

Assignment (11)

① write a function to calculate LCM of two number (TSRS)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int LCM(int x, int y);
int main()
{
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter 2 Number = \n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    printf("LCM = %d, LCM(a, b);",
    return 0;
}
int LCM(int x, int y):
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = x > y ? x : y; i <= x * y; i = i + (x > y ? x : y))
    {
        if (i % x == 0 && i % y == 0)
        {
            return i;
        }
    }
}
```

② write a program function to calculate the HCF of two number (TSRS)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int HCF(int x, int y);
int main()
{
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter two number \n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    printf("HCF is %d", HCF(a, b));
    return 0;
}
int HCF(int x, int y)
{
    int i, z = x > y ? x : y;
    for (i = z; i <= x > y ? x : y; i--)
    {

```

```

    {
        break;
    }
}
if (i == z-1)
    return 1;
else
    return 1;
}

```

③ write a function to check whether a given number is prime or not (TSRS)

```

#include <stdio.h>
int PRIME(int x);
int main()
{
    int n, A;
    printf("Enter a number = ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    A = PRIME(n);
    if (A == 0)
        printf("Not Prime");
    else
        printf("Prime");
    return 0;
}

int PRIME(int x)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 2; i < x; i++)
    {
        if (x % i == 0)
        {
            return 0;
        }
    }
}
}

```

④ write a function to find the next prime number of a given number (TSRS)

```

#include <stdio.h>
int nextPrime(int x);
int main()
{
    int n;
}

```

```

printf("Enter a number = ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Next prime number is = %d", next_prime(n));
return 0;
}

int next_prime(int x)
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = x + 1; i < i + 1; i++)
    {
        for (j = 2; j < i; j++)
        {
            if (i % j == 0)
            {
                break;
            }
        }
        if (i == j)
            return i;
    }
}

```

⑤ write a function to print first N prime number (73RS)

```

#include <stdio.h>
int firstN_prime(int);
int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("enter a number = ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    firstN_prime(n);
    return 0;
}

void firstN_prime(int x)
{
    int i, j, a = 0;
    for (i = 1; i <= x; i++)
    {
        for (j = 2; j < i; j++)
        {
            if (i % j == 0)
            {
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    if (i == j)
    {
        printf("%d ", i);
        a++;
        if (a == x)
            break;
    }
}
}

```

⑥ write a function to print all prime numbers between two given number (TSRN)

```

#include <stdio.h>
int allprime(int x, int y);
int main()
{
    int a, b;
    printf("Enter 2 numbers\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    allprime(a, b);
    return 0;
}
void allprime(int x, int y)
{
    printf("prime numbers between %d and are\n", x, y);
    int i, j;
    for (i = x; i <= y; i++)
    {
        for (j = 2; j < i; j++)
        {
            if (i % j == 0)
            {
                break;
            }
        }
        if (j == i)
            printf("%d ", i);
    }
}

```

⑦ write a function to print N terms of fibonacci series (TSRN)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fibonacciseries (int x);
int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter a number =");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    fibonacciseries (n);
    return 0;
}

int fibonacciseries (int x)
{
    int a = -1, b = 1, c = 0;
    printf ("%d terms of fibonacci series is =", x);
    while (x)
    {
        c = a + b;
        a = b;
        b = c;
        x--;
        printf ("%d ", c);
    }
}
```

⑧ write a function to print PASCAL Triangle (TSRN)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int factorial (int);
int combination (int, int);
int pascalTriangle (int);
int main()
{
    int n, r;
    printf("Enter number of rows for pascal triangle =");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    factorial (n);
    combination (n, r);
    pascalTriangle (n);
    return 0;
}
```

```
int factorial (int a)
```

```
{  
    int b = 1;  
    while (a)  
    {  
        b = b * a;  
        a--;  
    }  
    return b;  
}
```

```
}  
int combination (int x, int y)
```

```
{  
    return (factorial(x) / factorial(x-y) / factorial(y));  
}
```

```
int Pascal-Triangle (int x)
```

```
{  
    int i, j, k;  
    for (i = 1; i <= x; i++)
```

```
{  
    k = 1;
```

```
    int n = 0;
```

```
    for (j = 1; j <= 2 * x - 1; j++)
```

```
{  
    if (j <= x + 1 - i && j <= x + 1 + i && k)  
    {  
        printf("%2d", combination((i-1), x));  
        k = 0;  
        x++;  
    }
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    printf(" ");  
    k = 1;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
    printf("\n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

⑨ write a program in C to find the square of any number using the function

```
#include <stdio.h>
int square (int n);
int main()
{
    int x;
    printf("Enter a number = ");
    scanf ("%d", &x);
    printf("square of %d is = %d", x, square(x));
    return 0;
}
int square (int n)
{
    return n*n;
}
```

⑩ write a program in C to find the sum of the series $1! / 1+2! / 2+3! / 3+4! / 4+5! / 5$ using the function.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fun (int n);
int add (int n);
int main()
{
    int x = 5;
    fun(x);
    printf("sum is = %d", add(x));
    return 0;
}
int add (int n)
{
    int z = 0;
    while (n)
    {
        z = z + fun(n)/n;
        n--;
    }
    return z;
}
int fun (int z)
{
    int a = 1;
    while (n)
    {
        a = a * n;
        n--;
    }
}
```