```
import random
# Define the objective function (you can replace this with your own)
def objective function(x):
    return -(x**2 + 4*x) # Example: maximize x^2 + 4x (negate for
maximization)
def hill climbing(max iterations, step size):
 current solution = random.uniform(-10, 10) # Start with a random
initial solution
 current value = objective function(current solution)
 for in range(max iterations):
   neighbor = current solution + random.uniform(-step size, step size)
   neighbor_value = objective_function(neighbor)
   if neighbor value>current value:
     current solution = neighbor
      current value = neighbor value
  return current solution, current value
if name == " main ":
 max iterations = 1000 # Maximum number of iterations
 step size = 0.1 # Step size for making small changes
  final solution, final value = hill climbing(max iterations,
step size)
 print("Final Solution:", final solution)
 print("Objective Value at Final Solution:", final value)
# https://www.mathway.com/Algebra --> refer for answer
```

## Slip 2-1

```
# Import the 'calendar' module
import calendar

# Prompt the user to input the year and month
y = int(input("Input the year : "))
m = int(input("Input the month : "))

# Print the calendar for the specified year and month
print(calendar.month(y, m))
```

## slip 3-1

```
# define punctuation
punctuations = '''!()-[]{};:'"\,<>./?@#$%^&*_~'''

my_str = "Hello!!!, he said ---and went."

# To take input from the user
# my_str = input("Enter a string: ")

# remove punctuation from the string
no_punct = ""

for char in my_str:
    if char not in punctuations:
        no_punct = no_punct + char
print(no_punct)
```

## slip 4-1

```
#importing the time module
import time

#welcoming the user
name = input("What is your name? ")

print ("Hello, " + name, "Time to play hangman!")

#wait for 1 second
time.sleep(1)

print ("Start guessing...")
```

```
time.sleep(0.5)
#here we set the secret. You can select any word to play with.
word = ("secret")
#creates an variable with an empty value
quesses = ''
#determine the number of turns
turns = 10
# Create a while loop
#check if the turns are more than zero
while turns > 0:
    # make a counter that starts with zero
    failed = 0
    # for every character in secret_word
    for char in word:
    # see if the character is in the players guess
        if char in guesses:
        # print then out the character
            print (char,end=""),
        else:
        # if not found, print a dash
            print (" ",end=""),
        # and increase the failed counter with one
            failed += 1
    # if failed is equal to zero
    # print You Won
    if failed == 0:
        print ("You won")
    # exit the script
       break
    # ask the user go guess a character
    guess = input("guess a character:")
    # set the players guess to guesses
    guesses += guess
```

```
# if the guess is not found in the secret word
if guess not in word:

# turns counter decreases with 1 (now 9)
    turns -= 1

# print wrong
    print ("Wrong")

# how many turns are left
    print ("You have", + turns, 'more guesses')

# if the turns are equal to zero
    if turns == 0:

# print "You Lose"
    print ("You Lose")
```

## slip 5-1

```
import nltk
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer

wordnet_lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()

text = "studies studying cries cry "
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('wordnet')
tokenization = nltk.word_tokenize(text)
for w in tokenization:
   print("Lemma for {} is {}".format(w,
wordnet_lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)))
```

## slip 6-1

```
from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize, word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
data = text = open("input6.txt").read().lower()
stopWords = set(stopwords.words('english'))
words = word_tokenize(data)
wordsFiltered = [w for w in words if w not in stopWords]
```

```
pip install easyAI
from easyAI import TwoPlayerGame
from easyAI.Player import Human Player
class TicTacToe(TwoPlayerGame):
    """The board positions are numbered as follows:
   1 2 3
    4 5 6
    7 8 9
    .....
    def init (self, players):
        self.players = players
        self.board = [0 for i in range(9)]
        self.current player = 1 # player 1 starts.
    def possible moves(self):
        return [i + 1 for i, e in enumerate(self.board) if e == 0]
    def make move(self, move):
        self.board[int(move) - 1] = self.current player
    def unmake move(self, move): # optional method (speeds up the AI)
        self.board[int(move) - 1] = 0
    def lose(self):
        """ Has the opponent "three in line ?" """
        return any (
                all([(self.board[c - 1] == self.opponent index) for c
in line])
                for line in [
                    [1, 2, 3],
                    [4, 5, 6],
                    [7, 8, 9],
                                # horiz.
                    [1, 4, 7],
                    [2, 5, 8],
                    [3, 6, 9],
                                # vertical
                    [1, 5, 9],
                    [3, 5, 7],
                ]
            1
        ) # diagonal
```

```
def is over(self):
        return (self.possible moves() == []) or self.lose()
   def show(self):
       print(
            "\n"
           + "\n".join(
                Γ
                    " ".join([[".", "O", "X"][self.board[3 * j + i]]
for i in range(3)])
                    for j in range(3)
                ]
            )
        )
   def scoring(self):
       return -100 if self.lose() else 0
if name == " main ":
   from easyAI import AI Player, Negamax
   ai algo = Negamax(6)
   TicTacToe([Human Player(), AI Player(ai algo)]).play()
```

# Slip 10-1

```
from itertools import permutations
def solve cryptarithmetic(puzzle):
 unique chars = set("".join(puzzle))
 if len(unique chars) > 10:
   print("Too many unique characters for a valid puzzle.")
   return
 for perm in permutations('0123456789', len(unique chars)):
   char to digit = dict(zip(unique chars, perm))
   if char_to_digit[puzzle[0][0]] == '0' or
char to digit[puzzle[1][0]] == '0' or char to digit[puzzle[2][0]] ==
'0':
     continue
   expression = "".join([char to digit[char] for char in puzzle[0]]) +
"+" + \
   "".join([char_to_digit[char] for char in puzzle[1]]) + "==" + \
  "".join([char_to_digit[char] for char in puzzle[2]])
```

```
if eval(expression):
    print(f"Solution found: {expression}")

# Example puzzle: TWO + TWO = FOUR
puzzle = ["TWO", "TWO", "FOUR"]
solve_cryptarithmetic(puzzle)
```