

EXP:07

Flow control at Data Link Layer

Aim

To write a program to implement flow control at the data link layer using the **Sliding Window Protocol** and simulate the flow of frames from one node to another.

Algorithm / Procedure

1. **Define** the window size for the sender and receiver.
2. **Implement** the sender logic:
 - Maintain a sending window of sequence numbers.
 - Send frames within the window limit.
 - Start a timer for each unacknowledged frame.
3. **Implement** the receiver logic:
 - Maintain a receiving window.
 - Accept frames in order and send cumulative acknowledgments (ACKs).
 - Discard out-of-order frames (or buffer, depending on the specific protocol variant).
4. **Simulate** the flow of frames, including scenarios for successful transmission, lost frames, and lost ACKs, to demonstrate the flow control mechanism.

Code:

```
import random
import time

# -----
# Sliding Window Protocol (Go-Back-N) Simulation #

-----

def sliding_window_simulation(total_frames, window_size):
    print("\n--- Sliding Window Protocol Simulation ---")
    print(f"Total Frames to Send: {total_frames}")
    print(f"Window Size: {window_size}\n")

    sent = 0 # Number of frames sent so far

    while sent < total_frames:
        # Determine frames in the current window
        window_end = min(sent + window_size, total_frames)
        current_window = list(range(sent + 1, window_end + 1))
        print(f"Sender: Sending frames {current_window}")

        # Simulate receiving window and ACKs here
```

```
# Simulate sending each frame in the window
acked = True
for frame in current_window:
    # Randomly simulate frame loss (20% chance) if
    random.random() < 0.2:
        print(f"Frame {frame} lost during transmission!")
        acked = False
        break
    else:
        print(f" Frame {frame} received successfully by Receiver")
        time.sleep(0.3)

if acked:
    # All frames acknowledged → Slide window forward
    print(f"Receiver: ACK {window_end} received by Sender") sent
    = window_end
else:
    # Go-Back-N retransmission
    print(f"Receiver: No ACK for Frame {frame}, retransmitting from Frame {frame}
onwards...")
    time.sleep(1)
    # Sender will retransmit from the lost frame sent
    = frame - 1

print("-" * 55)
time.sleep(0.5)

print("\nAll frames transmitted successfully!\n")

# -----
# MAIN PROGRAM
# -----
if __name__ == "__main__":
    total_frames = int(input("Enter total number of frames to send: "))
    window_size = int(input("Enter window size: "))

    sliding_window_simulation(total_frames, window_size)
```

Output:

Result:

A program simulating the Sliding Window Protocol was successfully implemented. The simulation demonstrated effective flow control by managing the rate of frame transmission between the sender and receiver.