DSA ASSIGNMENT

//1. Implementation of Matrix Multiplication using Dynamic Memory Allocation. Ensure to allocate the memory using appropriate functions and access the array using pointers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main() {
  int i, j, k;
  int row1, col1, row2, col2;
  // asking for the number of rows and columns of the first matrix
  printf("Enter rows and columns for the first matrix: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &row1, &col1);
  // asking for the number of rows and columns of the second matrix
  printf("Enter rows and columns for the second matrix: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &row2, &col2);
  // checking if the matrices can be multiplied
  if (col1 != row2) {
    printf("Matrix multiplication not possible because the number of columns in the first matrix "
        "must equal the number of rows in the second matrix.\n");
    return 1;
  }
  // allocating memory dynamically for the first matrix
  int **matrix1 = (int **)malloc(row1 * sizeof(int *));
  for (i = 0; i < row1; i++)
```

```
matrix1[i] = (int *)malloc(col1 * sizeof(int));
// Allocating memory dynamically for the second matrix
int **matrix2 = (int **)malloc(row2 * sizeof(int *));
for (i = 0; i < row2; i++)
  matrix2[i] = (int *)malloc(col2 * sizeof(int));
// allocating memory dynamically for the result matrix
int **result = (int **)malloc(row1 * sizeof(int *));
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++)
  result[i] = (int *)malloc(col2 * sizeof(int));
// taking input elements for the first matrix
printf("Now, let's fill in the first matrix. Please enter the elements:\n");
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < col1; j++) {
    printf("Element [%d][%d]: ", i + 1, j + 1); // prompting with element position
    scanf("%d", (*(matrix1 + i) + j));
  }
}
// taking input elements for the second matrix
printf("Next, we'll fill in the second matrix. Please enter the elements:\n");
for (i = 0; i < row2; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < col2; j++) {
    printf("Element [%d][%d]: ", i + 1, j + 1); // prompting with element position
    scanf("%d", (*(matrix2 + i) + j));
  }
}
// initializing the result matrix to zero
```

```
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++)
  for (j = 0; j < col2; j++)
     *(*(result + i) + j) = 0;
// matrix multiplication
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < col2; j++) {
     for (k = 0; k < col1; k++) {
       *(*(result + i) + j) += *(*(matrix1 + i) + k) * *(*(matrix2 + k) + j);
    }
  }
}
// displaying the resulting matrix
printf("Here is the resultant matrix after multiplication:\n");
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < col2; j++) {
     printf("%d ", *(*(result + i) + j));
  }
  printf("\n");
}
// free allocated memory
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++)
  free(matrix1[i]);
free(matrix1);
for (i = 0; i < row2; i++)
  free(matrix2[i]);
free(matrix2);
```

```
for (i = 0; i < row1; i++)
  free(result[i]);
free(result);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter rows and columns for the first matrix: 2
Enter rows and columns for the second matrix: 3
Now, let's fill in the first matrix. Please enter the elements:
Element [1][1]: 1
Element [1][2]: 2
Element [1][3]: 3
Element [2][1]: 4
Element [2][2]: 5
Element [2][3]: 6
Next, we'll fill in the second matrix. Please enter the elements:
Element [1][1]: 6
Element [1][2]: 5
Element [2][1]: 4
Element [2][2]: 3
Element [3][1]: 2
Element [3][2]: 1
Here is the resultant matrix after multiplication:
20 14
56 41
```

2. You are given a task with creating a simple student management system using arrays that will allow the user to manage student names. Implement the following operations on a **list** of student names using switch-case and **arrays**. After every operation, display the current list of students.

The operations to implement are:

- (i) Creation of the list: Allow the user to create a list of student names by entering them one by one.
- (ii) Insertion of a new student: Insert a new student's name into a specific position in the list. The user should provide the name and the index at which it should be inserted.
- (iii) Deletion of a student: Delete a student's name from the list based on their position or name. Ask the user whether they want to delete by name or by index.
- (iv) Traversal of the list: Display all the student names in the current order. (v) Search for a student: Search for a student's name in the list and display whether or not the student is found, along with their position if present.

CODE:

```
#include <string.h>
#include <string.h>

int main() {
    const int max_students = 100; // maximum number of students
    const int name_length = 50; // maximum length of a student name

    char students[max_students][name_length]; // array to hold student names
    int count = 0; // current number of students
    int choice = 0;

while (choice != 6) {
        // display the menu
        printf("1. create the list of students\n");
        printf("2. insert a new student\n");
```

```
printf("3. delete a student\n");
printf("4. display student list\n");
printf("5. search for a student\n");
printf("6. exit\n");
printf("enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
getchar(); // consume newline character after entering choice
switch (choice) {
  case 1: {
    // creation of the list
    printf("enter the number of students: ");
    scanf("%d", &count);
    getchar(); // consume newline character
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
      printf("enter student name %d: ", i + 1);
      fgets(students[i], name_length, stdin);
      students[i][strcspn(students[i], "\n")] = 0; // remove newline character
    }
    break;
  }
  case 2: {
    // insertion of a new student
    if (count < max_students) {</pre>
      char new_student[name_length];
      int position;
      printf("enter the student's name to insert: ");
      fgets(new_student, name_length, stdin);
      new_student[strcspn(new_student, "\n")] = 0; // remove newline
```

```
printf("enter the position (0-based index) to insert the student: ");
    scanf("%d", &position);
    getchar(); // consume newline
    if (position >= 0 && position <= count) {
      for (int i = count; i > position; i--) {
         strcpy(students[i], students[i - 1]);
      }
      strcpy(students[position], new_student);
      count++;
    } else {
      printf("invalid position!\n");
    }
  } else {
    printf("cannot insert more students, list is full.\n");
  }
  break;
case 3: {
  // deletion of a student
  char delete_option;
  printf("delete by name or position? (n/p): ");
  scanf(" %c", &delete_option);
  getchar(); // consume newline
  if (delete_option == 'n') {
    char name_to_delete[name_length];
    printf("enter the student's name to delete: ");
    fgets(name_to_delete, name_length, stdin);
    name_to_delete[strcspn(name_to_delete, "\n")] = 0; // remove newline
```

}

```
int found = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (strcmp(students[i], name_to_delete) == 0) {
       found = 1;
       for (int j = i; j < count - 1; j++) {
         strcpy(students[j], students[j + 1]);
       }
       count--;
       break;
    }
  }
  if (found) {
    printf("deleted %s from the list.\n", name_to_delete);
  } else {
    printf("student not found.\n");
  }
} else if (delete_option == 'p') {
  int position;
  printf("enter the position (0-based index) to delete the student: ");
  scanf("%d", &position);
  getchar(); // consume newline
  if (position >= 0 && position < count) {
    for (int i = position; i < count - 1; i++) {
       strcpy(students[i], students[i + 1]);
    }
    count--;
    printf("deleted student at position %d.\n", position);
  } else {
    printf("invalid position!\n");
  }
```

```
} else {
    printf("invalid option!\n");
  }
  break;
}
case 4: {
  // display student list
  printf("student list: [");
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    printf("%s", students[i]);
    if (i < count - 1) {
      printf(", ");
    }
  }
  printf("]\n");
  break;
}
case 5: {
  // search for a student
  char name_to_search[name_length];
  printf("enter the student's name to search: ");
  fgets(name_to_search, name_length, stdin);
  name_to_search[strcspn(name_to_search, "\n")] = 0; // remove newline
  int found = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (strcmp(students[i], name_to_search) == 0) {
      printf("%s found at position %d\n", name_to_search, i);
      found = 1;
      break;
    }
```

```
if (!found) {
    printf("%s not found.\n", name_to_search);
}
break;
}
case 6:
    printf("exiting the program...\n");
break;
default:
    printf("invalid choice! please enter a valid option.\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
    create the list of students

insert a new student
delete a student
display student list
search for a student
6. exit
enter your choice: 1
enter the number of students: 2
enter student name 1: Eren Yeager
enter student name 2: Brooklyn

    create the list of students

insert a new student
delete a student
display student list
5. search for a student
6. exit
enter your choice: 2
enter the student's name to insert: Madara Uchiha
enter the position (0-based index) to insert the student: 2

    create the list of students

insert a new student
3. delete a student
enter your choice: 4
student list: [Eren Yeager, Brooklyn, Madara Uchiha]
1. create the list of students
2. insert a new student
3. delete a student
4. display student list
5. search for a student
6. exit
enter your choice: 3
delete by name or position? (n/p): n
enter the student's name to delete: Brooklyn
deleted Brooklyn from the list.
1. create the list of students
2. insert a new student
3. delete a student
4. display student list
5. search for a student
6. exit
```

enter your choice: 4

2. insert a new student

1. create the list of students

student list: [Eren Yeager, Madara Uchiha]

```
student list: [Eren Yeager, Madara Uchiha]
1. create the list of students
2. insert a new student
3. delete a student
4. display student list
5. search for a student
6. exit
enter your choice: 5
enter the student's name to search: Eren Yeager
Eren Yeager found at position 0
1. create the list of students
2. insert a new student
3. delete a student
4. display student list
5. search for a student
6. exit
enter your choice: 6
exiting the program...
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

By,

ANISH IDHAYAN I,

II - AIML-B,

RA2311026050078.