

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 3\_Q1

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Rosh is intrigued by numerical patterns. Today, she stumbled upon a puzzle while working with arrays. She wants to compute the sum of the third-largest and second-smallest elements from a list of integers. She seeks your help to implement a program that solves this for her efficiently.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input is an integer N, representing the size of the array.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

##### ***Output Format***

The output displays a single integer representing the sum of the third-largest and second-smallest elements in the array.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 10  
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100  
Output: 100

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.*;
class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int N=sc.nextInt();
        int array1[]=new int[N];
        int array2[]=new int[N];
        int k=0;
        for(int i=0;i<N;i++){
            array1[k]=sc.nextInt();
            k=k+1;
        }
        for (int j = 0; j < array1.length - 1; j++) {
            if (array1[j] < array1[j + 1]) {
                int temp = array1[j];
                array1[j] = array1[j + 1];
                array1[j + 1] = temp;
                j = -1;
            }
        }
        int res=0;
        res=res+array1[2]+array1[array1.length-2];
        System.out.println(res);
    }
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**