

ONLINE SUBMISSION OF LAB RECORDS

Lab Subject	DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS	Submit Date	30-06-2020
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UNDERTAKING

I hereby declare that, I had submitted the laboratory records for the experiments which were physically completed in the Institute and the lab record folder is properly preserved by me. In this online submission, I am submitting the lab records for the experiments (as mentioned in the index above) which were explained and demonstrated in online mode. I have written the lab record myself, scanned into PDF format for soft copy submission. I undertake that I will preserve these hard copies with me. After the institute reopens, I will add these pages to the existing lab record folder and submit the complete folder within 7 days of reopening. I understand that, unless I submit the complete lab record folder in hard copy form, the marks awarded in the lab subject may be revoked by the institute.

Date: 30-06-2020

Full Signature of Student

Anirudh Panda.

ASSIGNMENT-5

1 –

*/*Write a program to create a linked list and traverse all elements*/*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

void create();
void display();
void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

void display()
{
    struct node *p;
    p = start;
    while (p->data != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d", p->data);
        p = p->next;
    }
}
```

2 –

*/*Write a menu driven program to implement single linked list to perform the following operations: 1- Insertion at Beginning 2- Delete from Beginning 3- Display 4- Exit */*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{  
    int data;  
    struct node *next;  
} * start, *current, *newnode;
```

```
void main()
```

```
{  
    int x,ch;  
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    printf("Enter the value of x");  
    scanf("%d", &x);  
    newnode->data = x;  
    newnode->next = start;  
    start = newnode;  
}  
while(1)  
{  
    printf("1- Insert at beggining \n 2- Delete from beggining \n 3- Display \n 4- Exit \n");  
    printf("Enter your choice");  
    scanf("%d",&ch);  
  
    switch (ch)  
    {  
    case 1:  
        insertbeg();  
        break;  
    case 2:  
        deletebeg();  
        break;  
  
    case 3:  
        display();  
        break;  
  
    case 4:  
        exit();  
  
    default:  
        printf("Invalid input");  
        break;  
    }  
}
```

```
void insertbeg()
```

```
{  
    int x;  
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    printf("Enter the value of x");  
    scanf("%d",&x);  
    newnode->data=x;
```

```

    newnode->next=start;
    start=newnode;
}

void deletebeg()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=start;
    start=start->next;
    free(p);
}

void display()
{
    struct node *p;
    p = start;
    while (p->data != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d", p->data);
        p = p->next;
    }
}

```

3-

/*Write separate user defined functions to perform the following operations on a single linked list: (i) Insertion at End (ii) Insertion after a specific value (iii) Insert before a specific value */

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

void insertend();
void insertafter();
void insertbefore();

void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void insertend()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    newnode->data=x;
    newnode->next=NULL;
    current->next=newnode;
    current=newnode;
}

```

```

void insertafter()
{
    int x,ele;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Enter the value after which you want to insert");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    struct node *p,*q;
    p=start;
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=x;
    p->next=newnode;
    newnode->next=q;
}

```

```

void insertbefore()
{
    int x,ele;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Enter the value after which you want to insert");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    struct node *p,*q;
    while(p->next->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=x;
    p->next=newnode;
    newnode->next=q;
}

```

4-

*/*Write separate user defined functions to perform the following operations on a single linked list: (i) Delete from End (ii) Delete after a specific value (iii) Delete a specific data value (iv) Delete a node before a value */*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;
void deleteend();
void deleteafter();
void deletespecific();
void deletenodebefore();
```

```
void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}
```

```
void deleteend()
{
    struct node *p,*q;
    p=start;
    while(p->next!=current)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    p->next=NULL;
    current=p;
    free(q);
}
```

```
void deleteafter()
{
    struct node *p,*q;
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the specific element");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    while(p->data!=ele)
```

```

    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    p->next=q->next;
    free(q);
}

```

```

void deletespecific()
{
    struct node *p,*q;
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the specific element");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    while(p->next->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    p->next=q->next;
    free(q);
}

```

```

void deletenodebefore()
{
    struct node *p,*q;
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the specific element");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    while(p->next->next->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    p->next=q->next;
    free(q);
}

```

5-

*/*Write a user defined function to count the number of nodes present in a single linked list. */*

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

```

```

void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void count()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=start;
    int c=1;
    while(p->next!=NULL)
    {
        p=p->next;
        c++;
    }
    printf("The number of nodes are %c",c);
}

```

6-

/*Write separate user defined functions to perform the following operations on a single linked list: (i) Insert after ith node*/

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;
void insertafteri();

```

```

void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void insertafteri()

```



```

{
    int x,i,pos;
    struct node *p;
    p=start;
    i=0;
    printf("Enter the node position");
    scanf("%d",&pos);
    while(p->next!=NULL && i<pos)
    {
        p=p->next;
        i++;
    }
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter data for new node");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    newnode->data=x;
    newnode->next=p->next;
    p->next=newnode;
}

```

ASSIGNMENT-6

1-

*/*Write a user defined function to Search an element in a single linked list*/*

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

```

```

void search();
void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void search()
{
    int ele;
    struct node *p;
    p=start;
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    printf("%d", p->data);
}

```

2-

*/*Write a user defined function to Sort the list in ascending order. */*

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

```

```

void sort();
void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void sort()
{
    struct node *p,*q;
    int temp;
    for(p=start;p->next!=NULL;p=p->next)
    for(q=p->next;q!=NULL;q=q->next)
    {
        if (p->data>q->data)
        {
            temp=p->data;
            p->data=q->data;
            q->data=temp;
        }
    }
}

```

```
}  
}
```

3-

*/*Write user defined functions to find the smallest and largest element in a single linked list*/*

```
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<malloc.h>  
  
struct node  
{  
    int data;  
    struct node *next;  
} * start, *current, *newnode;  
  
void largest();  
void smallest();  
void main()  
{  
    int x;  
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
    printf("Enter the value of x");  
    scanf("%d", &x);  
    newnode->data = x;  
    newnode->next = start;  
    start = newnode;  
}  
  
void largest()  
{  
    struct node *p;  
    p=start;  
    int max;  
    max=p->data;  
    while(p!=NULL)  
    {  
        if(p->data>max)  
            max=p->data;  
        p=p->next;  
    }  
}  
  
void smallest()  
{  
    struct node *p;  
    p=start;  
    int min;  
    min=p->data;  
    while(p!=NULL)  
    {
```

```

        if(p->data<min)
        min=p->data;
        p=p->next;
    }
}

```

4-

*/*Write a user defined function to reverse the list. */*

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;

void reverse();
void main()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}

void reverse()
{
    struct node *p,*c,*n;
    p=NULL;
    c=start;
    while(c!=NULL)
    {
        n=c->next;
        c->next=p;
        p=c;
        c=n;
    }
}

```

5-

*/*Write a program to create two separate linked lists and merge the elements*/*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} * start, *current, *newnode;
```

```
void merge();
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->next = start;
    start = newnode;
}
```

```
void merge()
```

```
{
    struct node *p, *q, *s;

    if (p->data <= q->data)
    {
        s = p;
        s->next = (p->next, q);
    }
    else
    {
        s = q;
        s->next = (p, q->next);
    }
    return (s);
}
```

6-

/*Implement stack using linked list representation to perform the following operations: 1-Push, 2-Pop, 3-Display, 4-Exit*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
```

```

} *top=NULL,*newnode;

void push()
{
    int x;
    newnode=(struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    newnode->data=x;
    newnode->next=top;
    top=newnode;
}

void pop()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=top;
    printf("%d is deleted from stack", top->data);
    top=top->next;
    free(p);
}

void display()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=top;
    while(p!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d",p->data);
        p=p->next;
    }
}

```

7-

/*Implement Linear Queue using linked list representation to perform the following operations: 1-Insert, 2-Delete, 3-Display, 4-Exit*/

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} *front=NULL,*newnode,*rear=NULL;

void insert()
{
    int x;
    newnode=(struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));

```

```

printf("Enter the value of x");
scanf("%d",&x);
newnode->data=x;
newnode->next=NULL;
if(rear==NULL)
{
    front=newnode;
    rear=newnode;
}
else
{
    front=newnode;
    front->next=rear;
}
}

void delete()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=front;
    front=front->next;
    printf("%d is deleted",p->data);
}

void display()
{
    struct node *p;
    p=front;
    while(p!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d",p->data);
        p=p->next;
    }
}

```

ASSIGNMENT-7

1-

*/*create and traverse the element in double linked list*/*

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```

```

#include <malloc.h>
struct node {    int data;    struct node *next, *prev; } * start, *current, *newnode;
void create();
void traverseforward();
void traversebackward();
void main()
{    int x;
newnode= (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("Enter the value of x");
scanf("%d", &x);
newnode->data = x;
newnode->prev= NULL;
newnode->next=start;
start->prev=newnode;
start=newnode; }
void traverseforward()
{    struct node *p;
p=start;
while(p!= NULL)
{
printf("%d",p->data);
p=p->next;
}
} void traversebackward()
{    struct node *p;
p=current;
while(p!= NULL)
{
printf("%d",p->data);
p=p->prev;
}
}

```

2-

*/*Write a menu driven program to implement a double linked list with the following options: 1-Insert at Beginning 2-Display 3-Delete from Beginning 4-Exit*/*

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next, *prev;
} * start, *newnode, *current;

main()
{
    int x, ch;

```



```

printf("Enter the data of the 1st node");
scanf("%d", &x);
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data = x;
newnode->prev = NULL;
newnode->next = NULL;
start = newnode;
current = newnode;
}
while (1)
{
    printf("1- Insert at beggining \n 2- Display \n 3- Delete at beggining \n 4- Exit \n");
    printf("Enter your choice");
    scanf("%d", &ch);

    switch (ch)
    {
        case 1:
            insertbeg();
            break;
        case 2:
            display();
            break;

        case 3:
            insertend();
            break;

        case 4:
            exit();

        default:
            printf("Invalid input");
            break;
    }
}

```

```

void insertbeg()
{
    int x;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->prev = NULL;
    newnode->next = start;
    start->prev = newnode;
    start = newnode;
}

```

```

void display()
{
    struct node *p;

```

```

p = start;
while (p != NULL)
{
    printf("%d \t", p->data);
    p = p->next;
}
}

```

```

void deletebeg()
{
    struct node *p;
    p = start;
    start = start->next;
    free(p);
    start->prev = NULL;
}

```

3-

*/*Write separate user defined functions for the following insert operations in a double linked list (i) Insert at End (ii) Insert after a specific value (iii) Insert before a specific value */*

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next, *prev;
} * start, *newnode, *current;

```

```

void insertend();
void insertafterspecific();
void insertbeforespecific();

```

```

main()
{
    int x, ch;
    printf("Enter the data of the 1st node");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->prev = NULL;
    newnode->next = NULL;
    start = newnode;
    current = newnode;
}

```

```

void insertend()
{

```

```

int x;
newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
printf("Enter the value of x");
scanf("%d",&x);
newnode->data=x;
newnode->next=NULL;
newnode->prev=current;
current->next=newnode;
current=newnode;
}

```

```

void insertafterspecific()
{
    int x,ele;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Enter the value after which you want to insert");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    struct node *p,*q;
    p=start;
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=x;
    newnode->prev=p;
    p->next=newnode;
    newnode->next=q;
    q->prev=newnode;
}

```

```

void insertbeforespecific()
{
    int x,ele;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    printf("Enter the value of x");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Enter the value after which you want to insert");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    struct node *p,*q;
    while(p->next->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=x;
    newnode->prev=p->prev;
    p->prev=newnode;
    newnode->next=q;
}

```

```
    q->prev->next=newnode;
}
```

4-

*/*Write separate user defined functions for the following Delete operations in a double linked list (i) Delete from End (ii) Delete after a specific value (iii) Delete before a specific value (iv) Delete a specific value */*

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next, *prev;
} * start, *newnode, *current;
```

```
void deleteend();
void deleteafterspecific();
void deletebeforespecific();
void deletespecific();
main()
{
    int x, ch;
    printf("Enter the data of the 1st node");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data = x;
    newnode->prev = NULL;
    newnode->next = NULL;
    start = newnode;
    current = newnode;
}
```

```
void deleteend()
{
    struct node *p;
    p = current;
    current = current->prev;
    free(p);
    current->next = NULL;
}
```

```
void deleteafterspecific()
{
    struct node *p, *q, *r;
    p = start;
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the specific element");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
```

```

        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    r=q->next;
    p->next=r;
    r->prev=p;
    free(q);
}

```

```

void deletebeforespecific()
{
    struct node *p,*q,*r;
    p=start;
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the specific element");
    scanf("%d", &ele);
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->prev;
    r=q->prev;
    r->next=p;
    p->prev=r;
    free(q);
}

```

```

void deletespecific()
{
    int ele;
    printf("Enter the element to be deleted");
    scanf("%d",&ele);
    struct node *p,*q,*r;
    p=start;
    while(p->data!=ele)
    {
        p=p->next;
    }
    q=p->next;
    r=p->prev;
    r->next=q;
    q->prev=r;
    free(p);
}

```

ASSIGNMENT-8

1-

*/*Write a menu driven program with the following options to construct a binary search tree (BST) recursively and traverse the elements:*/*

1-Insert
2-Pre-ordered traversal
3-In order traversal
4-Post order traversal
5-Exit

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
} *root = NULL;
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
void preorder(struct node *);
void inorder(struct node *);
void postorder(struct node *);
```

```
main()
{
    int ch, x;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: pre-order traversal\n 3: in-order traversal\n 4: post-order traversal\n \n 5: exit\n");
        printf("\n Enter your choice");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        {
            case (1):
                printf("enter the data to insert:");
                scanf("%d", &x);
                root = insert(root, x);
                break;
            case (2):
                preorder(root);
                break;
            case (3):
                inorder(root);
```

```

        break;
    case (4):
        postorder(root);
        break;
    case (5):
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("Invalid option");
    }
}
}

```

```

struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
        temp->left = NULL;
        temp->right = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        if (ele < temp->data)
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);
        else
        {
            if (ele > temp->data)
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);
        }
    }
    return temp;
}

```

```

void preorder(struct node *ptr)
{
    if (ptr != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
        preorder(ptr->left);
        preorder(ptr->right);
    }
}

```

```

void inorder(struct node *ptr)
{
    if (ptr != NULL)
    {
        inorder(ptr->left);
        printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
        inorder(ptr->right);
    }
}

```

```

void postorder(struct node *ptr)

```

```

{
    if (ptr != NULL)
    {
        postorder(ptr->left);
        postorder(ptr->right);
        printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
    }
}

```

2-

Write a menu driven program to perform the following operations on a BST:

- 1-Insert
- 2- In-order traversal
- 3- Search an element
- 4- Find minimum
- 5- Find maximum
- 6- Exit

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
} *root = NULL;

```

```

struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
void inorder(struct node *);
struct node *search(struct node *, int);
struct node *min(struct node *temp);
struct node *max(struct node *temp);

```

```

main()
{
    int ch, x, val;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: in-order traversal\n 3: Search\n 4: Minimum\n \n 5: Maximum\n 6:
exit\n");
        printf("\n Enter your choice");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        {
            case (1):

```



```

        printf("enter the data to insert:");
        scanf("%d", &x);
        root = insert(root, x);
        break;
    case (2):
        inorder(root);
        break;
    case (3):
        printf("Enter element to be searched");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        root = search(root, val);

    case (4):
        min(root);
        break;
    case (5):
        max(root);
        break;
    case (6):
        exit(0);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid option");
    }
}
}

struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
        temp->left = NULL;
        temp->right = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        if (ele < temp->data)
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);
        else
        {
            if (ele > temp->data)
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);
        }
    }
    return temp;
}

void inorder(struct node *p)
{
    if (p != NULL)
    {

```

```

        inorder(p->left);
        printf("%d \t", p->data);
        inorder(p->right);
    }
}

```

```

struct node *search(struct node *temp, int val)

```

```

{
    struct node *p;
    p = temp;
    if (p != NULL && p->data != val)
    {
        if (val < p->data)
        {
            p = p->left;
        }

        else
        {
            if (val > p->data)
                p = p->right;
        }
    }
    if (p == NULL)
    {
        printf("Element not found");
    }
    else
    {
        return p;
    }
}

```

```

struct node *min(struct node *temp)

```

```

{
    if (temp == NULL)
        return NULL;
    if (temp->left == NULL)
    {
        return temp;
    }
    else
    {
        return (min(temp->left));
    }
}

```

```

struct node *max(struct node *temp)

```

```

{
    if (temp == NULL)
        return NULL;
    if (temp->right == NULL)
    {

```

```

        return temp;
    }
    else
    {
        return (max(temp->right));
    }
}

```

3-

Write a menu driven program to perform the following operations on a BST:

1-Insert

2- In-order traversal

3-Delete

4-Exit

-

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
} *root = NULL;

```

```

struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
void inorder(struct node *);
struct node *delete (struct node *temp, int val);

```

```

main()
{
    int ch, x, val;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: in-order traversal\n 3: Delete\n 4: exit\n");
        printf("\n Enter your choice");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch)
        {
            case (1):
                printf("enter the data to insert:");
                scanf("%d", &x);
                root = insert(root, x);
                break;
            case (2):
                inorder(root);
                break;
            case (3):

```

```

        printf("Enter element to be searched");
        scanf("%d", &val);
        root = delete (root, val);

    case (4):
        exit(0);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid option");
    }
}
}

struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
        temp->left = NULL;
        temp->right = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        if (ele < temp->data)
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);
        else
        {
            if (ele > temp->data)
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);
        }
    }
    return temp;
}

void inorder(struct node *p)
{
    if (p != NULL)
    {
        inorder(p->left);
        printf("%d \t", p->data);
        inorder(p->right);
    }
}

struct node *delete (struct node *temp, int val)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
        return temp;

    if (val < temp->data)
    {
        temp->left = delete (temp->left, val);
    }
}

```

```

}
else
{
    if (val >> temp->data)
    {
        temp->right = delete (temp->right, val);
    }
    else
    {
        if (temp->left == NULL)
        {
            struct node *p = temp->right;
            free(temp);
            return p;
        }
        else if (temp->right == NULL)
        {
            struct node *p = temp->left;
            free(temp);
            return p;
        }
    }
}
}
}

```

ASSIGNMENT-9

1-

*/*Implement bubble sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order.
/

```

#include <stdio.h>
void bubblesort(int[], int);
main()
{
    int a[20], n, i;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the array elements");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d\t", &a[i]);
    }
    printf("The unsorted array is ", a[i]);
}

```

```

}

void bubblesort(int a[], int n)
{
    int i, j, temp;
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < n - 1 - i; j++)
        {
            if (a[j] > a[j + 1])
            {
                temp = a[j];
                a[j] = a[j + 1];
                a[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
    return 0;
}

```

2-

*/*Implement selection sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order. */*

```

#include <stdio.h>
void selectionsort(int[], int);

main()
{
    int a[20], i, n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the array elements");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d \t", &a[i]);
    }
    printf("The unsorted array is %d", a[i]);
}

void selectionsort(int a[], int n)
{
    int i, j, min, temp;
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        min = i;

```

```

    for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
    {
        if (a[min] > a[j])
            ;
        min = j;
    }
    if (min != i)
    {
        temp = a[i];
        a[i] = a[min];
        a[min] = temp;
    }
}
printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    printf("%d\n", a[i]);

return 0;
}

```

3-

*/*Implement insertion sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order. */*

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void insertionsort(int[], int);
```

```

main()
{
    int a[20], i, n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the array elements");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d \t", &a[i]);
    }
    printf("The unsorted array is %d", a[i]);
}

```

```

void insertionsort(int a[], int n)
{
    int key, i, j, ;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        key = a[i];
        j = i - 1;
        while (j >= 0 && a[j] > key)

```

```

    {
        a[j + 1] = a[j];
        j = j - 1;
    }
    a[j + 1] = key;
}
}

```

4-

*/*Implement merge sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order*/*

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j);
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2);
```

```
int main()
{
    int a[30],n,i;
    printf("Enter no of elements:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter array elements:");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);

    mergesort(a,0,n-1);

    printf("\nSorted array is :");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d ",a[i]);

    return 0;
}

```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
{
    int mid;

    if(i<j)
    {
        mid=(i+j)/2;
        mergesort(a,i,mid);
        mergesort(a,mid+1,j);
        merge(a,i,mid,mid+1,j);
    }
}

```

```
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2)
{
    int temp[50];

```



```

int i,j,k;
i=i1;
j=i2;
k=0;

while(i<=j1 && j<=j2)
{
    if(a[i]<a[j])
        temp[k++]=a[i++];
    else
        temp[k++]=a[j++];
}

while(i<=j1)
    temp[k++]=a[i++];

while(j<=j2)
    temp[k++]=a[j++];

for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)
    a[i]=temp[j];
}

```

5-

*/*Implement quick sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order*/*

```

#include <stdio.h>
void quicksort(int a[], int p, int r);
int partition(int a[], int p, int r);

int main()
{
    int a[30], n, i;
    printf("Enter no of elements:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter array elements:");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);

    quicksort(a, 0, n - 1);

    printf("\nSorted array is :");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("%d ", a[i]);

    return 0;
}

```

```

void quicksort(int a[], int p, int r)
{
    int q;
    if (p < r)
    {
        q = partition(a, p, r);
        quicksort(a, p, q);
        quicksort(a, q + 1, r);
    }
}

```

```

int partition(int a[], int p, int r)
{
    int pivot, i, j, temp;
    pivot = a[p];
    i = p - 1;
    j = r + 1;
    while (1)
    {
        do
        {
            j = j - 1;
        } while (a[j] > pivot);
        do
        {
            i = i + 1;
        } while (a[i] < pivot);
        if (i < j)
        {
            temp = a[i];
            a[i] = a[j];
            a[j] = temp;
        }
        else
            return (j);
    }
}

```