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# AI1103 - Challenging Problem 17

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## Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Anirudh-Srinivasan-CS20/ AI1103/blob/main/Challenging-Problem-17// Challenging-Problem-17.tex

### QUESTION

Let X and Y be independent and identically distributed random variables such that  $Pr(X = 0) = Pr(X = 1) = \frac{1}{2}$ . Let Z = X + Y and W = |X - Y|. Then which statement is not correct?

- A) X and W are independent.
- B) Y and W are independent.
- C) Z and W are uncorrelated.
- D) Z and W are independent.

#### SOLUTION

Since, X and Y are i.i.d random variables

$$Pr(X = 0) = Pr(Y = 0) = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.1)

$$Pr(X = 1) = Pr(Y = 1) = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.2)

X	Y	Z	W	ZW	Pr(X, Y)
0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$
0	1	1	1	1	$\frac{1}{4}$
1	0	1	1	1	$\frac{1}{4}$
1	1	2	0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$

Table 4: This table shows probability associated with each value that the random variable Z,W and ZW can take when X = x, Y = y, Z = x+y, W = |x-y| and ZW = (x+y)|x-y|.

 $\implies$  For Z, we have:

$$\Pr(Z=0) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{0.0.3}$$

$$\Pr(Z=1) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.4}$$

$$\Pr(Z=2) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{0.0.5}$$

$$E(Z) = \sum_{i=0}^{2} Pr(Z = i) \times z_{i}$$
 (0.0.6)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1 + \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \tag{0.0.7}$$

$$= 1$$
 (0.0.8)

 $\implies$  For W, we have:

$$\Pr(W = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.9}$$

$$\Pr(W=1) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.10}$$

$$E(W) = \sum_{i=0}^{1} Pr(W = i) \times w_i$$
 (0.0.11)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \tag{0.0.12}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{0.0.13}$$

 $\implies$  For ZW, we have:

$$\Pr(ZW = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.14}$$

$$\Pr(ZW = 1) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.15}$$

$$E(ZW) = \sum_{i=0}^{1} Pr(WZ = i) \times (wz)_{i}$$
 (0.0.16)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \tag{0.0.17}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{0.0.18}$$

$$E(ZW) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.19}$$

$$E(Z) \times E(W) = 1 \times \frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.20)

$$E(ZW) = E(Z) \times E(W) \tag{0.0.21}$$

⇒ Z and W are uncorrelated.

From the above table:

$$Pr(X = 0|W = 0) = \frac{1}{2} = Pr(X = 0)$$
 (0.0.22)

$$\Pr(X = 0|W = 1) = \frac{1}{2} = \Pr(X = 0)$$
 (0.0.23)

$$Pr(X = 1|W = 0) = \frac{1}{2} = Pr(X = 1)$$
 (0.0.24)

$$Pr(X = 1|W = 1) = \frac{1}{2} = Pr(X = 1)$$
 (0.0.25)

 $\implies$  X and W are independent.

As the distribution of X and Y are identical, similarly we get:

⇒ Y and W are independent.

$$\Pr(Z = 0|W = 0) = \frac{1}{2} \neq \Pr(Z = 0)$$
 (0.0.26)

 $\implies$  Z and W are dependent.

Answer: Option (D)