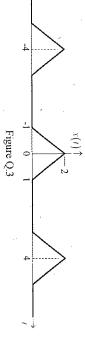
- (a) Determine the phase spectrum and energy spectral density of x(t). Draw a labeled sketch for each
- (b) Calculate the amount of energy contained within the 3dB bandwidth of x(t). Round your answer to 3 decimal places.

Q.2 ANSWER





Q.3 Consider the periodic signal, x(t), shown in Figure Q.3



- (a) What is the fundamental period, T_p , of x(t)?
- (b) The signal x(t) may be expressed as

 $x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \alpha \left(t - nT_p \right)$

where
$$\alpha(t) = \begin{cases} \alpha_1(t); & -1 \neq t < 0 \\ \alpha_2(t); & 0 < t < 1. \end{cases}$$
 otherwise

Find $\alpha_1(t)$ and $\alpha_2(t)$.

(c) Derive the expression of a definite integral for the complex exponential Fourier Series coefficients, X_k , of x(t)

Note: There is no need to evaluate the definite integral.

(d) Sketch the continuous-frequency spectrum of x(t), clearly labelling the axes and important features of the graph.

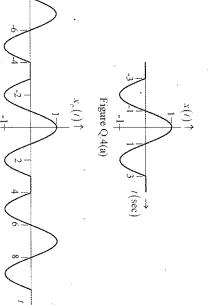
Q.3 ANSWER

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Q.4. The signal x(t) is shown in Figure Q.4(a)

- (a) Write the expression for the single sinusoid pulse x(t) shown in Figure Q.4(a).
- (b) Determine the Fourier transform, X(f), of the signal x(t)
- (c) Using the replication property of the Dirac-8 function, obtain an expression for the periodic signal $x_{\rho}(t)$ shown in Figure Q.4(b) in terms of x(t).
- (d) Derive the Fourier transform, $X_{\rho}(f)$, of the periodic signal $x_{\rho}(t)$



Q.4 ANSWER

Figure Q.4(b)

(a)
$$x(t) = 6 \sin c(36) = 2 \sin c(60 + 2) = 2 \sin c$$