Bitespeed Backend Task: Identity Reconciliation

Meet the brilliant yet eccentric Dr. Emmett Brown, better known as Doc. Hopelessly stuck in 2023, he is fixing his time machine to go back to the future and save his friend. His favourite online store FluxKart.com sells all the parts required to build this contraption. As crazy as he might get at times, Doc surely knows how to be careful. To avoid drawing attention to his grandiose project, Doc is using different email addresses and phone numbers for each purchase.

FluxKart.com is deadpan serious about their customer experience. There is nothing more important than rewarding their loyal customers and giving a personalised experience. To do this, FluxKart decides to integrate Bitespeed into their platform. Bitespeed collects contact details from shoppers for a personalised customer experience.

However, given Doc's modus operandi, Bitespeed faces a unique challenge: linking different orders made with different contact information to the same person.

Bitespeed Needs Your Help!

Bitespeed needs a way to identify and keep track of a customer's identity across multiple purchases.

We know that orders on FluxKart.com will always have either an `email` or `phoneNumber` in the checkout event.

Bitespeed keeps track of the collected contact information in a relational database table named `Contact`.

```
{
    id                    Int
    phoneNumber           String?
    email                 String?
    linkedId              Int? // the ID of another Contact linked to this one
    linkPrecedence        "secondary"|"primary" // "primary" if it's the first Contact in th
    createdAt             DateTime
```

```
    updatedAt           DateTime
    deletedAt           DateTime?
}
```

One customer can have multiple `Contact` rows in the database against them. All of the rows are linked together with the oldest one being treated as "primary" and the rest as "secondary" .

`Contact` rows are linked if they have either of `email` or `phone` as common.

For example:

If a customer placed an order with

`email=lorraine@hillvalley.edu` & `phoneNumber=123456`
and later came back to place another order with

`email=mcfly@hillvalley.edu` & `phoneNumber=123456` ,
database will have the following rows:

```
{
    id                  1
    phoneNumber         "123456"
    email               "lorraine@hillvalley.edu"
    linkedId            null
    linkPrecedence      "primary"
    createdAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    updatedAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    deletedAt           null
},
{
    id                  23
    phoneNumber         "123456"
    email               "mcfly@hillvalley.edu"
    linkedId            1
    linkPrecedence      "secondary"
    createdAt           2023-04-20 05:30:00.11+00
    updatedAt           2023-04-20 05:30:00.11+00
    deletedAt           null
}
```

Requirements

You are required to design a web service with an endpoint `/identify` that will receive HTTP POST requests with JSON body of the following format:

```
{
    "email"?: string,
    "phoneNumber"?: number
}
```

The web service should return an HTTP 200 response with a JSON payload containing the consolidated contact.

Your response should be in this format:

```
{
    "contact":{
        "primaryContatctId": number,
        "emails": string[], // first element being email of primary contact
        "phoneNumbers": string[], // first element being phoneNumber of primary conta
        "secondaryContactIds": number[] // Array of all Contact IDs that are "seconda
    }
}
```

Extending the previous example:

Request:

```
{
    "email": "mcfly@hillvalley.edu",
    "phoneNumber": "123456"
}
```

will give the following response

```
{
    "contact":{
        "primaryContatctId": 1,
        "emails": ["lorraine@hillvalley.edu","mcfly@hillvalley.edu"]
        "phoneNumbers": ["123456"]
        "secondaryContactIds": [23]
    }
}
```

▼ **In fact, all of the following requests will return the above response** *(use toggle to expand)*

```
{
    "email": null,
    "phoneNumber":"123456"
}
```

```
{
    "email": "lorraine@hillvalley.edu",
    "phoneNumber": null
}
```

```
{
    "email": "mcfly@hillvalley.edu",
    "phoneNumber": null
}
```

But what happens if there are no existing **contacts** against an incoming request?

The service will simply create a new `Contact` row with `linkPrecedence="primary"` treating it as a new customer and return it with an empty array for `secondaryContactIds`

When is a secondary contact created?

If an incoming request has either of `phoneNumber` or `email` common to an existing contact but contains new information, the service will create a "secondary" `Contact` row.

Example:

Existing state of database:

```
{
    id                  1
    phoneNumber         "123456"
    email               "lorraine@hillvalley.edu"
    linkedId            null
    linkPrecedence      "primary"
    createdAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    updatedAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    deletedAt           null
}
```

Identify request:

```
{
"email":"mcfly@hillvalley.edu",
"phoneNumber":"123456"
}
```

New state of database:

```
{
    id                  1
    phoneNumber         "123456"
    email               "lorraine@hillvalley.edu"
    linkedId            null
    linkPrecedence      "primary"
    createdAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    updatedAt           2023-04-01 00:00:00.374+00
    deletedAt           null
},
{
    id                  23
    phoneNumber         "123456"
    email               "mcfly@hillvalley.edu"
    linkedId            1
    linkPrecedence      "secondary"
    createdAt           2023-04-20 05:30:00.11+00
    updatedAt           2023-04-20 05:30:00.11+00
    deletedAt           null
},
```

Can primary contacts turn into secondary?

Yes. Let's take an example

Existing state of database:

```
{
    id                  11
    phoneNumber         "919191"
```

```
      email             "george@hillvalley.edu"
      linkedId          null
      linkPrecedence    "primary"
      createdAt         2023-04-11 00:00:00.374+00
      updatedAt         2023-04-11 00:00:00.374+00
      deletedAt         null
  },
  {
      id                27
      phoneNumber       "717171"
      email             "biffsucks@hillvalley.edu"
      linkedId          null
      linkPrecedence    "primary"
      createdAt         2023-04-21 05:30:00.11+00
      updatedAt         2023-04-21 05:30:00.11+00
      deletedAt         null
  }
```

Request:

```
{
"email":"george@hillvalley.edu",
"phoneNumber": "717171"
}
```

New state of database:

```
{
    id                11
  phoneNumber       "919191"
  email             "george@hillvalley.edu"
  linkedId          null
  linkPrecedence    "primary"
  createdAt         2023-04-11 00:00:00.374+00
  updatedAt         2023-04-11 00:00:00.374+00
  deletedAt         null
},
{
    id                27
  phoneNumber       "717171"
  email             "biffsucks@hillvalley.edu"
  linkedId          11
  linkPrecedence    "secondary"
  createdAt         2023-04-21 05:30:00.11+00
  updatedAt         2023-04-28 06:40:00.23+00
  deletedAt         null
}
```

Response:

```
  {
      "contact":{
          "primaryContatctId": 11,
          "emails": ["george@hillvalley.edu","biffsucks@hillvalley.edu"]
          "phoneNumbers": ["919191","717171"]
          "secondaryContactIds": [27]
      }
  }
```

What stack to use?

Database: Any SQL database can be used

Backend framework: NodeJs with typescript is preferred but any other framework can also be used.

How to submit this task?

1. Publish the code repository to Github

2. Keep making small commits with insightful messages.

3. Expose the `/identify` endpoint

4. Host your app online and share the endpoint in the readme file. (You can use free hosting services like render.com)

5. Note: Use **JSON Body** and not **form-data** for request payloads.

6. Submit the task **here**.

BiteSpeed - Backend Task Submission	
https://forms.gle/3j3KF6zJumemhMkQ9	

More about Bitespeed:

Ⓑ Way Of Life At BiteSpeed - Our Values & Purpose

Ⓑ BiteSpeed's Mission & the Future of Commerce