

Concept Note

LIFE BELOW WATER

AI-Driven Classification and Prediction of Carbon Credits for Industrial CO₂ Emissions

Presented by:
Anjali, Ishita, Preeti, Neha, Yogita

Objective

To create a machine learning-based system that evaluates blue carbon potential and estimates carbon credits from coastal and marine ecosystems like mangroves, seagrasses, and salt marshes. The goal is to promote ocean conservation, reduce marine pollution, and encourage carbon offset projects aligned with SDG 14: Life Below Water.

Problem Statement

Marine ecosystems are undervalued in global carbon markets despite their immense capacity to capture and store carbon (blue carbon). Key challenges include:

- Lack of accessible tools to estimate marine-based carbon credits
- Limited awareness of marine habitats' role in climate mitigation
- Urgent need to connect marine conservation with economic incentives

Proposed Solution

A data-driven machine learning model that:

1. Uses environmental indicators (salinity, pH, dissolved oxygen, temperature, biodiversity index, etc.)
2. Estimates blue carbon sequestration potential
3. Calculates approximate carbon credits earned through conservation
4. Provides a decision-support tool for governments, NGOs, and researchers

Key Features

1. Environmental Monitoring: Uses marine and coastal water quality data.
2. Carbon Credit Prediction: Estimates carbon credits generated by healthy marine ecosystems.
3. Sustainability Promotion: Aligns with SDG 13 (Climate Action) and SDG 14 (Life Below Water).
4. Education and Awareness: Encourages local communities to conserve marine areas.
5. Visual Reporting: Offers simple graphical outputs to show carbon impact.

Technical Workflow

1. Data Collection

- pH, Temperature, Salinity
- Dissolved Oxygen
- Vegetation presence (e.g., mangroves)
- Biodiversity indices

2. Data Cleaning & Preprocessing

3. Model Development

- Regression models for carbon capture prediction
- Classification for pollution levels (Low, Moderate, High)

4. Carbon Credit Calculation

- Based on CO₂ equivalent offset potential
- Dynamic estimations using region-specific factors .

5. Visualization & Reports

- Dashboards with impact analysis
- Conservation recommendations

🔧 Tools & Technologies

- Python, Pandas, Sklearn - Data analysis and model building
- Google Colab - Development environment
- Satellite or field data - For water and coastal metrics.

🌐 Why This Problem?

Blue carbon ecosystems can capture 2-10x more carbon than forests per hectare. Yet, they're rapidly disappearing due to pollution and coastal development. Incentivizing protection through carbon credits offers a sustainable economic model for conservation.

🧭 Ethical Considerations

- Promotes environmental equity
- Encourages community involvement
- Transparent, open-access model for collaboration

📈 Expected Outcomes

- A working model to estimate carbon credits from marine ecosystems
- Greater recognition of the economic value of marine conservation
- Educational tool to raise awareness about Life Below Water and carbon trading

Conclusion

This project merges technology and sustainability to address marine ecosystem degradation. By linking carbon credits with marine health, it empowers stakeholders to invest in ocean protection and achieve long-term climate and ecological benefits under SDG 14.