

# LAB RECORD DSA

1) Write a menu driven program with the following options to construct a binary search tree (BST) recursively and traverse the elements:

1-Insert

2-Pre-ordered traversal

3-In order traversal

4-Post order traversal

5-Exit

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct node *left;
```

```
    struct node *right;
```

```
} *root = NULL;
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
```

```
void preorder(struct node *);
```

```
void inorder(struct node *);
```

```
void postorder(struct node *);
```

```
main()
```

**2**

```
{  
    int ch, x;  
    while (1)  
    {  
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: pre-order traversal\n 3: in-order traversal\n 4: post-order traversal\n \n  
5: exit\n");  
  
        printf("\n Enter your choice");  
  
        scanf("%d", &ch);  
  
        switch (ch)  
        {  
            case (1):  
                printf("enter the data to insert:");  
  
                scanf("%d", &x);  
  
                root = insert(root, x);  
  
                break;  
            case (2):  
                preorder(root);  
  
                break;  
            case (3):  
                inorder(root);  
  
                break;  
            case (4):  
                postorder(root);  
  
                break;  
            case (5):  
                exit(0);  
            default:  
                printf("Invalid option");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### 3

```
    }  
}  
}
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
```

```
{  
    if (temp == NULL)  
    {  
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));  
        temp->data = ele;  
        temp->left = NULL;  
        temp->right = NULL;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        if (ele < temp->data)  
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);  
        else  
        {  
            if (ele > temp->data)  
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);  
        }  
    }  
    return temp;  
}
```

```
void preorder(struct node *ptr)
```

```
{
```

## 4

```
if (ptr != NULL)
{
    printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
    preorder(ptr->left);
    preorder(ptr->right);
}
}

void inorder(struct node *ptr)
{
    if (ptr != NULL)
    {
        inorder(ptr->left);
        printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
        inorder(ptr->right);
    }
}

void postorder(struct node *ptr)
{
    if (ptr != NULL)
    {
        postorder(ptr->left);
        postorder(ptr->right);
        printf("%d\t", ptr->data);
    }
}
```

2-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct node *left;
```

```
    struct node *right;
```

```
} *root = NULL;
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
```

```
void inorder(struct node *);
```

```
struct node *search(struct node *, int);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int ch, x, val;
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: in-order traversal\n3: Search\n4: exit\n");
```

```
        printf("\n Enter your choice");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &ch);
```

## 6

```
switch (ch)
{
case (1):
    printf("enter the data to insert:");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    root = insert(root, x);
    break;
case (2):
    inorder(root);
    break;
case (3):
    printf("Enter element to be searched");
    scanf("%d", &val);
    root = search(root, val);
case (4):
    exit(0);
    break;
default:
    printf("Invalid option");
}
}
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
```

## 7

```
temp->left = NULL;

temp->right = NULL;

}

else

{

    if (ele < temp->data)

        temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);

    else

    {

        if (ele > temp->data)

            temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);

        }

    }

return temp;

}
```

```
void inorder(struct node *p)
```

```
{

    if (p != NULL)

    {

        inorder(p->left);

        printf("%d \t", p->data);

        inorder(p->right);

    }

}
```

```
struct node *search(struct node *temp, int val)
```

```
{

    struct node *p;
```

## 8

```
p = temp;

if (p != NULL && p->data != val)
{
    if (val < p->data)
    {
        p = p->left;
    }

    else
    {
        if (val > p->data)
            p = p->right;
    }
}

if (p == NULL)
{
    printf("Element not found");
}

else
{
    return p;
}

}
```



### 3-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct node *left;
```

```
    struct node *right;
```

```
} *root = NULL;
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
```

```
void inorder(struct node *);
```

```
struct node *delete (struct node *temp, int val);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

## 10

```
int ch, x, val;

while (1)
{
    printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: in-order traversal\n 3: Delete\n 4: exit\n");

    printf("\n Enter your choice");

    scanf("%d", &ch);

    switch (ch)
    {
        case (1):

            printf("enter the data to insert:");

            scanf("%d", &x);

            root = insert(root, x);

            break;

        case (2):

            inorder(root);

            break;

        case (3):

            printf("Enter element to be searched");

            scanf("%d", &val);

            root = delete (root, val);


        case (4):

            exit(0);

            break;

        default:

            printf("Invalid option");

    }
}

}
```

```

struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
        temp->left = NULL;
        temp->right = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        if (ele < temp->data)
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);
        else
        {
            if (ele > temp->data)
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);
        }
    }
    return temp;
}

```

```

void inorder(struct node *p)
{
    if (p != NULL)
    {
        inorder(p->left);
        printf("%d \t", p->data);
    }
}

```

## 12

```
        inorder(p->right);
    }
}
```

```
struct node *delete (struct node *temp, int val)
```

```
{
    if (temp == NULL)
        return temp;

    if (val < temp->data)
    {
        temp->left = delete (temp->left, val);
    }
    else
    {
        if (val >> temp->data)
        {
            temp->right = delete (temp->right, val);
        }
        else
        {
            if (temp->left == NULL)
            {
                struct node *p = temp->right;
                free(temp);
                return p;
            }
            else if (temp->right == NULL)
            {

```

**13**

```
    struct node *p = temp->left;

    free(temp);

    return p;
}

}
```

**4-**

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;

    struct node *left;

    struct node *right;
} *root = NULL;
```

## 14

```
struct node *insert(struct node *, int);
```

```
void inorder(struct node *);
```

```
struct node *min(struct node *temp);
```

```
struct node *max(struct node *temp);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int ch, x, val;
```

```
    while (1)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\nMenu: \n1: insert\n2: in-order traversal\n3: Minimum\n\n4: Maximum\n5: exit\n");
```

```
        printf("\n Enter your choice");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &ch);
```

```
        switch (ch)
```

```
        {
```

```
        case (1):
```

```
            printf("enter the data to insert:");
```

```
            scanf("%d", &x);
```

```
            root = insert(root, x);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case (2):
```

```
            inorder(root);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case (3):
```

```
            min(root);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case (4):
```

```
            max(root);
```

```
        break;
    case (5):
        exit(0);
        break;
    default:
        printf("Invalid option");
    }
}
}
```

```
struct node *insert(struct node *temp, int ele)
{
    if (temp == NULL)
    {
        temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        temp->data = ele;
        temp->left = NULL;
        temp->right = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        if (ele < temp->data)
            temp->left = insert(temp->left, ele);
        else
        {
            if (ele > temp->data)
                temp->right = insert(temp->right, ele);
        }
    }
}
```

**16**

```
    }  
  
    return temp;  
}
```

```
void inorder(struct node *p)
```

```
{  
    if (p != NULL)  
    {  
        inorder(p->left);  
        printf("%d \t", p->data);  
        inorder(p->right);  
    }  
}
```

```
struct node *min(struct node *temp)
```

```
{  
    if (temp == NULL)  
        return NULL;  
    if (temp->left == NULL)  
    {  
        return temp;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        return (min(temp->left));  
    }  
}
```

```
struct node *max(struct node *temp)
```

```
{
```



17

```
if (temp == NULL)
    return NULL;
if (temp->right == NULL)
{
    return temp;
}
else
{
    return (max(temp->right));
}
}
```

5-

**/\*Implement bubble sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order. \*/**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void bubblesort(int[], int);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[20], n, i;
```

```

printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");

scanf("%d", &n);

printf("Enter the array elements");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

{

    scanf("%d\t", &a[i]);

}

printf("The unsorted array is ", a[i]);

}

void bubblesort(int a[], int n)

{

    int i, j, temp;

    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)

    {

        for (j = 0; j < n - 1 - i; j++)

        {

            if (a[j] > a[j + 1])

            {

                temp = a[j];

                a[j] = a[j + 1];

                a[j + 1] = temp;

            }

        }

    }

}

printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

    printf("%d\n", a[i]);

```

19

```
    return 0;  
}
```

6-

**/\*Implement insertion sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order. \*/**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void insertionsort(int[], int);
```

```
main()
```

```

{
    int a[20], i, n;

    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter the array elements");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d \t", &a[i]);
    }

    printf("The unsorted array is %d", a[i]);
}

void insertionsort(int a[], int n)
{
    int key, i, j, ;

    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        key = a[i];

        j = i - 1;

        while (j >= 0 && a[j] > key)
        {
            a[j + 1] = a[j];

            j = j - 1;
        }

        a[j + 1] = key;
    }
}

```

7-

**/\*Implement selection sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order. \*/**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void selectionsort(int[], int);
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[20], i, n;
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter the array elements");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        scanf("%d \t", &a[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("The unsorted array is %d", a[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
void selectionsort(int a[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j, min, temp;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i = n - 1; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        min = i;
```

```
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if (a[min] > a[j])
```

```
                ;
```

```
            min = j;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if (min != i)
```

```
{  
    temp = a[i];  
    a[i] = a[min];  
    a[min] = temp;  
}  
  
}  
  
printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");  
  
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    printf("%d\n", a[i]);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

8-

**/\*Implement merge sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order\*/**

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j);
```

```
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a[30],n,i;
```

```
    printf("Enter no of elements:");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
    printf("Enter array elements:");
```

```
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
```

```
    mergesort(a,0,n-1);
```

```
    printf("\nSorted array is :");
```

```
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
```

```
{
```

```
    int mid;
```



```

    if(i<j)
    {
        mid=(i+j)/2;
        mergesort(a,i,mid);
        mergesort(a,mid+1,j);
        merge(a,i,mid,mid+1,j);
    }
}

void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2)
{
    int temp[50];
    int i,j,k;
    i=i1;
    j=i2;
    k=0;
    while(i<=j1 && j<=j2)
    {
        if(a[i]<a[j])
            temp[k++]=a[i++];
        else
            temp[k++]=a[j++];
    }
    while(i<=j1)
        temp[k++]=a[i++];

    while(j<=j2)
        temp[k++]=a[j++];

    for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)

```

```

        a[i]=temp[j];
    }

```

9-

**/\*Implement quick sort to sort the elements of any user entered array in ascending order\*/**

```

#include <stdio.h>

void quicksort(int a[], int p, int r);
int partition(int a[], int p, int r);

int main()
{
    int a[30], n, i;

    printf("Enter no of elements:");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter array elements:");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

        scanf("%d", &a[i]);

    quicksort(a, 0, n - 1);

    printf("\nSorted array is :");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)

        printf("%d ", a[i]);

```

```

    return 0;
}

void quicksort(int a[], int p, int r)
{
    int q;
    if (p < r)
    {
        q = partition(a, p, r);
        quicksort(a, p, q);
        quicksort(a, q + 1, r);
    }
}

int partition(int a[], int p, int r)
{
    int pivot, i, j, temp;
    pivot = a[p];
    i = p - 1;
    j = r + 1;
    while (1)
    {
        do
        {
            j = j - 1;
        } while (a[j] > pivot);
        do
        {
            i = i + 1;

```

```
    } while (a[i] < pivot);  
    if (i < j)  
    {  
        temp = a[i];  
        a[i] = a[j];  
        a[j] = temp;  
    }  
    else  
        return (j);  
}  
}
```