

DSC – Praticals

DATA STRUCTURES



Submitted By –

Gaurav

Roll no -24570019

Course – BSc(H) Computer Science

Sem – 3rd

Submitted to –

Mr. Sahil Pathak

(Assistant Professor)

Department of Computer Science

Ramanujan College, DU

1 - Write a program to implement singly linked list as an ADT that supports the following operations:

- i. Insert an element x at the beginning of the singly linked list
- ii. Insert an element x at i th position in the singly linked list
- iii. Remove an element from the beginning of the doubly linked list
- iv. Remove an element from i th position in the singly linked list.
- v. Search for an element x in the singly linked list and return its pointer

```
git: singlyLL.cpp > ...
113 ✓ #include<iostream>
114  #include<vector>
115  using namespace std;
116
117 ✓ struct Node{
118     int data;
119     Node*next;
120 }|;
121
122 ✓ class singlylinkedlist{
123     public:
124         Node* head;
125
126     ✓ singlylinkedlist(){
127         head = NULL;
128     }
129
130     ✓ Node*insertAtbeginning(int val){
131         Node* newnode = new Node();
132         newnode->data = val;
133         newnode->next = head;
134         head = newnode;
135     }
136
137     ✓ Node*insertatEnd(int val){
138         Node* newnode = new Node();
139         Node*temp = head;
140     ✓ if(head ==NULL){
141         newnode = head;
142     }
143     ✓ while(temp->next != NULL){
144         temp = temp->next;
145     }
146         temp->next = newnode;
147         newnode->data = val;
148         newnode->next = NULL;
```

```
Node* insertatspecificpos(int val,int key){
    Node* newnode = new Node();
    newnode->data = val;
    Node*temp =head;
    if(head==NULL){
        head = newnode;
    }
    else{
        while(temp->data!=key){
            temp=temp->next;
        }
        newnode->next = temp->next;
        temp->next = newnode;
    }
}

void pop_front(){
    if(head==NULL){
        cout<<"linkedlist is empty"<<endl;
    }
    Node*temp = head;
    head = head->next;
    delete temp;
}

void pop_back(){
    if(head==NULL){
        cout<<"linkedlist is empty"<<endl;
    }
    Node*temp =head;
    while(temp->next->next !=NULL){
        temp= temp->next;
    }
}
```

```
    delete (temp->next);
    temp->next = NULL;
}
void popatspecificpos(int key) {
    if(head ==NULL){
        cout<<"list is empty"<<endl;
    }
    Node*temp = head;
    for (int i = 0; temp != nullptr && i < key - 1; i++) {
        temp = temp->next;
    }

    // If position is out of range
    if (temp == nullptr || temp->next == nullptr) return;

    temp->next = temp->next->next;

    delete (temp->next);
}

Node*reverseLL(){
    Node* curr = head;
    Node*prev = NULL;
    if(head== NULL){
        cout<<"cant be reverse.."<<endl;
    }
    while(curr!=NULL){
        Node* next = curr->next;
        curr->next = prev;
        prev = curr;
        curr = next;
    }
}
```

```
        head=prev;
        return head;
    }

void printLinkedList(){
    Node*temp = head;
    while(temp!=NULL){
        cout<<temp->data<<" ";
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    cout<<endl;
}

int main(){
    singlyLinkedList list;
    list.insertAtBeginning(40);
    list.insertAtBeginning(30);
    list.insertAtBeginning(20);
    list.insertAtBeginning(10);
    //list.insertAtEnd(50);

    list.printLinkedList();
    //list.insertAtSpecificPos(60,20);
    //list.pop_front();
    //list.pop_back();
    //list.popAtSpecificPos(30);
    list.reverseLL();
    list.printLinkedList();
}
```

```
cd "c:\t
10 20 30 40
40 30 20 10
PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> 
```

2 - Write a program to implement doubly linked list as an ADT that supports the following operations: ii.

(i) insert an element x at the beginning of the doubly linked list

(ii) Insert an element x at the end of the doubly linked list

(iii) Remove an element from the beginning of the doubly linked list

(iv) Remove an element from the end of the doubly linked list

```
# doublyLL.cpp > DoublyLL > DoublyLL()
1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  struct Node{
5      int data;
6      Node*next;
7      Node*prev;
8  };
9
10
11 class DoublyLL{
12 public:
13     Node*head;
14
15     DoublyLL(){
16         head = NULL;
17     }
18
19     Node* push_front(int val){
20         Node* newnode = new Node();
21         newnode->data = val;
22         if(head==NULL){
23             head = newnode;
24         }
25         else{
26             newnode->next = head;
27             head->prev = newnode;
28             head = newnode;
29         }
30     }
31
32     void pop_front(){
33         if(head==NULL){
34             cout<<"DLL is empty"<<endl;
35         }
36         Node*temp = head;
```

```
        head= head->next;
        if(head !=NULL){
            head->prev =NULL;
        }
        temp->next = NULL;
        delete(temp);
    }

void push_back(int val){
    Node*temp = head;
    Node * newnode = new Node();
    newnode->data = val;
    if(head==NULL){
        head = newnode;
    }
    else{

        while(temp->next!=NULL){
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        newnode->prev = temp;
        temp->next = newnode;
    }
}

void pop_back(){
    Node*temp = head;
    if(head==NULL){
        cout<<"DLL is empty";
        return;
    }
    while(temp->next->next!=NULL){


```

```

1     if(head->next !=NULL){
2         temp->next = NULL;
3         temp2->prev = NULL;
4         delete(temp2);
5     }
6 }
7
8 void printDLL(){
9     Node*temp = head;
10    while(temp !=NULL){
11        cout<<temp->data<<" ";
12        temp = temp->next;
13    }
14    cout<<endl;
15 }
16
17 int main(){
18     DoublyLL DLL;
19
20     DLL.push_front(1);
21     DLL.push_front(2);
22     DLL.push_front(3);
23     DLL.push_back(4);
24     //DLL.pop_front();
25     DLL.pop_back();
26
27     DLL.printDLL();
28 }
```

```

● PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> cd "c:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA\" ; if ($?) { g++ doublyLL.cpp -o doublyLL
3 2 1
○ PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> 
```

3 - Write a program to implement circular linked list as an ADT which supports the following operations: i. ii. iii. Insert an element x in the list Remove an element from the list Search for an element x in the list and return its pointer

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 struct Node{
5     int data;
6     Node*next;
7 }
8
9
10 class CircularLL{
11 public:
12     Node*head;
13     Node* tail;
14
15     CircularLL(){
16         head = tail= NULL;
17     }
18
19     Node* push_front(int val){
20         Node* newnode = new Node();
21         newnode->data = val;
22         if(head==NULL){
23             head =tail = newnode;
24
25         }
26         else{
27             newnode->next = head;
28             head = newnode;
29             tail->next = head;
30         }
31     }
32
33     void pop_front(){
34         if(head==NULL){
35             cout<<"CLL is empty" << endl;
36         }
37     }
38 }
```

```
void pop_front(){
    if(head==NULL){
        cout<<"CLL is empty" << endl;
    }
    Node*temp = head;

    if(head ==tail){
        delete(head);
        head = NULL;
        tail=NULL;
        return;
    }
    head= head->next;
    tail->next = head;
    temp->next = NULL;
    delete(temp);
}

void push_back(int val){
    Node*temp = head;
    Node * newnode = new Node();
    newnode->data = val;
    if(head==NULL){
        head =tail = newnode;
    }
    else{
        tail->next = newnode;
        tail = newnode;
        tail->next = head;
    }
}

void pop_back(){
    Node*temp = tail;
```

```

void pop_back(){
    Node*temp = tail;
    if(head==NULL){
        cout<<"CLL is empty";
        return;
    }
    if(head==tail){
        delete(head);
        head=tail= NULL;
        return;
    }
    Node*prev = head;
    while(prev->next!=tail){
        prev = prev->next;
    }
    tail = prev;
    tail->next = head;
    temp->next = NULL;
    delete(temp);
}

Node* findAtspecificpos(int x){
    Node*temp = head;
    while(temp->data!=x){
        temp= temp->next;
    }
    cout<< temp;
}

void printDLL(){
    Node*temp = head;
    cout<<temp->data<<" ";
    temp = temp->next;
    while(temp !=head){
        cout<<temp->data<<" ";
    }
}

```

```

int main(){
    CircularLL CLL;

    CLL.push_front(1);
    CLL.push_front(2);
    CLL.push_front(3);
    CLL.push_back(4);
    //CLL.pop_front();
    //CLL.pop_back();
    CLL.printDLL();
    CLL.findAtspecificpos(2);
}

```

```

rcularLL }
3 2 1 4 3
0xfb1728
○ PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> []

```

4- Implement Stack as an ADT and use it to evaluate a prefix/postfix expression.

```
stack.cpp > ...
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <cstring>
3 #include <cmath>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 class stack {
7 private:
8     int top;
9     int arr[100];
10
11 public:
12     stack() { top = -1; }
13
14     bool isEmpty() {
15         return top == -1;
16     }
17
18     bool isFull() {
19         return top == 99;
20     }
21
22     void push(int x) {
23         if (!isFull())
24             arr[++top] = x;
25         else
26             cout << "Stack Overflow\n";
27     }
28
29     int pop() {
30         if (!isEmpty())
31             return arr[top--];
32         else {
33             cout << "Stack Underflow\n";
34             return -1;
35         }
36     }
37 }
```

```
class Stack {
    int peek() {
        return arr[top];
    }
};

bool isoperator(char c) {
    return (c == '+' || c == '-' || c == '*' || c == '/' || c == '^');
}

int evaluate(int a, int b, char op) {
    switch (op) {
        case '+': return a + b;
        case '-': return a - b;
        case '*': return a * b;
        case '/': return a / b;
        case '^': return pow(a, b);
    }
    return 0;
}

int evaluatePostfix(string exp) {
    stack st;

    for (char c : exp) {
        if (c == ' ') continue;

        // if operand (digit)
        if (isdigit(c)) {
            st.push(c - '0');
        }
        else if (isoperator(c)) {
            int b = st.pop();
            int a = st.pop();
            int result = evaluate(a, b, c);
            st.push(result);
        }
    }
}
```

```

int evaluatePostfix(string exp) {
    for (char c : exp) {
        return st.pop();
    }

int evaluatePrefix(string exp) {
    Stack st;

    for (int i = exp.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
        char c = exp[i];
        if (c == ' ') continue;

        if (isdigit(c)) {
            st.push(c - '0');
        }
        else if (isOperator(c)) {
            int a = st.pop();
            int b = st.pop();
            int result = evaluate(a, b, c);
            st.push(result);
        }
    }
    return st.pop();
}

int main() {
    string postfix, prefix;

    cout << "Enter Postfix Expression: ";
    getline(cin, postfix);
    cout << "Postfix Evaluation = " << evaluatePostfix(postfix) << endl;

    cout << "\nEnter Prefix Expression: ";
    getline(cin, prefix);
    cout << "Prefix Evaluation = " << evaluatePrefix(prefix) << endl;

```

```

cd "c:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA\" ; if ($?
Enter Postfix Expression: 234*+
Postfix Evaluation = 14

Enter Prefix Expression: +*234
Prefix Evaluation = 10
PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> █

```

5 - Implement Queue as an ADT.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

struct Node{
    int data;
    Node*next;

    Node(int val){
        data = val;
        next = NULL;
    }
};

class Queue{
public:
    Node* head;
    Node*tail;

    Queue(){
        head = tail = NULL;
    }

    void push(int val){
        Node* newnode = new Node(val);
        if(isempty()){
            head = tail = newnode;
        } else {
            tail->next = newnode;
            tail = newnode;
        }
    }

    void pop(){
        if(isempty()){
            cout<<"LL is empty"<<endl;
            return;
        }
    }
}
```

```

void pop(){
    if(isempty()){
        Node*temp = head;
        head = head->next;
        delete(temp);
    }

    int front(){
        if(isempty()){
            cout<<"LL is empty"<<endl;
            return 0;
        }
        return head->data;
    }

    bool isempty(){
        return head == NULL;
    }
};

int main(){
    Queue q;
    q.push(10);
    q.push(20);
    q.push(30);
    q.push(40);
    while(!q.isempty()){
        cout<<q.front()<<" ";
        q.pop();
    }
    cout<<endl;
    return 0;
}

```

```

cd "c:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA\" ; if ($?) { g++ queue.cpp -o qu
10 20 30 40
PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> []

```

6 - Write a program to implement Binary Search Tree as an ADT which supports the following operations:

- i. Insert an element x

- (ii)Delete an element x

- (iii)Search for an element x in the BST

- (iv)Display the elements of the BST in preorder, inorder, and postorder traversal

```
# binarysearchtree.cpp > preOrder(Node *)
1 #include<iostream>
2 #include<vector>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 class Node{
6 public:
7     int data;
8     Node* left;
9     Node* right;
10
11    Node(int val){
12        data = val;
13        left= right= NULL;
14    }
15
16 };
17
18 Node* insertBST(Node*root , int val){
19     if(root==NULL){
20         return new Node(val);
21     }
22
23     if(val<root->data){
24         root->left = insertBST(root->left,val);
25     } else{
26         root->right = insertBST(root->right,val);
27     }
28     return root;
29 }
30
31 Node* buildBST(vector<int> arr){
32     Node* root = NULL;
33     for(int val:arr){
34         root = insertBST(root,val);
35     }
36     return root;
37 }
```

```
bool Search(Node* root, int key){
    if(root==NULL){
        return false;
    }

    if(root->data ==key){
        return true;
    } else if(root->data>key){
        return Search(root->left,key);
    } else{
        return Search(root->right,key);
    }

    return false;
}

Node * getInorderSuccessor(Node*root){
    while(root !=NULL && root->left !=NULL){
        root =root->left;
    }
    return root;
}

Node* deleteNode(Node* root, int key){
    if(root==NULL){
        return NULL;
    }

    if(key<root->data){
        root->left = deleteNode(root->left,key);
    } else if(key>root->data){
        root->right = deleteNode(root->right,key);
    } else {
        if(root->left==NULL){
            Node* temp = root->right;
            delete(root);
            return temp;
        }
        else if(root->right==NULL){
            Node* temp = root->left;
            delete(root);
            return temp;
        }
        else {
            Node* temp = minValueNode(root->right);
            root->data = temp->data;
            root->right = deleteNode(root->right,temp->data);
        }
    }
}
```

```
    } else {
        if(root->left==NULL){
            return temp;
        } else if(root->right==NULL){
            Node* temp = root->left;
            delete(root);
            return temp;
        } else{
            Node * IS = getInorderSuccessor(root->right);
            root->data = IS->data;
            root->right= deleteNode(root->right,IS->data);
        }
    }
    return root;

void preOrder(Node* root){
    if(root==NULL){
        return;
    }
    cout<<root->data<<" ";
    preOrder(root->left);
    preOrder(root->right);
}

void inOrder(Node* root){
    if(root==NULL){
        return;
    }
    inOrder(root->left);
    cout<<root->data<<" ";
    inOrder(root->right);

}

void postOrder(Node * root){
```

```

}

void postOrder(Node * root){
    if(root==NULL){
        return;
    }
    postOrder(root->left);
    postOrder(root->right);
    cout<<root->data<<" ";
}

int main(){
    vector<int> arr = { 3,2,1,5,6,4};
    Node* root = buildBST(arr);
    inOrder(root);
    cout<<endl;
    deleteNode(root,7);
    inOrder(root);
    cout<<endl;

    cout<< Search(root,7);
}

```

```

PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> cd "c:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA\" ; if
($?) { .\binarysearchtree }
1 2 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5 6
0
PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> []

```

7 - Write a program to implement insert and search operation in AVL trees.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<algorithm>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;

struct Node {
    int data;
    Node*left;
    Node*right;
    int height;
};

Node(int val){
    data = val;
    left=right = NULL;
}

int height(Node* N){
    if(N==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    return N->height;
}

int updateheight(Node* N){
    if(N==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    return max(N->left->height,N->right->height) + 1;
}

int balanceFactor(Node *N){
    if(N==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    return (N->left->height - N->right->height) +1;
}
```

```
9 // left-left case
10 Node* rightrotation(Node* y){
11     Node * x = y->left;
12     Node*z = x->right;
13
14     //rotate
15     x->right = y;
16     y->left = z;
17     updateheight(y);
18     updateheight(x);
19     return x;
20 }
21 //right-right
22 Node* leftrotation(Node* x){
23     Node * y = x->right;
24     Node*z = y->left;
25
26     //rotate
27     y->left = x;
28     x->right = z;
29     updateheight(x);
30     updateheight(y);
31     return y;
32 }
33
34 Node* insert(Node* node, int val){
35     if(node==NULL){
36         return new Node(val);
37     }
38
39     if(val<node->data){
40         node->left = insert(node->left,val);
41     } else{
42         node->right = insert(node->right,val);
43     }
44     return node;
45 }
```

```

updateheight(node);
int fd = balanceFactor(node);

// left -left case
if(fd>1 && val<node->left->data){
    return rightrotation(node);
}

// right-right case
if(fd<-1 && val>node->right->data){
    return leftrotation(node);
}

//left - right case
if(fd > 1 && val > node->left->data){
    node->left = leftrotation(node);
    return rightrotation(node);
}

// right - left case
if(fd < -1 && val < node->right->data){
    node->right = rightrotation(node);
    return leftrotation(node);
}

return node;
}

```

```

void inorder(Node*root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        inorder(root->left) ;
        cout<<root->data<<" ";
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

```

```

PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> cd "c:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA\" ; if ($?) { g++ AVL.cpp -o
10 20 25 30 40 50
PS C:\Users\gaura\OneDrive\Desktop\DSA> []

```