

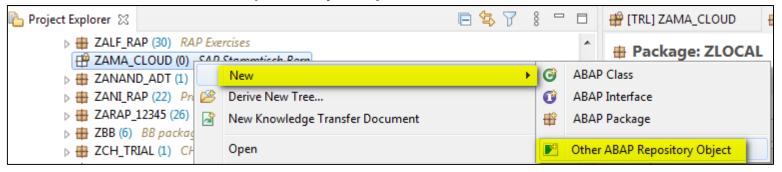
# Core Data Services (CDS)

Tutorial 02: Use a Core Data Services for the access to a Join of two tables

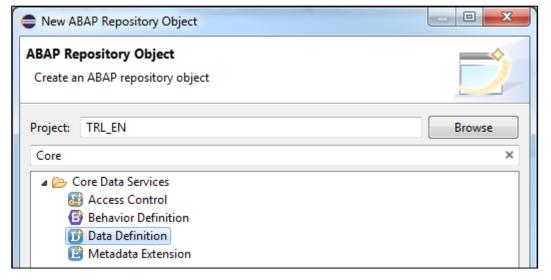
## **Step 01 - Create a new CDS-View (1)**

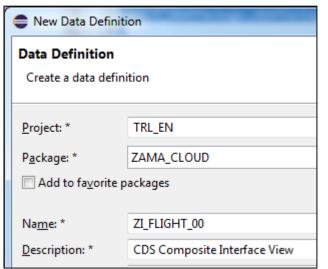


Create a new ABAP Repository Object.



Choose Core Data Services -> Data Definition and create a CDS View ZI\_FLIGHT\_##.

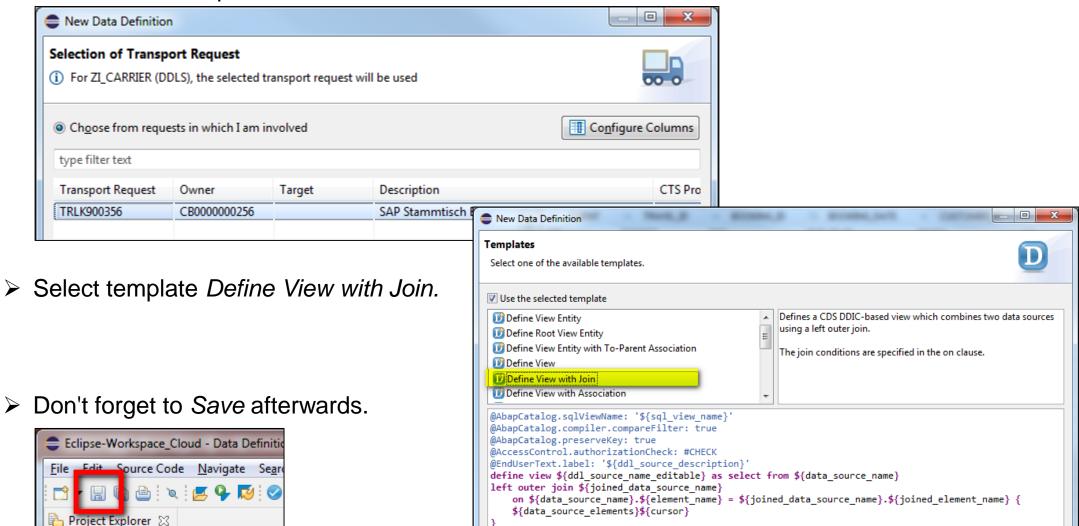




## Step 01 - Create a new CDS-View (2)



Confirm the transport - and choose Next, not Finish!



#### **Step 02 - Adapt the name of the SQL-View**



> Define the name of the SQL-View.

```
#[TRL] ZI_FLIGHT 

AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI_FLIGHT_00_A'

AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true

AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true

AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK

EndUserText.label: 'CDS Composite Interface View'

define view ZI_FLIGHT as select from data_source_name

left outer join joined_data_source_name

on data_source_name.element_name = joined_data_source_name.joined_element_name {

}
```

## Step 03 - Define the tables and the JOIN condition



Enter the table names.

```
6 define view ZI_FLIGHT_00 as select from /DMO/CONNECTION 7 left outer join /DMO/FLIGHT 8 on data_source_name.element_name = joined_data_source_name.joined.element_name { 9 }
```

> Use aliases for the table names.

```
6 define view ZI_FLIGHT_00
7 as select from /dmo/connection as c
8 left outer join /dmo/flight as f
9 on data_source_name.element_name = joined_data_source_name.joined_element_name {
10
10
11 }
```

➤ Enter the JOIN condition. Be aware of the absence of the JOIN condition for clients! And see that after the introduction of aliases the real table names may not be used anymore in the statement.

```
6 define view ZI_FLIGHT_00
7 as select from /dmo/connection as c
8 left outer join /dmo/flight as f
9 on c.carrier_id = f.carrier_id {
10
211 }
```

## **Step 04 - Define the SQL SELECT statement**



> Enter the SELECT statement via the Code Completion (*Insert all elements (template)*).

```
6 define view ZI FLIGHT 00
                     /dmo/connection as c
     as select from
       left outer join /dmo/flight as f
       on c.carrier id = f.carrier id {
       key c.carrier id as CarrierId,
       key c.connection id as ConnectionId,
       key f.carrier id as CarrierId,
212
       key f.connection id as ConnectionId,
       key flight date as FlightDate,
 14
       airport from id as AirportFromId,
       airport to id as AirportToId,
       departure time as DepartureTime,
       arrival time as ArrivalTime,
       distance as Distance,
       distance unit as DistanceUnit,
 21
       price as Price,
       currency code as CurrencyCode,
       plane type id as PlaneTypeId,
       seats max as SeatsMax,
       seats occupied as SeatsOccupied
 26 }
```

- Replace the full table names in the Join condition with the aliases.
- Note the usage of the aliases before each field. This is not necessary for fields which
  do not appear with the same name in both tables (as e.g. carrier\_id). To prove this,
  remove some of the aliases.
- To prepare a later tutorial, also remove the lines 23 and 24 (seats\_max and seats\_occupied from the SELECT statement.

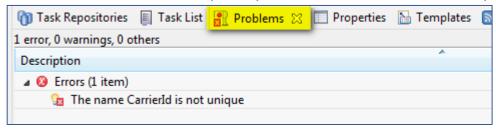
## **Step 05 - Correct the error for the key columns**



The Code Completion functionality entered the key columns of the single tables as possible keys of the Join each. That leads to the usage of double (column-) aliases, hence to an error.

```
6 define view ZI_FLIGHT_00
7 as select from /dmo/connection as c
8 left outer join /dmo/flight as f
9 on c.carrier_id = f.carrier_id {
10 key c.carrier_id as CarrierId;
11 key c.connection_id as ConnectionId;
12 key f.carrier_id as CarrierId;
13 key f.connection_id as ConnectionId;
14 key flight_date as FlightDate;
```

> See the additional (live!) error tab in the box (= Eclipse View) at the bottom.



➤ Note that although *CarrierId* and *ConnectionId* are both erroneous entries, only *CarrierId* is highlighted. Correct the error by deleting the usage of both columns from table / DMO / FLIGHT (line 11 and 12) from the CDS view.

## **Step 06 - Define a WHERE condition**



Restrict the data to the carrier "Lufthansa" with carrier\_id = 'LH'.

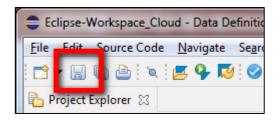
```
6 define view ZI FLIGHT 00
                     /dmo/connection as c
 7 as select from
                                     as f on c.carrier id = f.carrier id
      left outer join /dmo/flight
    key c.carrier id
                        as CarrierId,
   key c.connection id as ConnectionId,
   key flight date
                        as FlightDate,
13
        airport from id as AirportFromId,
14
        airport to id
                       as AirportToId,
15
        departure time as DepartureTime,
16
        arrival_time as ArrivalTime,
17
        distance
                        as Distance,
        distance unit as DistanceUnit,
19
        price
                        as Price.
20
        currency code as CurrencyCode,
21
        plane type id as PlaneTypeId
22 }
23 where
    c.carrier id = 'LH'
```

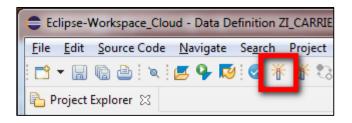
- The WHERE condition starts after the curly brackets of the field list.
- Note also here the absence of a semicolon at the end of the statement.
- The column in the WHERE condition must be prefixed with the alias, because carrier\_id both appears in /DMO/CONNECTION and /DMO/FLIGHT.

#### **Step 07 - Preview the data**

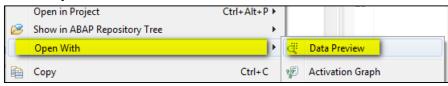


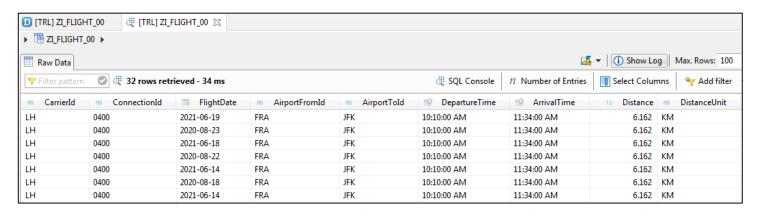
Save and activate the CDS View.



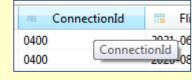


Do a preview of the data of the CDS.





Note the QuickInfo for e.g. the column ConnectionId by hovering the mouse at the column's header.



# Step 08 - Use Annotations to change the CDS behaviour (1)



Annotations add metadata to the SELECT statement. Make an Annotation in the field list of the SELECT statement for a column. This allows e.g. to transfer DDIC properties to a CDS View

```
c.distance_unit as DistanceUnit,

@Semantics.amount.currencyCode: 'CurrencyCode'
price as Price,

@Semantics.currencyCode
currency code as CurrencyCode,
plane_type_id as PlaneTypeId
```

➤ Make an Annotation for the whole CDS View in the header of the view. This allows e.g. a client dependency of an ABAP SELECT-statement with USING CLIENT accessing the CDS View.

```
1⊕ @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI_FLIGHT_00_A'
2  @AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
3  @AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
4  @AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
5  @EndUserText.label: 'CDS Composite Interface View'
6  @ClientHandling.type: #CLIENT_DEPENDENT
7  @ClientHandling.algorithm: #SESSION_VARIABLE
8  define view ZI_FLIGHT
9  as select from /dmo/connection as c
10  left outer join /dmo/flight as f on c.carrier_id = f.carrier_id
11 {
```

A direct result of these Annotations e.g. in the data preview is currently not visible.

## Appendix - Sourcecode



```
@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName: 'ZI FLIGHT 00 A'
@AbapCatalog.compiler.compareFilter: true
@AbapCatalog.preserveKey: true
@AccessControl.authorizationCheck: #CHECK
@EndUserText.label: 'CDS Composite Interface View'
define view ZI FLIGHT 00
                    /dmo/connection as c
  as select from
    left outer join /dmo/flight
                                    as f on c.carrier id =
f.carrier id
  key c.carrier id
                                             as CarrierId,
  key c.connection id
                                             as ConnectionId,
  key f.flight date
                                             as FlightDate,
      c.airport_from_id
                                             as AirportFromId,
      c.airport_to_id
                                             as AirportToId,
      c.departure_time
                                             as DepartureTime,
      c.arrival time
                                             as ArrivalTime.
      c.distance
                                             as Distance,
                                             as DistanceUnit,
      c.distance unit
      price
                                             as Price,
      currency code
                                             as CurrencyCode,
      plane_type_id
                                             as PlaneTypeId
where
 c.carrier_id = 'LH'
```