| Ex.No | o.: 13 | | | | | |
|-------|------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Date: | 20/09/2024 | WORKING WITH TRIGGERS | | | | |

Program 1

Write a code in PL/SQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_parent_deletion
BEFORE DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
    pl_dept_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO pl_dept_count
    FROM department
    WHERE dept_id = :OLD.employee_id;
    IF pl_dept_count > 0 THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete employee record as department records exist.');
    END IF;
END;
```

DELETE FROM employees WHERE employee_id = 70;

```
Results | Explain | Describe | Saved SQL | History |

ORA-20001: Cannot delete employee record as department records exist.

ORA-20081: PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT_PARENT
```

Program 2

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_duplicate_manager_id
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
 pl_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
 SELECT COUNT(*)
 INTO pl_count
 FROM employees
 WHERE manager id = :NEW.manager id
 AND employee_id != :NEW.employee_id;
 IF pl_count > 0 THEN
   RAISE APPLICATION ERROR(-20003, 'Duplicate manager id found: ' ||
:NEW.manager_id);
 END IF;
END;
```

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number, hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (202, 'Jane', 'Smith',
'john006@gmail.com',7383922241,'11/9/2000','ST_CLERK',10000,0.15,400,80);



Program 3

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a

column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER restrict_salary_insertion

BEFORE INSERT ON employees

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

total_salary NUMBER;
threshold NUMBER := 100000;

BEGIN

SELECT SUM(salary)
INTO total_salary
FROM employees;
IF (total_salary + :NEW.salary) > threshold THEN
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20004, 'Insertion denied: Total salary exceeds the threshold of ' || threshold);
END IF;

END;
```

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number, hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id) VALUES (203, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie203@gmail.com', '9122334455','03/01/2021', '#cb203', 5000, 0.20, 1000, 50);



Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER audit_changes
AFTER UPDATE OF salary, job_id ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  IF :OLD.salary != :NEW.salary OR :OLD.job_id != :NEW.job_id THEN
    INSERT INTO employee audit (
      employee_id,
      old_salary,
      new_salary,
      old_job_title,
      new_job_title,
      change_timestamp,
      changed_by
    ) VALUES (
      :OLD.employee_id,
      :OLD.salary,
      :NEW.salary,
      :OLD.job id,
      :NEW.job_id,
      SYSTIMESTAMP,
      USER
    );
  ENDIF;
END;
UPDATE employees
SET salary = 55000, job id = 'ST CLERK'
WHERE employee_id = 176;
```

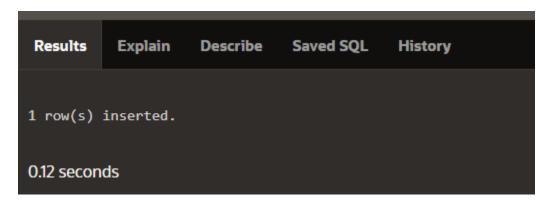
SELECT * **FROM** employee_audit;

| AUDIT_ID | EMPLOYEE_ID | OLD_SALARY | NEW_SALARY | OLD_JOB_ID | NEW_JOB_ID | CHANGE_TIMESTAMP | CHANGED_BY |
|----------|-------------|------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | | 50000 | 55000 | manager | manager | 15-OCT-24 10.00.00.000000 AM | admin |
| | 122 | 60000 | 65000 | Manager | Manager | 15-OCT-24 10.15.00.000000 AM | admin |
| | | 45000 | 47000 | Analyst | Senior Analyst | 15-OCT-24 10.30.00.000000 AM | user1 |
| | 176 | 7500 | 55000 | #ce005 | ST_CLERK | 16-OCT-24 04.25.06.252580 PM | APEX_PUBLIC_USER |
| | | 70000 | 75000 | Senior Developer | Lead Developer | 15-OCT-24 10.45.00.000000 AM | user2 |
| 4 | | 80000 | 85000 | Team Lead | Project Manager | 15-OCT-24 11.00.00.000000 AM | admin |

Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes) in an audit log for a given set of tables.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_audit_employees
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
  v old values CLOB;
  v_new_values CLOB;
BEGIN
  IF INSERTING THEN
    v_old_values := NULL;
    v_new_values := 'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
             'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
             'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
    INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, new_values)
    VALUES ('INSERT', 'employees', :NEW.employee id, USER, v new values);
  ELSIF UPDATING THEN
    v old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
             'first name: ' || :OLD.first name || ', ' ||
             'salary: ' || :OLD.salary;
    v_new_values := 'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
             'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
             'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
    INSERT INTO audit log (action, table name, record id, changed by, old values,
new_values)
    VALUES ('UPDATE', 'employees', :NEW.employee id, USER, v old values,
v_new_values);
  ELSIF DELETING THEN
    v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
             'first name: ' || :OLD.first name || ', ' ||
             'salary: ' || :OLD.salary;
    v new values := NULL;
    INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values)
    VALUES ('DELETE', 'employees', :OLD.employee id, USER, v old values);
  END IF:
END trg_audit_employees;
```

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, salary) VALUES (3, 'Ball', 50000);



UPDATE employees SET salary = 55000 WHERE employee_id = 3;

1 row(s) updated.

0.06 seconds

DELETE FROM employees WHERE employee_id = 3;

SELECT * **FROM** audit_log;

| AUDIT_ID | ACTION | TABLE_NAME | RECORD_ID | CHANGED_BY | CHANGE_TIMESTAMP | OLD_VALUES | NEW_VALUES |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| | INSERT | employees | | APEX_PUBLIC_USER | 16-OCT-24 04.39.17.957308 PM | | employee_id: 3, first_name: Ball, salary: 50000 |
| | DELETE | employees | | APEX_PUBLIC_USER | 16-OCT-24 04.41.49.077471 PM | employee_id: 3, first_name: Ball, salary: 55000 | |
| | UPDATE | employees | | APEX_PUBLIC_USER | 16-OCT-24 04.40.03.193035 PM | employee_id: 3, first_name: Ball, salary: 50000 | employee_id: 3, first_name: Ball, salary: 55000 |
| rows returned | in 0.00 second | ls Download | | | | | |

Write a code in PL/SQL to implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

```
CREATE TABLE transactions (
  transaction_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  amount NUMBER,
  running_total NUMBER
);
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_running_total
FOR INSERT ON transactions
COMPOUND TRIGGER
  TYPE amount_array IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
  new_amounts amount_array;
  BEFORE EACH ROW IS
  BEGIN
    new amounts(:NEW.transaction id) := :NEW.amount;
  END BEFORE EACH ROW;
  AFTER STATEMENT IS
  BEGIN
    DECLARE
      v_total NUMBER;
    BEGIN
      SELECT NVL(MAX(running_total), 0)
      INTO v total
      FROM transactions;
      FOR i IN new_amounts.FIRST .. new_amounts.LAST LOOP
        v total := v total + new amounts(i);
        UPDATE transactions
        SET running_total = v_total
        WHERE transaction_id = i;
      END LOOP:
    END;
  END AFTER STATEMENT;
END update_running_total;
INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount)
```

VALUES (1, 10000);

INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount) VALUES (2, 20000);



Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that validates the availability of items before allowing an order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders.

```
CREATE TABLE inventory (
  item_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  item_name VARCHAR2(100),
  stock level NUMBER
);
CREATE TABLE orders (
  order_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  item_id NUMBER,
  quantity NUMBER,
  order_status VARCHAR2(20),
  CONSTRAINT fk_item FOREIGN KEY (item_id) REFERENCES inventory(item_id)
);
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER validate stock before order
BEFORE INSERT ON orders
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
  v stock level NUMBER;
  v_pending_orders NUMBER;
BEGIN
  SELECT stock level
  INTO v stock level
  FROM inventory
  WHERE item id = :NEW.item id;
  SELECT NVL(SUM(quantity), 0)
  INTO v_pending_orders
  FROM orders
  WHERE item id = :NEW.item id
   AND order_status = 'Pending';
  IF (:NEW.quantity + v_pending_orders) > v_stock_level THEN
    RAISE APPLICATION ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient stock for item: ' || :NEW.item id);
  END IF;
END;
```

INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status) VALUES (1, 101, 5, 'Pending');

```
1 row(s) inserted.

0.03 seconds
```

INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status) VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');

```
ORA-20001: Insufficient stock for item: 103
ORA-06512: at "WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER", line 15
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger
'WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER'

1. INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
2. VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');
```



