EE3731C: Signal Processing Methods

Tutorial II-4



Consider a random process x[n] generated by filtering a white noise that has has a zero mean and a unit variance with the system below:

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{z - 0.5}$$

Find the power spectrum of x[n].

Consider the random process x[n] which has an autocorrelation function given by

$$R_x[k] = 17\delta[k] + 4(\delta[k-1] + \delta[k+1])$$

- i. Find a linear filter such that the output has the same autocorrelation function when the input is white noise of zero mean and unit variance.
- ii. Find a whitening filter that converts x[n] into white noise.

Let $S_s(\omega)$ denote the power spectral density of s[n]. Consider the situation in which we observe a realization of signal s[n] in additive Gaussian noise w[n], i.e.,

$$x[n] = s[n] + w[n]$$

Assume that the variance of w[n] is 0.5 and w[n] is independent of s[n]. Design an optimal Wiener filter for estimating s[n] from the measured noisy signal x[n]. Express the filter in the frequency domain.

Consider the power spectral density function given by:

$$S_x(e^{j\omega}) = 5 + 4\cos(\omega)$$

- i. Find the corresponding autocorrelation function of x[n]
- ii. Find a linear filter whose output process has the same autocorrelation function when excited by white noise of zero mean and unit variance.
- iii. What is the variance of the output process?