

# Solution of all queries

```
CREATE DATABASE OnlineBookstore;
```

```
-- Switch to the database  
\c OnlineBookstore;
```

```
-- Create Tables  
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Books;  
CREATE TABLE Books (  
    Book_ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    Title VARCHAR(100),  
    Author VARCHAR(100),  
    Genre VARCHAR(50),  
    Published_Year INT,  
    Price NUMERIC(10, 2),  
    Stock INT  
);
```

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS customers;  
CREATE TABLE Customers (  
    Customer_ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    Name VARCHAR(100),  
    Email VARCHAR(100),  
    Phone VARCHAR(15),  
    City VARCHAR(50),  
    Country VARCHAR(150)  
);
```

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS orders;  
CREATE TABLE Orders (  
    Order_ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    Customer_ID INT REFERENCES Customers(Customer_ID),  
    Book_ID INT REFERENCES Books(Book_ID),  
    Order_Date DATE,  
    Quantity INT,  
    Total_Amount NUMERIC(10, 2)  
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Books;  
SELECT * FROM Customers;  
SELECT * FROM Orders;
```

```
-- Import Data into Books Table  
COPY Books(Book_ID, Title, Author, Genre, Published_Year, Price, Stock)  
FROM 'D:\Course Updates\30 Day Series\SQL\CSV\Books.csv'  
CSV HEADER;
```

```
-- Import Data into Customers Table
```

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```
COPY Customers(Customer_ID, Name, Email, Phone, City, Country)
FROM 'D:\Course Updates\30 Day Series\SQL\CSV\Customers.csv'
CSV HEADER;
```

-- Import Data into Orders Table

```
COPY Orders(Order_ID, Customer_ID, Book_ID, Order_Date, Quantity, Total_Amount)
FROM 'D:\Course Updates\30 Day Series\SQL\CSV\Orders.csv'
CSV HEADER;
```

-- 1) Retrieve all books in the "Fiction" genre:

```
SELECT * FROM Books
WHERE Genre='Fiction';
```

-- 2) Find books published after the year 1950:

```
SELECT * FROM Books
WHERE Published_year>1950;
```

-- 3) List all customers from the Canada:

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE country='Canada';
```

-- 4) Show orders placed in November 2023:

```
SELECT * FROM Orders
WHERE order_date BETWEEN '2023-11-01' AND '2023-11-30';
```

-- 5) Retrieve the total stock of books available:

```
SELECT SUM(stock) AS Total_Stock
From Books;
```

-- 6) Find the details of the most expensive book:

```
SELECT * FROM Books
ORDER BY Price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

-- 7) Show all customers who ordered more than 1 quantity of a book:

```
SELECT * FROM Orders
WHERE quantity>1;
```

-- 8) Retrieve all orders where the total amount exceeds \$20:

```
SELECT * FROM Orders
WHERE total_amount>20;
```

-- 9) List all genres available in the Books table:

```
SELECT DISTINCT genre FROM Books;
```

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-- 10) Find the book with the lowest stock:

```
SELECT * FROM Books
ORDER BY stock
LIMIT 1;
```

-- 11) Calculate the total revenue generated from all orders:

```
SELECT SUM(total_amount) As Revenue
FROM Orders;
```

## -- Advance Questions :

-- 1) Retrieve the total number of books sold for each genre:

```
SELECT * FROM ORDERS;

SELECT b.Genre, SUM(o.Quantity) AS Total_Books_sold
FROM Orders o
JOIN Books b ON o.book_id = b.book_id
GROUP BY b.Genre;
```

-- 2) Find the average price of books in the "Fantasy" genre:

```
SELECT AVG(price) AS Average_Price
FROM Books
WHERE Genre = 'Fantasy';
```

-- 3) List customers who have placed at least 2 orders:

```
SELECT o.customer_id, c.name, COUNT(o.Order_id) AS ORDER_COUNT
FROM orders o
JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id=c.customer_id
GROUP BY o.customer_id, c.name
HAVING COUNT(Order_id) >=2;
```

-- 4) Find the most frequently ordered book:

```
SELECT o.Book_id, b.title, COUNT(o.order_id) AS ORDER_COUNT
FROM orders o
JOIN books b ON o.book_id=b.book_id
GROUP BY o.book_id, b.title
ORDER BY ORDER_COUNT DESC LIMIT 1;
```

-- 5) Show the top 3 most expensive books of 'Fantasy' Genre :

```
SELECT * FROM books
WHERE genre ='Fantasy'
ORDER BY price DESC LIMIT 3;
```

-- 6) Retrieve the total quantity of books sold by each author:

```
SELECT b.author, SUM(o.quantity) AS Total_Books_Sold
FROM orders o
```

# Solution of all queries

```
JOIN books b ON o.book_id=b.book_id  
GROUP BY b.Author;
```

-- 7) List the cities where customers who spent over \$30 are located:

```
SELECT DISTINCT c.city, total_amount  
FROM orders o  
JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id=c.customer_id  
WHERE o.total_amount > 30;
```

-- 8) Find the customer who spent the most on orders:

```
SELECT c.customer_id, c.name, SUM(o.total_amount) AS Total_Spent  
FROM orders o  
JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id=c.customer_id  
GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.name  
ORDER BY Total_spent Desc LIMIT 1;
```

--9) Calculate the stock remaining after fulfilling all orders:

```
SELECT b.book_id, b.title, b.stock, COALESCE(SUM(o.quantity),0) AS Order_quantity,  
       b.stock- COALESCE(SUM(o.quantity),0) AS Remaining_Quantity  
FROM books b  
LEFT JOIN orders o ON b.book_id=o.book_id  
GROUP BY b.book_id ORDER BY b.book_id;
```