

Driver Circuit for Image Sensor Control Library

DCamUSB : Version 2.1.1.0

DCamTmpCtrl : Version 2.1.0.0

Function Specifications

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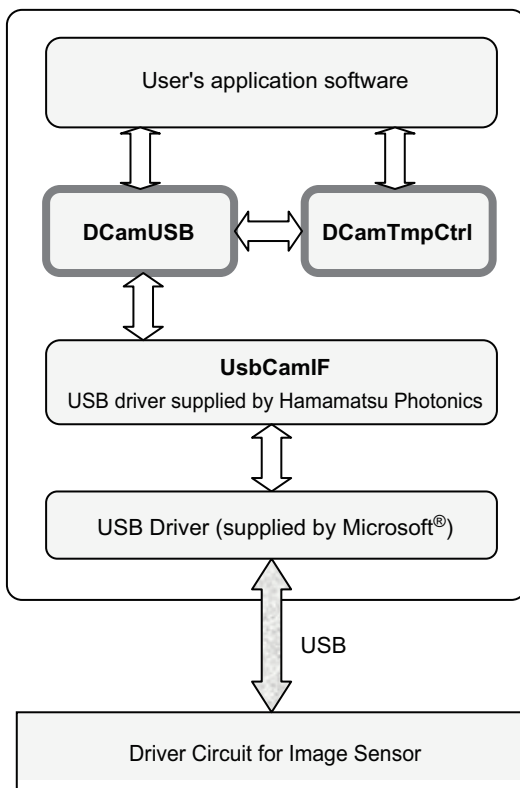
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Overview

The Driver Circuit for Image Sensor Control Library (Hereafter abbreviated as "DCa-mUSB") and Temperature Control Library (Hereafter abbreviated as "DCamTmpCtrl") is a library for controlling our Driver Circuit for Image Sensor. With this library, software for controlling the operations of the Driver Circuit can be easily developed.



Operating environment

- **Supported OS**

Microsoft® Windows 7® (Service Pack 1 or later)

- **CPU**

To conform the environment of OS recommended.

- **Memory**

To conform the environment of OS recommended.

Development environment construction

Please use the copy of DCamUSB.dll and DCamTmpCtrl.dll in the prescribed folder of the development environment.

A copy of DCamUSB.h and DCamTmpCtrl.h and DCamUSB.lib and DCamTmpCtrl.lib will be required when the need arises. In that case, please copy DCamStatusCode.h.

Additionally, please refer the "Driver Software for USB Camera Module INSTALLATION MANUAL" for how to install the driver using the installer.



In the drive circuit where the temperature control library is not included, DcomTmpCtrl.dll and DcomTmpCtrl.h and DcomTmpCtrl.lib is not necessary.

Required files

This library consists of the following files.

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Library file | : | DCamUSB.dll, DCamTmpCtrl.dll |
| Header file | : | DCamUSB.h, DCamTmpCtrl.h, DCamStatusCode.h |
| Import library | : | DCamUSB.lib, DCamTmpCtrl.lib |
| Driver | : | UsbCamIF.sys |
| Driver information file | : | UsbCamIF.inf |

Function list

Following are the functions available in this library.

■ DCamUSB.dll

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| 1. DcamInitialize | Initializes the library. |
| 2. DcamUninitialize | Uninitializes and unloads the library. |
| 3. DcamOpen | Opens the device. |
| 4. DcamClose | Closes the device. |
| 5. DcamGetDeviceState | Retrieves the device state. |
| 6. DcamGetImageSize | Retrieves the image size. |
| 7. DcamGetBitPerPixel | Retrieves the number of bits per pixel. |
| 8. DcamSetCCDType | Sets the CCD sensor type. |
| 9. DcamGetCCDType | Retrieves the CCD sensor type. |
| 10. DcamSetMeasureDataCount | Sets the measurement line count. |
| 11. DcamGetMeasureDataCount | Retrieves the measurement line count. |
| 12. DcamGetCaptureBytes | Retrieves the number of bytes of one frame. |
| 13. DcamGetTotalCaptureBytes | Retrieves the total number of bytes per capture size. |
| 14. DcamCapture | Captures an image. |
| 15. DcamCaptureReverseX | Captures an image. The acquired data is reversed. |
| 16. DcamStop | Stops image acquisition. |
| 17. DcamStopEx | Stops image acquisition. |
| 18. DcamWait | Waits till the image is captured. |
| 19. DcamSetGain | Sets the gain. |
| 20. DcamGetGain | Retrieves the gain. |
| 21. DcamSetOffset | Sets the offset. |
| 22. DcamGetOffset | Retrieves the offset. |
| 23. DcamSetBinning | Sets the binning mode. |
| 24. DcamGetBinning | Retrieves the binning mode. |
| 25. DcamSetTriggerMode | Sets the trigger mode. |
| 26. DcamGetTriggerMode | Retrieves the trigger mode. |
| 27. DcamSetTriggerPolarity | Sets the trigger polarity. |
| 28. DcamGetTriggerPolarity | Retrieves the trigger polarity. |
| 29. DcamSetExposureTime | Sets the exposure time. |
| 30. DcamGetExposureTime | Retrieves the exposure time. |
| 31. DcamSetOperatingMode | Sets the CCD operating mode. |
| 32. DcamGetOperatingMode | Retrieves the CCD operating mode. |
| 33. DcamSetLEDOperatingMode | Sets the LED light-operating mode. |
| 34. DcamGetLEDOperatingMode | Retrieves the LED light-operating mode. |
| 35. DcamSetStandardTimeUnit | Function to set the standard time unit type |
| 36. DcamGetStandardTimeUnit | Function to retrieve the standard time unit type |
| 37. DcamSetOutPulse | Sets the out pulse information. |
| 38. DcamGetOutPulse | Retrieves the out pulse information. |
| 39. DcamLoadParameters | Loads the parameters from the device. |
| 40. DcamStoreParameters | Stores the parameters in the device. |
| 41. DcamGetVersion | Retrieves the library version information. |
| 42. DcamGetDriverVersion | Retrieves the driver version information. |

| | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 43. | DcamGetFirmwareVersion | Retrieves the firmware version information. |
| 44. | DcamGetDeviceInformation | Retrieves the device information. |
| 45. | DcamGetTransferRateType | Retrieves the USB transfer rate type. |
| 46. | DcamGetLastError | Retrieves the last error code. |
| 47. | DcamSetOverClock | Sets the over clock. |
| 48. | DcamGetOverClock | Retrieves the over clock. |
| 49. | DcamSetMPPMode | Sets the MPP mode. |
| 50. | DcamGetMPPMode | Retrieves the MPP mode. |
| 51. | DcamSetLineTime | Sets the Line Time. |
| 52. | DcamGetLineTime | Retrieves the Line Time. |
| 53. | DcamSetIntegralCapacity | Sets the integral capacity. |
| 54. | DcamGetIntegralCapacity | Retrieves the integral capacity. |
| 55. | DcamSetDriveMode | Set CCD Drive Mode. |
| 56. | DcamGetDriveMode | Get CCD Drive Mode. |
| 57. | DcamSetElectronicShutter | Sets the electronic shutter mode. |
| 58. | DcamGetElectronicShutter | Retrieves the electronic shutter mode. |
| 59. | DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth | Sets the TG pulse width. |
| 60. | DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth | Retrieves the TG pulse width. |

■ DCamTmpCtrl.dll

| | | |
|-----|---|--|
| 1. | DcamTmpCtrlInitialize | Initializes the library. |
| 2. | DcamTmpCtrlUninitialize | Uninitializes and unloads the library. |
| 3. | DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError | Retrieves the last error code. |
| 4. | DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingControl | Set the cooling control status. |
| 5. | DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingControl | Retrieves the cooling control status. |
| 6. | DcamTmpCtrlLoadCoolingTemperature | Load the cooling temperature status. |
| 7. | DcamTmpCtrlSaveCoolingTemperature | Save the cooling temperature status. |
| 8. | DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperature | Retrieves the cooling temperature. |
| 9. | DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingTemperature | Set the cooling temperature. |
| 10. | DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperatureCurrent | Retrieves the cooling current temperature. |
| 11. | DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingStatus | Retrieves the cooling temperature status. |
| 12. | DcamTmpCtrlGetThermistorStatus | Retrieves the cooling thermistor status. |

5.1 Parameter definition

5.1.1 DCamUSB.h

[Device state]

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_NON | Non-connection, No device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_DEVICE | Non-connection, Device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_NODEVICE | Connection, No device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_CONNECT | Connection, Device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_BOOT | Connection, Device found (during the boot process) |

[Number of bits per pixel]

| | |
|------------------|---------|
| DCAM_BITPIXEL_8 | 8 bits |
| DCAM_BITPIXEL_10 | 10 bits |
| DCAM_BITPIXEL_12 | 12 bits |
| DCAM_BITPIXEL_14 | 14 bits |
| DCAM_BITPIXEL_16 | 16 bits |

[Image acquisition]

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| DCAM_WAITSTATUS_COMPLETED | Image acquisition is complete. |
| DCAM_WAITSTATUS_UNCOMPLETED | Image acquisition is not complete. |
| DCAM_WAIT_INFINITE | Wait until image acquisition is complete. |

[Binning]

| | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| DCAM_BINNING_AREA | Area scanning |
| DCAM_BINNING_FULL | Full line binning |

[Trigger mode]

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_INT | Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_EDGE | External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_LEVEL | External Trigger Level Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_INT | Global Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_EDGE | Global Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_GATED | Global Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | Global Shutter External One Shot Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_INT | Rolling Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_EDGE | Rolling Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_GATED | Rolling Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | Rolling Shutter External One Shot Mode |

Note : Refer the "DCamUSB.h" for another trigger mode.

[Trigger polarity]

| | |
|-----------------------|----------|
| DCAM_TRIGPOL_POSITIVE | Positive |
| DCAM_TRIGPOL_NEGATIVE | Negative |

[Sensor type]

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE0 | 2068x1(S10420-1106), 2068x70(S10420-1106-01, S11071-1106) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE2 | 2068x22(S10420-1104-01, S11071-1104) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE3 | 1044x1(S10420-1006), 1044x70(S10420-1006-01, S11071-1006) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE5 | 1044x22(S10420-1004-01, S11071-1004) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE10 | 64x64(G11097) |

Note : Refer the "DCamUSB.h" for another sensor type.

[CCD drive mode]

| | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_SUSPEND | Suspend |
| DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_STANDBY | Standby |

[CCD operating mode]

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| DCAM_OPMODE_DARKCURRENT | Low Dark Current Mode |
| DCAM_OPMODE_SATURATION | High Saturation Charge Mode |

[LED light operating mode]

| | |
|--------------------|--------------|
| DCAM_LEDOPMODE_OFF | LED Off Mode |
| DCAM_LEDOPMODE_ON | LED On Mode |

[Standard time unit type]

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE1 | Trigger setting = [msec], Pulse Out setting = [msec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE2 | Trigger setting = [usec], Pulse Out setting = [usec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE3 | Trigger setting = [msec], Pulse Out setting = [usec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE4 | Trigger setting = [Clock], Pulse Out setting = [Clock] |

[Out pulse mode]

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| DCAM_OUTMODE_NOTOUTPUT | No output |
| DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_DT_PW | Output (Delay time + Pulse width) |
| DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_ACCUM | Output (Accumulation time width) |

[Out pulse polarity]

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| DCAM_OUTPOL_POSITIVE | Positive |
| DCAM_OUTPOL_NEGATIVE | Negative |

[Device information]

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| DCAM_DEVINF_TYPE | Device Type |
| DCAM_DEVINF_SERIALNO | Serial Number of Device |
| DCAM_DEVINF_VERSION | Device Version |

[USB transfer rate type]

| | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| DCAM_TRANSRATE_USB11 | USB 1.1 standard |
| DCAM_TRANSRATE_USB20 | USB 2.0 standard |

[MPP mode]

| | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_OFF | MPP Off Mode |
| DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_ON | MPP On Mode |

[Electronic shutter mode]

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_OFF | Electronic shutter Off Mode. |
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_ON | Electronic shutter On Mode. |

5.1.2 DCamTmpCtrl.h**[Cooling Control status]**

| | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_OFF | Cooling control Off |
| DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_ON | Cooling control On |

[Cooling Temperature status]

| | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_NORMAL | The cooling temperature is normal |
| DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_LOWER | The cooling temperature is lower |
| DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_HIGHER | The cooling temperature is higher |

[Thermistor status]

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_NOERROR | Thermistor no error |
| DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_ERROR | Thermistor error |
| DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_OVER | Thermistor temperature over |

5.2 Error Code Table (Run status)

5.2.1 DCamStatusCode.h

| | | |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | dcCode_Success | Normal termination. |
| 1 | dcCode_Unknown | An unknown error has occurred. |
| 2 | dcCode_NoInit | Library is not initialized. |
| 3 | dcCode_AlreadyInit | Already in-use. |
| 4 | dcCode_NoDriver | No driver was detected. |
| 5 | dcCode_NoMemory | Memory is insufficient. |
| 6 | dcCode_NotConnected | The device is not connected. |
| 9 | dcCode_InvalidParam | Invalid parameter. |
| 100 | dcCode_DeviceDefect | The device is not functioning. |
| 111 | dcCode_Timeout | Timeout has occurred. |
| 120 | dcCode_AlreadyStarted | Already started. |
| 200 | dcCode_CoolingOn | Already cooling control started. |
| 201 | dcCode_CoolingOff | Cooling control stopped. |

6.1 DCamUSB.dll

6.1.1 DcamInitialize: Function to initialize the library

BOOL DcamInitialize(VOID)

[Summary]

Initializes the library.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

Always run this function first before running other functions.

An error occurs if the library has already been initialized.

Only one process can use this library.

In addition, this function should be used in combination with the "DcamUninitialize".

[Reference]

DcamUninitialize, DcamOpen, DcamClose

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORDdwErrCode;  
if(DcamInitialize() != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.2 DcamUninitialize: Function to uninitialize the library

BOOL DcamUninitialize(VOID)

[Summary]

Unloads the library resources and closes the device driver.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

This function should be used in combination with the "DcamInitialize".

In addition, this function should be called when quitting the program or when this library is not required.

[Reference]

DcamInitialize, DcamOpen, DcamClose

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamUninitialize() != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.3 DcamOpen: Function to open the device

BOOL DcamOpen(VOID)

[Summary]

Opens the device.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamClose, DcamInitialize, DcamUninitialize

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;

// Initialize Library
if(DcamInitialize() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
    return;
}

// Open Device
if(DcamOpen() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
    return;
}
```

6.1.4 DcamClose: Function to close the device

BOOL DcamClose(VOID)

[Summary]

Closes the device.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamOpen, DcamInitialize, DcamUninitialize

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;

// Close Device
if(DcamClose() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
    return;
}

// Uninitialize Library
if(DcamUninitialize() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.5 DcamGetDeviceState: Function to retrieve device state

```
BOOL DcamGetDeviceState(INT* pState)
```

[Summary]

Retrieves the device state type.

[Arguments]

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| pState | Specifies the address of the variable where the device state type is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_NON | : Non-connection, No device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_DEVICE | : Non-connection, Device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_NODEVICE | : Connection, No device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_CONNECT | : Connection, Device found |
| DCAM_DEVSTATE_BOOT | : Connection, Device found (during the boot process) |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamOpen, DcamClose, DcamInitialize, DcamUninitialize

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nState;
DWORD       dwErrCode;

// Get device state
if(DcamGetDeviceState(&nState) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}

// Remove the device
if(nState == DCAM_DEVSTATE_NODEVICE){
    DcamClose();
}
```

6.1.6 DcamGetImageSize: Function to retrieve the image size

BOOL DcamGetImageSize (INT* pWidth, INT* pHeight)

[Summary]

Retrieves the width and height of the one frame data.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------|---|
| pWidth | Specifies the address of the variable where the image width is to be stored. |
| pHeight | Specifies the address of the variable where the image height is to be stored. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

Call this function for obtaining the size of image after calling DcamSetBinning or DcamSetMeasureDataCount that can be helpful in determining the memory size to be allocated.

[Reference]

DcamGetBitPerPixel, DcamGetCaptureBytes, DcamSetBinning, DcamSetMeasureDataCount, DcamSetCCDType, DcamGetCCDType

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nWidth = 0;
INT          nHeight = 0;
DWORD       dwErrCode;

// Get size of image
if(DcamGetImageSize(&nWidth, &nHeight) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.7 DcamGetBitPerPixel:Function to retrieve total number of bits per pixel

```
BOOL DcamGetBitPerPixel(INT* pBit)
```

[Summary]

Retrieves the number of bits per pixel.

[Arguments]

pBit Specifies the address of the variable where the number of bits per pixel is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained.

DCAM_BITPIXEL_8 : 8 bits
DCAM_BITPIXEL_10 : 10 bits
DCAM_BITPIXEL_12 : 12 bits
DCAM_BITPIXEL_14 : 14 bits
DCAM_BITPIXEL_16 : 16 bits

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nBit = 0;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

// Get size of image
if(DcamGetBitPerPixel(&nBit) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.8 DcamSetCCDType: Function to set the CCD sensor type

BOOL DcamSetCCDType(INT nType)

[Summary]

Sets the CCD sensor type.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| nType | To specify the type of sensor, that are specified in "DCamUSB.h". |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE0 | : 2068x1(S10420-1106), 2068x70(S10420-1106-01, S11071-1106) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE2 | : 2068x22(S10420-1104-01, S11071-1104) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE3 | : 1044x1(S10420-1006), 1044x70(S10420-1006-01, S11071-1006) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE5 | : 1044x22(S10420-1004-01, S11071-1004) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE10 | : 64x64(G11097) |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetCCDType, DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetCCDType(DCAM_CCD_TYPE0) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.9 DcamGetCCDType: Function to retrieve the CCD sensor type

BOOL DcamGetCCDType(INT* pType)

[Summary]

Retrieves the CCD sensor type.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| pType | Specifies the address of the variable where the type of CCD sensor that is currently set is to be stored. Acquire type of sensors that are retrieved, that is specified in the "DcamUSB.h". |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE0 | : 2068x1(S10420-1106), 2068x70(S10420-1106-01, S11071-1106) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE2 | : 2068x22(S10420-1104-01, S11071-1104) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE3 | : 1044x1(S10420-1006), 1044x70(S10420-1006-01, S11071-1006) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE5 | : 1044x22(S10420-1004-01, S11071-1004) |
| DCAM_CCD_TYPE10 | : 64x64(G11097) |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetCCDType

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nType;
DWORD       dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetCCDType(&nType) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.10 DcamSetMeasureDataCount:Function to set the measurement line count

BOOL DcamSetMeasureDataCount(INT nCount)

[Summary]

Sets the measurement frame count.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|--|
| nCount | Specifies the measurement frame count. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|--------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetBinning, DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetBitPerPixel, DcamDcamGetCaptureBytes,
DcamGetMeasureDataCount

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetMeasureDataCount (10) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.11 DcamGetMeasureDataCount:Function to retrieve the measurement line count

BOOL DcamGetMeasureDataCount(INT* pCount)

[Summary]

Retrieves the measurement frame count.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|--|
| pCount | Specifies the address of the variable where the measurement frame count is to be stored. |
|--------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetBinning, DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetBitPerPixel, DcamGetCapture-Bytes,
DcamSetMeasureDataCount

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nCount = 0;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

// Get the measurement line count
if(DcamGetMeasureDataCount (&nCount) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.12 DcamGetCaptureBytes : Function to retrieve number of bytes of one frame

BOOL DcamGetCaptureBytes(INT* pBytes)

[Summary]

Retrieves the number of bytes of one frame.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|---|
| pBytes | Specifies the address of the variable where the number of bytes of one frame is to be stored. |
|--------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetBitPerPixel, DcamGetMeasureDataCount, DcamGetTotalCaptureBytes

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nBytes = 0;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

// Get total bytes of capture size.
if(DcamGetFrameBytes(&nBytes) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.13 DcamGetTotalCaptureBytes:Function to retrieve total number of bytes per capture size

BOOL DcamGetTotalCaptureBytes(INT* pBytes)

[Summary]

Retrieves the total number of bytes per capture size.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|---|
| pBytes | Specifies the address of the variable where the total number of bytes per capture size is to be stored. |
|--------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetImageSize, DcamGetBitPerPixel, DcamGetMeasureDataCount, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nBytes = 0;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

// Get total bytes of capture size.
if(DcamGetFrameBytes(&nBytes) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.14 DcamCapture: Function to capture the image

BOOL DcamCapture(LPVOID pImageBuff, INT nBuffSize)

[Summary]

Starts to capture one image from the device.

[Arguments]

| | |
|------------|--|
| pImageBuff | Specifies the starting address of the buffer where the image data is to be stored. |
| nBuffSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

- (1) This function issues an instruction to start capturing the image. Since the image capturing is not complete even when this function ends, use the DcamWait function to check whether image capturing is complete.
- (2) The necessary buffer size can be obtained with the DcamGetCaptureBytes function.

[Reference]

DcamWait, DcamStop, DcamStopEx, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

Please refer to "7.1 About the flow of data acquisition".

6.1.15 DcamCaptureReverseX: Function to capture the image

BOOL DcamCaptureReverseX(LPVOID pImageBuff, INT nBuffSize)

[Summary]

Starts to capture one image from the device. The X-axis of the acquired image data is reversed.

[Arguments]

| | |
|------------|--|
| pImageBuff | Specifies the starting address of the buffer where the image data is to be stored. |
| nBuffSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

- (1) This function issues an instruction to start capturing the image. Since the image capturing is not complete even when this function ends, use the DcamWait function to check whether image capturing is complete.
- (2) The necessary buffer size can be obtained with the DcamGetCaptureBytes function.

[Reference]

DcamWait, DcamStop, DcamStopEx, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

Please refer to "7.1 About the flow of data acquisition".

6.1.16 DcamStop: Function to stop image capturing

BOOL DcamStop(VOID)

[Summary]

Stops capturing the image.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamCapture, DcamCaptureReverseX, DcamWait, DcamStopEx

[Example]

Please refer to "7.1 About the flow of data acquisition".

6.1.17 DcamStopEx: Function to stop image capturing

BOOL DcamStopEx(VOID)

[Summary]

Stops capturing the image.
 The function of "DcamStopEx" is same as "DcamStop".
 But if use the following models, please use "DcamStopEx".

| Model | Version |
|--------|--|
| C11287 | "V1.01C_V1.01F" Earlier than this. (including this version.) |
| C11288 | "V1.01C_V1.01F" Earlier than this. (including this version.) |
| C11860 | "V0.02C_V0.03F" Earlier than this. (including this version.) |
| C11861 | "V0.02C_V0.03F" Earlier than this. (including this version.) |

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
 For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamCapture, DcamCaptureReverseX, DcamWait, DcamStop

[Example]

Please refer to "7.1 About the flow of data acquisition".

6.1.18 DcamWait: Function to wait till image is captured

BOOL DcamWait(DWORD* pStatus, INT nTimeout)

[Summary]

Waits till the image is captured.

[Arguments]

pStatus Specifies the address of the variable where the image capturing completion status is to be stored. Whether image capturing is complete or not can be checked by the value in this variable. The value is either of the following:

DCAM_WAITSTATUS_COMPLETED : Image capturing is complete.

DCAM_WAITSTATUS_UNCOMPLETED : Image capturing is not complete.

nTimeout Specifies the length of timeout in milliseconds.
When "DCAM_WAIT_INFINITE" is specified here, the process waits until image capturing is finished.
When "0" is specified, control is returned immediately after checking the status.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamCapture, DcamCaptureReverseX, DcamStop, DcamStopEx

[Example]

Please refer to "7.1 About the flow of data acquisition".

6.1.19 DcamSetGain: Function to set the gain

BOOL DcamSetGain(INT nGain)

[Summary]

Sets the gain.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|---|
| nGain | Specifies the gain value. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|-------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetGain

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetGain(5) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.20 DcamGetGain: Function to retrieve the gain

BOOL DcamGetGain(INT* pGain)

[Summary]

Retrieves the gain.

[Arguments]

pGain Specifies the address of the variable where the gain is to be stored.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetGain

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT                      nGain = -1;
DWORD                   dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetGain(&nGain) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.21 DcamSetOffset: Function to set the offset

BOOL DcamSetOffset(INT nOffset)

[Summary]

Sets the offset.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------|---|
| nOffset | Specifies the offset value. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|---------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetOffset

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetOffset(10) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.22 DcamGetOffset: Function to retrieve the offset

BOOL DcamGetOffset(INT* pOffset)

[Summary]

Retrieves the offset.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------|---|
| pOffset | Specifies the address of the variable where the offset is to be stored. |
|---------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetOffset

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nOffset = -1;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetOffset(&nOffset) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.23 DcamSetBinning: Function to set the binning

BOOL DcamSetBinning(INT nBinning)

[Summary]

Sets the binning.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| nBinning | Specifies the binning. Either one of the following can be specified. |
| DCAM_BINNING_AREA | : Area scanning |
| DCAM_BINNING_FULL | : Full line binning |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

When this function is run, the number of bytes per frame size may change. Check the capture size with the DcamGetCaptureBytes function.

[Reference]

DcamGetBinning, DcamGetCaptureBytes

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD    dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetBinning(DCAM_BINNING_FULL) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.24 DcamGetBinning: Function to retrieve the binning

BOOL DcamGetBinning(INT* pBinning)

[Summary]

Retrieves the binning.

[Arguments]

| | |
|----------|--|
| pBinning | Specifies the address of the variable where the currently set binning is to be stored. Either one of the following values is obtained. |
| | DCAM_BINNING_AREA : Area scanning |
| | DCAM_BINNING_FULL : Full line binning |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetBinning

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nBinning;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetBinning(&nBinning) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```


6.1.25 DcamSetTriggerMode: Function to set the trigger mode

BOOL DcamSetTriggerMode(INT nMode)

[Summary]

Sets the trigger mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| nMode | Specifies the trigger mode. Any one of the following can be specified. |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_INT | : Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_EDGE | : External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_LEVEL | : External Trigger Level Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_INT | : Global Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_EDGE | : Global Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_GATED | : Global Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | : Global Shutter External One Shot Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_INT | : Rolling Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_EDGE | : Rolling Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_GATED | : Rolling Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | : Rolling Shutter External One Shot Mode |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetTriggerMode, DcamSetTriggerPolarity, DcamGetTriggerPolarity, DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetTriggerMode(DCAM_TRIGMODE_INT) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.26 DcamGetTriggerMode: Function to retrieve the trigger mode

BOOL DcamGetTriggerMode(INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the trigger mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| pMode | Specifies the address of the variable where the currently set trigger mode is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_INT | : Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_EDGE | : External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_EXT_LEVEL | : External Trigger Level Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_INT | : Global Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_EDGE | : Global Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_GATED | : Global Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_GS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | : Global Shutter External One Shot Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_INT | : Rolling Shutter Internal Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_EDGE | : Rolling Shutter External Trigger Edge Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_GATED | : Rolling Shutter External Gated Mode |
| DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_ONE_SHOT | : Rolling Shutter External One Shot Mode |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamSetTriggerPolarity, DcamGetTriggerPolarity, DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nMode;
DWORD       dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetTriggerMode(&nMode) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.27 DcamSetTriggerPolarity: Function to set the trigger polarity

BOOL DcamSetTriggerPolarity(INT nPolarity)

[Summary]

Sets the trigger polarity.

[Arguments]

nPolarity Specifies the trigger polarity. Either one of the following can be specified.

DCAM_TRIGPOL_POSITIVE : Positive

DCAM_TRIGPOL_NEGATIVE : Negative

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetTriggerPolarity, DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamGetTriggerMode,
DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetTriggerPolarity(DCAM_TRIGPOL_POSITIVE) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.28 DcamGetTriggerPolarity: Function to retrieve the trigger polarity

BOOL DcamGetTriggerPolarity(INT* pPolarity)

[Summary]

Retrieves the trigger polarity.

[Arguments]

pPolarity Specifies the address of the variable where the currently set trigger polarity is to be stored. Either one of the following values is obtained.

DCAM_TRIGPOL_POSITIVE : Positive

DCAM_TRIGPOL_NEGATIVE : Negative

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetTriggerPolarity, DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamGetTriggerMode,
DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nPolarity;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetTriggerPolarity(&nPolarity) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.29 DcamSetExposureTime: Function to set the exposure time

BOOL DcamSetExposureTime(INT nTime)

[Summary]

Sets the exposure time.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|--|
| nTime | Specifies the exposure time. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|-------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetExposureTime, DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamGetTriggerMode,
DcamSetTriggerPolarity, DcamGetTriggerPolarity

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetExposureTime(120 /* 120 msec */) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.30 DcamGetExposureTime: Function to retrieve the exposure time

BOOL DcamGetExposureTime(INT* pTime)

[Summary]

Retrieves the exposure time.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|--|
| pTime | Retrieves the exposure time that is currently set in standard time units |
|-------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetExposureTime, DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamGetTriggerMode, DcamSetTriggerPolarity, DcamGetTriggerPolarity

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nTime;           // msec
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetExposureTime(&nTime) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.31 DcamSetOperatingMode: Function to set the CCD operating mode

BOOL DcamSetOperatingMode(INT nMode)

[Summary]

Sets the CCD operating mode.

[Arguments]

nMode Specifies the CCD operating mode. Any one of the following can be specified.

DCAM_OPMODE_DARKCURRENT : Low Dark Current Mode

DCAM_OPMODE_SATURATION : High Saturation Charge Mode

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetOperatingMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

DWORDdwErrCode;

```
if(DcamSetOperatingMode(DCAM_OPMODE_DARKCURRENT) != TRUE){  
dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.32 DcamGetOperatingMode: Function to retrieve the CCD operating mode

BOOL DcamGetOperatingMode(INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the CCD operating mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|---|
| pMode | Specifies the address of the variable where the CCD operating mode is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. DCAM_OPMODE_DARKCURRENT : Low Dark Current Mode DCAM_OPMODE_SATURATION : High Saturation Charge Mode |
|-------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetOperatingMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nMode;  
DWORD       dwErrCode;  
  
if(DcamGetOperatingMode(&nMode) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```


6.1.33 DcamSetLEDOperatingMode: Function to set the LED light operating mode

BOOL DcamSetLEDOperatingMode(INT nMode)

[Summary]

Sets the LED light operating mode.

[Arguments]

nMode Specifies the LED light operating mode. Any one of the following can be specified.

DCAM_LEDOPMODE_OFF : LED Off Mode

DCAM_LEDOPMODE_ON : LED On Mode

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetLEDOperatingMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;
```

```
if(DcamSetLEDOperatingMode(DCAM_LEDOPMODE_OFF) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.34 DcamGetLEDOperatingMode: Function to retrieve the LED light operating mode

BOOL DcamGetLEDOperatingMode(INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the LED light operating mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| pMode | Specifies the address of the variable where the LED light operating mode is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. |
| DCAM_LEDOPMODE_OFF | : LED Off Mode |
| DCAM_LEDOPMODE_ON | : LED On Mode |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetLEDOperatingMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nMode;
DWORD       dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetLEDOperatingMode(&nMode) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.35 DcamSetStandardTimeUnit: Function to set the standard time unit type

BOOL DcamSetStandardTimeUnit(INT nType)

[Summary]

Sets the standard time unit type.

[Arguments]

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| nType | Specifies the standard time unit from among the following types. |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE1 : | Trigger setting [msec], Pulse Out setting [msec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE2 : | Trigger setting [usec], Pulse Out setting [usec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE3 : | Trigger setting [msec], Pulse Out setting = [usec] |
| DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE4 : | Trigger setting = [Clock], Pulse Out setting = [Clock] |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamGetStandardTimeUnit, DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime, DcamSetOutPulse, DcamGetOutPulse

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetStandardTimeUnit(DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE1) !=TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.36 DcamGetStandardTimeUnit: Function to retrieve the standard time unit type

BOOL DcamGetStandardTimeUnit(INT *pType)

[Summary]

Retrieves the standard time unit type.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|---|
| pType | Specifies the address of the variable where the type of standard time unit that is currently set is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE1: Trigger setting [mSec], Pulse Out setting [mSec] DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE2 : Trigger setting [uSec], Pulse Out setting [uSec] DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE3 : Trigger setting [mSec], Pulse Out setting = [uSec] DCAM_TIME_UNIT_TYPE4 : Trigger setting = [Clock], Pulse Out setting = [Clock] |
|-------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamSetStandardTimeUnit, DcamSetExposureTime, DcamGetExposureTime, DcamSetOutPulse, DcamGetOutPulse

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
INT  nType;

if(DcamGetStandardTimeUnit(&nType) !=TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.37 DcamSetOutPulse: Function to set the out pulse information

BOOL DcamSetOutPulse(INT nMode, INT nPolarity, INT nDelayTime,
INT nPulseWidth)

[Summary]

Sets the out pulse information.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------------|--|
| nMode | Specifies the output mode. Any one of the following can be specified. DCAM_OUTMODE_NOTOUTPUT : Low Dark Current Mode DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_DT_PW : Output (Delay Time + Pulse width) DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_ACCUM : Output (Accumulation time width) |
| nPolarity | Specifies the polarity of out pulse. Any one of the following can be specified. DCAM_OUTPOL_POSITIVE : Positive DCAM_OUTPOL_NEGATIVE : Negative |
| nDelayTime | Specifies the delay time. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
| nPulseWidth | Specifies the pulse width. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetOperatingMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamSetOutPulse(DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_DT_PW,
DCAM_OUTPOL_NEGATIVE,
10,
100) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.38 DcamGetOutPulse: Function to retrieve the out pulse information

BOOL DcamGetOutPulse (INT* pMode, INT* pPolarity, INT* pDelayTime,
INT* pPulseWidth)

[Summary]

Retrieves the out pulse information.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------------|--|
| pMode | Specifies the address of the variable where the output mode is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. DCAM_OUTMODE_NOTOUTPUT : Low Dark Current Mode DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_DT_PW : Output (Delay Time + Pulse width) DCAM_OUTMODE_PLS_ACCUM : Output (Accumulation time width) |
| pPolarity | Specifies the address of the variable where the polarity of out pulse is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained. DCAM_OUTPOL_POSITIVE : Positive DCAM_OUTPOL_NEGATIVE : Negative |
| pDelayTime | Retrieves the delay time that is currently set. |
| pPulseWidth | Retrieves the pulse width that is currently set. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetOutPulse

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```

INT          nMode;
INT          nPolarity;
INT          nDelayTime = 0;
INT          nPulseWidth = 0;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetOutPulse(&nMode, &nPolarity, &nDelayTime, &nPulseWidth) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}

```

6.1.39 DcamLoadParameters: Function to load the parameters

BOOL DcamLoadParameters(INT nTimeout)

[Summary]

Reads the device parameter settings from the internal EEPROM.

[Arguments]

nTimeout Specifies the length of timeout in milliseconds.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamStoreParameters

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamLoadParameters() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.40 DcamStoreParameters: Function to store the parameters

BOOL DcamStoreParamters(VOID)

[Summary]

Writes the current parameter settings of the device into the internal EEPROM.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamLoadParameters

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamStoreParamters() != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.41 DcamGetVersion: Function to retrieve the version

BOOL DcamGetVersion(char* szVersion, INT nBufSize)

[Summary]

Retrieves the library version number, in string format.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-----------|---|
| szVersion | Specifies the starting address of the character string buffer where the version of the library is to be stored. |
| nBufSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Reference]

DcamFirmwareVersion, DcamGetDriverVersion, DcamGetDeviceInformation

[Note]

None.

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
char        szVersion[256];
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetVersion(szVersion, sizeof(szVersion)) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.42 DcamGetDriverVersion: Function to retrieve driver information

BOOL DcamGetDriverVersion(char* szVersion, INT nBufSize)

[Summary]

Retrieves the driver version number, in string format.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-----------|--|
| szVersion | Specifies the starting address of the character string buffer where the version of the driver is to be stored. |
| nBufSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamVersion, DcamGetFirmwareVersion, DcamGetDeviceInformation

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
char        szVersion[256];
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetDriverVersion(szVersion, sizeof(szVersion)) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.43 DcamGetFirmwareVersion: Function to retrieve the firmware information

BOOL DcamGetFirmwareVersion(char* szFirmVersion, INT nBufSize)

[Summary]

Retrieves the firmware version number, in a character string format.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------------|--|
| szFirmVersion | Specifies the starting address of the character string buffer where the version of the firmware is to be stored. |
| nBufSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamVersion, DcamGetDriverVersion, DcamGetDeviceInformation

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
char          szVersion[256];
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetFirmwareVersion(szVersion, sizeof(szVersion)) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.44 DcamGetDeviceInformation:Function to retrieve the device information

```
BOOL DcamGetDeviceInformation(INT nType, char* pszBuff, INT nBufSize)
```

[Summary]

Retrieves the device information.

[Arguments]

| | |
|----------|---|
| nType | Specifies any one of the following type of information. DCAM_DEVINF_TYPE : Device type DCAM_DEVINF_SERIALNO : Serial number of device DCAM_DEVINF_VERSION : Device version |
| pszBuff | Specifies the starting address of the character string buffer where the device information is to be stored. |
| nBufSize | Specifies the buffer size (number of bytes). |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamVersion, DcamGetDriverVersion, DcamGetFirmwareVersion,

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
char        szInfo[256];
DWORD      dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetDeviceInformation(DCAM_DEVINF_TYPE, szInfo, sizeof(szInfo)) !=
TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.45 DcamGetTransferRateType:Function to retrieve the USB transfer rate type

BOOL DcamGetTransferRateType (INT* pType)

[Summary]

Retrieves the USB transfer rate type.

[Arguments]

pType Specifies the address of the variable where the type of USB transfer rate that is currently set is to be stored. Any one of the following values is obtained.

DCAM_TRANSRATE_USB11 : USB 1.1 standard

DCAM_TRANSRATE_USB20 : USB 2.0 standard

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

None

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT          nType;
DWORD        dwErrCode;

if(DcamGetTransferRateType(&nType) != TRUE){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.46 DcamGetLastError : Function to retrieve the last error code

DWORD DcamGetLastError(VOID)

[Summary]

Retrieves the last-error code.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

The last error code is returned. For details on error code, refer to the error code table.

[Note]

None.

6.1.47 DcamSetOverClock : Function to Set the over clock

BOOL DcamSetOverClock (INT nClock)

[Summary]

Sets the over clock.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|---|
| nClock | Specify the over clock. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|--------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

When the trigger mode is a DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_INT and DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_EDGE and DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_GATED and DCAM_TRIGMODE_RS_EXT_ONE_SHORT, this function can be executed.

[Reference]

DcamGetOverClock , DcamSetTriggerMode, DcamGetTriggerMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamSetOverClock (10) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.1.48 DcamGetOverClock: Function to retrieve the over clock

BOOL DcamGetOverClock (INT *pClock)

[Summary]

Retrieves the over clock.

[Arguments]

| | |
|--------|--|
| pClock | Specify the address of the variable where the over clock is to be stored |
|--------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetOverClock

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
INT nClock;  
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamGetOverClock (&nClock) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.1.49 DcamSetMPPMode: Function to Set MPP mode

BOOL DcamSetMPPMode(INT nMode)

[Summary]

Sets the MPP mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| nMode | Specify the MPP mode from among the following modes. |
| DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_OFF | : MPP mode is off. |
| DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_ON | : MPP mode is on |

[Return Value]

If the functio is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

When the MPP mode is changed, "Line Time" and "Exposure Time" are updated by hardware automatically. After calling this function, please acquire the "Line Time" and "Exposure Time" from hardware.

[Reference]

DcamGetMPPMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
If( DcamSetMPPMode(DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_ON)!= TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.50 DcamGetMPPMode: Function to retrieve the MPP mode

BOOL DcamGetMPPMode(INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the MPP mode.

[Arguments]

pMode Specify the address of the variable where the MPP mode is to be stored.
One of the following values is obtained.
DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_OFF : MPP mode is off.
DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_ON : MPP mode is on

[Return Value]

If the function is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetMPPMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nMode  
If( DcamGetMPPMode(&nMode)!= TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.51 DcamSetLineTime: Function to Set the Line Time

BOOL DcamSetLineTime(INT nTime)

[Summary]

Sets the Line Time.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|--|
| nTime | Specify the line time. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|-------|--|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetLineTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
If( DcamSetLineTime(100) TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.52 DcamGetLineTime: Function to retrieve the Line Time

BOOL DcamGetLineTime(INT* pTime)

[Summary]

Retrieves the Line Time.

[Arguments]

pTime Specify the address of the variable where the line time is to be stored.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetLineTime

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nTime ;  
If( DcamGetLineTime(&nTime) TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.53 DcamSetIntegralCapacity: Function to Set the integral capacity

BOOL DcamSetIntegralCapacity (INT nType)

[Summary]

Settings indicate the type of integration capacity.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|---|
| nType | Settings indicate the type of integration capacity. Please refer to the "DCamUSB_FunctionParameterList_J.pdf" for input range. |
|-------|---|

[Return Value]

If the functio~~n~~n is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetIntegralCapacity

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
If(DcamSetIntegralCapacity(0) TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.54 DcamGetIntegralCapacity: Function to gets the integral capacity

BOOL DcamGetIntegralCapacity (INT* pType)

[Summary]

Get the type of integration capacity.

[Arguments]

pType Specifies the address of a variable that integration capacity to store.

[Return Value]

If the functio is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetIntegralCapacity

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nType  
If(DcamGetIntegralCapacity(&nType) TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.55 DcamSetDriveMode: Function to set CCD drive mode

BOOL DcamSetDriveMode(INT nMode, INT nTimeout)

[Summary]

Sets the CCD drive mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|----------|--|
| nMode | Specify the CCD drive mode. Either one of the following can be specified. DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_SUSPEND : Suspend DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_STANDBY : Standby |
| nTimeout | Specify the timeout(ms) for sets the CCD drive mode. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetDriveMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamSetDriveMode(DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_SUSPEND, 0) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.56 DcamGetDriveMode: Function to retrieve the CCD drive mode

BOOL DcamGetDriveMode(INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the TG pulse width.

[Arguments]

| | |
|-------|---|
| pMode | Specify the address of the variable where the CCD drive mode is to be stored. Either one of the following values is obtained. DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_SUSPEND : Suspend DCAM_CCDDRVMODE_STANDBY : Standby |
|-------|---|

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetDriveMode

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nMode = 0;  
if( DcamGetDriveMode(&nMode)!= TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.57 DcamSetElectronicShutter: Function to set electronic shutter mode

BOOL DcamSetElectronicShutter (INT nMode)

[Summary]

Sets the electronic shutter mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| nMode | Specify the electronic shutter mode from among the following modes. |
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_OFF | : Electronic shutter mode is off. |
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_ON | : Electronic shutter mode is on. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetElectronicShutter

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
If( DcamSetElectronicShutter (DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_ON)!= TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.58 DcamGetElectronicShutter: Function to retrieve the electronic shutter mode

BOOL DcamGetElectronicShutter (INT* pMode)

[Summary]

Retrieves the electronic shutter mode.

[Arguments]

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| pMode | Specify the address of the variable where the electronic shutter mode is to be stored. |
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_OFF | : Electronic shutter mode is off. |
| DCAM_CCDESHUTTER_ON | : Electronic shutter mode is on. |

[Return Value]

If the function is successful. The return value is TRUE(1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetElectronicShutter

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nMode;  
If( DcamGetElectronicShutter (&nMode)!= TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.1.59 DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth : Function to Set TG pulse width

```
BOOL DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth(INT nSignalSensor, INT nWidth );
```

[Summary]

Sets the TG pulse width.

This value becomes the bottom value of the exposure time. When this value became bigger than exposure time, please change exposure time by all means.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------------|--|
| nSignalSecsor | Specify 0. |
| nWidth | Specifies the TG pulse width in the range from 2 to 500[usec]. |

[Return Value]

If the funciotn is successful. The return value is TRUE(1).

Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
If( DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth( 0, 40 ){
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();
}
```

6.1.60 DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth : Function to retrieve the TG pulse width

```
BOOL DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth(INT nSignalSensor, INT* pWidth ) ;
```

[Summary]

Retrieves the TG pulse width.

[Arguments]

| | |
|---------------|---|
| nSignalSecsor | Specify 0. |
| pWidth | Specify the address of the variable where the TG pulse width is to be stored. |

[Return Value]

If the functio is successful. The return value is TRUE(1).

Otherwise, the return value is FALSE(0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamGetLastError function.

[Note]

None.

[Reference]

DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT    nWidth  
If( DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth( 0, &nWidth ){  
    dwErrCode = DcamGetLastError();  
}
```

6.2 DcamTmpCtrl

6.2.1 DcamTmpCtrlInitialize : Function to initialize the library

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlInitialize(VOID)

[Summary]

Initialize the library.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

Always run this function first before running other functions.

An error occurs if the library has already been initialized.

Only one process can use this library.

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlUninitialize

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlInitialize () != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.2 DcamTmpCtrlUninitialize : Function to uninitialize the library

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlUninitialize (VOID)

[Summary]

Unloads the library resources and closes the device driver.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

Call this function when quitting the program or when the DcamTmpCtrl library is not required.

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlInitialize

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamTmpCtrlUninitialize () != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.3 DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError : Function to retrieve the last error code

DWORD DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError (VOID)

[Summary]

Retreives the last-error code.

[Arguments]

None.

[Return Value]

The last error code is returned. For details on error code, refer to the error code Table.

[Note]

None.

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();
```

6.2.4 DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingControl : Function to Set the cooling control status

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingControl (BOOL bOnOff)

[Summary]

Sets the cooling control status.

[Arguments]

bOnOff Specify the Cooling control status from among the following modes.

DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_OFF : Cooling control off

DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_ON : Cooling control on

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingControl

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
if(DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingControl (DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_ON) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.5 DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingControl : Function to retrieve the cooling control status

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingControl (BOOL *pbOnOff)

[Summary]

Retrieves the cooling control status.

[Arguments]

pbOnOff Specify the address of the variable where the currently set the cooling control status is to be stored.

DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_OFF : Cooling control off

DCAM_COOLING_CONTROL_ON : Cooling control on

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingControl

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
BOOL bOnOff;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingControl (&bOnOff) != TRUE){
```

```
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();
```

```
}
```

6.2.6 DcamTmpCtrlLoadCoolingTemperature : Function to Load the cooling temperature

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlLoadCoolingTemperature (Void)

[Summary]

Load the cooling temperature.

[Arguments]

None

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlSaveCoolingTemperature

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlLoadCoolingTemperature () != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.7 DcamTmpCtrlSaveCoolingTemperature : Function to save the cooling temperature

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlSaveCoolingTemperature (Void)

[Summary]

Save the cooling temperature.

[Arguments]

None

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlLoadCoolingTemperature

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlSaveCoolingTemperature () != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.8 DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperature : Function to retrieve the coolingTemperature

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperature(INT *pValue)

[Summary]

Retrieves the cooling temperature.

[Arguments]

pValue Specify the address of the variable where the cooling temperature is to be stored.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingTemperature

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
INT nValue;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperature (&nValue) != TRUE){
```

```
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();
```

```
}
```

6.2.9 DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingTemperature : Function to Set the cooling temperature

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingTemperature (INT nValue)

[Summary]

Sets the cooling temperature.

[Arguments]

nValue Specify the cooling temperature.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperature

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;
```

```
if(DcamTmpCtrlSetCoolingTemperature (10) != TRUE){
```

```
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();
```

```
}
```

6.2.10 DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperatureCurrent: Function to retrieve the cooling current temperature

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperatureCurrent (INT *pValue)

[Summary]

Retrieves the cooling current temperature.

[Arguments]

pValue Specify the address of the variable where the cooling current temperature is to be stored.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

None

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nValue;  
if(DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingTemperatureCurrent (&nValue) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.11 DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingStatus : Function to retrieve the cooling temperature status

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingStatus (INT *pValue)

[Summary]

Retrieves the cooling temperature status.

[Arguments]

pValue Specify the address of the variable where the cooling status is to be stored.
One of the following values is obtained.
DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_NORMAL : The cooling temperature is normal.
DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_LOWER : The cooling temperature is lower.
DCAM_COOLING_STATUS_HIGHER : The cooling temperature is higher.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).

For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

None

[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nValue;  
if(DcamTmpCtrlGetCoolingStatus (&nValue) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

6.2.12 DcamTmpCtrlGetThermistorStatus : Function to retrieve the Thermistor status

BOOL DcamTmpCtrlGetThermistorStatus(INT *pValue)

[Summary]

Retrieves the Thermistor status.

[Arguments]

pValue Specify the address of the variable where the thermistor status is to be stored.
One of the following values is obtained.

DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_NOERROR : Thermistor no error.
DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_ERROR : Thermistor error.
DCAM_THERMISTOR_STATUS_OVER : Thermistor temperature over.

[Return Value]

If the function is successful, the return value is TRUE (1). Otherwise, the return value is FALSE (0).
For details on error information, refer to the DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError function.

[Note]

None

[Reference]

None

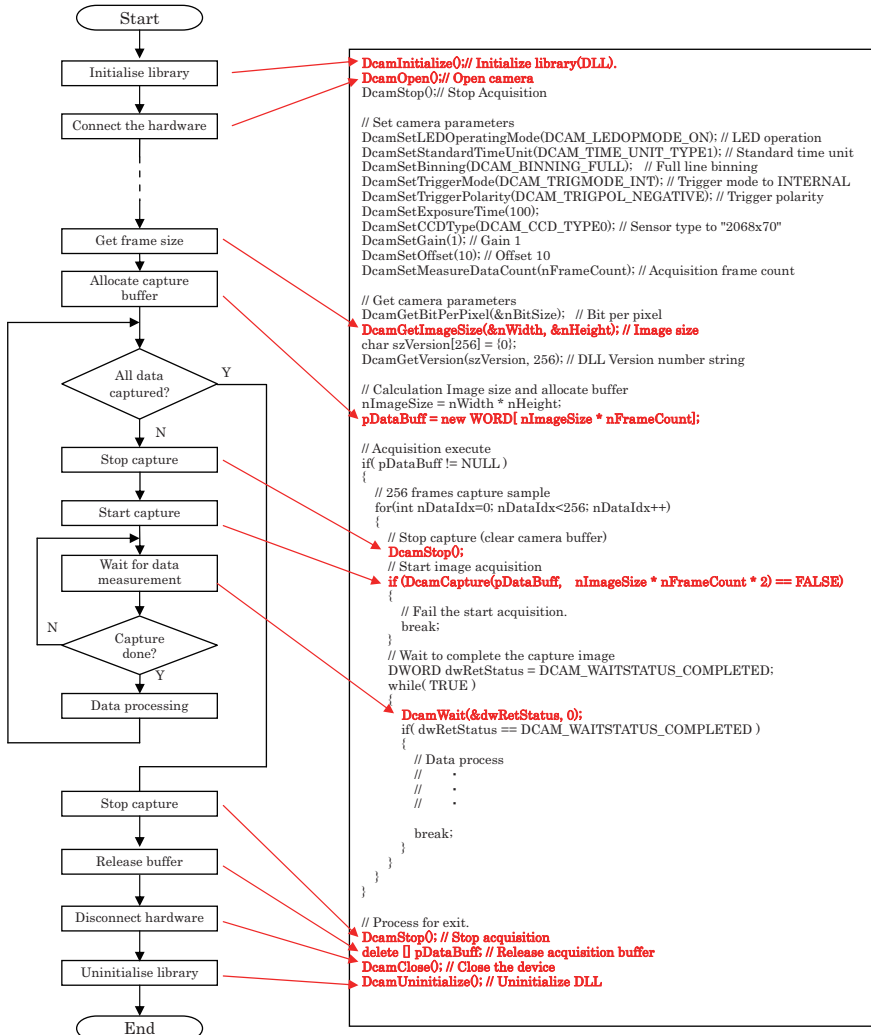
[Example]

The following example shows how this function is called.

```
DWORD dwErrCode;  
INT nValue;  
if(DcamTmpCtrlGetThermistorStatus (&nValue) != TRUE){  
    dwErrCode = DcamTmpCtrlGetLastError ();  
}
```

7.1 About the flow of data acquisition

The flow of following steps are the flow of data acquisition.



7.2 About the using of the "DcamStop()"

The functions of "DcamStop()" are following.

- Stop capturing of PC.
- Stop data acquisition process and reset data memory in hardware.

And therefore, the sample program of this library use the "DcamStop()" at three times of following.

- Start of capture process. (After calling the "DcamConnect()".)
- Process of the capturing image. (Before calling the "DcamCapture()".)
- End of capture process. (Before to release capture buffer.)

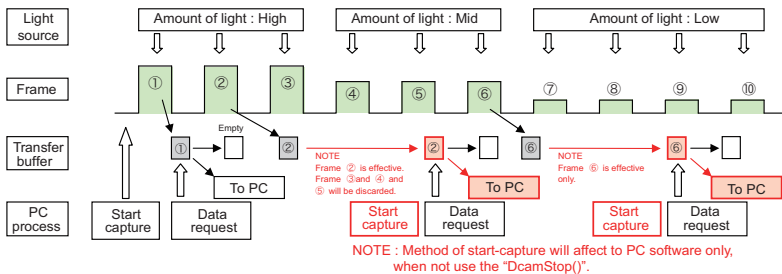
"DcamStop ()" is not necessary method.

But, there is a difference of capture data following two case.

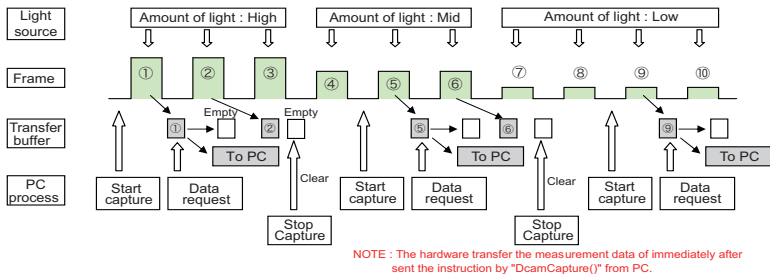
- DcamCapture() -> DcamWait() -> DcamCapture() ...
- DcamCapture() -> DcamWait() -> Dcamstop() -> DcamCapture() ...

Please refer to the following and please be careful.

■ Case of not use the "DcamStop()"



■ Case of use the "DcamStop()"



7.3 About operation of the device connection and remove.

The DCamUSB library has the function (DcamGetDeviceState) which checks the connection state of a device.

When the device (or the USB cable) is removed, the application uses this function to confirm the connection state of a device.

The application recognizes the moment when a device is removed.

Because when a device is removed, the OS sends the device change message (WM_DEVICECHANGE) to the top Window of the application.

When an application receives this message, it confirms connection state of a device by a DcamGetDeviceState function. By the status type acquired from this function, the application understands connected device existence.

When the device is disconnected, the state of the device is confirmed and if no device found (DCAM_DEVSTATE_NODEVICE) please perform the disconnect process (DcamClose, DcamUninitialize) in the library.

When a device is connected, the OS recognizes a change of a device, and OS sends a message to the application. The application checks the connection state of a device, and, if a device is found connection process starts.

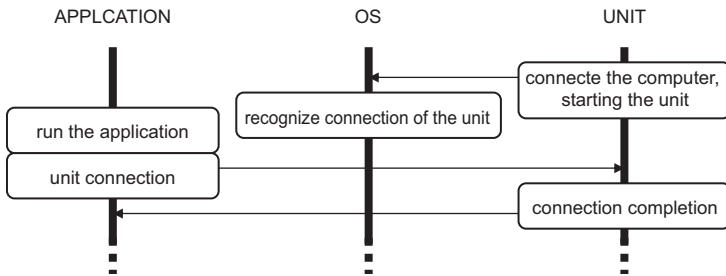
In the above-mentioned operation, there are some attentions.

- 1) When a device is connected and removed frequently, it may become the cause of failure of the device. Please use it after understanding the specifications of the device.
- 2) In the operation, which removes or connects a device, the message which notifies, state change of the device transmitted from OS is not necessarily surely transmitted only once.
It may transmit two or more times by the device. Moreover, a message is transmitted also for operation of other devices. (For example, when CD is inserted in CD drives etc.) . Please consider this in the case of programming.
- 3) When the device is removed and reconnected, the settings of the device changes to initial values in contrast to the settings of the device in the application. When the device is reconnection, and the settings before disconnection is required, application holds the settings of the device, and so please set it after reconnection.

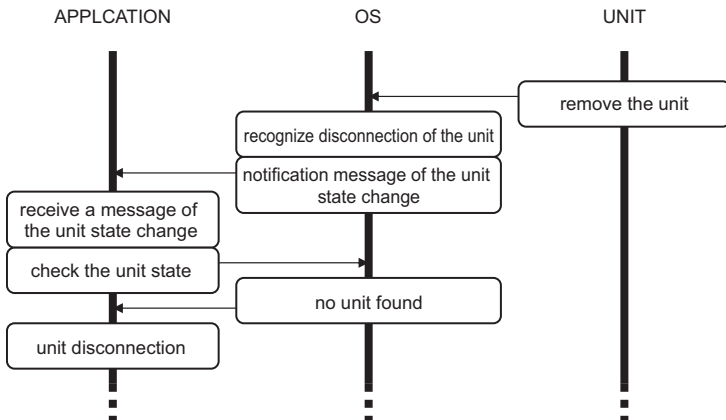
However depending upon the specification of device there are also devices, which requires time for starting when connected to PC. Even after reconnecting, there may be situations when setting can't be done, because device is in the starting process. Please use it after understanding the specifications of a device.

Chart below is a basic procedure when the device connects and removes.

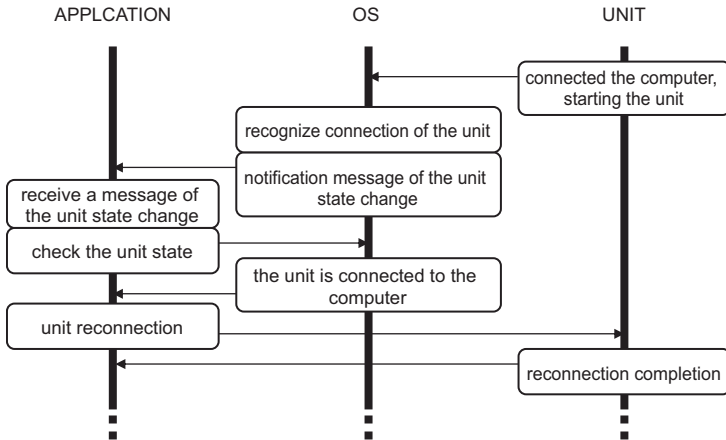
- [The device connection]



- [The device is remove]



- [The device is reconnection]



[Example]

LRESULT CALLBACK WndProc(HWND hWnd, UINT message,
WPARAM wParam, LPARAM lParam)

```

{
    INT    nState;    // Device State
    :
    :
    switch( message ) {
        :
        :
        case WM_DEVICECHANGE:
            // Get Device State
            if( DcamGetDeviceState(&nState) ) {
                if(nState == DCAM_DEVSTATE_NODEVICE) { // No device found
                    DisconnectionDevice();
                } else if(nState == DCAM_DEVSTATE_DEVICE) { // Device found
                    ConnectionDevice();
                }
            }
        }
    }
    break;
    :

```

Document History

| Date | Document Revision | Contents |
|-------------|-------------------|--|
| 01.Jun.2009 | 1.00 | First Edition |
| 23.Jul.2009 | 1.10 | Added the description of the following functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetStandardTimeUnit • DcamGetStandardTimeUnit |
| 08.Oct.2009 | 1.20 | Corrected misspelling. Added the description of the DCamTmpCtrl.dll. |
| 30.May.2011 | 1.30 | Added the description of the following functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetMPPMode • DcamGetMPPMode • DcamSetLineTime • DcamGetLineTime • DcamSetIntegralCapacity • DcamGetIntegralCapacity • DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth • DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth |
| 15.Jul.2011 | 1.40 | Delete the description of the following functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth • DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth Added the description of the following functions and constant. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetDriveMode • DcamGetDriveMode • DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_OFF • DCAM_CCDMPPMODE_ON |
| 28.Sep.2011 | 1.41 | Update the version of "DCamUSB" Update the version of "DCamTmpCtrl" Modify the "Required Files". |
| 11.Nov.2011 | 1.42 | Added the description of the following functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetElectronicShutter • DcamGetElectronicShutter |
| 01.May.2012 | 1.43 | Updated the description of the following functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamGetImageSize • DcamGetCCDType • DcamSetCCDType • DcamSetMeasDataCount • DcamGetMeasDataCount • DcamGetCaptureByte • DcamCapture • DcamCaptureReverseX • DcamStop • DcamWait Added the description of the following function. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamStopEx • DcamGetTotalCaptureBytes Added the description of the following explanation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7.1 About the flow of data acquisition • 7.2 About the using of the "DcamStop()" |
| 28.Jun.2012 | 2.00 | Delete the description of Wndows2000AAand added the description of Windows7. |
| 25.Feb.2014 | 2.01 | Added the description of the follwing functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DcamSetSensorSignalPulseWidth • DcamGetSensorSignalPulseWidth |
| 29.Jul.2014 | 2.02 | Edited by the end of support of WindowsXP. Add list of offices on the back cover. |

Driver Circuit for Image Sensor Control Library

DCamUSB and DCamTmpCtrl Function Specifications

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