R PROGRAMMING

Tutorial 12

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```
> #Q1
> mat<-matrix(c(12,6,9,15,13,5,19,22,6,3,2,20),nrow = 2,byrow = TRUE)
> print(mat)
    [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,]
     12
           6
                 9 15
[2,]
      19
           22
                 6
                    3
                          2
                              20
> n = 6
> avg1 = sum(mat[1,])/n
> avg2 = sum(mat[2,])/n
> print(avg1)
[1] 10
> print(avg2)
[1] 12
> A<-matrix(c(mat[1,]-avg1,mat[2,]-avg2),nrow = 2,byrow = TRUE)</pre>
> print(A)
    [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
       2 -4
                     5
                             -5
[1,]
               -1
                          3
               -6
                   -9 -10
                               8
       7
          10
[2,]
> S = A\%*\%t(A)
> print(S)
    [,1] [,2]
[1,] 80 -135
[2,] -135 430
> S = S/(n-1)
> print(S)
    [,1] [,2]
[1,] 16 -27
          86
[2,] -27
> e<-eigen(S)
> print(e$values)
[1] 95.204072 6.795928
> print(e$vectors)
          [,1]
                     [,2]
[1,] -0.3226591 -0.9465153
[2,] 0.9465153 -0.3226591
> print("First Component Analysis:")
[1] "First Component Analysis:"
> Z1 = e$vectors[1,]%*%mat
> Z1 = e$vectors[1,]%*%mat
> print(Z1)
                                  [,3]
                                              [,4]
                                                          [,5]
                                                                     [,6]
          [,1]
                      [,2]
[1,] -21.8557 -22.75929 -8.583023 -7.679432 -6.087598 -20.5436
```