

## Final Assessment

### SQL SERVER INTEGRATION SERVICE – SSIS

This document is about extracting data from different sources, transforming and loading it with required conditions in different destinations using SSIS tool. Also, it shows different types of transformations and its execution.

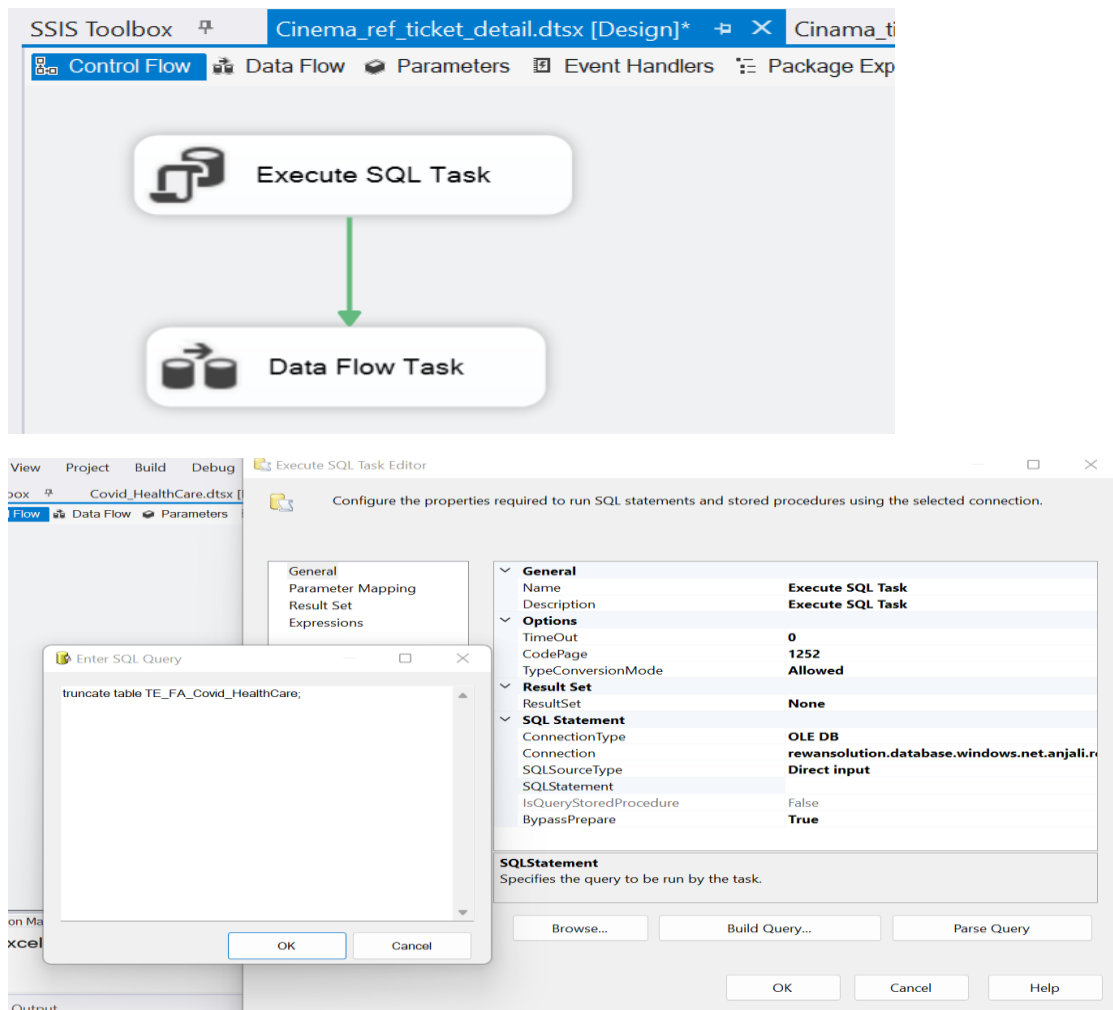
#### 1. Extracting Transforming and loading data

##### i) Cinema Ticket Details Data Source:

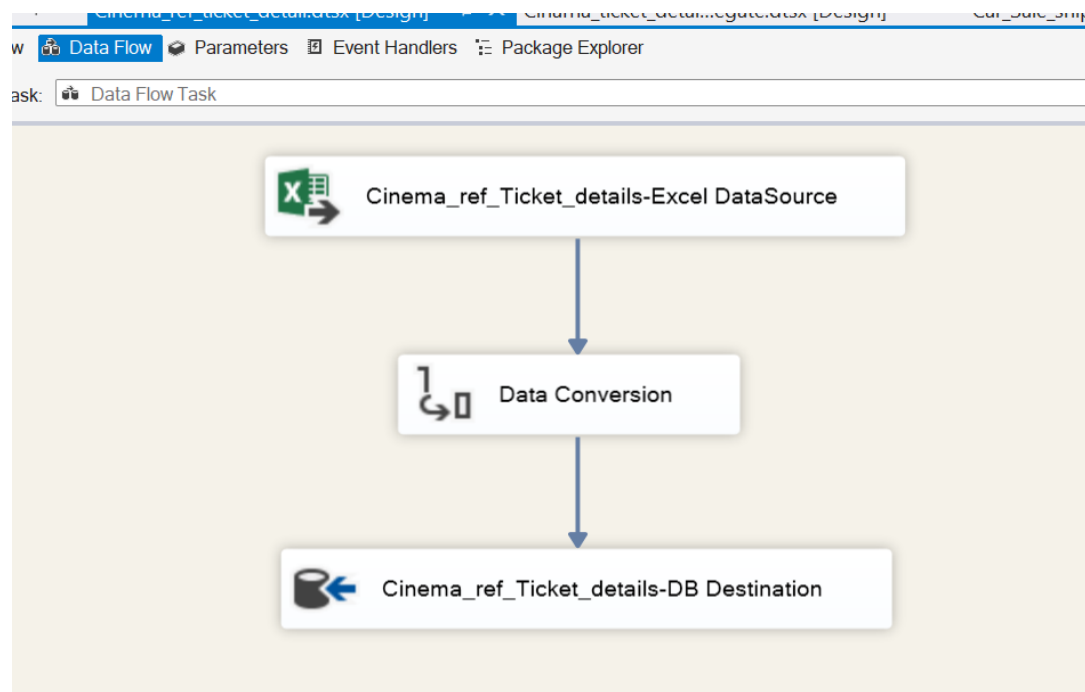
Source – Cinema reference ticket details excel data source

Target – SQL server

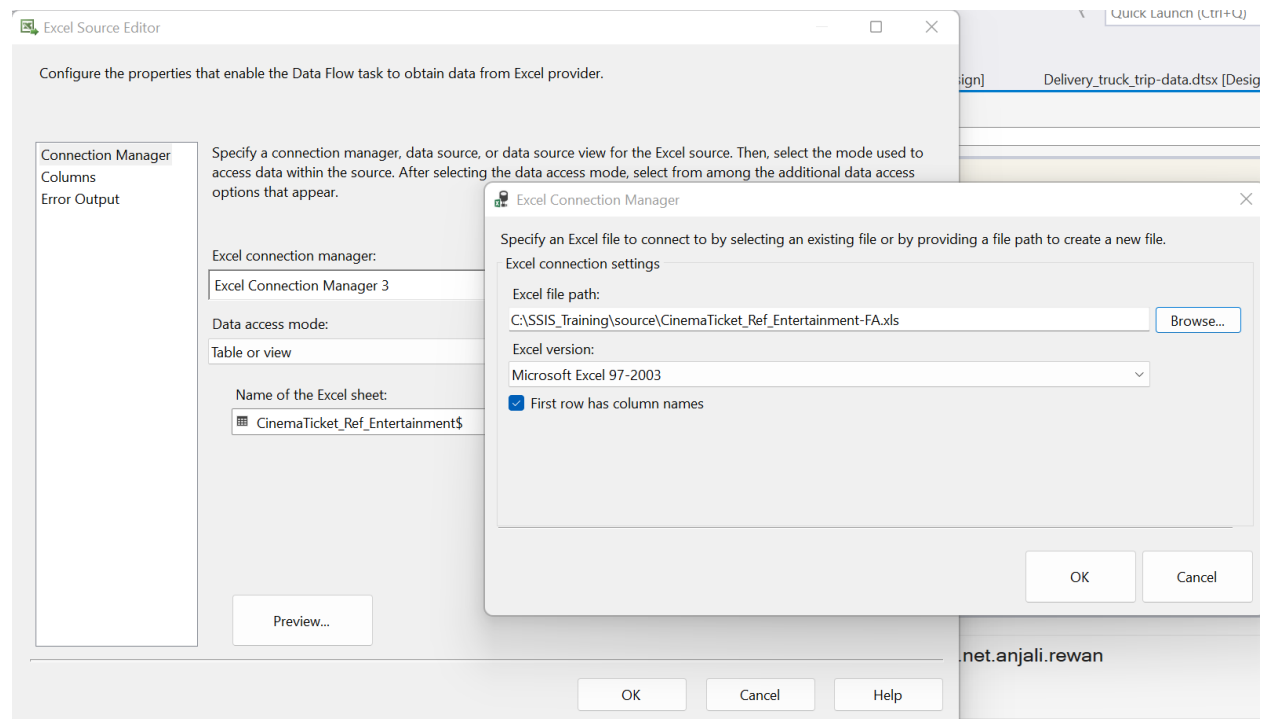
In control flow-

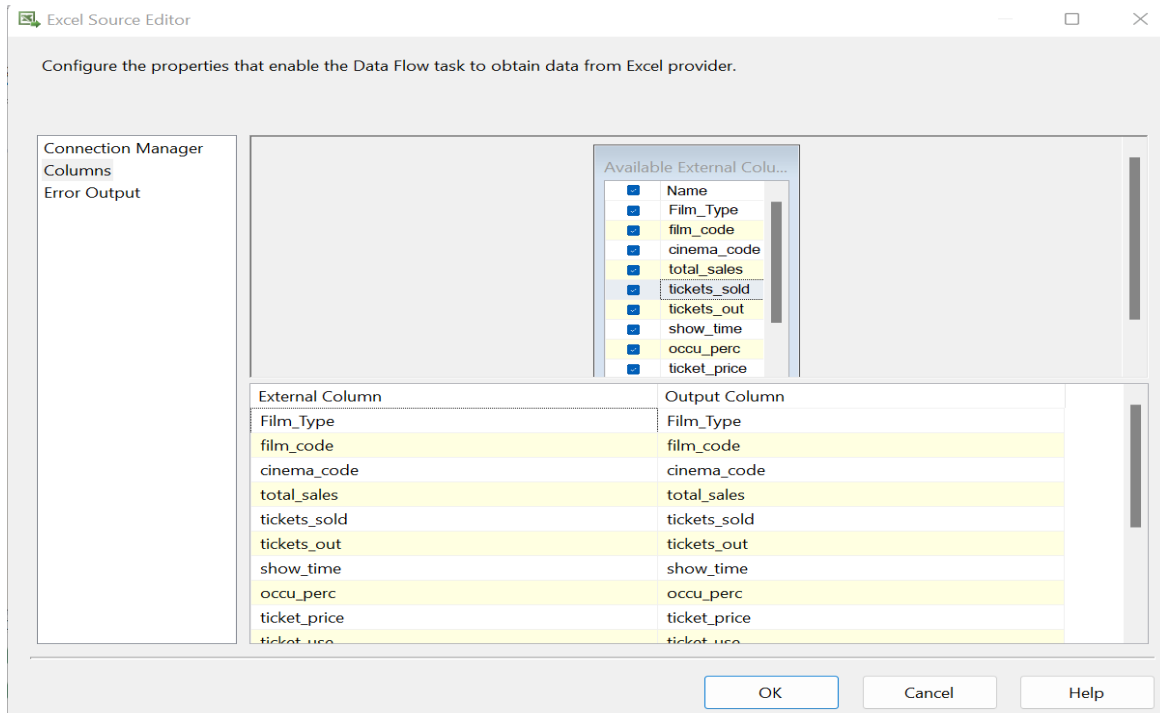


## In Data Flow-

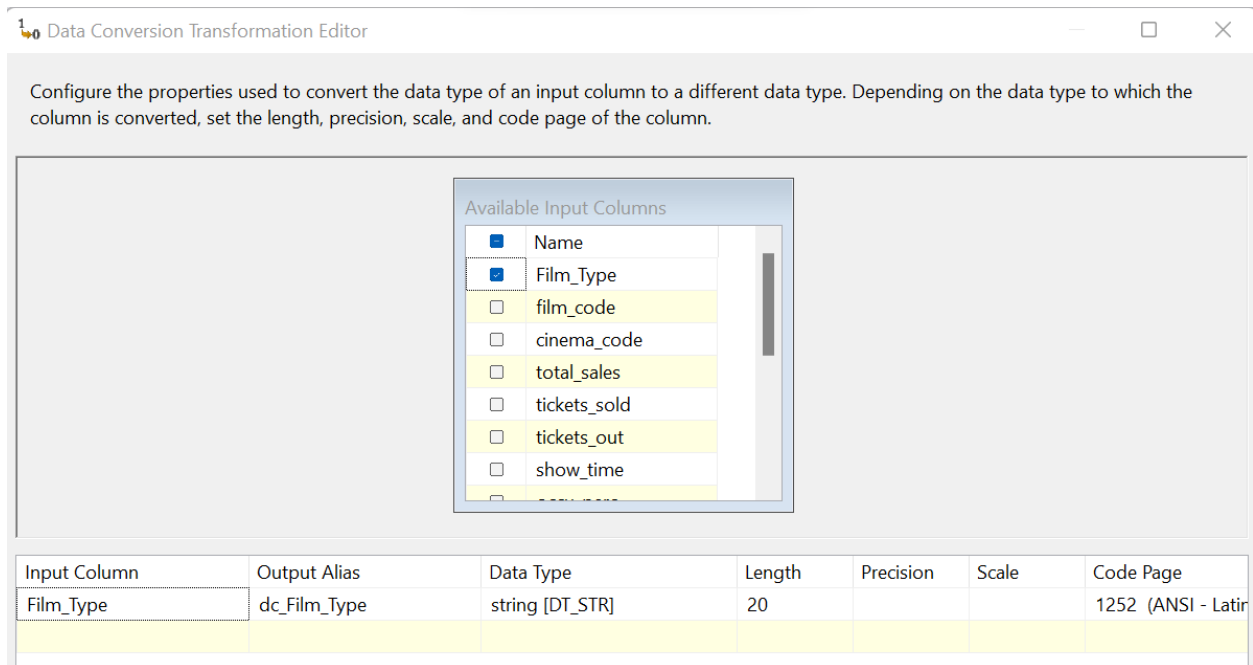


### a) Creating connection for Excel Source-





## b) Data Conversion-



### c) Creating connection for SQL Server(destination)-

```
create table TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
(
  Film_Type varchar(20),
  film_code int,
  cinema_code int,
  total_sales bigint,
  tickets_sold int,
  tickets_out int,
  show_time date,
  occu_perc float,
  ticket_price float,
  ticket_use int,
  capacity int,
  datee date,
  monthhh int,
  quarterrr int,
  dayy int
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details;
```

OLE DB Destination Editor

Configure the properties used to insert data into a relational database using an OLE DB provider.

Connection Manager  
Mappings  
Error Output

Specify an OLE DB connection manager, a data source, or a data source view, and select the data access mode. If using the SQL command access mode, specify the SQL command either by typing the query or by using Query Builder. For fast-load data access, set the table update options.

OLE DB connection manager:  
rewansolution.database.windows.net.anjali.rewan New...

Data access mode:  
Table or view - fast load

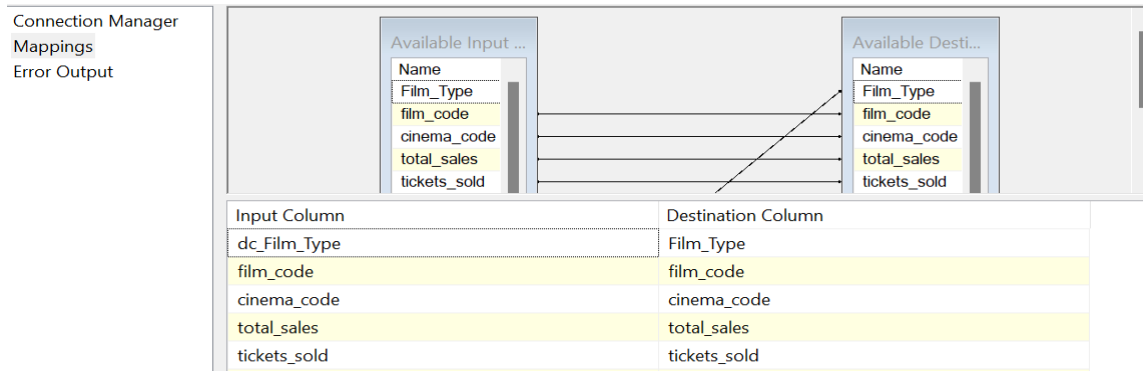
Name of the table or the view:  
[dbo].[TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details] New...

☐ Keep identity ☒ Table lock  
☐ Keep nulls ☒ Check constraints

Rows per batch:

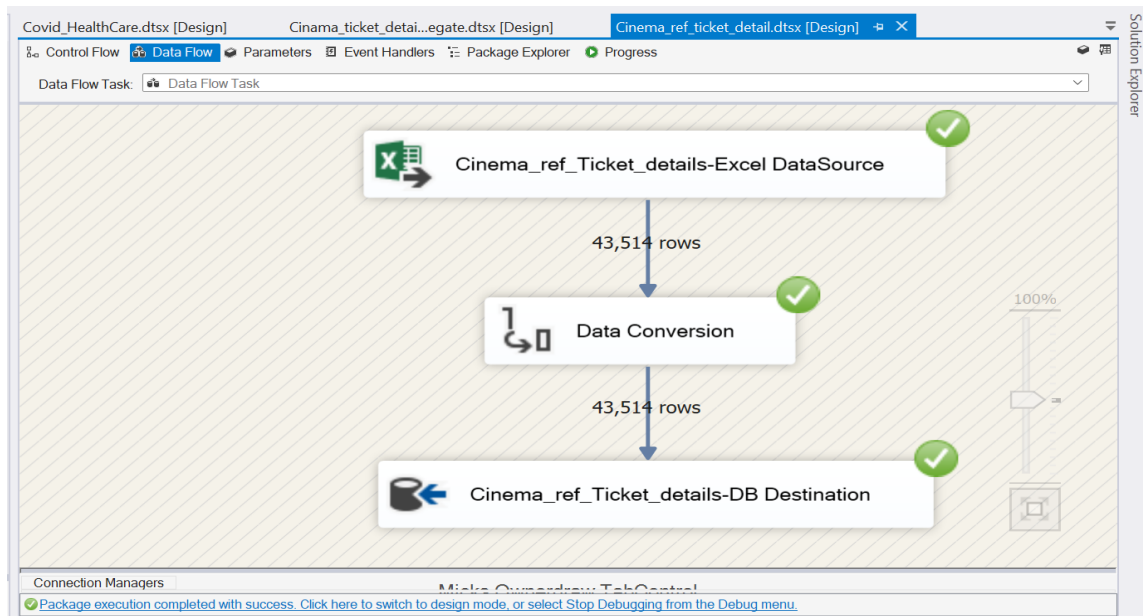
Maximum insert commit size:

View Existing Data...



#### d) Result:

The data is loaded into SQL Server database from excel data source.



Results 1 x

select \* from TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details; Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)

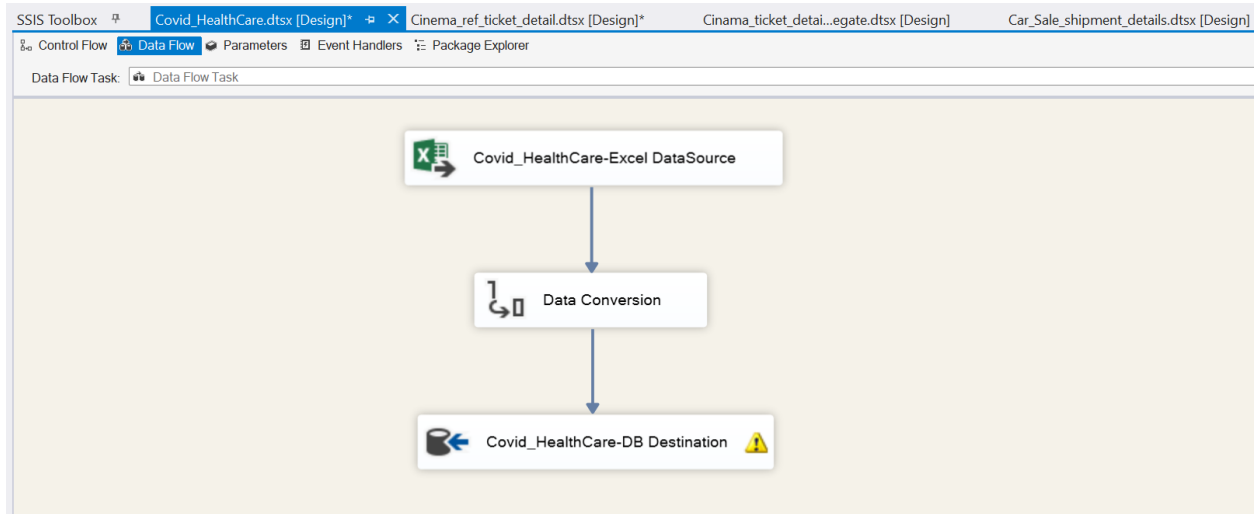
	Film_Type	film_c	cinema_co	total_sales	tickets_so	tickets_o	show_time	occu_perc	ticket_pric	ticket_u	ca	datee	mc	quarterr
1	Romance	1,492	304	3,900,000	26	0	1900-01-03	4.26	150,000	26	610	2018-05-05	5	2
2	Romance	1,492	352	3,360,000	42	0	1900-01-04	8.08	80,000	42	520	2018-05-05	5	2
3	Romance	1,492	489	2,560,000	32	0	1900-01-03	20	80,000	32	160	2018-05-05	5	2
4	Romance	1,492	429	1,200,000	12	0	1899-12-31	11.01	100,000	12	109	2018-05-05	5	2
5	Romance	1,492	524	1,200,000	15	0	1900-01-02	16.67	80,000	15	90	2018-05-05	5	2
6	Romance	1,492	71	1,050,000	7	0	1900-01-02	0.98	150,000	7	714	2018-05-05	5	2
7	Romance	1,492	163	1,020,000	10	0	1900-01-02	7.69	102,000	10	130	2018-05-05	5	2
8	Romance	1,492	450	750,000	5	0	1900-01-02	1.57	150,000	5	318	2018-05-05	5	2
9	Romance	1,492	51	750,000	11	0	1900-01-01	0.95	68,181.81818	11	1,158	2018-05-05	5	2
10	Romance	1,492	522	600,000	4	0	1900-01-02	1.55	150,000	4	258	2018-05-05	5	2
11	Romance	1,492	43	480,000	6	0	1900-01-02	0.44	80,000	6	1,364	2018-05-05	5	2
12	Romance	1,492	529	480,000	4	0	1900-01-02	2.96	120,000	4	135	2018-05-05	5	2
13	Romance	1,492	82	400,000	5	0	1900-01-05	0.53	80,000	5	943	2018-05-05	5	2
14	Romance	1,492	344	300,000	2	0	1900-01-02	0.25	150,000	2	800	2018-05-05	5	2
15	Romance	1,492	73	240,000	2	0	1899-12-31	2.04	120,000	2	98	2018-05-05	5	2
16	Romance	1,492	304	16,500,000	112	0	1900-01-03	18.33	147,321.4286	112	611	2018-05-04	5	2
17	Romance	1,492	352	13,950,000	93	0	1900-01-04	10.57	150,000	93	880	2018-05-04	5	2
18	Romance	1,492	344	10,200,000	68	0	1900-01-02	8.54	150,000	68	796	2018-05-04	5	2
19	Romance	1,492	71	6,600,000	44	0	1900-01-02	6.14	150,000	44	717	2018-05-04	5	2
20	Romance	1,492	163	3,360,000	31	0	1900-01-02	24.8	108,387.0968	31	125	2018-05-04	5	2
21	Romance	1,492	522	3,000,000	20	0	1900-01-02	7.75	150,000	20	258	2018-05-04	5	2
22	Romance	1,492	485	2,400,000	16	0	1900-01-02	11.59	150,000	16	138	2018-05-04	5	2

Save Cancel Script 46,517 Rows: 1 46517 row(s) fetched - 3.591s (3.322s fetch), on 202:

## ii) Covid Health Care Details:

Source – Inpatient provider covid healthcare excel data source

Target – SQL server



### a) Connection for Data Source-


The screenshot shows the 'Excel Source Editor' window with the following configuration:

- Connection Manager:** Excel Connection Manager
- Data access mode:** Table or view
- Name of the Excel sheet:** Inpatient\_provdtr\_Covid\_Healthca\$

A 'Preview Query Results' window is overlaid, showing the first 200 rows of data. The data includes columns for DRG ID, DRG, Provider, and Hospital.

DRG ID	DRG ...	Provid...	Provid...	Provid...	Provid...	Provid...	Provid...	Hospit
39	EXTR...	10001	SOUT...	1108 ...	DOTH...	AL	36301	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10005	MARS...	2505 ...	BOAZ	AL	35957	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10006	ELIZA...	205 M...	FLOR...	AL	35631	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10011	ST VI...	50 ME...	BIRMI...	AL	35235	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10016	SHEL...	1000 ...	ALAB...	AL	35007	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10023	BAPT...	2105 ...	MON...	AL	36116	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10029	EAST ...	2000 ...	OPELI...	AL	36801	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10033	UNIV...	619 S...	BIRMI...	AL	35233	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10039	HUNT...	101 S...	HUNT...	AL	35801	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10040	GADS...	1007 ...	GADS...	AL	35903	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10046	RIVE...	600 S...	GADS...	AL	35901	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10055	FLOW...	4370 ...	DOTH...	AL	36305	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10056	ST VI...	810 S...	BIRMI...	AL	35205	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10078	NORT...	400 E...	ANNL...	AL	36207	AL - B
39	EXTR...	10083	SOUT...	1613 ...	FOLEY	AL	36535	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10085	DECA...	1201 ...	DECA...	AL	35609	AL - ..
39	EXTR...	10090	PROV...	6801 ...	MOBILE	AL	36608	AL - ..

## b) Data Conversion-

 Data Conversion Transformation Editor

Configure the properties used to convert the data type of an input column to a different data type. Depending on the data type to which the column is converted, set the length, precision, scale, and code page of the column.

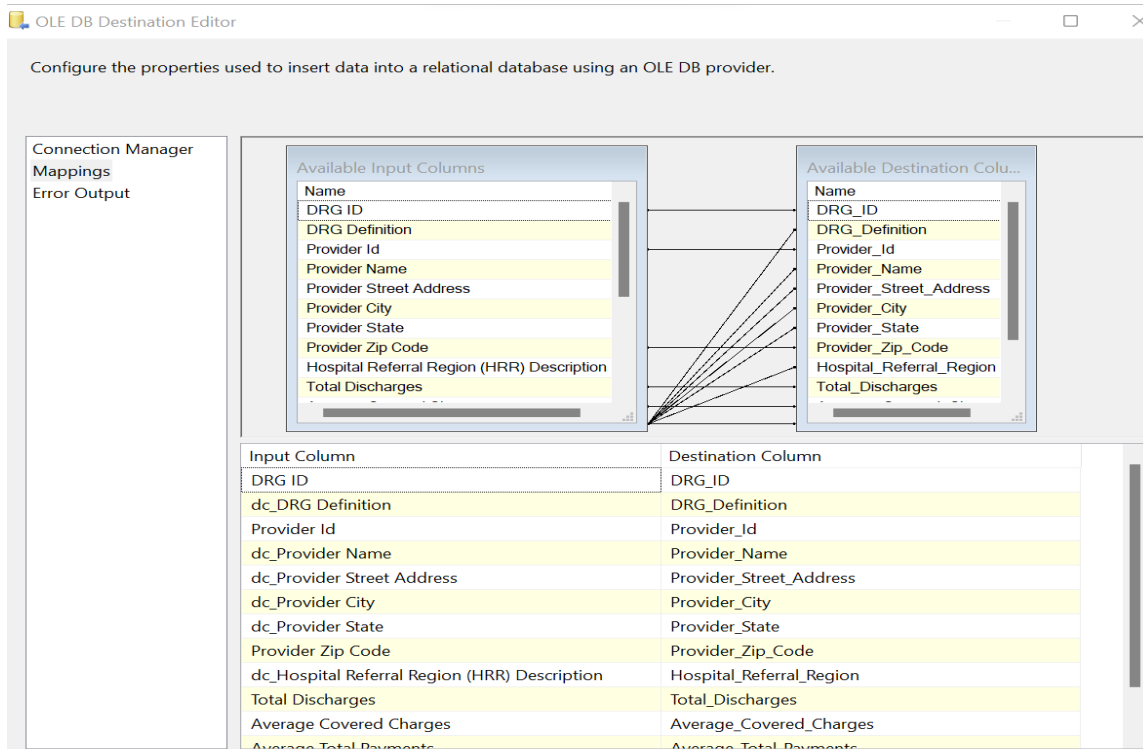
Available Input Columns

- ☒ Name
- ☐ DRG ID
- ☒ DRG Definition
- ☐ Provider Id
- ☒ Provider Name
- ☒ Provider Street Address
- ☒ Provider City
- ☒ Provider State
- ☐ Provider Zip Code

Input Column	Output Alias	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Code Page
DRG Definition	dc_DRG Definition	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)
Provider Name	dc_Provider Name	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)
Provider Street Address	dc_Provider Street Addr...	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)
Provider City	dc_Provider City	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)
Provider State	dc_Provider State	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)
Hospital Referral Region...	dc_Hospital Referral Re...	string [DT_STR]	255			1252 (ANSI - Latin)

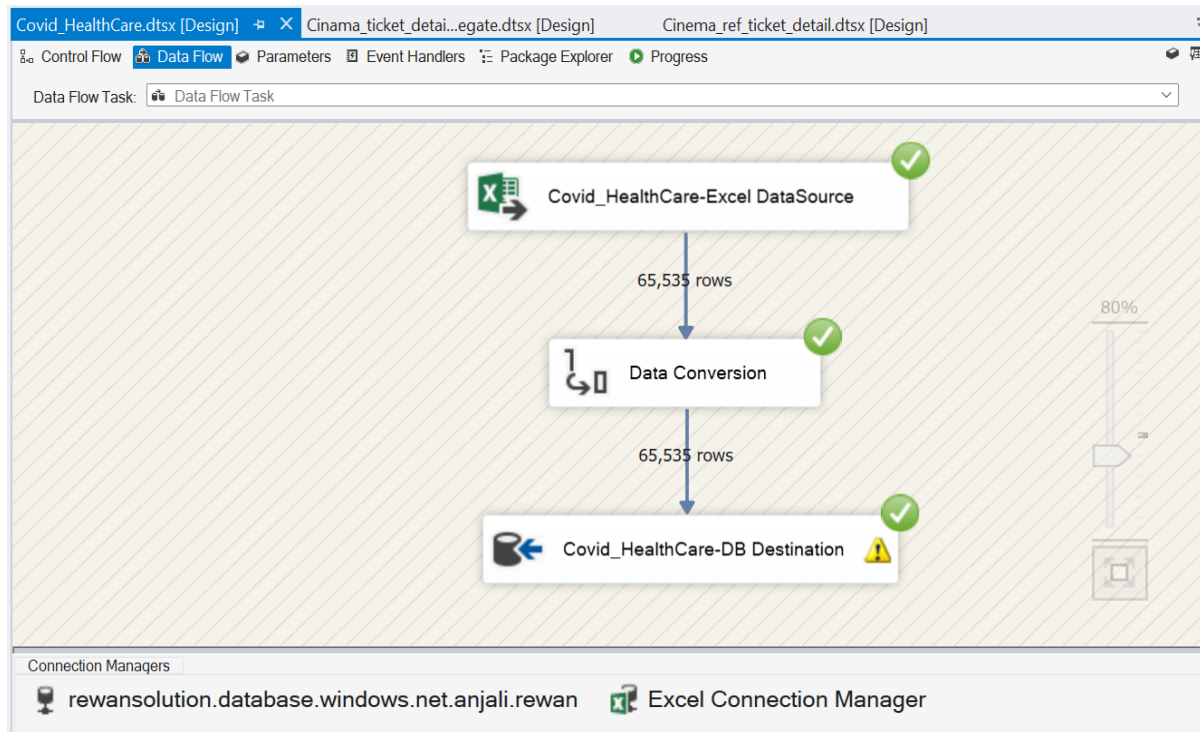
## c) Destination-

```
create table TE_FA_Covid_HealthCare
(
  DRG_ID int,
  DRG_Definition varchar(100),
  Provider_Id int,
  Provider_Name varchar(100),
  Provider_Street_Address varchar(100),
  Provider_City varchar(100),
  Provider_State varchar(100),
  Provider_Zip_Code int,
  Hospital_Referral_Region varchar(100),
  Total_Discharges int, Average_Covered_Charges float, Average_Total_Payments float,
  Average_Medicare_Payments float
);
select * from TE_FA_Covid_HealthCare;
```



#### d) Result-

The data from excel source is loaded into SQL server database.





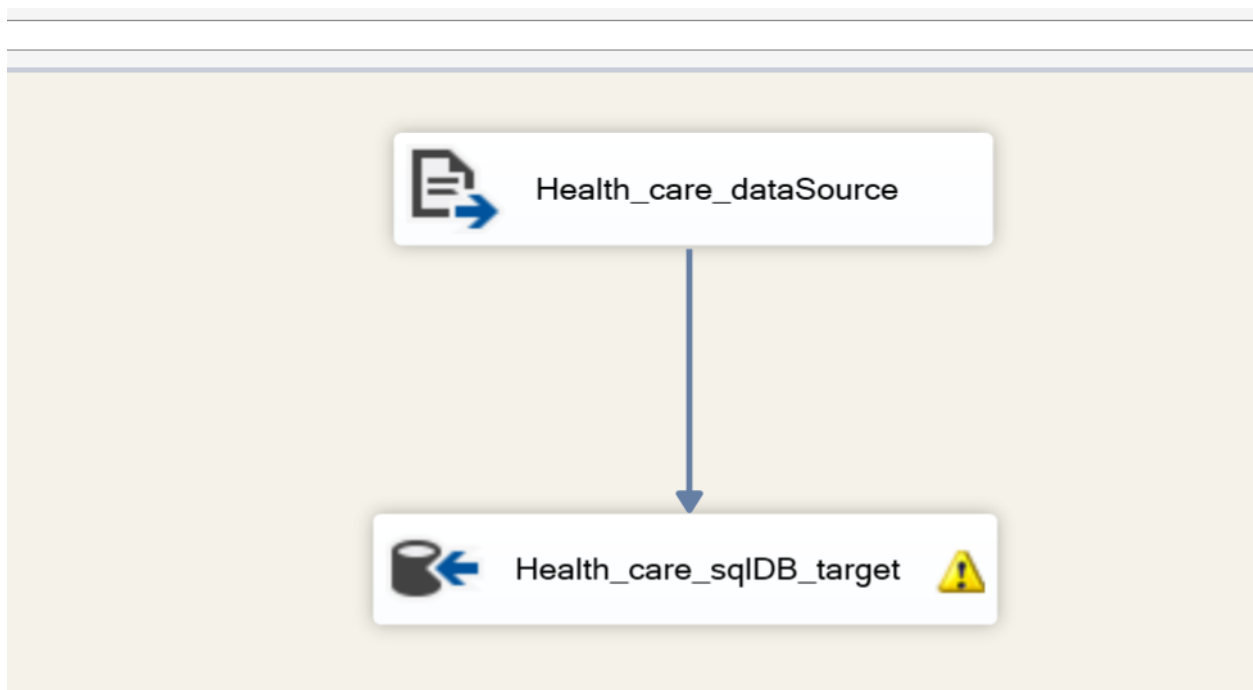
Results 1 ×												
select * from TE_FA_Covid_HealthCare; Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)												
Grid	DRG_ID	DRG_Definition	Provider	Provider_Name	Provider_Street_Address	Provider_City	Provider_State	Provide	Hospital_Referral	Total_D	Avera	
1	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,001	SOUTHEAST ALABAMA MI	1108 ROSS CLARK CIRCLE	DOTHAN	AL	36,301	AL - Dothan	91	32,	
2	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,005	MARSHALL MEDICAL CEN	2505 U S HIGHWAY 431 NORTH	BOAZ	AL	35,957	AL - Birmingham	14	15,	
3	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,006	ELIZA COFFEE MEMORIAL	205 MARENGO STREET	FLORENCE	AL	35,631	AL - Birmingham	24	3	
4	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,011	ST VINCENT'S EAST	50 MEDICAL PARK EAST DRIVE	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,235	AL - Birmingham	25		
5	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,016	SHELBY BAPTIST MEDICAL	1000 FIRST STREET NORTH	ALABASTER	AL	35,007	AL - Birmingham	18	31,	
6	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,023	BAPTIST MEDICAL CENTER	2105 EAST SOUTH BOULEVARD	MONTGOMERY	AL	36,116	AL - Montgomery	67	16,	
7	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,029	EAST ALABAMA MEDICAL	2000 PEPPERELL PARKWAY	OPELIKA	AL	36,801	AL - Birmingham	51	11,	
8	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,033	UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA	619 SOUTH 19TH STREET	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,233	AL - Birmingham	32	35,	
9	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,039	HUNTSVILLE HOSPITAL	101 SIVLEY RD	HUNTSVILLE	AL	35,801	AL - Huntsville	135	28,	
10	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,040	GADSDEN REGIONAL MEC	1007 GOODYEAR AVENUE	GADSDEN	AL	35,903	AL - Birmingham	34	75,	
11	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,046	RIVERVIEW REGIONAL ME	600 SOUTH THIRD STREET	GADSDEN	AL	35,901	AL - Birmingham	14	67,	
12	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,055	FLOWERS HOSPITAL	4370 WEST MAIN STREET	DOTHAN	AL	36,305	AL - Dothan	45	39,	
13	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,056	ST VINCENT'S BIRMINGHA	810 ST VINCENT'S DRIVE	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,205	AL - Birmingham	43	22,	
14	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,078	NORTHEAST ALABAMA RE	400 EAST 10TH STREET	ANNISTON	AL	36,207	AL - Birmingham	21	31,	
15	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,083	SOUTH BALDWIN REGION	1613 NORTH MCKENZIE STREET	FOLEY	AL	36,535	AL - Mobile	15	25,	
16	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,085	DECATUR GENERAL HOSP	1201 7TH STREET SE	DECATUR	AL	35,609	AL - Huntsville	27	9,2,	
17	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,090	PROVIDENCE HOSPITAL	6801 AIRPORT BOULEVARD	MOBILE	AL	36,608	AL - Mobile	27	15,	
18	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,092	D C H REGIONAL MEDICAL	809 UNIVERSITY BOULEVARD EA	TUSCALOOSA	AL	35,401	AL - Tuscaloosa	31	19,	
19	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,100	THOMAS HOSPITAL	750 MORPHY AVENUE	FAIRHOPE	AL	36,532	AL - Mobile	18	10,	
20	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,103	BAPTIST MEDICAL CENTER	701 PRINCETON AVENUE SOUTH	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,211	AL - Birmingham	33	51,	
21	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,104	TRINITY MEDICAL CENTER	800 MONTCLAIR RD	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,213	AL - Birmingham	29	55,	
22	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,113	MOBILE INFIRMARY	5 MOBILE INFIRMARY CIRCLE	MOBILE	AL	36,652	AL - Mobile	66	14,	
23	39	EXTRACRANIAL PROC	10,130	BROOKWOOD MEDICAL C	3030 BROOKWOOD MEDICAL C	BIRMINGHAM	AL	35,900	AL - Birmingham	40	73,	

### iii) Hospital Details:

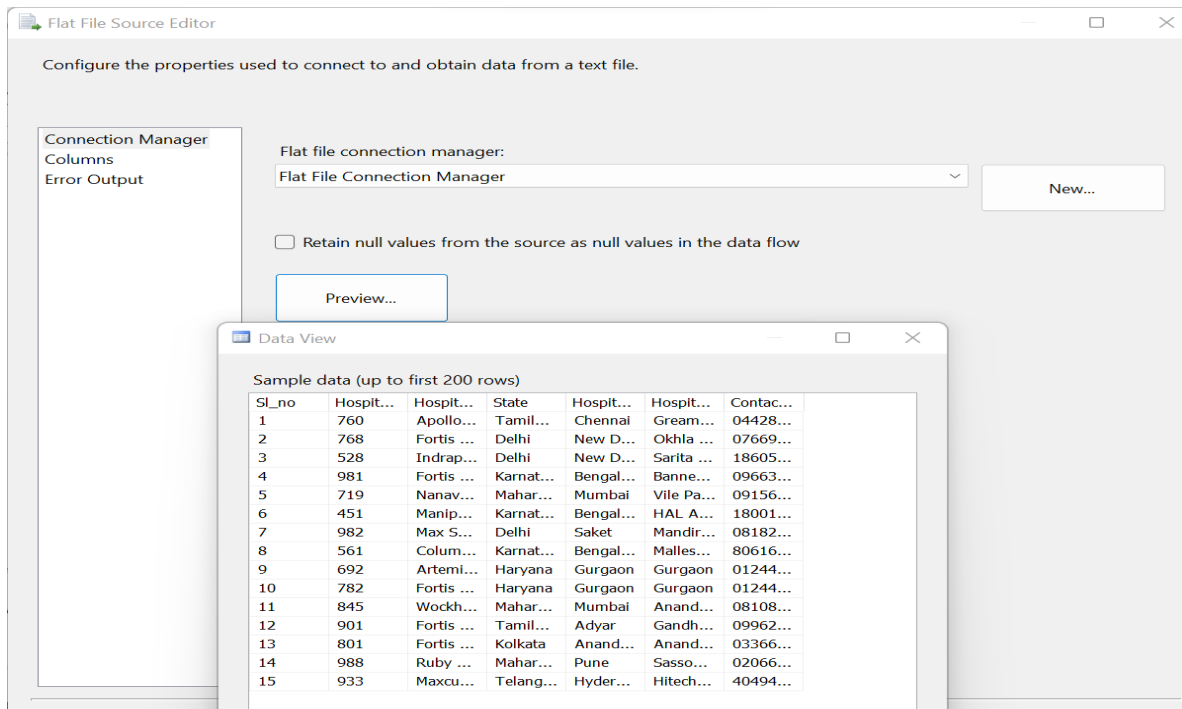
Flat file Source-

```
Health_care-DataSource - Notepad
File Edit View
Sl_no,Hospital_reg_ID,Hospital_name,State,Hospital_city,Hospital_area,Contact_no
1,760,Apollo Hospital,Tamilnadu,Chennai,Greams Lane,04428293333,
2,768,Fortis Escorts Heart Institute,Delhi,New Delhi,Okhla road,07669584409,
3,528,Indraprastha Apollo Hospital,Delhi,New Delhi,Sarita Vihar,18605001066,
4,981,Fortis Hospital,Karnataka,Bengaluru,Bannerghatta road,09663367253,
5,719,Nanavati Super Speciality Hospital,Maharashtra,Mumbai,Vile Parle(West),09156514776,
6,451,Manipal Hospital,Karnataka,Bengaluru,HAL Airport Road,18001024647,
7,982,Max Super Speciality Hospital,Delhi,Saket,Mandir Marg,08182269400,
8,561,Columbia Asia Referral Hospital,Karnataka,Bengaluru,Malleswaram West,8061656262,
9,692,Artemis Hospital,Haryana,Gurgaon,Gurgaon,01244511111,
10,782,Fortis Memorial Research Institute,Haryana,Gurgaon,Gurgaon,01244962200,
11,845,Wockhardt Hospital,Maharashtra,Mumbai,Anand Nair Road,08108101104,
12,901,Fortis Malar Hospital,Tamilnadu,Adyar,Gandhi nagar,09962599933,
13,801,Fortis Hospital Anandpur,Kolkata,Anandapur,Anandapur,03366284444,
14,988,Ruby Hall Clinic,Maharashtra,Pune,Sassoon Road,02066455100,
15,933,Maxcure Hospitals,Telangana,Hyderabad,Hitech City,4049404940;
```

Ln 1, Col 1 | 100% | Windows (CRLF) | UTF-8

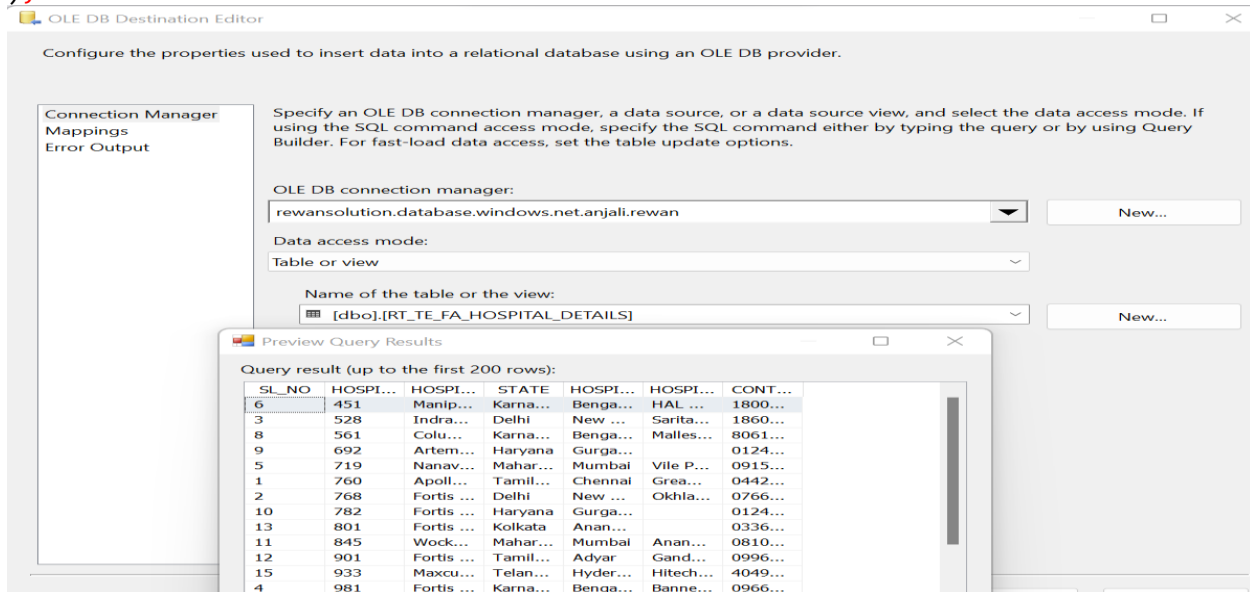


### a) Source flat file connection-



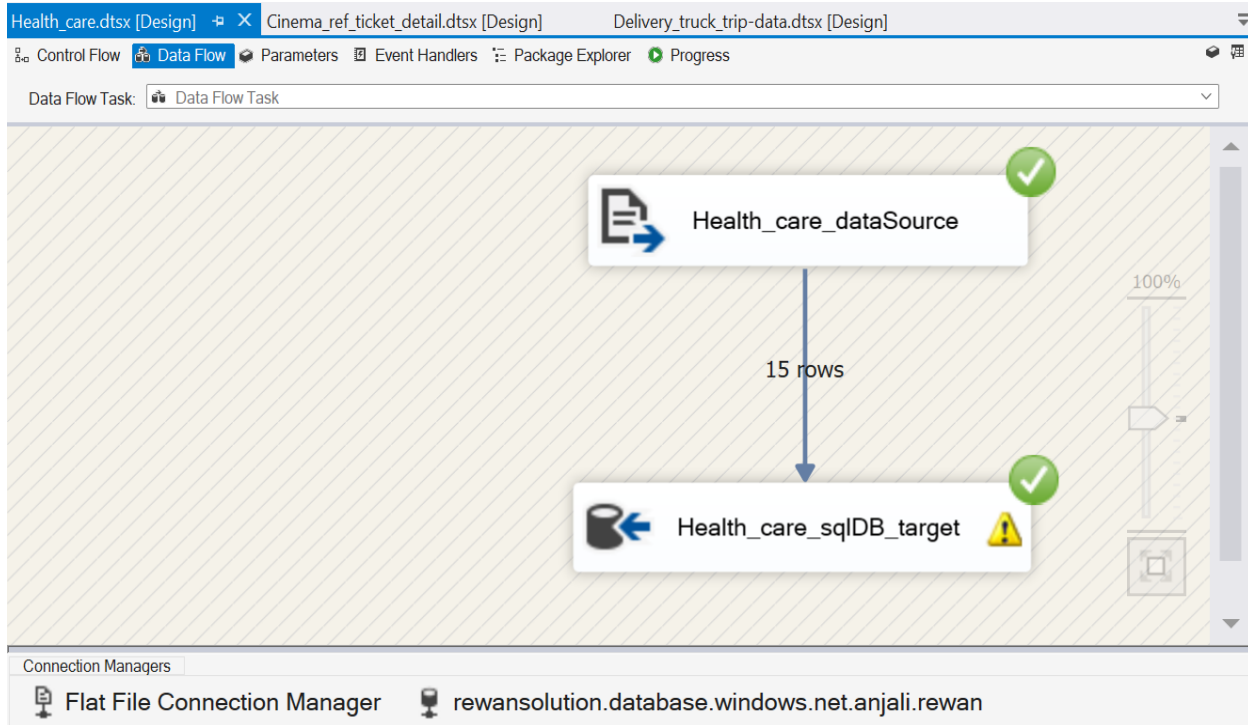
### b) Target Sql server Connection-

```
create table TE_FA_Hospital_Details
(
    Sl_no int, Hospital_reg_ID int primary key,
    Hospital_name varchar(50) not null,
    State varchar(20),Hospital_city varchar(20),
    Hospital_area varchar(20) default 'Search with Hospital reg no',
    Contact_no varchar(20)
);
```



### c) Result-

The data is loaded into SQL database from flat file source.

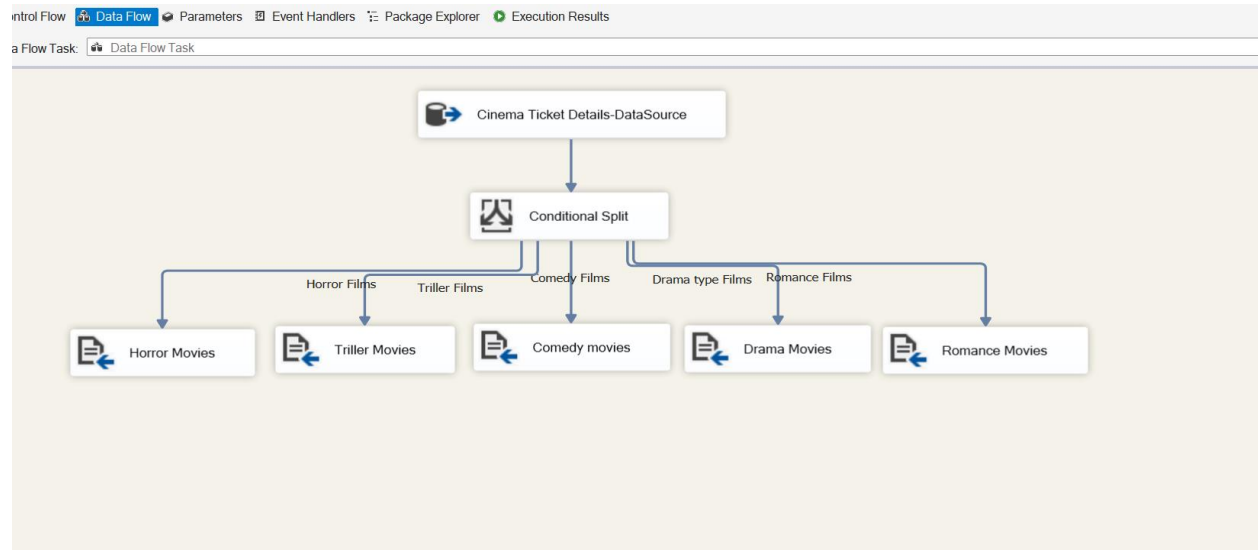


Results 1 ×								
select * from TE_FA_Hospital_Details; Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)								
Grid	SI_no	Hospital_reg_ID	Hospital_name	State	Hospital_city	Hospital_area	Contact_no	
1	6	451	Manipal Hospital	Karnataka	Bengaluru	HAL Airport Road	18001024647	
2	3	528	Indraprastha Apollo Hospital	Delhi	New Delhi	Sarita Vihar	18605001066	
3	8	561	Columbia Asia Referral Hospital	Karnataka	Bengaluru	Malleswaram West	8061656262	
4	9	692	Artemis Hospital	Haryana	Gurgaon		01244511111	
5	5	719	Nanavati Super Speciality Hospital	Maharashtra	Mumbai	Vile Parle(West)	09156514776	
6	1	760	Apollo Hospital	Tamilnadu	Chennai	Greams Lane	04428293333	
7	2	768	Fortis Escorts Heart Institute	Delhi	New Delhi	Okhla road	07669584409	
8	10	782	Fortis Memorial Research Institute	Haryana	Gurgaon		01244962200	
9	13	801	Fortis Hospital Anandpur	Kolkata	Anandapur		03366284444	
10	11	845	Wockhardt Hospital	Maharashtra	Mumbai	Anand Nair Road	08108101104	
11	12	901	Fortis Malar Hospital	Tamilnadu	Adyar	Gandhi nagar	09962599933	
12	15	933	Maxcure Hospitals	Telangana	Hyderabad	Hitech City	4049404940	
13	4	981	Fortis Hospital	Karnataka	Bengaluru	Bannerghatta road	09663367253	
14	7	982	Max Super Speciality Hospital	Delhi	Saket	Mandir Marg	08182269400	
15	14	988	Ruby Hall Clinic	Maharashtra	Pune	Sassoon Road	02066455100	

#### iv) Cinema Ticket Details with loading data in different targets based on film types.

Source – SQL server database

Destinations - SQL server database



#### Conditional Split Conditions:

Conditional Split Transformation Editor

Specify the conditions used to direct input rows to specific outputs. If an input row matches no condition, the row is directed to a default output.

Columns

- FILM\_TYPE
- FILM\_CODE
- CINEMA\_CODE
- TOTAL\_SALES
- TICKETS\_SOLD
- TICKETS\_OUT
- SHOW\_TIME
- OCCU\_PERC
- TICKET\_PRICE

Mathematical Functions

String Functions

Date/Time Functions

NULL Functions

Type Casts

Operators

Description:

Order	Output Name	Condition
1	Romance Films	FILM_TYPE == "Romance"
2	Triller Films	FILM_TYPE == "Triller"
3	Horror Films	FILM_TYPE == "Horror"
4	Comedy Films	FILM_TYPE == "Comedy"
5	Drama type Films	FILM_TYPE == "Drama"

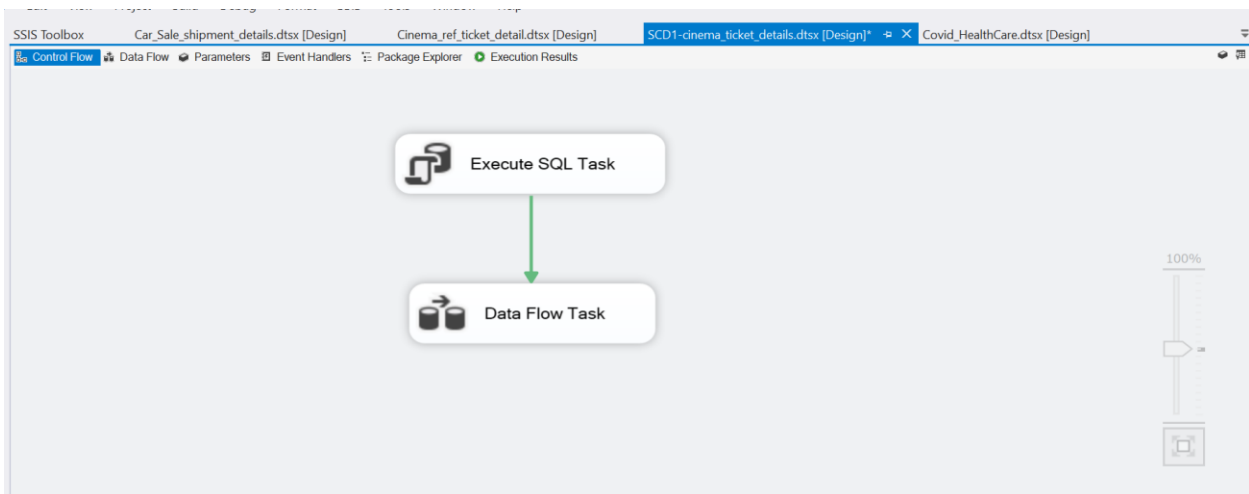
Result:

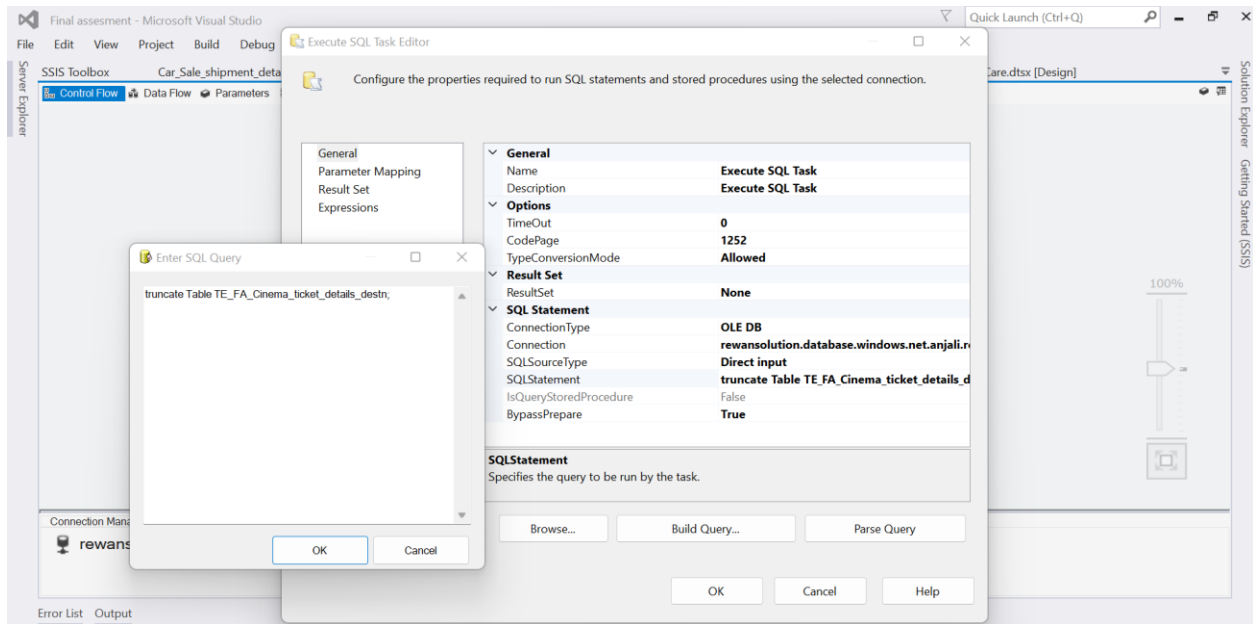
## 2. Slowly Changing Dimension

### i) SCD type 1:

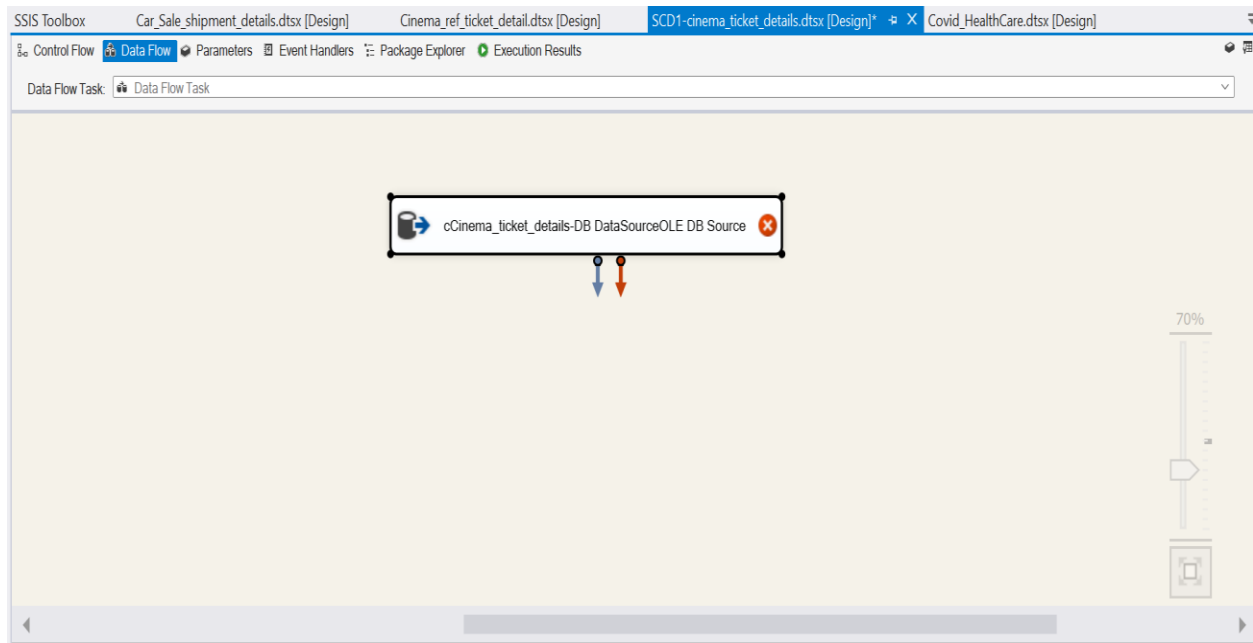
In Slowly changing dimension we will choose as changing attribute, we can update the for only changing attribute column and data will get updated without previous data in the table.

In Control Flow-





### a) Source – Cinema Ticket Details



Connection

Connection Manager

Provider: Native OLE DB\SQL Server Native Client 11.0

Connection

All

Server name: rewansolution.database.windows.net Refresh

Log on to the server

☐ Use Windows Authentication

☒ Use SQL Server Authentication

User name: rewan

Password: .....

☐ Save my password

Connect to a database

☒ Select or enter a database name: anjali

☐ Attach a database file: Browse...

Logical name:

Test Connection OK Cancel Help

OLE DB Source Editor

Configure the properties used by a data flow to obtain data from any OLE DB provider.

Connection Manager

Columns

Error Output

Specify an OLE DB connection manager, a data source, or a data source view, and select the data access mode. If using the SQL command access mode, specify the SQL command either by typing the query or by using Query Builder.

OLE DB connection manager: rewansolution.database.windows.net.anjali.rewan New...

Data access mode: Table or view

Name of the table or the view: [dbo].[TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details]

Preview...

OK Cancel Help



Configure the properties used by a data flow to obtain data from any OLE DB provider.

Connection Manager  
Columns  
Error Output

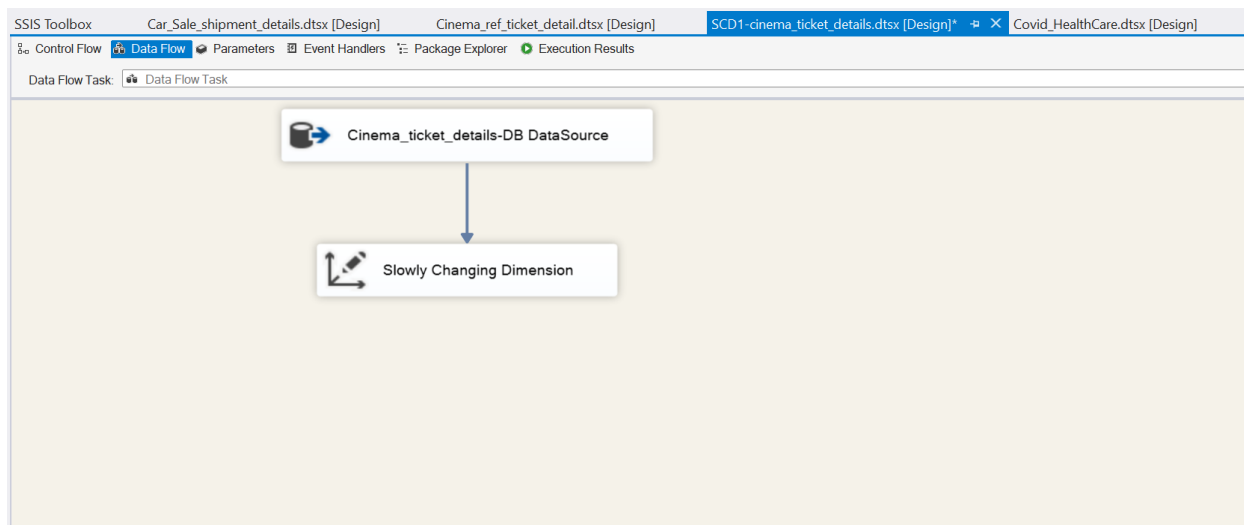
Available External Columns

☒ Name  
☒ Film\_Type  
☒ film\_code  
☒ cinema\_code  
☒ total\_sales  
☒ tickets\_sold  
☒ tickets\_out  
☒ show\_time  
☒ occu\_perc  
☒ ticket\_price  
☒ ticket\_use

External Column	Output Column
Film_Type	Film_Type
film_code	film_code
cinema_code	cinema_code
total_sales	total_sales
tickets_sold	tickets_sold
tickets_out	tickets_out
show_time	show_time
occu_perc	occu_perc
ticket_price	ticket_price
ticket_use	ticket_use

OK Cancel Help

## b) Slowly Changing Dimension



### Select a Dimension Table and Keys

Select a dimension table to load and map columns in the transformation input to columns in the dimension table.

Connection manager:		
rewansolution.database.windows.net.anjali.rewan		
Table or view:		
[tbl] [r] [f] [t] [e] [FA Cinema ticket details]		
Input Columns	Dimension Columns	Key Type
capacity	capacity	Not a key column
cinema_code	cinema_code	Business key
datee	datee	Not a key column
dayy	dayy	Not a key column
film_code	film_code	Not a key column
Film_Type	Film_Type	Not a key column
monthh	monthh	Not a key column
occu_perc	occu_perc	Not a key column
quarterr	quarterr	Not a key column
show_time	show_time	Not a key column
ticket_price	ticket_price	Not a key column
ticket_use	ticket_use	Not a key column
tickets_out	tickets_out	Not a key column
tickets_sold	tickets_sold	Not a key column
total_sales	total_sales	Not a key column

 Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard

### Slowly Changing Dimension Columns

Manage the changes to column data in your slowly changing dimensions by setting the change type for dimension columns.

Fixed Attribute

Select this type when the value in a column should not change. Changes are treated as errors.

Changing Attribute

Select this type when changed values should overwrite existing values. This is a Type 1 change.

Historical Attribute

Select this type when changes in column values are saved in new records. Previous values are saved in records marked as outdated. This is a Type 2 change.

Select a change type for slowly changing dimension columns:

Dimension Columns	Change Type
capacity	Changing at...
datee	Changing at...
dayy	Changing at...
film_code	Fixed attribute
Film_Type	Fixed attribute
monthh	Fixed attribute
occu_perc	Changing at...
quarterr	Fixed attribute
show_time	Changing at...
ticket_price	Changing at...
ticket_use	Changing at...
tickets_out	Changing at...
tickets_sold	Changing at...
total_sales	Changing at...

Remove

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Finish >>

Cancel

## Fixed and Changing Attribute Options



### Fixed attributes

- ☐ Fail the transformation if changes are detected in a fixed attribute

### Changing attributes

- ☐ Change all the matching records, including outdated records, when changes are detected in a changing attribute

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Cancel

Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard

Finish the Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard

Review the outputs that the Slow Changing Dimension Wizard will build to support a slowly changing dimension.



The following outputs will be configured:

Slowly Changing Dimension Transformation

New Records

New Record Output

Updates

Inferred Dimension Member Output

Other Outputs

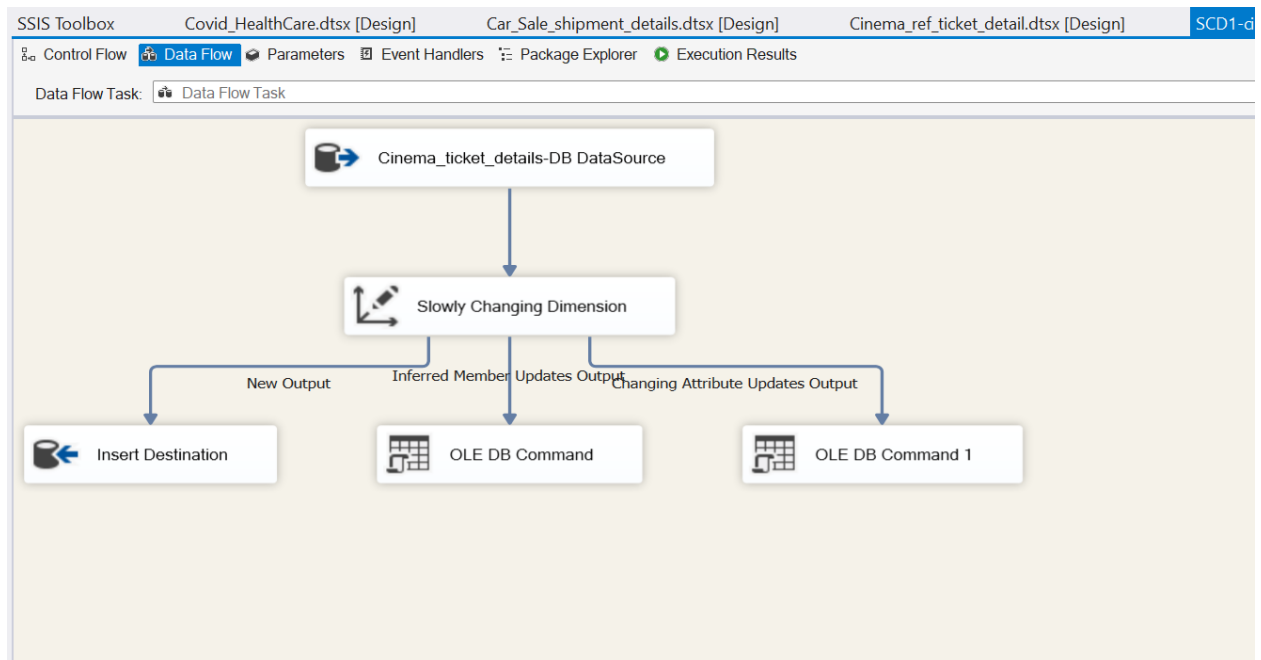
Help

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Finish

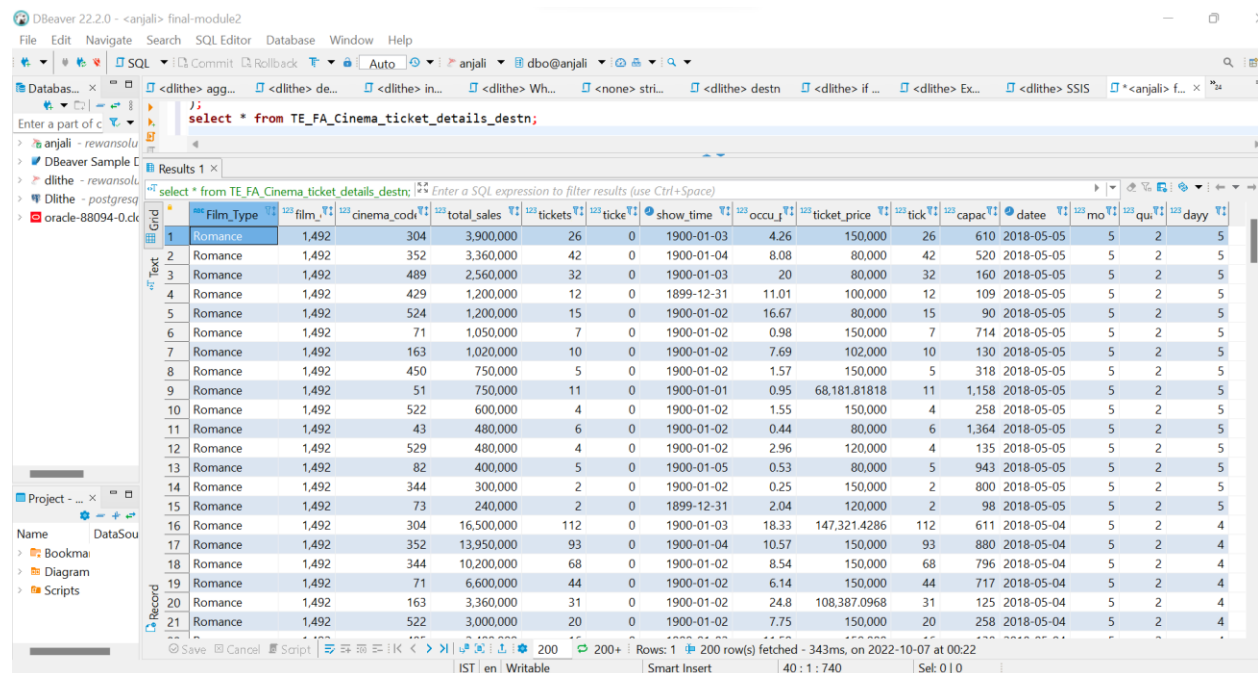
Cancel



## Result:

```
create table TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn
(
  Film_Type varchar(20),
  film_code int,
  cinema_code int,
  total_sales bigint,
  tickets_sold int,
  tickets_out int,
  show_time date,
  occu_perc float,
  ticket_price float,
  ticket_use int,
  capacity int,
  datee date,
  monthh int,
  quarterr int,
  day int,
  end_date date
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn;
```

## Before updating



The screenshot shows the DBeaver 22.2.0 interface. The SQL Editor at the top contains the query: `select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn;`. Below the editor, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a grid of 21 rows and 15 columns. The columns are: Film\_Type, film\_code, cinema\_code, total\_sales, tickets\_sold, tickets\_out, show\_time, occu\_perc, ticket\_price, ticket\_use, capacity, datee, monthh, quarterr, and day. The data shows various cinema entries with details like film type (all 'Romance'), film codes, cinema codes, total sales, tickets sold, show times, occupancy percentages, ticket prices, ticket usage, capacities, dates, months, quarters, and days.

	Film_Type	film_code	cinema_code	total_sales	tickets_sold	tickets_out	show_time	occu_perc	ticket_price	ticket_use	capacity	datee	monthh	quarterr	day
1	Romance	1,492	304	3,900,000	26	0	1900-01-03	4.26	150,000	26	610	2018-05-05	5	2	5
2	Romance	1,492	352	3,360,000	42	0	1900-01-04	8.08	80,000	42	520	2018-05-05	5	2	5
3	Romance	1,492	489	2,560,000	32	0	1900-01-03	20	80,000	32	160	2018-05-05	5	2	5
4	Romance	1,492	429	1,200,000	12	0	1899-12-31	11.01	100,000	12	109	2018-05-05	5	2	5
5	Romance	1,492	524	1,200,000	15	0	1900-01-02	16.67	80,000	15	90	2018-05-05	5	2	5
6	Romance	1,492	71	1,050,000	7	0	1900-01-02	0.98	150,000	7	714	2018-05-05	5	2	5
7	Romance	1,492	163	1,020,000	10	0	1900-01-02	7.69	102,000	10	130	2018-05-05	5	2	5
8	Romance	1,492	450	750,000	5	0	1900-01-02	1.57	150,000	5	318	2018-05-05	5	2	5
9	Romance	1,492	51	750,000	11	0	1900-01-01	0.95	68,181.81818	11	1,158	2018-05-05	5	2	5
10	Romance	1,492	522	600,000	4	0	1900-01-02	1.55	150,000	4	258	2018-05-05	5	2	5
11	Romance	1,492	43	480,000	6	0	1900-01-02	0.44	80,000	6	1,364	2018-05-05	5	2	5
12	Romance	1,492	529	480,000	4	0	1900-01-02	2.96	120,000	4	135	2018-05-05	5	2	5
13	Romance	1,492	82	400,000	5	0	1900-01-05	0.53	80,000	5	943	2018-05-05	5	2	5
14	Romance	1,492	344	300,000	2	0	1900-01-02	0.25	150,000	2	800	2018-05-05	5	2	5
15	Romance	1,492	73	240,000	2	0	1899-12-31	2.04	120,000	2	98	2018-05-05	5	2	5
16	Romance	1,492	304	16,500,000	112	0	1900-01-03	18.33	147,321.4286	112	611	2018-05-04	5	2	4
17	Romance	1,492	352	13,950,000	93	0	1900-01-04	10.57	150,000	93	880	2018-05-04	5	2	4
18	Romance	1,492	344	10,200,000	68	0	1900-01-02	8.54	150,000	68	796	2018-05-04	5	2	4
19	Romance	1,492	71	6,600,000	44	0	1900-01-02	6.14	150,000	44	717	2018-05-04	5	2	4
20	Romance	1,492	163	3,360,000	31	0	1900-01-02	24.8	108,387.0968	31	125	2018-05-04	5	2	4
21	Romance	1,492	522	3,000,000	20	0	1900-01-02	7.75	150,000	20	258	2018-05-04	5	2	4

After updating –

Here total sales, ticket sold, price and film type are updated for particular cinema code.

The screenshot displays a database management interface with the following components:

- SQL Editor:** Contains four update queries for the `TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details` table:

```
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=99999,tickets_sold=9,occu_perc=0.09,ticket_price=9999,datee='2022-10-07' where cinema_code=304;
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=88888,tickets_sold=8,occu_perc=0.08,ticket_price=8888,datee='2022-09-08' where cinema_code=352;
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set film_type='triller' where film_code=1492;
```
- Statistics 1:** A summary table showing the execution of the queries.

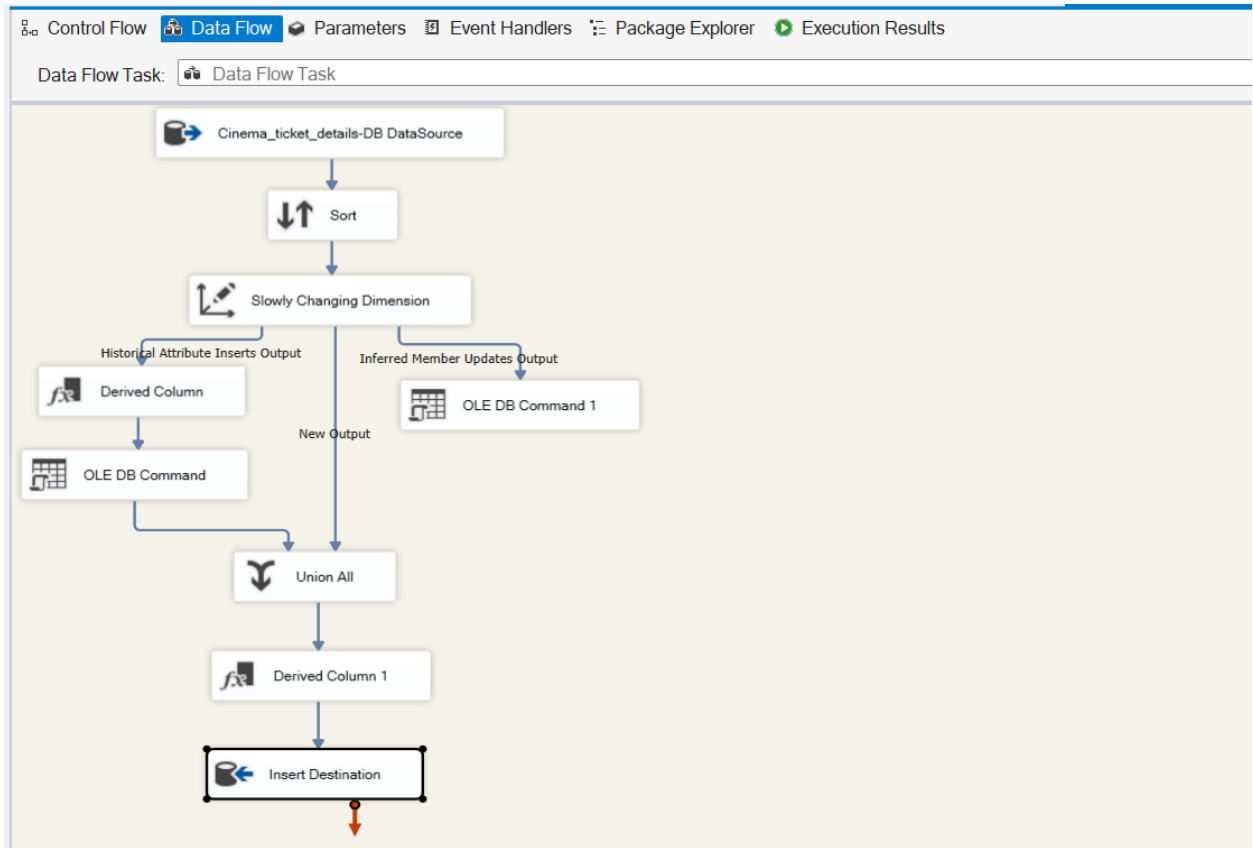
Name	Value
Updated Rows	1260
Query	update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details set total_sales=99999,tickets_sold=9,occu_perc=0.09,ticket_price=9999,datee='2022-10-07' where cinema_code=304; update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details set total_sales=88888,tickets_sold=8,occu_perc=0.08,ticket_price=8888,datee='2022-09-08' where cinema_code=352; update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
- SQL Editor (Continued):** Shows a query to select data from the destination table:

```
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn;
```
- Results 1:** A table displaying the results of the select query, showing 20 records of cinema ticket details.

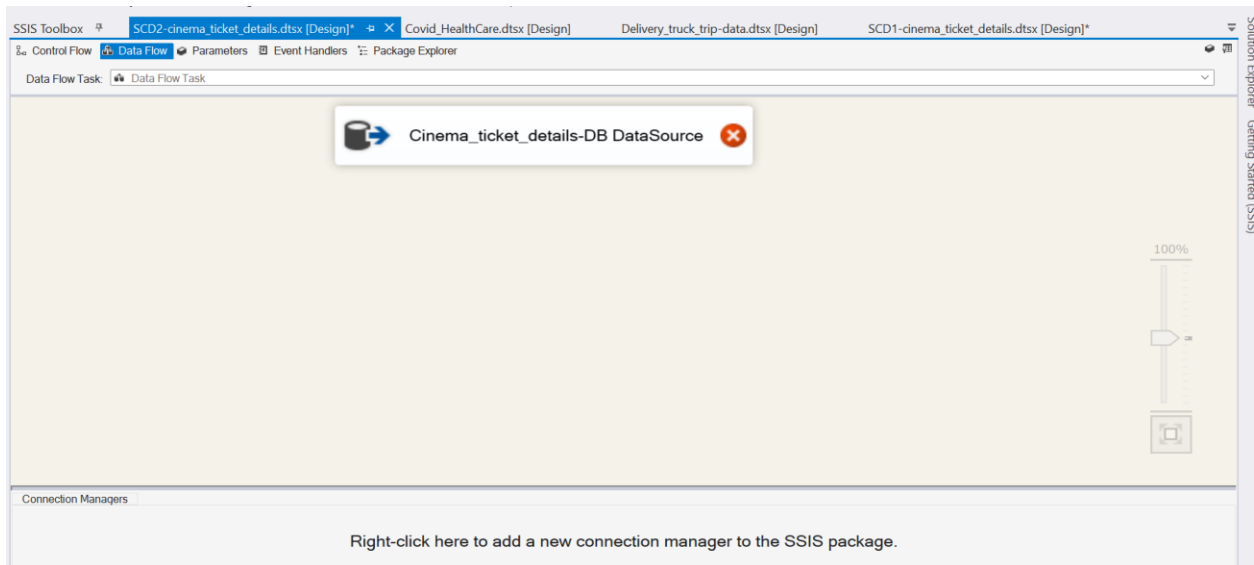
Grd	Film_Type	film_code	cinema_code	total_sales	tickets_sold	tickets_out	show_time	occu_perc	ticket_price	ticket_use	capacity	datee
1	triller	1,492	304	99,998	9	0	1900-01-03	0.09	9,999	26	610	2022-10-07
2	triller	1,492	352	88,889	8	0	1900-01-04	0.08	8,888	42	520	2022-09-08
3	triller	1,492	489	2,560,000	32	0	1900-01-03	20	80,000	32	160	2018-01-03
4	triller	1,492	429	1,200,000	12	0	1899-12-31	11.01	100,000	12	109	2018-01-03
5	triller	1,492	524	1,200,000	15	0	1900-01-02	16.67	80,000	15	90	2018-01-03
6	triller	1,492	71	1,050,000	7	0	1900-01-02	0.98	150,000	7	714	2018-01-03
7	triller	1,492	163	1,020,000	10	0	1900-01-02	7.69	102,000	10	130	2018-01-03
8	triller	1,492	450	750,000	5	0	1900-01-02	1.57	150,000	5	318	2018-01-03
9	triller	1,492	51	750,000	11	0	1900-01-01	0.95	68,181.81818	11	1,158	2018-01-03
10	triller	1,492	522	600,000	4	0	1900-01-02	1.55	150,000	4	258	2018-01-03
11	triller	1,492	43	480,000	6	0	1900-01-02	0.44	80,000	6	1,364	2018-01-03
12	triller	1,492	529	480,000	4	0	1900-01-02	2.96	120,000	4	135	2018-01-03
13	triller	1,492	82	400,000	5	0	1900-01-05	0.53	80,000	5	943	2018-01-03
14	triller	1,492	344	300,000	2	0	1900-01-02	0.25	150,000	2	800	2018-01-03
15	triller	1,492	73	240,000	2	0	1899-12-31	2.04	120,000	2	98	2018-01-03
16	triller	1,492	304	99,998	9	0	1900-01-03	0.09	9,999	112	611	2022-10-07
17	triller	1,492	352	88,889	8	0	1900-01-04	0.08	8,888	93	880	2022-09-08
18	triller	1,492	344	10,200,000	68	0	1900-01-02	8.54	150,000	68	796	2018-01-03
19	triller	1,492	71	6,600,000	44	0	1900-01-02	6.14	150,000	44	717	2018-01-03
20	triller	1,492	163	3,360,000	31	0	1900-01-02	24.8	108,387.0968	31	125	2018-01-03

## ii) SCD type2:

Here, when we update data we can also see the previous data, and we use historical attribute.



## a) Source -



OLE DB Source Editor

Configure the properties used by a data flow to obtain data from any OLE DB provider.

Connection Manager  
Columns  
Error Output

Specify an OLE DB connection manager, a data source, or a data source view, and select the data access mode. If using the SQL command access mode, specify the SQL command either by typing the query or by using Query Builder.

OLE DB connection manager:  
rewansolution.database.windows.net.anjali.rewan

Data access mode:  
Table or view

Name of the table or the view:  
[dbo].[TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details]

Preview...

OK Cancel Help

OLE DB Source Editor

Configure the properties used by a data flow to obtain data from any OLE DB provider.

Connection Manager  
Columns  
Error Output

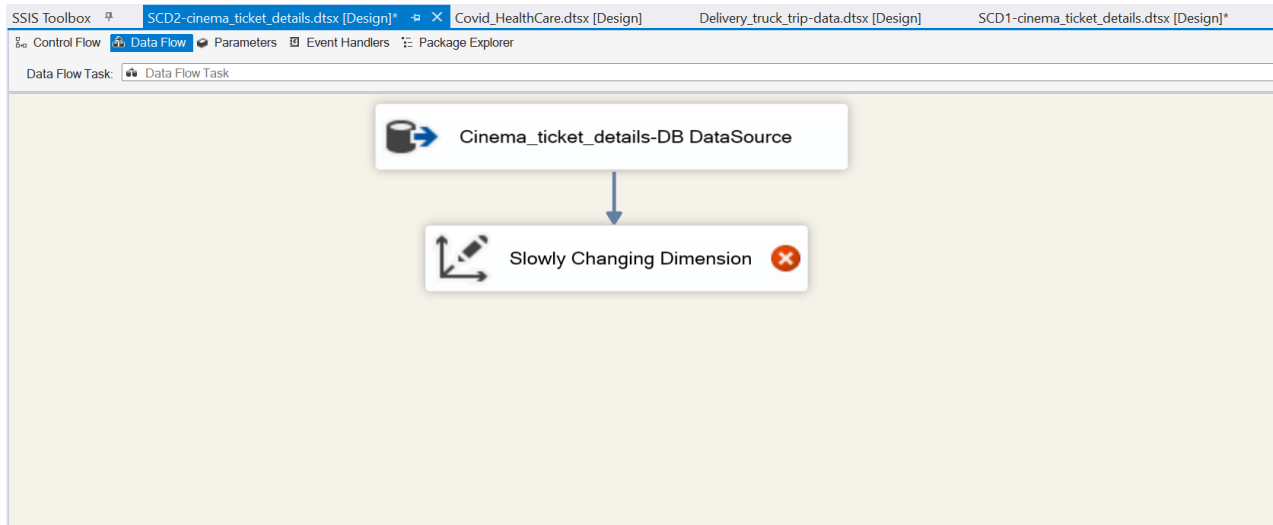
Available External Columns

External Column	Output Column
Film_Type	Film_Type
film_code	film_code
cinema_code	cinema_code
total_sales	total_sales
tickets_sold	tickets_sold
tickets_out	tickets_out
show_time	show_time
occu_perc	occu_perc
ticket_price	ticket_price
ticket_use	ticket_use

OK Cancel Help



## b) Slowly Changing Dimension-



**Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard**

**Select a Dimension Table and Keys**  
Select a dimension table to load and map columns in the transformation input to columns in the dimension table.

Connection manager:  
rewansolution.database.windows.net.anjali.rewan

Table or view:  
[dbo].[FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details]

Input Columns	Dimension Columns	Key Type
capacity	capacity	Not a key column
cinema_code	cinema_code	Business key
datee	datee	Not a key column
dayy	dayy	Not a key column
film_code	film_code	Not a key column
Film_Type	Film_Type	Not a key column
monthh	monthh	Not a key column
occu_perc	occu_perc	Not a key column
quarterr	quarterr	Not a key column
show_time	show_time	Not a key column
ticket_price	ticket_price	Not a key column
ticket_use	ticket_use	Not a key column

Help < Back Next > Finish >>| Cancel

Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard

Slowly Changing Dimension Columns

Manage the changes to column data in your slowly changing dimensions by setting the change type for dimension columns.

**Fixed Attribute**

Select this type when the value in a column should not change. Changes are treated as errors.

**Changing Attribute**

Select this type when changed values should overwrite existing values. This is a Type 1 change.

**Historical Attribute**

Select this type when changes in column values are saved in new records. Previous values are saved in records marked as outdated. This is a Type 2 change.

Select a change type for slowly changing dimension columns:

Dimension Columns	Change Type
capacity	Fixed attribute
dayy	Historical att...
film_code	Fixed attribute
Film_Type	Fixed attribute
monthh	Fixed attribute
occu_perc	Historical att...
quarterr	Fixed attribute
ticket_price	Historical att...
ticket_use	Historical att...
tickets_out	Historical att...
tickets_sold	Historical att...
total_sales	Historical att...

Remove

Help

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Finish >>|

Cancel

Slowly Changing Dimension Wizard

Historical Attribute Options

You can record historical attributes using a single column or start and end date columns.

☐ Use a single column to show current and expired records

Column to indicate current record:

Value when current:

Expiration value:

☒ Use start and end dates to identify current and expired records

Start date column: 

show\_time

End date column: 

end\_date

Variable to set date values: 

System::StartTime

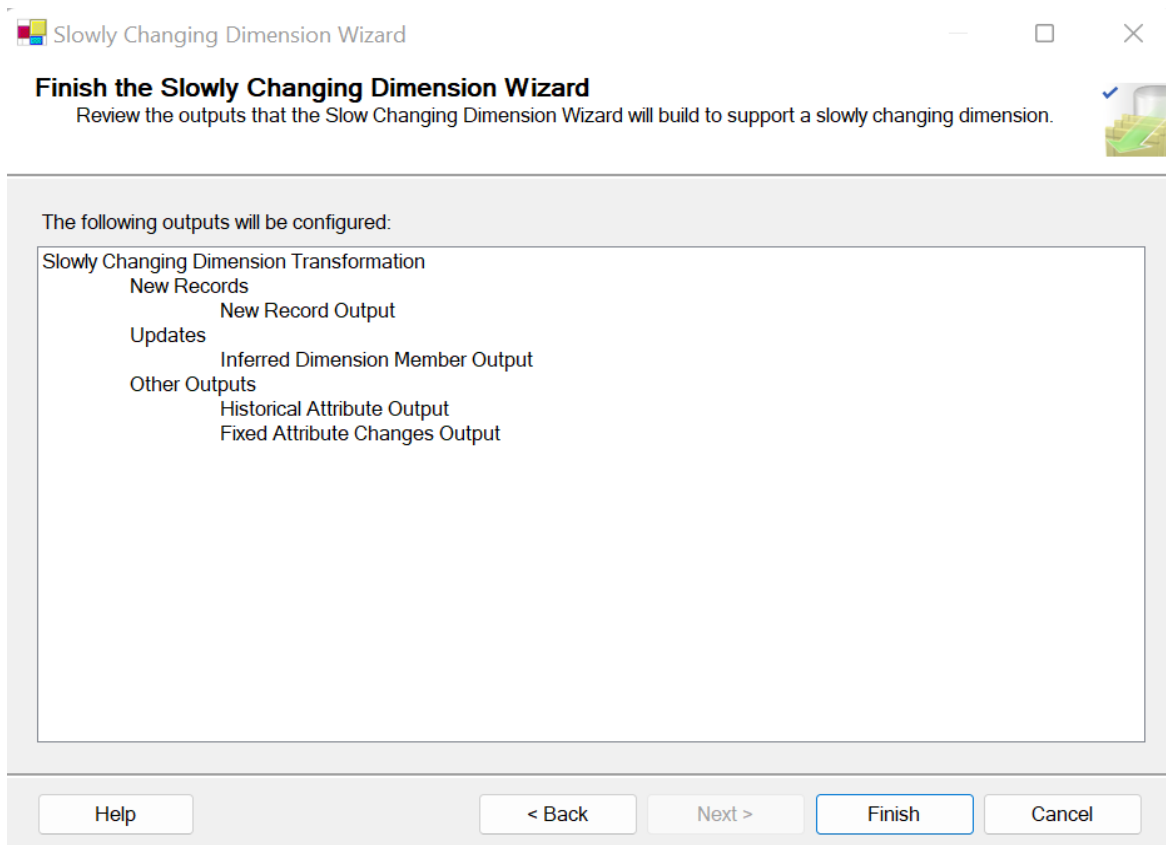
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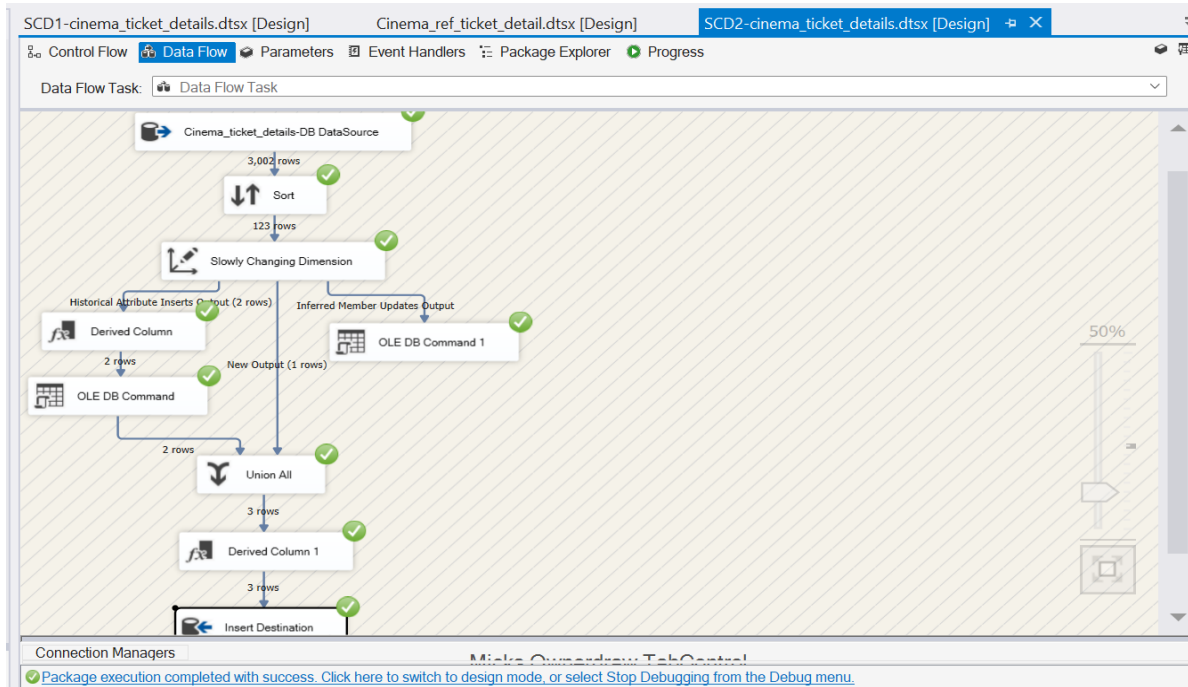


#### Result:

```
create table TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn
(
  Film_Type varchar(20),
  film_code int,
  cinema_code int,
  total_sales bigint,
  tickets_sold int,
  tickets_out int,
  show_time date,
  occu_perc float,
  ticket_price float,
  ticket_use int,
  capacity int,
  datee date,
  monthh int,
  quarterr int,
  dayy int,
  end_date date
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details_destn;
```

After updating:

```
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=444444,tickets_sold=9,occu_perc=0.09,ticket_price=9999,datee='2022-10-07' where cinema_code=181;
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=555555,tickets_sold=8,occu_perc=0.08,ticket_price=8888,datee='2022-09-08' where cinema_code=464;
```



```
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=444444,tickets_sold=9,occu_perc=0.09,ticket_price=9999,datee='2022-10-07' where cinema_code=181;
update TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
set total_sales=555555,tickets_sold=8,occu_perc=0.08,ticket_price=8888,datee='2022-09-08' where cinema_code=464;
```

results 1 x

select \* from TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_details destn;

	idc	Film_Type	123	filn	123	cin	123	total_sa	123	ticket	123	tick	123	show_tim	123	occ	123	ticket_pri	123	tick	123	caj	123	datee	123	m	123	quarterr	123	dayy	123	end_date
24		Romance	1,492	168				320,000		4	0			2022-10-07		1.71		80,000		4	234			2018-07-16		7		3		16		[NULL]
25		Romance	1,492	169				1,100,000		11	0			2022-10-07		5.31		100,000		11	207			2018-05-30		5		2		30		[NULL]
26		Thriller	1,486	172				1,500,000		15	0			2022-10-07		5.56		100,000		15	270			2018-04-02		4		2		2		[NULL]
27		Thriller	1,486	181				11,111		9	0			2022-10-07		0.09		9,999		23	632			2022-10-07		3		1		31		2022-10-07
28		Thriller	1,486	181				444,444		9	0			2022-10-07		0.09		9,999		23	632			2022-10-07		3		1		31		[NULL]
29		Thriller	1,486	187				6,520,000		109	0			2022-10-07		7.9		59,816.51376		109	1,380			2018-05-25		5		2		25		[NULL]
30		Romance	1,492	191				1,300,000		26	0			2022-10-07		1.65		50,000		26	1,576			2018-05-27		5		2		27		[NULL]
31		Thriller	1,486	196				2,360,000		59	0			2022-10-07		49.17		40,000		59	120			2018-04-17		4		2		17		[NULL]
32		Romance	1,492	198				280,000		4	0			2022-10-07		0.78		70,000		4	513			2018-05-09		5		2		9		[NULL]
33		Romance	1,492	201				1,540,000		22	0			2022-10-07		3.47		70,000		22	634			2018-06-09		6		2		9		[NULL]
34		Romance	1,492	204				560,000		8	0			2022-10-07		0.33		70,000		8	2,424			2018-06-11		6		2		11		[NULL]
35		Thriller	1,486	207				1,500,000		30	0			2022-10-07		1.92		50,000		30	1,563			2018-05-31		5		2		31		[NULL]
36		Thriller	1,486	210				8,400,000		105	0			2022-10-07		76.09		80,000		105	138			2018-04-02		4		2		2		[NULL]
37		Romance	1,492	214				150,000		3	0			2022-10-07		0.52		50,000		3	577			2018-07-11		7		3		11		[NULL]
38		Thriller	1,486	222				80,000		1	0			2022-10-07		0.6		80,000		1	167			2018-04-16		4		2		16		[NULL]
39		Thriller	1,486	225				1,470,000		21	0			2022-10-07		1.54		70,000		21	1,364			2018-03-31		3		1		31		[NULL]
40		Thriller	1,486	231				400,000		12	0			2022-10-07		0.62		20,760.22077		12	2,062			2018-02-27		2		1		27		[NULL]

### 3. Aggregator

#### 1. In SQL Server:

```
-----aggregate functions
-----count
SELECT COUNT(1),film_type
FROM TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
WHERE film_type is NOT NULL
GROUP BY film_type
HAVING COUNT(1)>1
ORDER BY ticket_price DESC

-----sum
SELECT SUM(total_sales) as total_sale_sum, film_type
FROM TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
WHERE total_sale is NOT NULL
GROUP BY film_type;

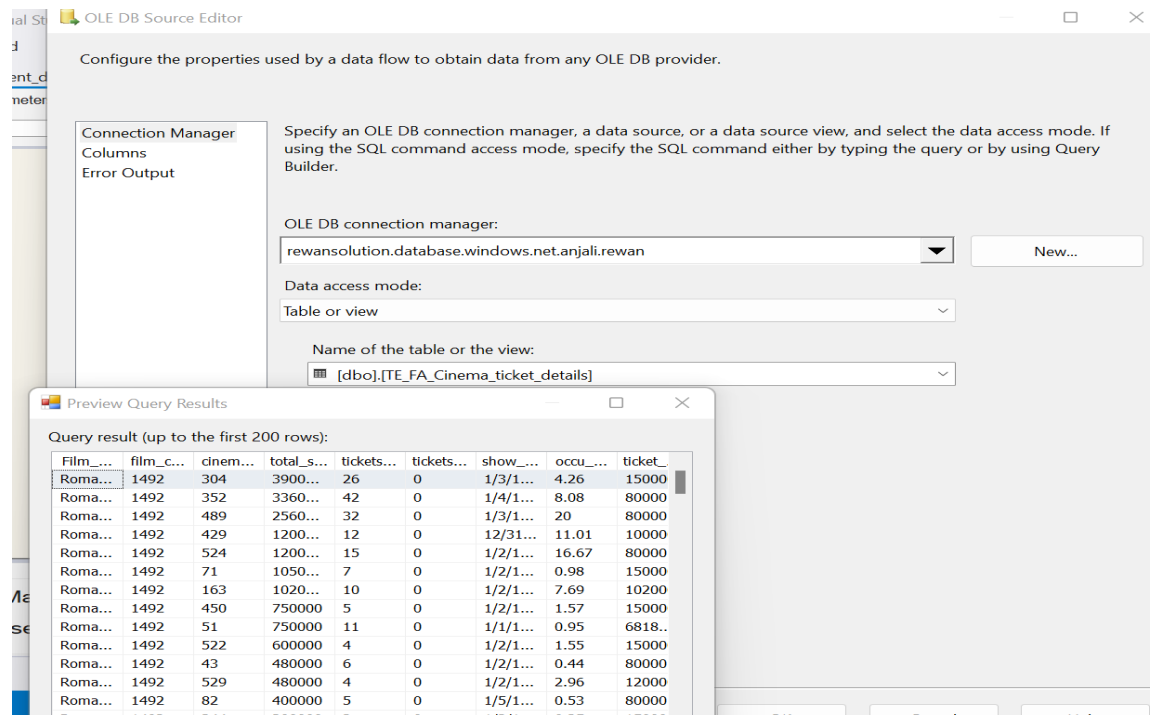
-----average
SELECT AVG(total_sales) as avg_sales,film_type
FROM TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
WHERE total_sale is NOT NULL
GROUP BY film_type

-----minimum
SELECT MIN(total_sales) as min_sale,film_type
FROM TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
WHERE total_sale is NOT NULL
GROUP BY film_type

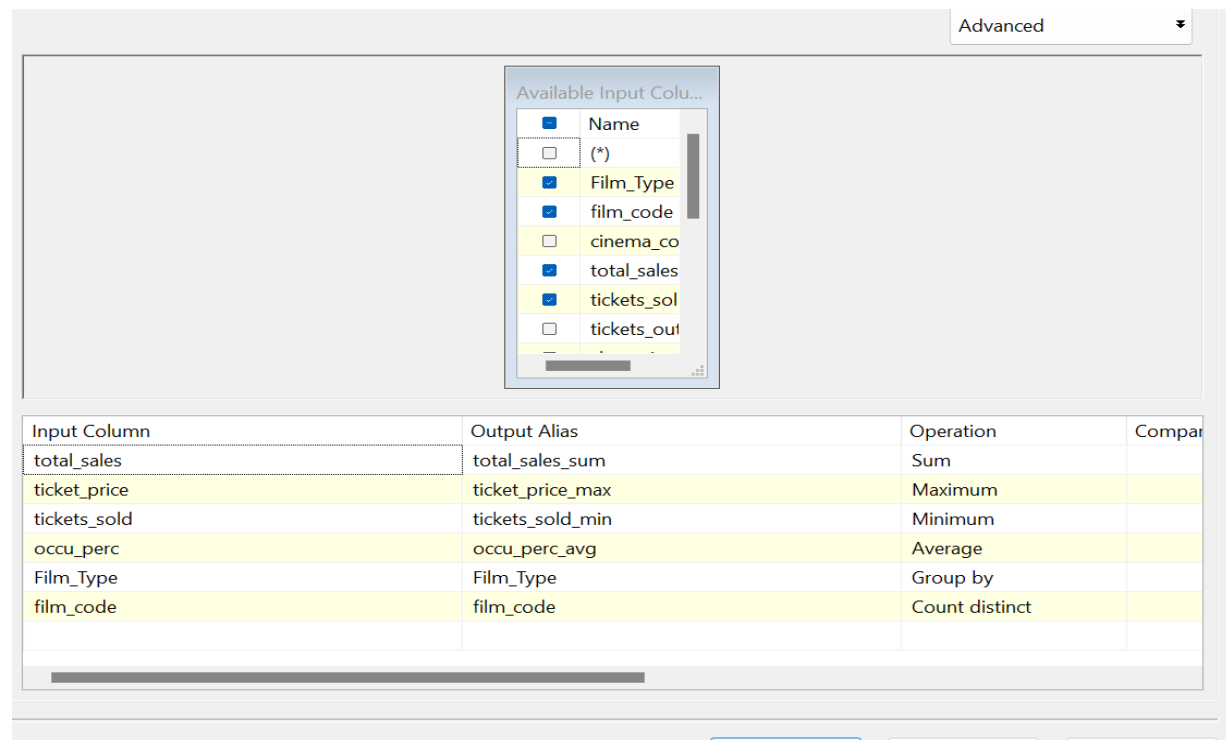
-----maximum
SELECT MAX(total_sale) as max_sale,film_type
FROM TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_details
WHERE total_sale is NOT NULL
GROUP BY film_type
```

## 2. In SSIS:

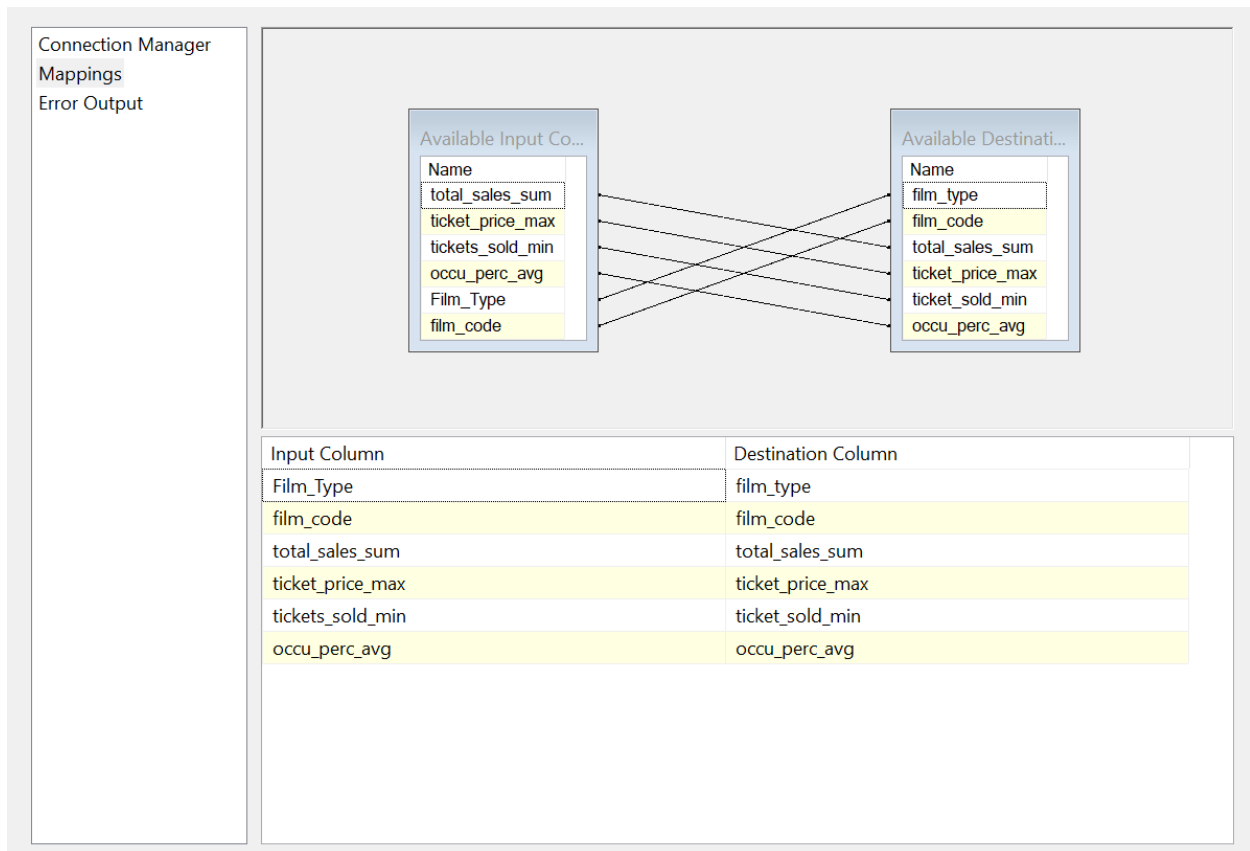
### a) Source-



### b) Aggregator:

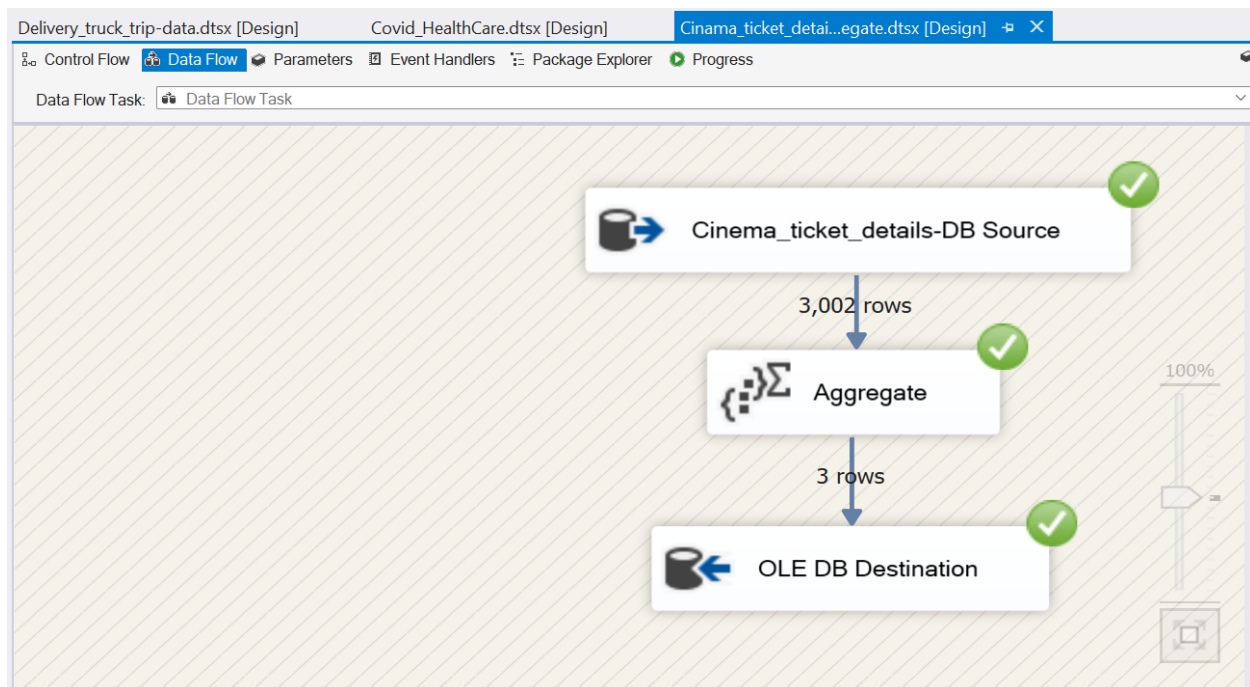


### c) Target:



### d) Result

```
create table TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_aggr
(
  film_type varchar(50),
  film_code int,
  total_sales_sum float,
  ticket_price_max float,
  ticket_sold_min float,
  occu_perc_avg float
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_aggr;
```



```

create table TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_aggr
(
    film_type varchar(50),
    film_code int,
    total_sales_sum float,
    ticket_price_max float,
    ticket_sold_min float,
    occu_perc_avg float
);
select * from TE_FA_Cinema_ticket_aggr;
  
```

Results 1 x

select \* from TE\_FA\_Cinema\_ticket\_aggr; Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)

	film_type	film_code	total_sales_sum	ticket_price_max	ticket_sold_min	occu_perc_avg
1	[NULL]	0	[NULL]	[NULL]	[NULL]	[NULL]
2	Romance	1	2,084,629,999	150,000	1	12.3565009208
3	Thriller	1	17,072,018,388	150,000	1	23.8121380031