

# Core Data Services (CDS)

Tutorial 04: Use the SQL dialect for Core Data Services to improve the data retrieval

# Step 01 - Create a new CDS or reuse an existing one



Create a new Core Data Services ZI\_FLIGHT\_## as shown or reuse the already created one from tutorial 02 (with slight simplifications).

```
☐ [TRL] ZI_FLIGHT_00 
☐

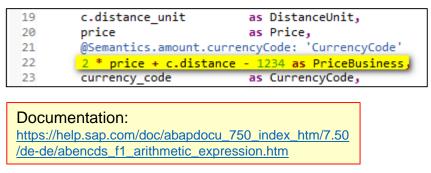
  1 @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI FLIGHT 00 A'
  2 @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
  3 @AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
  4 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
  5 @EndUserText.label: 'CDS Composite Interface View'
  6 define view ZI FLIGHT 00
  7 as select from /dmo/connection as c
       left outer join /dmo/flight
                                       as f on c.carrier id = f.carrier id
  9 {
     key c.carrier id
                                               as CarrierId,
     key c.connection id
                                               as ConnectionId,
     key f.flight date
                                               as FlightDate,
         c.airport from id
 13
                                               as AirportFromId,
         c.airport to id
                                               as AirportToId,
 14
         c.departure time
                                               as DepartureTime,
 15
       c.arrival time
                                               as ArrivalTime,
 16
 17
         c.distance
                                               as Distance,
         c.distance unit
                                               as DistanceUnit,
 19
         price
                                               as Price,
 20
         currency_code
                                               as CurrencyCode,
 21
         plane_type_id
                                               as PlaneTypeId
 22 }
 23 where
 24 c.carrier_id = 'LH'
```

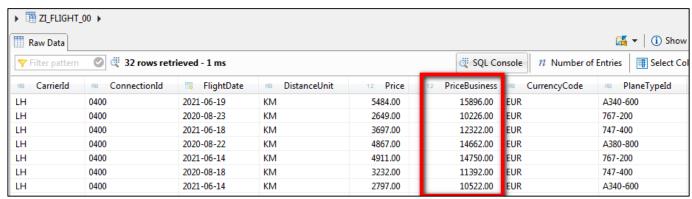
#### **Step 02 - Arithmetical Operations and SQL functions**

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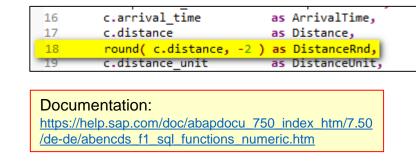
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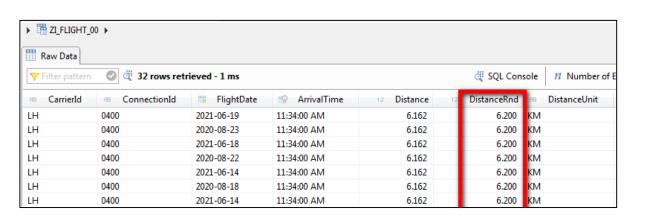
Multiply, add and subtract values in the field list. Keep the information that the new column PriceBusiness is connected with the currency code in column CurrencyCode via an annotation.





> Round the distance to a value with two valid numbers (before the comma). Use the built-in function round () with import parameters table column and the number of valid columns as negative digit.





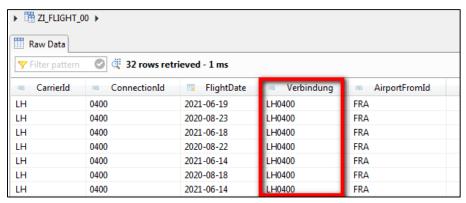
### **Step 03 - String Operations and SQL functions**



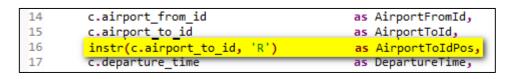
Concatenate the values of two columns with the built-in function concat(), using the columns to be concatenated as parameters.

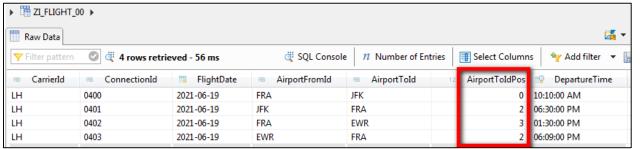
```
10 key c.carrier_id as CarrierId,
11 key c.connection_id as ConnectionId,
12 key f.flight_date as FlightDate,
13 concat(c.carrier_id, c.connection_id) as Verbindung,
14 c.airport_from_id as AirportFromId,

Documentation:
https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu_750_index_htm/7.50
/de-de/abencds_f1_sql_functions_character.htm
```



➤ Use the built-in function instr() to find the first occurrence of a string in the value of the column. First parameter is the column to search, second parameter the string to look for.





### **Step 04 - Date and Time Operations and SQL functions**



Create a new simple CDS-View ZI\_BOOK\_## based on table /DMO/BOOKING.

```
1 @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI BOOK 00 A'
 2 @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
3 @AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
4 @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
 5@EndUserText.label: 'CDS Basic Ifc View for /DMO/BOOKING'
6 define view ZI BOOK 00
    as select from /dmo/booking
 8 {
                      as TravelId,
    key travel id
    key booking id
                     as BookingId,
        booking date as BookingDate,
11
12
        customer id as CustomerId,
        carrier id
                     as CarrierId,
13
14
        connection id as ConnectionId,
15
        flight date as FlightDate,
16
        flight price as FlightPrice,
17
        currency code as CurrencyCode
18 }
```

#### Documentation:

https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu\_751\_index\_htm/7.51/en-US/abencds f1 date functions.htm

➤ Calculate the time-/date difference between the values of two columns with the built-in function dats\_days\_between(), using the columns to be evaluated as parameters.

| 11 | booking_date                                 | as | BookingDate,  |
|----|--|----|---------------|
| 12 | customer_id                                  | as | CustomerId,   |
| 13 | carrier_id                                   | as | CarrierId,    |
| 14 | connection_id                                | as | ConnectionId, |
| 15 | flight_date                                  | as | FlightDate,   |
| 16 | dats_days_between(booking_date, flight_date) | as | DateDelta,    |

| III Raw Data   |             |             |              |              |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Filter pattern 🕝 dt 101 rows retrieved - 1 ms (partial result) |             |             |              |              |  |  |  |  |
| ns TravelId  | ≅ BookingId | BookingDate | ■ FlightDate | 12 DateDelta |  |  |  |  |
| 00000001   | 0001        | 2020-08-05  | 2020-08-22   | 17           |  |  |  |  |
| 00000001   | 0002        | 2020-08-22  | 2020-08-24   | 2            |  |  |  |  |
| 00000001   | 0003        | 2021-05-30  | 2021-06-18   | 19           |  |  |  |  |
| 00000001   | 0004        | 2021-06-03  | 2021-06-20   | 17           |  |  |  |  |
| 00000002   | 0001        | 2020-08-20  | 2020-08-22   | 2            |  |  |  |  |

# **Step 05 - Case Distinctions (1)**



Use the CDS SQL statement CASE to distinguish between simple conditions ("simple case").

```
dats_days_between(booking_date, flight_date) as DateDelta,

case dats_days_between(booking_date, flight_date)

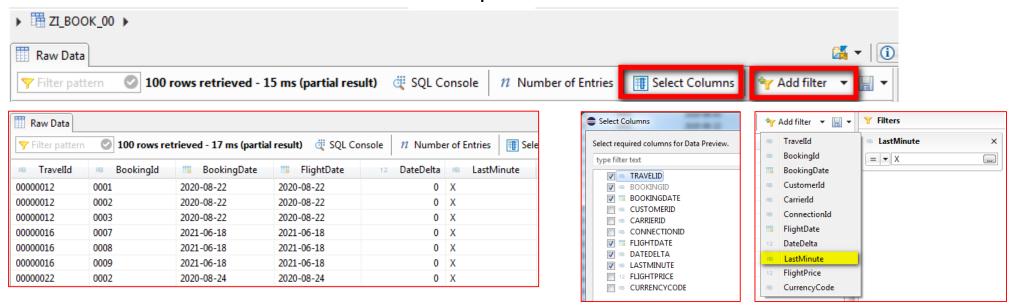
when 0 then 'X'
when 1 then 'Y'
else ' '

end as LastMinute,
```

Documentation: <a href="https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu">https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu</a> 750 index <a href="https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu">httm/7.50</a>

/en-US/abencds f1 case expression.htm

> Use filters and column selections in the data preview to reduce the resultset.

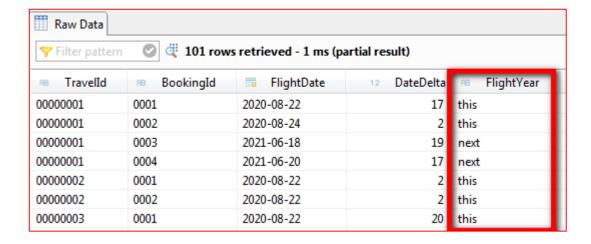


# **Step 05 - Case Distinctions (2)**



Use the CDS SQL statement CASE to distinguish between complex conditions ("searched case").

| 21 | end                                       | as LastMinute,  |
|----|---|-----------------|
| 22 | case when flight_date > '2021-01-01' then |                 |
| 23 | when flight_date < '2019-12-31' then      | 'last'          |
| 24 | else 'this'                               |                 |
| 25 | end                                       | as FlightYear,  |
| 26 | flight_price_                             | as FlightPrice, |



# **Step 06 - Casting of Data (1)**

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➤ Use the CDS SQL statement CAST to allow a type conversion inside the field list of a CDS. Use any DDIC type as a template for the casting.

```
'20201113' as StammtischBern,

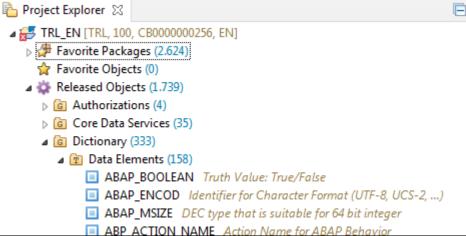
//Use ABAP-DDIC types as template for a cast
cast('20201113' as abap.int8 ) as StammtischBernInt,
cast('20201113' as abap.dec(10,2) ) as StammtischBernDec,
cast('20201113' as abap.fltp ) as StammtischBernFltp,
cast('20201113' as abap.dats ) as StammtischBernDate,
```

#### Documentation:

https://help.sap.com/doc/abapdocu\_750\_index\_htm/7.50/en-US/abencds\_f1\_cast\_expression.htm

Use any DDIC data element as a template for the casting. ATTENTION: In SAP Cloud only released Repository Objects can be applied!

```
//Use any Data Element as a template for a cast
 17
          cast('20201113' as s. date preserving type ) as StammtischBernDateDE,
218
          cast('X' as s. smoker) as StammtischBernBoolDE,
          //SAP Cloud: Use any RELEASED Data Element as a template for a cast
  20
          cast('20201113' as xsddate d) as StammtischBernDateDERel,
          cast('1' as abap boolean) as StammtischBernBoolDERel
  22
👘 Task Repositories 🗏 Task List 🥷 Problems 🔀 🛅 Properties 📔 Templates 🔝 Feed Reader
2 errors, 0 warnings, 0 others
 Description
 Use of Data Element S_DATE is not permitted.
     Use of Data Element S_SMOKER is not permitted.
```



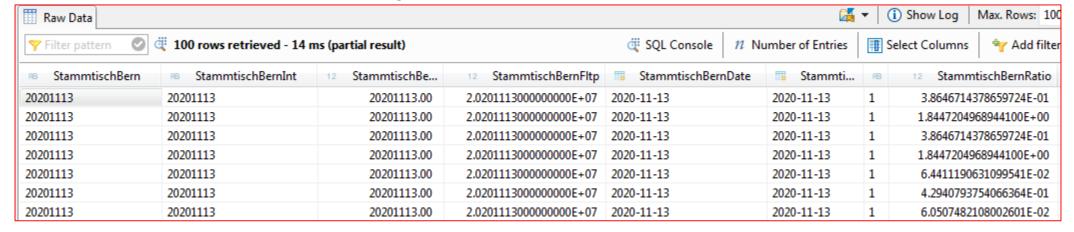
# **Step 06 - Casting of Data (2)**

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Before arithmetical operatopns with "/", castings to a floating point type (e.g. abap.fltp) have to be done. But because of several casting restrictions, sources of a casting sometimes have to be casted several times to achieve the requested target type (customer\_id: NUMC -> FLTP, carrier\_id: CHAR -> FLTP).

```
//Before arithmetical operatopns with "/", castings to a floating point type have to be done
cast(cast(customer_id as abap.int4) as abap.fltp)
/ cast(connection_id as abap.fltp) as StammtischBernRatio
```

> See the result of the different castings.



### Appendix - Sourcecode (1)

```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI FLIGHT 00 A'
@AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
@AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
@AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
@EndUserText.label: 'CDS Composite Interface View'
define view ZI FLIGHT 00
                    /dmo/connection as c
 as select from
   left outer join /dmo/flight
                                    as f on c.carrier id =
f.carrier id
 key c.carrier id
                                            as CarrierId,
 key c.connection id
                                            as ConnectionId,
 key f.flight date
                                            as FlightDate,
      concat(c.carrier_id, c.connection_id) as Verbindung,
     c.airport from id
                                            as AirportFromId,
     c.airport_to_id
                                            as AirportToId,
     instr(c.airport to id, 'R')
                                            as AirportToIdPos,
     c.departure time
                                            as DepartureTime,
     c.arrival time
                                            as ArrivalTime,
     c.distance
                                            as Distance,
      round( c.distance, -2 )
                                            as DistanceRnd,
     c.distance unit
                                            as DistanceUnit.
     price
                                            as Price.
     @Semantics.amount.currencyCode: 'CurrencyCode'
     2 * price + c.distance - 1234
                                            as PriceBusiness,
      currency code
                                            as CurrencyCode,
                                            as PlaneTypeId
     plane type id
where
 c.carrier id = 'LH'
```

```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI BOOK 00 A'
@AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
@AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
@AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
@EndUserText.label: 'CDS Basic Ifc View for /DMO/BOOKING'
define view ZI BOOK 00
  as select from /dmo/booking
  key travel id
                   as TravelId,
 key booking id
                   as BookingId,
     booking date as BookingDate,
                   as CustomerId,
     customer id
     carrier id
                   as CarrierId,
     connection id as ConnectionId,
     flight date
                   as FlightDate,
     flight price as FlightPrice,
     currency code as CurrencyCode
```

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### **Appendix - Sourcecode (2)**

```
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```

```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI BOOK 00 A'
@AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
@AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
@AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
@EndUserText.label: 'CDS Basic Ifc View for /DMO/BOOKING'
define view ZI BOOK 00
 as select from /dmo/booking
 key travel id
                                                   as TravelId.
                                                   as BookingId,
 key booking id
     booking date
                                                   as BookingDate,
     customer id
                                                   as CustomerId,
      carrier id
                                                   as CarrierId,
     connection id
                                                   as ConnectionId,
     flight date
                                                   as FlightDate,
     //Date and Time operations
     dats days between(booking date, flight date) as DateDelta,
     //Case distinctions
     case dats_days_between(booking_date, flight_date)
         when 0 then 'X'
          when 1 then 'Y'
         else ' '
      end
                                                   as LastMinute,
     case when flight date > '2020-12-31' then 'next'
           when flight date < '2020-01-01' then 'last'
           else 'this'
      end
                                                   as FlightYear,
                                                   as FlightPrice,
     flight price
     currency code
                                                   as CurrencyCode,
```

```
//Casting
'20201113'
                                             as StammtischBern,
//Use ABAP-DDIC types as template for a cast
cast('20201113' as abap.int8 )
                                             as StammtischBernInt,
cast('20201113' as abap.dec(10,2))
                                             as StammtischBernDec.
cast('20201113' as abap.fltp )
                                             as StammtischBernFltp,
cast('20201113' as abap.dats )
                                             as StammtischBernDate,
//Use any Data Element as a template for a cast
//cast('20201113' as s date preserving type ) as StammtischBernDateDE,
//cast('X' as s smoker) as StammtischBernBoolDE,
//SAP Cloud: Use any RELEASED Data Element as a template for a cast
cast('20201113' as xsddate d)
                                             as StammtischBernDateDERel,
cast('1' as abap boolean)
                                             as StammtischBernBoolDERel.
//Before arithmetical operatopns with "/", castings to a floating point
//type have to be done
cast( cast(customer id as abap.int4) as abap.fltp )
 / cast( connection id as abap.fltp)
                                             as StammtischBernRatio
```