```
% Q3
% a.
A = [1.01 \ 0.99; \ 0.99 \ 1.01];
b1 = [2; 2];
x = A b1
% b.
A = [1.01 \ 0.99; \ 0.99 \ 1.01];
b2=[2.02;1.98];
x2 = A b2
% C.
A = [1.01 \ 0.99; \ 0.99 \ 1.01];
b1 = [2; 2];
x = A b1;
b2 = [2.02; 1.98];
x2 = A b2;
fprintf('The condition number of the given Matrix is :');
kappa = cond(A)
fprintf('The upper bound on the possible change in x indicates changes
 in all of the significant digits :')
kappa*norm(b1 - b2)/norm(b1)
fprintf('The actual change in x resulting from this perturbation
is :');
norm(x - x2)/norm(x)
fprintf('Relative Error in observation is :');
norm(b1 - b2)/norm(b1)
x =
    1.0000
    1.0000
x2 =
    2.0000
   -0.0000
The condition number of the given Matrix is :
kappa =
  100.0000
The upper bound on the possible change in x indicates changes in all
 of the significant digits :
ans =
```

```
1.0000

The actual change in x resulting from this perturbation is : ans =

1.0000

Relative Error in observation is : ans =

0.0100
```

Published with MATLAB® R2020b