

Report 0 - Optical Counterparts for Pulsar candidates using Gaia

[Link to GitHub](#)

The Dataset of pulsars that I used

These are the pulsars that I used, directly from the paper on [arXiv](#)

Number 16 I added manually to test something.

| S.No. | Name | RA (hh:mm:ss) | DEC (dd:mm:ss) | References | d (kpc) | θ_{\max} | θ_{cand} | r _{cand} (pc) |
|-------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | J0030+0451 | 00:30:27.42826 | +04:51:39.711 | Matthews et al. (2016) | 0.34 | 7.28" | 3.2" & 7.19" | 0.005 |
| 2 | J0711-6830 | 07:11:54.189114 | +04:51:39.711 | Reardon et al. (2016) | 0.11 | 22.5" | 7.98", 16.39"... | 0.004, 0.008... |
| 3 | J0740+6620 | 07:40:45.798 | +66:20:33.65 | Guillemot et al. (2016) | 0.93 | 2.66" | 4.86" | 0.02 |
| 4 | J0922-52 | 09:22:00 | -52:00:00 | Mickaliger et al. (2012) | 0.35 | 7.07" | 6.3" & 8.7" | 0.010, 0.014 |
| 5 | J1536-4948 | 15:36:24.016 | -49:48:45.39 | Roy et al. (2012) | 0.98 | 2.52" | 3.6" | 0.017 |
| 6 | J1546-59 | 15:46:00 | -59:00:00 | Mickaliger et al. (2012) | 3.89 | 0.63" | 1.1" | 0.020 |
| 7 | J1652-48 | 16:52:9 | -48:45 | Knispel et al. (2013) | 4.39 | 0.56" | 1.1" | 0.023 |
| 8 | J1658-5324 | 16:58:39.34359 | -53:24:07.003 | Camilo et al. (2015) | 0.88 | 2.81" | 2.3" | 0.009 |
| 9 | J1730-2304 | 17:30:21.66624 | -53:24:07.003 | Reardon et al. (2016) | 0.62 | 3.99" | 2.1" & 3.6" | 0.006, 0.01 |
| 10 | J1744-1134 | 17:44:29.407190 | -53:24:07.003 | Matthews et al. (2016) | 0.39 | 6.26" | 2.7" | 0.005 |
| 11 | J1801-1417 | 18:01:51.073331 | -53:24:07.003 | Desvignes et al. (2016) | 1.1 | 2.25" | 4.7" & 5.9" | 0.025, 0.031 |
| 12 | J1843-1448 | 18:43:01.375 | -14:48:12.61 | Lorimer et al. (2015) | 3.47 | 0.71" | 1.06" | 0.017 |
| 13 | J1902-70 | 19:02:00 | -70:00:00 | Ray et al. (2012) | 0.92 | 2.69" | 4.3" | 0.019 |
| 14 | J1905+0400 | 19:05:28.273436 | +04:00:10.8830 | Gonzalez et al. (2011) | 1.7 | 1.45" | 2.4" & 3.1" | 0.019, 0.025 |
| 15 | B1937+21 | 19:39:38.561227 | +21:34:59.12567 | Matthews et al. (2016) | 3.5 | 0.70" | 2.2" | 0.037 |
| 16 | J1843-1113 | 18:43:41.26 | -11:13:31.07 | 2nd Paper/ D16 | 4.568 | <null> | <null> | <null> |

Execution

My plan was from the coordinate of the pulsar I do a cone search first around each pulsar with a radius of $2 * \text{arcsec}$ up until $\pm 20\%$ (= tol) around the pulsar distance

After loading in the CSV file, I first converted the RA and DEC from sexagesimal coordinates to degrees using SkyCoord. Why? Because Gaia ADQL expects decimal degrees in ICRS.

Here are all the columns that I retrieved using my ADQL query to gaiadr3.gaia_source

```
gaia.source_id, gaia.ra, gaia.dec,  
gaia.parallax, gaia.parallax_error,  
gaia.pmra, gaia.pmdec, gaia.pmra_error, gaia.pmdec_error,  
gaia.phot_g_mean_mag, gaia.bp_rp,  
gaia.ruwe, gaia.astrometric_excess_noise,  
gaia.phot_bp_rp_excess_factor
```

(All this was different for each pulsar as I had a loop running that would call this query function)

After receiving back the data I stored it in a pandas Dataframe, I then went towards Parallax and distance handling.

Gaia parallax is in milliarcseconds (mas) → $\text{distance_pc} = 1000 / \text{parallax_mas}$

(I did find this information while doing this , but I'm not really sure I understand it at this moment: Caveat: naive inversion is only reliable when $\text{parallax_over_error}$ is sufficiently high (commonly $> \sim 5$). For low S/N parallaxes you must use a Bayesian estimator (e.g., Bailer-Jones distances) or treat parallax as a noisy constraint.)

I also had a parallax filter, that removed a match from Pulsar 9 after filtering

- "parallax" is not NaN (missing)
- "parallax" is positive (> 0)
- "parallax_error" is positive (> 0)

I then found the angular separation between the pulsars and their Gaia candidate every time using SkyCoord.

I also find the Absolute Magnitude using $M = m - 5 \log_{10} \frac{d}{10}$

[d - distance in Parsecs ; m = apparent magnitude (phot_g_mean_mag)]

I then tag the data with their name and distance and append it to matches.

After the loop , I save the current data as "gaia_matches_raw.csv"

(here I still got 1 match for 1 pulsar)

I then apply some more filters , namely :

- RUWE < 1.4 ; Renormalized Unit Weight Error; Gaia's global goodness-of-fit; values $\geq 1.4-1.6$ indicate astrometric problems (binary, crowding, extended source).

This part I'm not sure I understand fully, I just saw others doing the same and decided to do it. Nevertheless it didn't change my matches.

My question was if RUWE $\geq 1.4-1.6$ indicate unresolved binaries, why wouldn't I want that in my matches?

I then add a filter that flags solutions which have excess of (2) Astrometric Noise ;
Using (astrometric_excess_noise)

After all this I ended up with one match to one pulsar

Saved the data to gaia_matches_filtered.csv

gaia_matches_filtered

I then made some plots, but since I got only one match, it didn't make much sense

The match & Pulsar

The pulsar was - J1843-1448

Gaia Source id - 4103495111344644480

| Parameter | Value | Description/Interpretation |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| source_id | 4103495111344644480 | Unique Gaia DR3 object identifier |
| RA (deg) | 280.7561460834939 | Right ascension in degrees (J2000, ICRS) |
| Dec (deg) | -14.80364714484038 | Declination in degrees (J2000, ICRS) |
| parallax (mas) | 0.35976485 | Gaia parallax in milliarcseconds |
| parallax_error (mas) | 0.19761348 | Parallax uncertainty (1 σ , milliarcseconds) |
| parallax S/N | 1.82 | Significance: low (<3 is generally low-confidence for distance) |
| dist_pc (from parallax) | 2779.59 | Inverse parallax, in parsecs (1/parallax in arcseconds \times 1000) |
| target_dist_pc | 3470.0 | Pulsar's estimated distance, for comparison |
| sep_arcsec | 1.54 | Angular separation from pulsar position (arcsec) |
| pmra (mas/yr) | -2.68 | Proper motion in RA |
| pmdec (mas/yr) | 1.85 | Proper motion in Dec |
| pmra_error (mas/yr) | 0.19 | Uncertainty in RA proper motion |
| pmdec_error (mas/yr) | 0.17 | Uncertainty in Dec proper motion |
| phot_g_mean_mag | 18.57 | Apparent G-band magnitude (faint) |
| bp_rp | 1.50 | Gaia color (BP - RP) |
| M_G (abs mag) | 6.35 | Absolute G-band magnitude |
| ruwe | 0.98 | Well within threshold —astrometric solution is trustworthy |
| astrometric_excess_noise | 0.0 | Perfect: no unexplained astrometric noise |
| phot_bp_rp_excess_factor | 1.29 | Indicates quality of photometric colors; ~1.3 is typical |

Searching up this pulsar, I found out from a paper that its an Isolated MSP

PSRs J1552–4937 and J1843–1448 bring the total number of isolated MSPs known in the Galactic disc to 37

the 2015 paper

Gaia's algorithms also strongly classify this as a star through 26 observations

- `classprob_dsc_combmod_star = 1.00`
- `classprob_dsc_combmod_galaxy \approx 0`
- `classprob_dsc_combmod_quasar \approx 0`

I think the star with Gaia Source_id 4103495111344644480 can be a candidate counterpart

After Adding PSR J1012+5307 , which is known to be a Binary System with a white dwarf companion , and changing up the filters :

- Search Radius = 5 * arcsec
- Distance Tol = 1.0 ($\pm 100\%$ of PSR distance)

I got 11 matches before RUWE / Noise Filter and 9 after.

Out of these most parallaxes are low-significance ($S/N < 3$), except for J1012+5307 and one match in J1843–1448.

Again decided to change up the filters :

- Search Radius = 3 * arcsec
- Distance Tol = 0.8 ($\pm 80\%$)

Now, this time I ended up with 6, 6 Matches

| Pulsar | Source ID | Parallax (mas) | Error (mas) | S/N | Distance (pc, Gaia) | Reliable? |
|------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|------|---------------------|---------------------|
| J1546-59 | 5834212557702108288 | 0.341 | 0.377 | 0.90 | 2936 | No (very low) |
| J1546-59 | 5834212557702111104 | 0.398 | 0.119 | 3.34 | 2514 | Marginal/Borderline |
| J1843-1448 | 4103495111344644480 | 0.360 | 0.198 | 1.82 | 2779 | No (low) |
| J1843-1448 | 4103495115680543616 | 0.708 | 0.107 | 6.62 | 1412 | Yes (robust) |
| J1843-1113 | 4106823440438736384 | 1.063 | 0.519 | 2.05 | 941 | No (low) |
| J1012+5307 | 851610861391010944 | 1.745 | 0.291 | 6.00 | 573 | Yes (robust) |

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