

Sheldon1

Phase 1

First run the sheldon1 file using “chmod +x sheldon1” command and “./sheldon1” command.

Then open it using gdb.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# chmod +x sheldon1
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
^C
Home

^CSo you think you can stop the bomb with ctrl-c, do you?
Well ... OK. ;-)
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# gdb sheldon1
GNU gdb (Debian 8.3.1-1) 8.3.1
Copyright (C) 2019 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word" ...

warning: ~/peda/peda.py: No such file or directory
Reading symbols from sheldon1...
(gdb) info functions
All defined functions:

File bomb.c:
36: int main(int, char **);
```

Look for the functions inside sheldon1 using the command “info functions”. As we can see there are separate functions for each phase there.

```
warning: ~/peda/peda.py: No such file or directory
Reading symbols from sheldon1...
(gdb) info functions
All defined functions:
```

```
File bomb.c:
36:     int main(int, char **);
```

```
Non-debugging symbols:
0x080486e0 _init
0x08048720 __register_frame_info@plt
0x08048730 close@plt
0x08048740 fprintf@plt
0x08048750 tmpfile@plt
0x08048760 getenv@plt
0x08048770 signal
0x08048770 signal@plt
0x08048780 fflush
0x08048780 fflush@plt
0x08048790 bcopy
0x08048790 bcopy@plt
0x080487a0 rewind
0x080487a0 rewind@plt
0x080487b0 system
0x080487b0 system@plt
```

```
0x08048820 fclose@plt
0x08048830 gethostbyname
0x08048830 gethostbyname@plt
0x08048840 bzero
0x08048840 bzero@plt
0x08048850 exit
0x08048850 exit@plt
0x08048860 sscanf
0x08048860 sscanf@plt
0x08048870 connect
0x08048870 connect@plt
0x08048880 fopen
0x08048880 fopen@plt
0x08048890 dup
0x08048890 dup@plt
0x080488a0 sprintf
0x080488a0 sprintf@plt
0x080488b0 socket
0x080488b0 socket@plt
0x080488c0 cuserid
0x080488c0 cuserid@plt
0x080488d0 strcpy
0x080488d0 strcpy@plt
0x080488e0 _start
0x08048910 __do_global_ctors_aux
0x08048964 fini_dummy
0x08048970 frame_dummy
0x08048998 init_dummy
0x08048b20 phase_1
0x08048b48 phase_2
0x08048b98 phase_3
0x08048ca0 func4
0x08048ce0 phase_4
0x08048d2c phase_5
0x08048d98 phase_6
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
```

Then view the assembly code of the main function using “disassemble main” command.

```
(gdb)
(gdb) disassemble main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
0x080489b0 <+0>:  push    %ebp
0x080489b1 <+1>:  mov     %esp,%ebp
0x080489b3 <+3>:  sub     $0x14,%esp
0x080489b6 <+6>:  push    %ebx
0x080489b7 <+7>:  mov     0x8(%ebp),%eax
0x080489ba <+10>: mov     0xc(%ebp),%ebx
0x080489bd <+13>: cmp     $0x1,%eax
0x080489c0 <+16>: jne     0x80489d0 <main+32>
0x080489c2 <+18>: mov     0x804b648,%eax
0x080489c7 <+23>: mov     %eax,0x804b664
0x080489cc <+28>: jmp     0x8048a30 <main+128>
0x080489ce <+30>: mov     %esi,%esi
0x080489d0 <+32>: cmp     $0x2,%eax
0x080489d3 <+35>: jne     0x8048a10 <main+96>
0x080489d5 <+37>: add     $0xffffffff8,%esp
0x080489d8 <+40>: push    $0x8049620
0x080489dd <+45>: mov     0x4(%ebx),%eax
0x080489e0 <+48>: push    %eax
0x080489e1 <+49>: call    0x8048880 <fopen@plt>
0x080489e6 <+54>: mov     %eax,0x804b664
0x080489eb <+59>: add     $0x10,%esp
0x080489ee <+62>: test    %eax,%eax
0x080489f0 <+64>: jne     0x8048a30 <main+128>
```

```
0x08048b1c <+364>: ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) set disassembly-flavor intel
(gdb) disass main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
0x080489b0 <+0>:  push    ebp
0x080489b1 <+1>:  mov     ebp,esp
0x080489b3 <+3>:  sub     esp,0x14
0x080489b6 <+6>:  push    ebx
0x080489b7 <+7>:  mov     eax,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x080489ba <+10>: mov     ebx,DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]
0x080489bd <+13>: cmp     eax,0x1
0x080489c0 <+16>: jne     0x80489d0 <main+32>
0x080489c2 <+18>: mov     eax,ds:0x804b648
0x080489c7 <+23>: mov     ds:0x804b664,eax
0x080489cc <+28>: jmp     0x8048a30 <main+128>
0x080489ce <+30>: mov     esi,esi
0x080489d0 <+32>: cmp     eax,0x2
0x080489d3 <+35>: jne     0x8048a10 <main+96>
0x080489d5 <+37>: add     esp,0xffffffff8
0x080489d8 <+40>: push    0x8049620
0x080489dd <+45>: mov     eax,DWORD PTR [ebx+0x4]
0x080489e0 <+48>: push    eax
0x080489e1 <+49>: call    0x8048880 <fopen@plt>
0x080489e6 <+54>: mov     ds:0x804b664,eax
0x080489eb <+59>: add     esp,0x10
```

View the assembly code of the phase_1 using “disassemble phase_1” command.

```
0x080495e4 _fini
(gdb) disass phase_1
Dump of assembler code for function phase_1:
   0x08048b20 <+0>:    push    %ebp
   0x08048b21 <+1>:    mov     %esp,%ebp
   0x08048b23 <+3>:    sub     $0x8,%esp
   0x08048b26 <+6>:    mov     0x8(%ebp),%eax
   0x08048b29 <+9>:    add     $0xffffffff8,%esp
   0x08048b2c <+12>:   push    $0x80497c0
   0x08048b31 <+17>:   push    %eax
   0x08048b32 <+18>:   call    0x8049030 <strings_not_equal>
   0x08048b37 <+23>:   add     $0x10,%esp
   0x08048b3a <+26>:   test    %eax,%eax
   0x08048b3c <+28>:   je      0x8048b43 <phase_1+35>
   0x08048b3e <+30>:   call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
   0x08048b43 <+35>:   mov     %ebp,%esp
   0x08048b45 <+37>:   pop     %ebp
   0x08048b46 <+38>:   ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) x /x $ebp+0x8
No registers.
(gdb) run
Starting program: /root/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master/sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!

^C
Program received signal SIGINT, Interrupt.
0xf7fd3b59 in __kernel_vsyscall ()
(gdb) x /x $ebp+0x8
0xffffd190:    0xf7fb55c0
(gdb) x /s 0x0804b680
0x804b680 <input_strings>:    "\n"
(gdb) x/s 0x80497c0
0x80497c0:    "Public speaking is very easy."
(gdb) █
```

Here two strings are compared. First string is our input string for the first phase; second string is the password for phase_1.

Input :

```
(gdb) x /x $ebp+0x8
0xbffff440:    0xf7fb55c0
(gdb) x /s 0x0804b680
0x804b680 <input_strings>:    "\n"
```

Password for phase_1:

(gdb) x/s 0x80497c0

0x80497c0: "Public speaking is very easy."

```
0x08048b0a <+346>: call 0x8048d98 <phase_6>
0x08048b0f <+351>: call 0x804952c <phase_defused>
0x08048b14 <+356>: xor eax,eax
0x08048b16 <+358>: mov ebx,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x18]
0x08048b19 <+361>: mov esp,ebp
0x08048b1b <+363>: pop ebp
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
0x08048b1c <+364>: ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) disassemble phase_1
Dump of assembler code for function phase_1:
0x08048b20 <+0>: push ebp
0x08048b21 <+1>: mov ebp,esp
0x08048b23 <+3>: sub esp,0x8
0x08048b26 <+6>: mov eax,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x08048b29 <+9>: add esp,0xffffffff
0x08048b2c <+12>: push 0x80497c0
0x08048b31 <+17>: push eax
0x08048b32 <+18>: call 0x8049030 <strings_not_equal>
0x08048b37 <+23>: add esp,0x10
0x08048b3a <+26>: test eax,eax
0x08048b3c <+28>: je 0x8048b43 <phase_1+35>
0x08048b3e <+30>: call 0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048b43 <+35>: mov esp,ebp
0x08048b45 <+37>: pop ebp
0x08048b46 <+38>: ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) x/s 0x80497c0
0x80497c0: "Public speaking is very easy."
(gdb) run
Starting program: /root/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master/sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
█
```

Passphrase for phase_1 : Public speaking is very easy.

Phase 2

Assembly code for function phase_2:

```
(gdb) disass phase_2
Dump of assembler code for function phase_2:
0x08048b48 <+0>:  push    ebp
0x08048b49 <+1>:  mov     ebp,esp
0x08048b4b <+3>:  sub     esp,0x20
0x08048b4e <+6>:  push    esi
0x08048b4f <+7>:  push    ebx
0x08048b50 <+8>:  mov     edx,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x08048b53 <+11>: add     esp,0xffffffff8
0x08048b56 <+14>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048b59 <+17>: push    eax
0x08048b5a <+18>: push    edx
0x08048b5b <+19>: call    0x8048fd8 <read_six_numbers>
0x08048b60 <+24>: add     esp,0x10
0x08048b63 <+27>: cmp     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x18],0x1
0x08048b67 <+31>: je      0x8048b6e <phase_2+38>
0x08048b69 <+33>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048b6e <+38>: mov     ebx,0x1
0x08048b73 <+43>: lea     esi,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048b76 <+46>: lea     eax,[ebx+0x1]
0x08048b79 <+49>: imul    eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4-0x4]
0x08048b7e <+54>: cmp     DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4],eax
0x08048b81 <+57>: je      0x8048b88 <phase_2+64>
0x08048b83 <+59>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048b88 <+64>: inc     ebx
0x08048b89 <+65>: cmp     ebx,0x5
0x08048b8c <+68>: jle     0x8048b76 <phase_2+46>
0x08048b8e <+70>: lea     esp,[ebp-0x28]
0x08048b91 <+73>: pop     ebx
0x08048b92 <+74>: pop     esi
0x08048b93 <+75>: mov     esp,ebp
0x08048b95 <+77>: pop     ebp
0x08048b96 <+78>: ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

```
0x08048b6e <+38>:  mov     ebx,0x1
0x08048b73 <+43>:  lea     esi,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048b76 <+46>:  lea     eax,[ebx+0x1]
0x08048b79 <+49>:  imul    eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4-0x4]
0x08048b7e <+54>:  cmp     DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4],eax
0x08048b81 <+57>:  je      0x8048b88 <phase_2+64>
0x08048b83 <+59>:  call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048b88 <+64>:  inc     ebx
0x08048b89 <+65>:  cmp     ebx,0x5
0x08048b8c <+68>:  jle     0x8048b76 <phase_2+46>
0x08048b8e <+70>:  lea     esp,[ebp-0x28]
0x08048b91 <+73>:  pop     ebx
0x08048b92 <+74>:  pop     esi
0x08048b93 <+75>:  mov     esp,ebp
0x08048b95 <+77>:  pop     ebp
0x08048b96 <+78>:  ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) i r
```

eax	0x1	1
ecx	0x804c5b0	134530480
edx	0x400	1024
ebx	0x1	1
esp	0xfffffd134	0xfffffd134
ebp	0xfffffd188	0xfffffd188
esi	0xf7fb55c0	-134523456
edi	0x0	0
eip	0xf7ec8473	0xf7ec8473 <read+51>
eflags	0x282	[SF IF]
cs	0x23	35
ss	0x2b	43
ds	0x2b	43
es	0x2b	43
fs	0x0	0
gs	0x63	99

```
(gdb) until *0x08048b81
0xf7ec8467 in read () from /lib32/libc.so.6
(gdb) i r eax
eax          0x1          1
```

So the first integer must be 1.

6 numbers are read from our input, and put in a local array variable.

```
0x08048b6e <+38>: mov     ebx,0x1
0x08048b73 <+43>: lea     esi,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048b76 <+46>: lea     eax,[ebx+0x1]
0x08048b79 <+49>: imul    eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4-0x4]
0x08048b7e <+54>: cmp     DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4],eax
```

```
0x08048b6e <+38>: mov     ebx,0x1                //set ebx to 0x1
0x08048b73 <+43>: lea     esi,[ebp-0x18]            //set esi to the address of the
first element of the array
0x08048b76 <+46>: lea     eax,[ebx+0x1]            //set eax to 0x2
0x08048b79 <+49>: imul    eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4-0x4] // eax = eax * first number =
0x2
0x08048b7e <+54>: cmp     DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4], eax //compare eax (0x2) with the
second number
```

After that, ebx is increased, which acts as an index into the numbers array, and we get back to:

```
0x08048b76 <phase_2+46>: lea     eax,[ebx+0x1]            //ebx is 0x2, sets eax
to 0x3
0x08048b79 <phase_2+49>: imul    eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4-0x4] //eax = eax *
second number = 3*2 = 6
0x08048b7e <phase_2+54>: cmp     DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4], eax //expects the
third element to be 6
0x08048b81 <phase_2+57>: je      0x08048b88 <phase_2+64>
0x08048b83 <phase_2+59>: call    0x080494fc <explode_bomb>
```

We figure out that the algorithm is as follows:

$$v[0] = 1$$
$$v[i] = (i+i) * v[i-1]$$

And so we find the solution of phase 2:

1 2 6 24 120 720

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 6 24 120 720
That's number 2. Keep going!
```


Phase 3

Assembly code for the function phase_3:

```
Dump of assembler code for function phase_3:
0x08048b98 <+0>:  push    ebp
0x08048b99 <+1>:  mov     ebp,esp
0x08048b9b <+3>:  sub     esp,0x14
0x08048b9e <+6>:  push    ebx
0x08048b9f <+7>:  mov     edx,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x08048ba2 <+10>: add     esp,0xffffffff4
0x08048ba5 <+13>:  lea     eax,[ebp-0x4]
0x08048ba8 <+16>:  push    eax
0x08048ba9 <+17>:  lea     eax,[ebp-0x5]
0x08048bac <+20>:  push    eax
0x08048bad <+21>:  lea     eax,[ebp-0xc]
0x08048bb0 <+24>:  push    eax
0x08048bb1 <+25>:  push    0x80497de
0x08048bb6 <+30>:  push    edx
0x08048bb7 <+31>:  call    0x8048860 <sscanf@plt>
0x08048bbc <+36>:  add     esp,0x20
0x08048bbf <+39>:  cmp     eax,0x2
0x08048bc2 <+42>:  jg      0x8048bc9 <phase_3+49>
0x08048bc4 <+44>:  call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048bc9 <+49>:  cmp     DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc],0x7
0x08048bcd <+53>:  ja      0x8048c88 <phase_3+240>
0x08048bd3 <+59>:  mov     eax,DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc]
0x08048bd6 <+62>:  jmp     DWORD PTR [eax*4+0x80497e8]
0x08048bdd <+69>:  lea     esi,[esi+0x0]
0x08048be0 <+72>:  mov     bl,0x71
0x08048be2 <+74>:  cmp     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4],0x309
0x08048be9 <+81>:  je      0x8048c8f <phase_3+247>
0x08048bef <+87>:  call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048bf4 <+92>:  jmp     0x8048c8f <phase_3+247>
0x08048bf9 <+97>:  lea     esi,[esi+eiz+1+0x0]
0x08048c00 <+104>: mov     bl,0x62
0x08048c02 <+106>: cmp     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4],0xd6
0x08048c09 <+113>:  je      0x8048c8f <phase_3+247>
0x08048c0f <+119>:  call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
```

```
(gdb) x/s 0x80497de
0x80497de:  "%d %c %d"
```

So the password should look like this : “an integer”- “a character”- “an integer”

I input the passphrase as “1 a 7”. Results:

```
(gdb) p /x $eax
$1 = 0xf7fb7548
(gdb) x/d $ebp-4
0xffffd2d4:  0
(gdb) x/c $ebp-5
0xffffd2d3:  8 '\b'
(gdb) x/d $ebp-0xc
0xffffd2cc:  -40
(gdb)
```

First condition to not explode the bomb: we have to fill all the 3 variables passed to scanf.

```
0x08048bbf <+39>: cmp    eax,0x2
0x08048bc2 <+42>: jg     0x8048bc9 <phase_3+49>
0x08048bc4 <+44>: call  0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
```

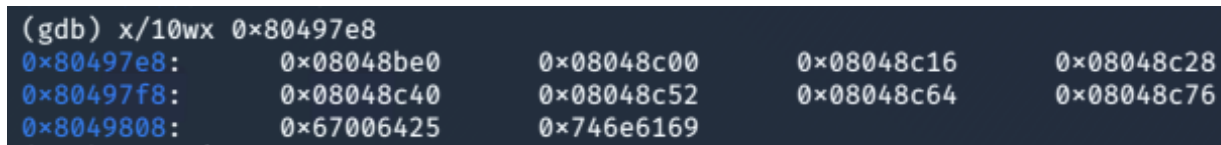
Second condition: first number must be <=7

```
0x08048bc9 <+49>: cmp    DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc],0x7
0x08048bcd <+53>: ja     0x8048c88 <phase_3+240>
```

The last part of the function looks like a case structure. We have the following table of addresses:

```
0x08048bd6 <+62>: jmp    DWORD PTR [eax*4+0x80497e8]
```

In \$eax we have the first number, which we chose as 7.



Address	Offset	Target Address
0x80497e8	0x08048be0	0x08048c00
0x80497f8	0x08048c40	0x08048c52
0x8049808	0x67006425	0x746e6169

In our case, when the first parameter was 7, we'll jump to 0x08048c76.

```
(gdb) x /x $eax*4+0x80497e8
```

```
0x8049804: 0x08048c76
```

```
0x08048c76 <+222>: mov    bl,0x62                                //ascii letter 'b'
0x08048c78 <+224>: cmp    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4],0x20c                        //524 in decimal
0x08048c7f <+231>: je     0x8048c8f <phase_3+247>
0x08048c81 <+233>: call  0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048c86 <+238>: jmp    0x8048c8f <phase_3+247>
```

Password for phase_3:

7 b 524

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 6 24 120 720
That's number 2. Keep going!
7 b 524
Halfway there!
```

Phase 4

Assembly code for function phase_4:

```
(gdb) disassemble phase_4
Dump of assembler code for function phase_4:
0x08048ce0 <+0>:    push    %ebp
0x08048ce1 <+1>:    mov     %esp,%ebp
0x08048ce3 <+3>:    sub     $0x18,%esp
0x08048ce6 <+6>:    mov     0x8(%ebp),%edx
0x08048ce9 <+9>:    add     $0xffffffff,%esp
0x08048cec <+12>:   lea     -0x4(%ebp),%eax
0x08048cef <+15>:   push    %eax
0x08048cf0 <+16>:   push    $0x8049808
0x08048cf5 <+21>:   push    %edx
0x08048cf6 <+22>:   call    0x8048860 <sscanf@plt>
0x08048cfb <+27>:   add     $0x10,%esp
0x08048cfe <+30>:   cmp     $0x1,%eax
0x08048d01 <+33>:   jne     0x8048d09 <phase_4+41>
0x08048d03 <+35>:   cmpl    $0x0,-0x4(%ebp)
0x08048d07 <+39>:   jg      0x8048d0e <phase_4+46>
0x08048d09 <+41>:   call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048d0e <+46>:   add     $0xffffffff,%esp
0x08048d11 <+49>:   mov     -0x4(%ebp),%eax
0x08048d14 <+52>:   push    %eax
0x08048d15 <+53>:   call    0x8048ca0 <func4>
0x08048d1a <+58>:   add     $0x10,%esp
0x08048d1d <+61>:   cmp     $0x37,%eax
0x08048d20 <+64>:   je      0x8048d27 <phase_4+71>
0x08048d22 <+66>:   call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048d27 <+71>:   mov     %ebp,%esp
0x08048d29 <+73>:   pop     %ebp
0x08048d2a <+74>:   ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) █
```

```
(gdb) x /s 0x8049808
0x8049808:    "%d"
(gdb) █
```

This means the answer to the phase_4 should be a single integer.

First defusing condition:

One parameter must be read:

0x08048cfe <+30>: cmp eax,0x1

0x08048d01 <+33>: jne 0x8048d09 <phase_4+41>

Second condition,

must be greater than 0:

```
0x08048d03 <+35>:cmp    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4],0x0
```

```
0x08048d07 <+39>:jg      0x8048d0e <phase_4+46>
```

Then this parameter is passed to func4:

```
0x08048d11 <+49>:mov     eax, DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4]
```

```
0x08048d14 <+52>:push    eax
```

```
0x08048d15 <+53>:call   0x8048ca0 <func4>
```

Assembly code for function func4:

```
(gdb) disass func4
Dump of assembler code for function func4:
0x08048ca0 <+0>:    push    %ebp
0x08048ca1 <+1>:    mov     %esp,%ebp
0x08048ca3 <+3>:    sub     $0x10,%esp
0x08048ca6 <+6>:    push    %esi
0x08048ca7 <+7>:    push    %ebx
0x08048ca8 <+8>:    mov     0x8(%ebp),%ebx
0x08048cab <+11>:   cmp     $0x1,%ebx
0x08048cae <+14>:   jle     0x8048cd0 <func4+48>
0x08048cb0 <+16>:   add     $0xfffffffff4,%esp
0x08048cb3 <+19>:   lea     -0x1(%ebx),%eax
0x08048cb6 <+22>:   push    %eax
0x08048cb7 <+23>:   call    0x8048ca0 <func4>
0x08048cbc <+28>:   mov     %eax,%esi
0x08048cbe <+30>:   add     $0xfffffffff4,%esp
0x08048cc1 <+33>:   lea     -0x2(%ebx),%eax
0x08048cc4 <+36>:   push    %eax
0x08048cc5 <+37>:   call    0x8048ca0 <func4>
0x08048cca <+42>:   add     %esi,%eax
0x08048ccc <+44>:   jmp     0x8048cd5 <func4+53>
0x08048cce <+46>:   mov     %esi,%esi
0x08048cd0 <+48>:   mov     $0x1,%eax
0x08048cd5 <+53>:   lea     -0x18(%ebp),%esp
0x08048cd8 <+56>:   pop     %ebx
0x08048cd9 <+57>:   pop     %esi
0x08048cda <+58>:   mov     %ebp,%esp
0x08048cdc <+60>:   pop     %ebp
0x08048cdd <+61>:   ret
End of assembler dump.
```

The next condition is that the func4 should return 0x37

```
0x08048d1d <+61>:cmp     eax,0x37
```

```
0x08048d20 <+64>:je      0x8048d27 <phase_4+71>
```

In func4, if argument <=1, the return value is 0x1:

```
0x08048cab <+11>:cmp     ebx,0x1
```

```
0x08048cae <+14>: jle 0x8048cd0 <func4+48>
```

```
...
```

```
0x08048cd0 <+48>: mov eax,0x1
```

```
...
```

Func4 :

func4(x):

if x <= 1 :

return 1

else :

y = func4(x-1)

z = func4(x-2)

return y + z

It's the Fibonacci function, implemented recursively. We quickly convert it to python code:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
```

```
def func4(x):
```

if x <= 1 :

return 1

else :

y = func4(x-1)

z = func4(x-2)

return y + z

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

print func4(9)

We're expecting 0x37, which is 55 decimal, which is Fibonacci(9).

Answer to phase_4 : 9

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 6 24 120 720
That's number 2. Keep going!
7 b 524
Halfway there!
9
So you got that one. Try this one.
```

Phase_5

Assembly code for function phase_5 :

```
Dump of assembler code for function phase_5:
0x08048d2c <+0>:  push    ebp
0x08048d2d <+1>:  mov     ebp,esp
0x08048d2f <+3>:  sub     esp,0x10
0x08048d32 <+6>:  push    esi
0x08048d33 <+7>:  push    ebx
0x08048d34 <+8>:  mov     ebx,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x08048d37 <+11>: add     esp,0xffffffff4
0x08048d3a <+14>: push    ebx
0x08048d3b <+15>: call    0x8049018 <string_length>
0x08048d40 <+20>: add     esp,0x10
0x08048d43 <+23>: cmp     eax,0x6
0x08048d46 <+26>: je      0x8048d4d <phase_5+33>
0x08048d48 <+28>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048d4d <+33>: xor     edx,edx
0x08048d4f <+35>: lea     ecx,[ebp-0x8]
0x08048d52 <+38>: mov     esi,0x804b220
0x08048d57 <+43>: mov     al,BYTE PTR [edx+ebx*1]
0x08048d5a <+46>: and     al,0xf
0x08048d5c <+48>: movsx   eax,al
0x08048d5f <+51>: mov     al,BYTE PTR [eax+esi*1]
0x08048d62 <+54>: mov     BYTE PTR [edx+ecx*1],al
0x08048d65 <+57>: inc     edx
0x08048d66 <+58>: cmp     edx,0x5
0x08048d69 <+61>: jle     0x8048d57 <phase_5+43>
0x08048d6b <+63>: mov     BYTE PTR [ebp-0x2],0x0
0x08048d6f <+67>: add     esp,0xffffffff8
0x08048d72 <+70>: push    0x804980b
0x08048d77 <+75>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x8]
0x08048d7a <+78>: push    eax
0x08048d7b <+79>: call    0x8049030 <strings_not_equal>
0x08048d80 <+84>: add     esp,0x10
0x08048d83 <+87>: test    eax,eax
0x08048d85 <+89>: je      0x8048d8c <phase_5+96>
0x08048d87 <+91>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
```

```
(gdb) break *0x8048ade
Breakpoint 1 at 0x8048ade: file bomb.c, line 99.
(gdb)
```

The first condition to diffuse phase_5;

the length of the password must be 6:

```
0x08048d43 <+23>:cmp    eax,0x6
```

```
0x08048d46 <+26>:je      0x8048d4d <phase_5+33>
```

We have to form the password 'giants' from the source string "isrveawhobpnutfg".

phase_5 function:

```
phase_5(s) {  
    src = "isrveawhobpnutfg"  
    dest = "12345"  
  
    for (i=0; i<=5; ++i) {  
        idx = s[i] && 0xf  
        dest[i] = src[idx]  
    }  
}
```

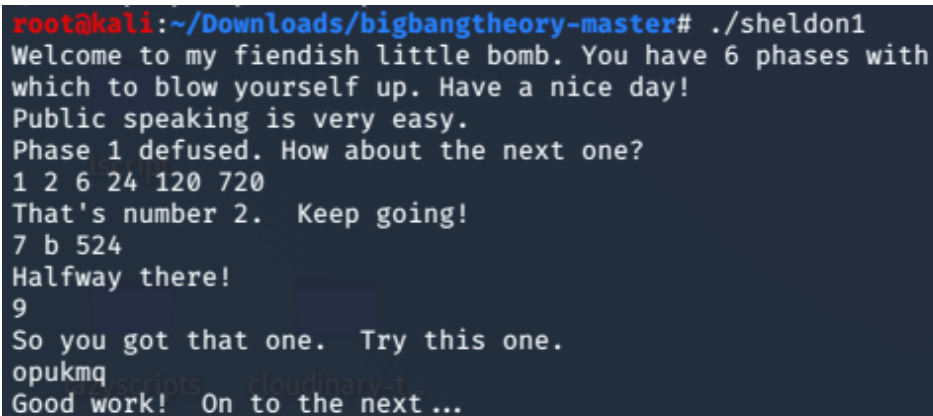
The first hex digit of the password represents the index.

So we need the following indexes:

15 (0xf), 0, 5, 11 (0xb), 13 (0xd) and 1. A possible password is be:

o (0x6f) p (0x70) u (0x75) k (0x6b) m (0x6d) q (0x71)

Passphrase: opukmq



```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1  
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with  
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!  
Public speaking is very easy.  
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?  
1 2 6 24 120 720  
That's number 2. Keep going!  
7 b 524  
Halfway there!  
9  
So you got that one. Try this one.  
opukmq  
Good work! On to the next...  
█
```

Phase 6

Assembly code for function phase_6:

```
(gdb) disass phase_6
Dump of assembler code for function phase_6:
0x08048d98 <+0>:  push    ebp
0x08048d99 <+1>:  mov     ebp,esp
0x08048d9b <+3>:  sub     esp,0x4c
0x08048d9e <+6>:  push    edi
0x08048d9f <+7>:  push    esi
0x08048da0 <+8>:  push    ebx
0x08048da1 <+9>:  mov     edx,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
0x08048da4 <+12>: mov     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x34],0x804b26c
0x08048dab <+19>: add     esp,0xffffffff
0x08048dae <+22>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048db1 <+25>: push    eax
0x08048db2 <+26>: push    edx
0x08048db3 <+27>: call    0x8048fd8 <read_six_numbers>
0x08048db8 <+32>: xor     edi,edi
0x08048dba <+34>: add     esp,0x10
0x08048dbd <+37>: lea     esi,[esi+0x0]
0x08048dc0 <+40>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048dc3 <+43>: mov     eax,DWORD PTR [eax+edi*4]
0x08048dc6 <+46>: dec     eax
0x08048dc7 <+47>: cmp     eax,0x5
0x08048dca <+50>: jbe     0x8048dd1 <phase_6+57>
0x08048dcc <+52>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048dd1 <+57>: lea     ebx,[edi+0x1]
0x08048dd4 <+60>: cmp     ebx,0x5
0x08048dd7 <+63>: jg      0x8048dfc <phase_6+100>
0x08048dd9 <+65>: lea     eax,[edi*4+0x0]
0x08048de0 <+72>: mov     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x38],eax
0x08048de3 <+75>: lea     esi,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048de6 <+78>: mov     edx,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x38]
0x08048de9 <+81>: mov     eax,DWORD PTR [edx+esi*1]
0x08048dec <+84>: cmp     eax,DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4]
0x08048def <+87>: jne     0x8048df6 <phase_6+94>
0x08048df1 <+89>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
```

Again there's a <read_six_numbers> function. So the passphrase should be six integers.

This phase also reads 6 numbers into a local array. With the input as "1 2 3 4 5 6", after the call to read_six_numbers function, we have the numbers in \$ebp-0x18:

```
(gdb) x /6w $ebp-0x18
```

```
0xbffff3e0:  0x00000001  0x00000002  0x00000003  0x00000004
```

```
0xbffff3f0:  0x00000005  0x00000006
```

From the annotated disassembly below, it seems that this phase has more stages, and has a very important

input, a linked list:

- stage1: check that all 6 numbers are between [1,...,6] and all different
- stage2: builds and arranges a second array with pointers to list elements

- stage3: fixes the links between elements from the input list to match the array constructed in stage2

- stage4: check that the elements of the linked list are in reverse sorted order.

#edi = i, ebx = j;

i = 0

esi = 0

0x08048db8 <+32>:xor edi,edi

0x08048dba <+34>:add esp,0x10

0x08048dbd <+37>:lea esi,[esi+0x0]

while (i <= 5) :

0x08048dc0 <+40>:lea eax,[ebp-0x18] --> ebp-0x18 is the first number read

0x08048dc3 <+43>:mov eax,DWORD PTR [eax+edi*4]

0x08048dc6 <+46>:dec eax

eax = &v1[0]

eax = v1[edi]

eax --

0x08048dc7 <+47>:cmp eax,0x5 --> all numbers should be > 0 and <= 6

0x08048dca <+50>:jbe 0x8048dd1 <phase_6+57>

0x08048dcc <+52>:call 0x80494fc <explode_bomb>

j = i + 1

while j <= 5 :

edx = tmp

if (v[i] == v[j]):

explode()

j += 1

(The first stage seems to be that all elements are distinct. Update breakpoint to check 2
0x08048e02)

```
0x08048dd1 <+57>: lea    ebx, [edi+0x1]
0x08048dd4 <+60>: cmp     ebx, 0x5
0x08048dd7 <+63>: jg      0x8048dfc <phase_6+100>
0x08048dd9 <+65>: lea     eax, [edi*4+0x0]
0x08048de0 <+72>: mov     DWORD PTR [ebp-0x38], eax
0x08048de3 <+75>: lea     esi, [ebp-0x18]
```

```
0x08048de6 <+78>: mov     edx, DWORD PTR [ebp-0x38]
0x08048de9 <+81>: mov     eax, DWORD PTR [edx+esi*1]
0x08048dec <+84>: cmp     eax, DWORD PTR [esi+ebx*4]
0x08048def <+87>: jne     0x8048df6 <phase_6+94>
0x08048df1 <+89>: call    0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048df6 <+94>: inc     ebx
0x08048df7 <+95>: cmp     ebx, 0x5
0x08048dfa <+98>: jle     0x8048de6 <phase_6+78>
```

i += 1

```
0x08048dfc <+100>:      inc     edi
0x08048dfd <+101>:      cmp     edi, 0x5
0x08048e00 <+104>:      jle     0x8048dc0 <phase_6+40>
```

// 2nd stage

i = 0

ecx = v[0]


```

eax = v2
y = v2
while i<=5 :
    elem = list_head
    elem = head
    j = 1
    edx = i
    if (j < v[i] ):
        do {
            elem = elem.next
            j ++
        }while (j < v[i])
    v2[i] = elem
    i++

```

In this stage we have to arrange the values of the list elements,
so that we can pass stage 4 (should be in reverse order).

Current order:

```

(gdb) printf "%08x %08x %08x %08x %08x %08x \n", *0x0804b26c, *0x0804b260,
*0x0804b254, *0x0804b248, *0x0804b23c, *0x0804b230

```

```

000000fd 000002d5 0000012d 000003e5 000000d4 000001b0

```

```

1 4 2 5 0 3

```

This stage builds a list of pointers to elements, which is used in stage 3 and 4.

Using the previously deduced algorithm, the input numbers ($0 < n \leq 1$),

which mean how much we move an element, to have them in reverse order, should be:

pos 1: 3 (head->next->next->next which is the biggest num)

pos 2: 1 (head->next, which is the second biggest)

pos 3: 5
pos 4: 2
pos 5: 0
pos 6: 4

Because of the advancing algorithm, we add 1 to the previous, and get: 4 2 6 3 1 5

```
0x08048e02 <+106>:    xor    edi,edi
0x08048e04 <+108>:    lea    ecx,[ebp-0x18]
0x08048e07 <+111>:    lea    eax,[ebp-0x30]
0x08048e0a <+114>:    mov    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x3c],eax
0x08048e0d <+117>:    lea    esi,[esi+0x0]
0x08048e10 <+120>:    mov    esi,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x34]
0x08048e13 <+123>:    mov    ebx,0x1
0x08048e18 <+128>:    lea    eax,[edi*4+0x0]
0x08048e1f <+135>:    mov    edx,eax
0x08048e21 <+137>:    cmp    ebx,DWORD PTR [eax+ecx*1]
0x08048e24 <+140>:    jge    0x8048e38 <phase_6+160>
0x08048e26 <+142>:    mov    eax,DWORD PTR [edx+ecx*1]
0x08048e29 <+145>:    lea    esi,[esi+eax*1+0x0]
0x08048e30 <+152>:    mov    esi,DWORD PTR [esi+0x8]
0x08048e33 <+155>:    inc    ebx
0x08048e34 <+156>:    cmp    ebx,eax
0x08048e36 <+158>:    jl     0x8048e30 <phase_6+152>
0x08048e38 <+160>:    mov    edx,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x3c]
0x08048e3b <+163>:    mov    DWORD PTR [edx+edi*4],esi
0x08048e3e <+166>:    inc    edi
0x08048e3f <+167>:    cmp    edi,0x5
```

```
0x08048e42 <+170>:      jle  0x8048e10 <phase_6+120>
```

```
// 3rd stage
```

```
0x08048e44 <+172>:      mov  esi,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x30]
```

```
0x08048e47 <+175>:      mov  DWORD PTR [ebp-0x34],esi
```

```
(gdb) x /x $ebp-0x30
```

```
0xbffff3c8:  0x0804b26c
```

```
(gdb) x /x $ebp-0x34
```

```
0xbffff3c4:  0x0804b26c
```

```
(gdb) p /x $esi
```

```
$11 = 0x804b26c
```

```
i = 1
```

```
esi = curr_elem = list_head
```

```
edx = *($ebp-0x30)  // array with list elements addresses
```

```
while i<= 5:
```

```
    // the second array contains the addresses of list elements
```

```
    (gdb) x/6x $ebp-0x30
```

```
0xbffff3c8:  0x0804b26c  0x0804b260  0x0804b254  0x0804b248
```

```
0xbffff3d8:  0x0804b23c  0x0804b230
```

```
    eax = &list[i]
```

```
    curr_elem.next = eax
```

```
    curr_elem = eax
```

```
    i++
```

```

0x08048e4a <+178>:    mov    edi,0x1
0x08048e4f <+183>:    lea    edx,[ebp-0x30]
0x08048e52 <+186>:    mov    eax,DWORD PTR [edx+edi*4]
0x08048e55 <+189>:    mov    DWORD PTR [esi+0x8],eax
0x08048e58 <+192>:    mov    esi,eax
0x08048e5a <+194>:    inc    edi
0x08048e5b <+195>:    cmp    edi,0x5
0x08048e5e <+198>:    jle    0x8048e52 <phase_6+186>

```

// 4th stage

```

0x08048e60 <+200>:    mov    DWORD PTR [esi+0x8],0x0
0x08048e67 <+207>:    mov    esi,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x34]

```

$*(esi? + 8) = 0$

Looks like we have a linked list, with the head at 0x804b26c. The last pointer is NULL.

The list has 6 elements.

List element is like:

```

list_el {
    int value;           // 4 bytes
    int filler;          // 4 bytes
    next *list_el;
}

```

This is confirmed by gdb:

(gdb) x/x 0x804b26c + 8

```

0x804b274 <node1+8>:    0x804b260

```

```

(gdb) x/x 0x0804b260 + 8
0x804b268 <node2+8>:      0x0804b254
(gdb) x/x 0x0804b254 + 8
0x804b25c <node3+8>:      0x0804b248
(gdb) x/x 0x0804b248 + 8
0x804b250 <node4+8>:      0x0804b23c
(gdb) x/x 0x0804b23c + 8
0x804b244 <node5+8>:      0x0804b230
(gdb) x/x 0x0804b230 + 8
0x804b238 <node6+8>:      0x00000000
(gdb)

```

(To get the values that are compared:

```

printf "%08x %08x %08x %08x %08x %08x \n", *0x0804b26c, *0x0804b260, *0x0804b254,
*0x0804b248, *0x0804b23c, *0x0804b230

```

```

000000fd 000002d5 0000012d 000003e5 000000d4 000001b0)

```

```

elem = 0x804b26c // list head

```

```

i = 0

```

```

while i<=4:

```

```

    edx = *(esi+8)

```

```

    eax = *(esi)

```

```

    if elem < elem->next:

```

```

        explode_bomb()

```

```

    elem = elem->next

```

```

    i++

```

Applying the correct ordering in stage 2, we obtain the desired list:

```

1: /x *(int*)($ebp-0x3c) = 0xbffff3c8

```

(gdb) p /x \$esi

\$1 = 0x804b248

(gdb) x /4x \$esi

0x804b248 <node4>: 0x000003e5 0x00000004 0x0804b260 0x0000012d

(gdb) x /4x 0x0804b260

0x804b260 <node2>: 0x000002d5 0x00000002 0x0804b230 0x000000fd

(gdb) x /4x 0x0804b230

0x804b230 <node6>: 0x000001b0 0x00000006 0x0804b254 0x000000d4

(gdb) x /4x 0x0804b254

0x804b254 <node3>: 0x0000012d 0x00000003 0x0804b26c 0x000002d5

(gdb) x /4x 0x0804b26c

0x804b26c <node1>: 0x000000fd 0x00000001 0x0804b23c 0x000003e9

(gdb) x /4x 0x0804b23c

0x804b23c <node5>: 0x000000d4 0x00000005 0x00000000 0x000003e5

(gdb)

```
0x08048e6a <+210>:    xor    edi,edi
0x08048e6c <+212>:    lea    esi,[esi+eiz*1+0x0]
0x08048e70 <+216>:    mov    edx,DWORD PTR [esi+0x8]
0x08048e73 <+219>:    mov    eax,DWORD PTR [esi]
0x08048e75 <+221>:    cmp    eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
0x08048e77 <+223>:    jge    0x8048e7e <phase_6+230>
0x08048e79 <+225>:    call   0x80494fc <explode_bomb>
0x08048e7e <+230>:    mov    esi,DWORD PTR [esi+0x8]
0x08048e81 <+233>:    inc    edi
0x08048e82 <+234>:    cmp    edi,0x4
0x08048e85 <+237>:    jle    0x8048e70 <phase_6+216>
```



```
0x08048e87 <+239>:    lea    esp,[ebp-0x58]
0x08048e8a <+242>:    pop    ebx
0x08048e8b <+243>:    pop    esi
0x08048e8c <+244>:    pop    edi
0x08048e8d <+245>:    mov    esp,ebp
0x08048e8f <+247>:    pop    ebp
0x08048e90 <+248>:    ret
```

Password for phase_6: 4 2 6 3 1 5

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master# ./sheldon1
Welcome to my fiendish little bomb. You have 6 phases with
which to blow yourself up. Have a nice day!
Public speaking is very easy.
Phase 1 defused. How about the next one?
1 2 6 24 120 720
That's number 2. Keep going!
7 b 524
Halfway there!
9
So you got that one. Try this one.
opukmq
Good work! On to the next...
4 2 6 3 1 5
Congratulations! You've defused the bomb!
root@kali:~/Downloads/bigbangtheory-master#
```