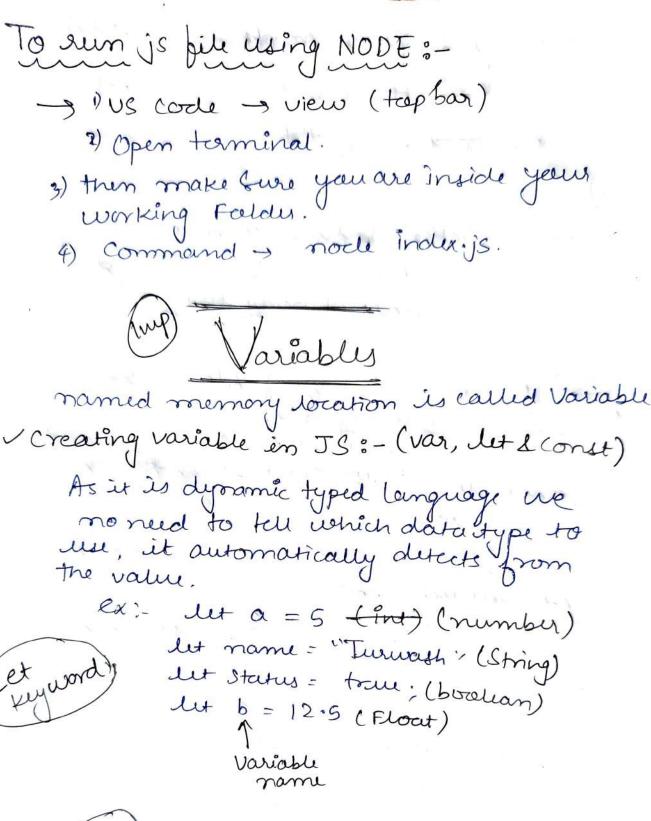
7th February 2023 Turwash's Notes Java Script-class 1 Javageript Basies:-5 Logic and Functionality. What is Java Script! -> light weight programming language ! Scripting language use to implement the Behaviour of the website Netscape manigator Founded Javascript (1994) Firsty it was called Mocha, Then LiveScript then Java Script what can we do with JS:-- ue can create web app/mobile app/ network apps - CLI tools - Glamy client side Scripting language executes on web browser, The Is Engine (environment hulp to run JS code) en Chrome is called V8 DONT 40 Firefor -> Spider Monkey

To run Java Script Outside the Brawsu
a c++ program added with TS, and NODE is Invented (by Pyan Dahl)
To run Java Script
Client side Server side Brawser NODE
a) what is Server? A computer which gives back data to client's Computer when Client Secretus Something.
Client's Computer vienn Client Secuches Something.
→ To Run in Brawser:- — 'Inspect' en braweu & go to 'Console' 4 then you can Code:
7 To Pun in IDE: - (code editor)
→ 1) VS code → Install 2) Nocle js → Install Adding JS in Code
Adding JS in Code use < Script > tag in HTMl document.
ex! - < Seript >) to print or lock.
console log ("Namaste Duniya");
used For client side Scripting

we can add script tag Priside
> Head tag > Body tag
a) Best practice?
) Best practice is to add in Body tag
below of all the HTML codes, add
Dest practice is to add in Body tag below of all the HTML codes add Script in last of Body tag.
luny?
> It will create Bug if added above
in the body tag or in Head tag, First Script will run & can't able to parse that will cause error or Delay in
First Script with rund can't able to parse
that will cause error or belay in
execution.
V Comment en Javascript using forward stoshes (1/) → No Significance in execution.
-> No significance in execution.
External JS

Due to Separation of concurr, we will use external File for Javascript. We create javascript File we use extension (ijs)

Linking < Script 3rc = "index.js" > 2/Script>



January

var a = 12,

Let u/s var difference is of Scape global. Jut is a block Scape variable let a = 5; (only be used plack) eg: if (mu) let a = 5 (error) console log (a); Now) var is a global Scope variable (anguener in the code document) -) let - redeclaration not allowed - var - reductaration is allowed > Fixed value of Variable Can't be changed Const a = 5 a=6 (upolation mat

No redudantion

allowed)

Variable Naming
Rules
(surfx)
5 mianingour
G Connat Start with number (15x)
by no space use '-"
L' camel Case (first Name)
primitive Types) defined types
-> String -> ("Turwash") -> Number -> (1,2,3,4, 1.23,5.64) -> Bordlan -> true or false.
- undefined - (lita;) not defined
-> mull -> empty variable (defined empty
Dynamic typing. Schanging duta type in JS
$det \alpha = 5;$
a = 'Turwash'.
a = 'Turwash'. Console log (a).
I Turwash printed

Régerence Types (datatypes)
(1) Objects (muliple variables linked)
(3) Functions
Dobject: - (top level entity for multiple linked) Vlet person = &
birst Name = 'Turwash', age = 24 properties
age = 24 properties
<i>b</i> ;
To Access:
- dat Notation (person age)
+ Bracket Notation (person [age'])
2 Arrays :-
I used to Contain a list of items
I let names = ['lare', 'rahel', 'Sangram'].
To Access:
indexes.
names [1] - rahue
names [0] -> love
mames [3] ?
names [3] = 'ramesh'; // Value added
mames [1] - 2 // updation overning

(ECWA) Standard of Javaseript ECMA is an granisation data which journey pt in 2016 res6 3 Lourened in 2015 puators () Anthmetic (+,-,*,1,10, **)

(2) Assignment (=, +=, -=, *=, /=, /-=)
(3) Comparison (>, <, >=, <=, ===, !==)
(4) Ternary (condition) (condm? val1: val2)
(5) Bitwise Logical (AND, OR, NOT)
(6) Bitwise (Bitwise AND, Bitwise OR)

(6) Bitwise (Bitwise AND, Bitwise OR)

(7) Pre/post > Increment / decrement Operator

(4+ x;) > pre-increment

(2)

(2) Assignment (=, +=, -=, *=, /=, /-=)
(3)
(6) Comparison (>, <, >=, <=, -=, /=, /-=)
(4)
(5) Ternary (condition) (condm? val1: val2)
(6) Bitwise Logical (AND, OR, NOT)
(6) Bitwise (Bitwise AND, Bitwise OR)

(6) Pre/post > Increment / decrement Operator

(4+ x;) > pre-increment

(2) Pre/post > Increment / Decrement

(3) Comparison (>, <, >=, <=, -=, /=, /-=, /-=)

(4) Ternary (condition) (condm? val1: val2)

(6) Bitwise Logical (AND, OR, NOT)

(6) Bitwise (Bitwise AND, Bitwise OR)

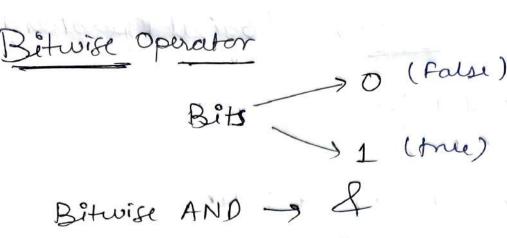
(6) Pre/post > Increment / Decrement / Decre

ey:- (x++) -> past movement Operator luta=6 (x++) -> past movement Operator Consoli log(a++) -- first use the value Second increment the value

est str = '1'

condo? val 1: val 2; age = 27 let Status = (agl >=18)? 'vote': 'cons'. Logical operator (ma) (cond"1 && Cord"2 && cord"3) if any condition is False the entire False All conditions have to be true (condⁿ1 || condⁿ2 || condⁿ3) any condition is true From Trace all False then only False. NOT True -> False false -> True

With Non Booleans (Logical Operator) (trave 11 false) -, trave (true 11 true) -> true (false 11 false) - false Naw, (falsig 11 'love') - s lave (trave | 1 115) - 1 Concept of Falsy & Truthy,) Falsy Truthy undefined anything that is False NaN truthy , (false 11 'love') | * Short Circuiting Concept in DR (false 11 1 11 5) Firds truthy then Stop execution



Bitwise OR ->



A-	В	Olp
0	O	O
0	1	
1	0	O
1	1	1

A	В	0/1
O	0	0
0	1	1
1	O	1
1	1_	1
1		,

Operator precedence let c = a+b*d/c; which operator first ? use brackets to resolve problem of precedency. let c = (a+((b*d)/c)) Control Statements: 1) If-else 2) Switch } two ways. 1) if -else: - (if - elseif - else) single of if (condition) & can be multitple 2 else & Single & Single & Switch-case: cogic S input $1 \rightarrow A$ $2 \rightarrow B$ $3 \rightarrow C$

Symtax Switch Case:
Switch (expression) (

Case 1: -- break)

Case 2: -- ofter executing

break;

break;

break;

break;

breaks the

Control Statement

(will not

execute further

```
2) while loop

3) Do-while loop

4) what is an Infinite loop?

5) fer-in loop

6) For-of loop

1 For loop

for (wi=0; 125; 1++)

initialisation

consolideg (i);
```

01234

1) For lowp

2) while love initialization while (condition)

i ++;

updatton.

3) Do-while loop:
let i=0

do

of

i++; > werite (i210);

This executes at least one Time condition is True or Nort it executes one Time at least.

Thebruary 2023 Turusethis Notes (avaScript-class 2 Javascript Basics-2:-Multiple linked variable in Single entity is OBJECT let a = & 7; & empty object Object has a ky; value paix Const rectangle = of length: 1, Breadth: 2: Ky value operator to access properties ef Let rectangle = of propures / dirigth = 2, breadh: 4, (to access) draw: Junction () & Consoli log! "function Draw") draw: function canalso be

Function for object Creation
- factory function two types of creation
Factory Function
1) Function create Pectangle () of
(place your object code here) creturn ructangle; write return at last
e) function create Mertangle () { at last by writing by writing object na
voite de la sectangle = S
there ? Fixed values
Calling Factory Function: -
det name = createRetangle(); Object Storedhere
Console log (name).
to show the function
which prints object.

Soput parameters for Function. function creatifectangle (lingth, breadth) of return frederigle = f length, breadth, draw () f alg ("drew"); let rectangle Obj1 = creatifictungle (5, 4) Change here Constructor Function

Juve fallow Pascal Notation. V

Camel > number Ob Students

perseal > First Word Of Word Alwey Capital

turetion Rectangle () of
this. length = 2; current; this. breadth = 3; object this. draw = burchon() {
Current this. breadth = 3.
(abject) this draw = bunction () &
alg ("draw"
b Clg ("draw"
* Constructer burnetion
defines the properties of methods
does not returns
Tale in the same and the
new -> keyword that returns empty object.
organ.
let rectangle Obj = new Rectangle ().
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
de can
parameter
Function Rectangle (lin, bre) of change value
this lineary = lin
this. lingth = lin; this. breadth = bre;
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
let rectangleObj = newPectangle (5,6)
U

a · draw() this is or to a length will be printed. cug (this. length) Dynamic Nature of Object I we can add, or sumone property of object. rutangleObj. color = Thiswill add colorperty rictargle delete rectangle Obj. color.

CONSTRUCTOR tunction is also an abject all object has a constructor Rectangle Junetion constructor of Reclarge object is Pectangle Object Rectangle burnerion f Function() { [native code]} this is constructor of pectangle Function. factory f inbuit ector Object constructor t (Rictangle) Function Constructer constructor of this of this Internally object Plet Rectangle = new function (parameter parameter " entire code! Using backtick

resultions are Objects as it have properties & entity

Diffounce primitive typed Petermer types

primitive let a = 10 a 10

primitive let b = a -> b 10

a++;

prim+(a) -> 11

Diffounce primitive typed Petermer types

Primitive typed Petermer types

Petermer types

Primitive typed Petermer types

Primitive ty

Reference

let $\alpha = 2 \text{ value} : 10 \text{ b},$ let $b = \alpha$; $\alpha \cdot \text{value} + +$ Consol. $\log(\alpha)$; $\rightarrow 11$ Consol. $\log(b)$; $\rightarrow 11$

3 print (b) -> 10

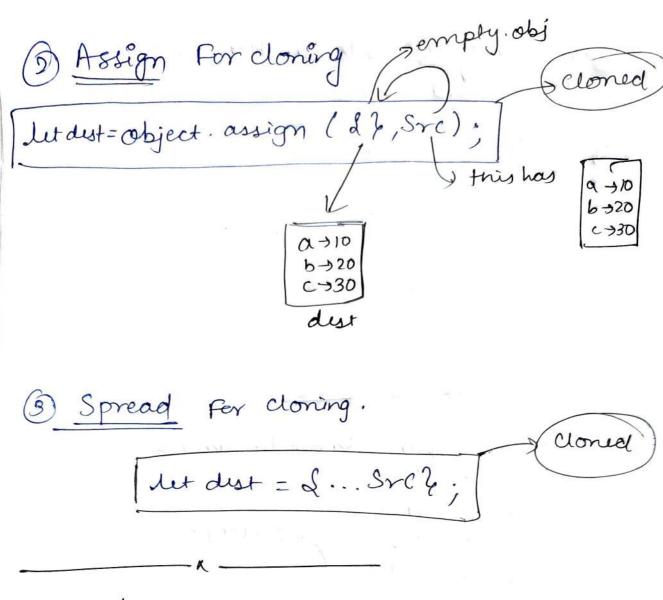
In objects, address is passed so, both will represent the mimory location.

NOTE: - primitives are copied by their value repreness are copied by their address.

> a [10] lut a = 10 function inc (a) this is emother a of function. att; copy in ine (a) consale. log (a). Pass by value concept Copy in primitive let a = {value: 10}; inc (a); // buction call console. log (a) Function inc (9) & most copied here a. value ++; possby in Same address

Extrating through Objects 1) For - in loop 2) Fer-cy loup. for- in loop let rect = { length; 2; breadth: 4, For (det key in suct) of console. log (key, rectangle [key]) to access key > doust work in object > iterables -) Arrays maps. for of in object: (HACK) For (let key of Object. keys (rect)) & console log (key) Object. entwes (rect) Fer Values too

Who can use if else to know the property is present or notif ('Length' in rect) of consoli.log ("Yes") console. log ("No") Object Cloning (Same to same one more) + iteration Jo rules. + Assign + Spread 1) iteration. for (let Key in Pectangle) Consale. log (key, Pectangle [ky]. let obj 2 = & b; we will copy all ky & World value of Rectargle in Obj2 one by one. At prist it will be empty. for (let sey in src) of dest [ky]: Src [ky];



Larbage Callection:

Find old variables / constants
which are not in use
and automatically deallocates
their value

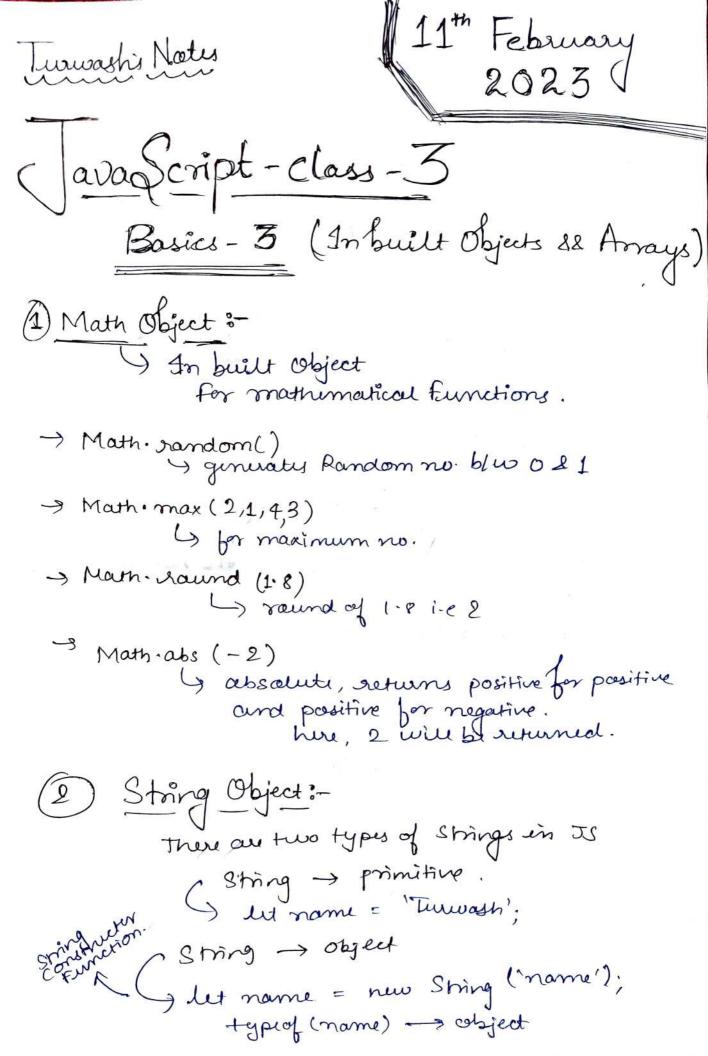
done by

(larbage collector)

1

tool in Js

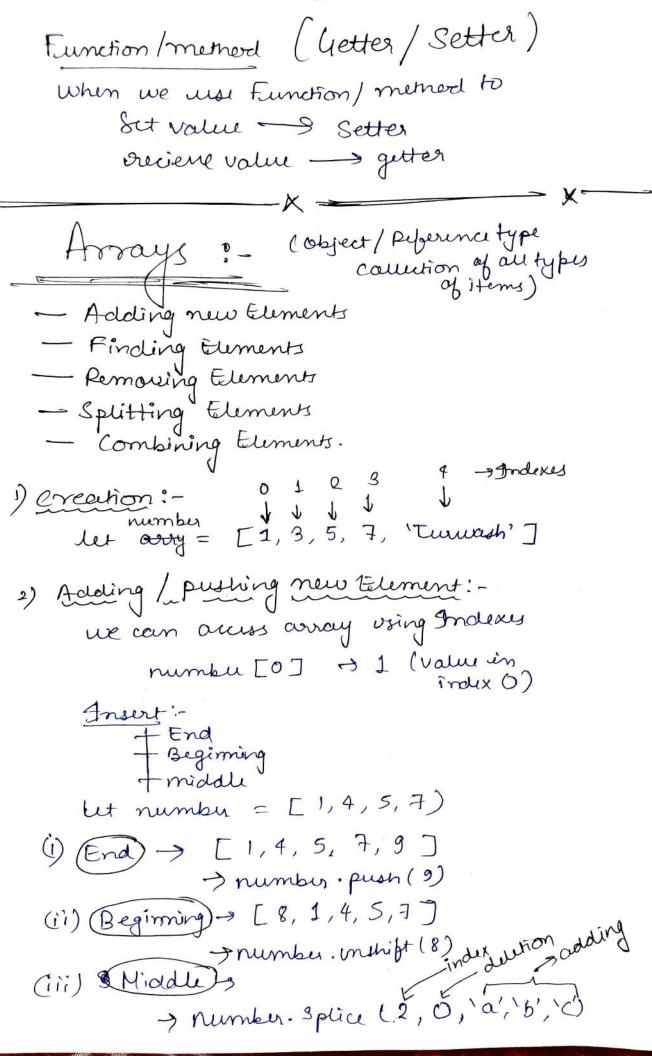
we have no control over harbage
Callector, runs in Background



we can convert primitive String to object
using · motation-
name length, min included tuis)
name. StarkWith ('Twi), name. enasture
(name . to upper (ase ()); name . to Lawer Case .,
name-trim(), name. suplace ('Tus', 'Puts');
and multiple other functions
To split:-
let message = 'This is my message';
eles word = message. Split (" ").
console. dog (word).
3) Template Literal
to use single 'in String.
slash is used these are the notations
Li Ke
for new line (n)
But another alternative without
me use
Template literal
& Back Tick is used.
let mag = 'This is
let mog = 'This is my, message';
Same will be the dutput.

also we can add variable, in bucktick using \$ is my missege, Hello & Inamez'; ma Sami order & name = Turucush' will be printed. Date and Time:-Date :-Let date = new Date (). (1) let date = new Date (); clg (date); accurrent date & Time (2) lut date 2 = new Date (June 20 1998 07:15'). elg (date2); (3) Let date3 = new Date (1998, 6, 20, 7); month date Time (hr)
Starts of homo
6 25 july also Change year, date 3. Set Eull Year (1947)

Cly (doti3);



3) Find out Number (Searching telement)
number-indexOf (2);
) if we want to check if a number exist in an array.
if (numbers. index 0 (10)! = -1)
console. log ('present')
Not Right way.
Good practice
Console log (number includes (7)).
Console log (number. includes (7)). Strue / False (returns) Advo
Adva
numbers.index0] (4,2); Scarch Index to Start
(-1) is answer when you write Indea which is not present
We have done these on primitive New on Deferences
let courses - [
& no:1, name: 'Love', },
2 no: 2, name: Babbar'}
I may of object is object is created
50-7-100 St

In reference we cant find using index of sincludes because Searching en reference is net same as primitive. For primitive it search by value For Repuence it Search by Address. we use Callback Junctions, here, tunction passed into another gunction as an argument, which is then Invoked inside the outer function to complete action. Function 1 >(function buck punction Let C = Course. Find (Function (course) & -suturn. course. name = = 'Love' (dg (c); predicate i ordition to Syntax : array Nam. bind function (course) predicati seturn course name = = Love

Arraw function (more concise)	
Vlet course = course.find(course :=)	
(ourse name = = 'Love');	
ve return	
Joney when we have I value	
have I value	
Single value.	
no input parametu then arrow bunction	
Removing Element :- [1, 2, 3, 4]	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
+ Beginning -> Shift()	
$+$ middle \rightarrow Splice $(3, \frac{1}{4})$	
Indu	
af eliment	
want to	
delite	
(5) Emptying an Array:	
numbers = [1,2,3,4,5]	
numbers = [1,2,3, f, 5] saltomatical numbers = [] > empty, removed	Ly
goursage	
its not still its coulded then	-
deleted stored then	,

For deliting. numbers. length = 0) this is what we do. to make array empty. also number. Splice (0 number length) no of element to molia while (numbers. length >0) numbers. pop() Combining & Slicing Arrays: Let girst = [1,2,3];
Let Second = [4,5,6];
Using Concat() > method.

Let combined = first.concat(Second); Slicing, Using Slice () mumod [1,2,[3,4,5,6] $(x'\lambda)$ Elice this included y is excluded. Slice (2,4) to get (3, * if we give one paramety Stice (2)
Y trum from if stice () I copy of original array lacked as full sticing.

* Spread Operator let birst = [1,2,3] lut second = [4,5,6) let combined = [...first, ... Second] also to add let combined = [... birst, 'a', ... second, b'] let another = [... Combined] * Herating an Array = loop for of loop is on iterably for each also let arry = [1,2,3,4] sor [For (let value of arry) f.
elg (value) per cly (number) of cly (number) of points

(b); 100 change . our * Joining Arrays num = [1, 2, 3]to join them like (1,2,3 using join () method. num = [1,2,3,4] Const Jained = num. jain () cla (Jained)) (1,2,3,4 Split () method Creaty an array. let meg: "This is my message"; let parts = myg. Split (" 1') cy (parts) ['This', 'is', 'my', 'message'] Let/sained = /parts. ('-')
cly (Sained) * Sorting Arrays y using sout () method Scort is to arrange in increasing or dureosing order by defaut ascending order.

let num = [10,50,20,60,30] num-sort () elg (num) 9 [10,20,30,50,60] also reverse using num. reverse () 60,50,30,20,10] > We cant do Sort() in object like this up have to add predicate function. * Filtering Arrays:) using bilter (); (cauback function. number. Jetter (For the let num = [1,2,-3,-4] let beltered = num. filter (burction (value) of return value >=0 cly (biltered) T 1, 2

G ,

* Mapping Arrays — map each element of array to Something ele Same like ASC: of array to Something else. Same like ASCII a 391 let number = [7, 8, 9, 10]; Samo -9 numbers. map (bunction (value) & ['Student_no 7', 'Student_no 8'... mapping with objects let num = [1,2,-3,-5] let filtered = num: filter (value => value > = 0) clg (biltored) let item = filtered. map (function (num) of let cebj = d value: num?; setum obj, cig (item) [& value: 14, & value: 24]

Turned Notes
Turwash Notes 12th February 2023
ava Script-class 4
Basics-4
Functions:-
Specific task.
Syntax: - Reyword Forwinnen
1) function print(ounting () &
console log ("Counting")
* Why Functions?
Jo reduce Bulky Codes
Demove / Reduce Bugs
function Pedaction: - [D] function run () &
(onsole leg ("running")
>

V Hoisting in Tavascript is concept where, Process of moving function declaration to the top of bile. done by JS. Engine Dby the help of this we can eau function anywhere. only works for Function Declaration. (a) Function Assignment 9 giving variable to a function. let Stand = Junction walk () & Consoli. Log ("Walking"). To call -> Stand() Net walk(); Haisting Doesn't works here) only for function declaration. (3) Homonymous I Name of Junction not present Set Jump = Junction () of console. log ("walking") > Jump();

Fonction Assignment Anonymaus Named let a = Junction () & let a = function name () f Dynamic Function: function sum (a, b) { return a+b: 1) alg (Sum (1)); Il will give NaN (undefined for b)

2) cug (sum ()); 11 will give NaN londefound bor a & b)

3) cig (sum (1,2,3,4,5) 1/ only 1 & 2 will be taken rest will be waste an - (3)

Stored in Argument Object in Js.

Special Object & Arguments (for multiple passing of argument) det sum (a, b) of let tetal = 0 for the value of arguments) total = total + value; return total; let ains = Sum (1,2,3,4,5) Consale log (ans) increase this to get new value. Kest Operators-I we can handle multiple parameters in function using Pest operator. This will create Array. function Sum (· · · args) & ceg (···args)

sum (1,2,3,4,5,6); \(\begin{aligned} \begin{

2) Function Sum (num, value, ... args) & (lg (... augs); Sum (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6); rust operator stored in arguments (· args) Value It is a class perameter Office this X (... args, num) NO parametes allowed. Not allawed X Default parameters:
default default

function intuest (p, r=10, y=2) s

all rest have to be

return p*x*** y/100; Cley (interest (1000, 5)).

) will give 100 taking

y - 2 defaut. if not default will be taken.

let person = of frame: 'Tuwash', Iname: 'Chakraborty', punction gullname () & ruturn & & person frame & & Sperson bramez. This is only surretion. elg (fullname ()); to manupulate. Getter, Setter: lu person = & frame: 'Love', L'name: 'Babbay', get fullName () & return ' & Sperson- Frame & & of person. Iramo? Set Juli Name (value) of det parts - value. Split (' '); this. of Name = pouts [0]. this . UName - parts [1]. To call! eng (person. full Name); R gutter person. bull name = "Rahul Kumai"): elg (person, guil Name); & Sitter.

ERROR HANDLING using try & Catch black. Try f code, if error gas to catch Courch (1) & 11 custom error message. let person 1 = & frame: 'Love'. I name: 'Babbar'. get Juli Name () & return & Sperson J. Julie Inamy & & of person]. Iname?; · Set fullName (value) q if type of value!== String) of thraw new Errer ("Nest a String"); Let parts = value. Split (''). this. brame = parts [0]. this . I name = parts [1]; & y. person1. Full Wome { courch (e) s alert (e).

Scope:Glibetine or libespan of variable is scope cig (a); // Serting:-Lura = [10, 30, 50, 60, 20, 80] a. Sort (Junetion (a, b) of return a-b; Fer ascanding

(b-a) Fer

discanding. ceg (a):) -> a will be placed before b Ø → a== 1 -9 a (+ve) a will be placed

```
// Reducing an Array:-
       using reduce method.
   let ar = [1,2, 3,4];
     let tretal = 0,
     For let to value in ara)
      total = total + value;
        Console. log (total);
    1 to reduce we write call back
Junction using 2 parameter
               accumulator currentvalue
   Let totalsum = arr. reduce ((accumulation,
               Current value) => accumulater +
                    curentralue, 0).
                                     accumulater
                                      initialized to (
     console. log (tatal Sum); -90
   working: - [1,2,3,4]
      accumulator = 0
        current value = 1
     accumulator = 0+1
                              curint = 4
                               accumulator= 8+4
        current = 2
      accumulavers 1+2
      accumulater =
```