

CRICKETINSIGHT:

DECODING T20 WORLD CUP 2022

MOTIVATION:



Understanding Team Performance: Counting the victories for each team during the T20 World Cup 2022 gives important information on how each team performed as a unit.



Trends in Toss Decisions: Analyzing tosses reveals whether teams were more inclined to bowl or bat first.



Award Recognition: Honoring the highest scorers, best bowlers, and important players highlights their specific performances, which can assist in developing plans that play to their advantages.



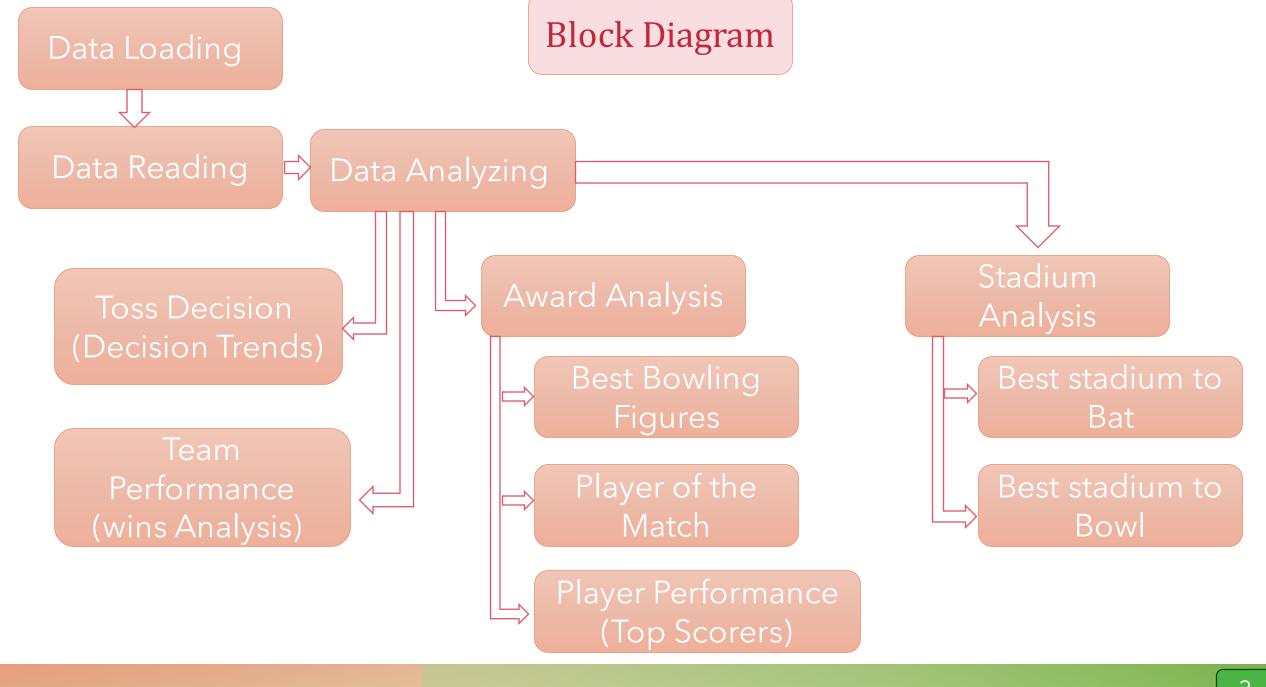
Fan Engagement: By giving a greater understanding of the game, statistical analytics and visualizations increase fan engagement.



The study demonstrates how data-driven insights may improve decision-making and performance evaluation, showcasing the power of data analytics in sports.



The project seeks to provide a thorough understanding of the T20 World Cup 2022.



Pseudo Code

dataloader.py

Class Data Loader:

0

- Function __init__(self, file_path):
- o Read data from CSV file into a Data Frame
- Store Data Frame in self.data

mymodule.py

- Class Plotting:
- o Function __init__(self, data):
- Store data in self.data
- Functions for following :
 - -To generate bar chart for team wins.
- -To generate pie chart for matches won by runs or wickets.
- -To generate bar chart for top scorers.
- To generate bar chart for players with the most Player of the Match awards.
- To generate bar chart for best bowlers.
- Each function displays the chart.

Class Stadium Analysis:

Functions for following:

- -To generate bar chart for scores in both innings.
- -To generate bar chart for wickets in both innings. Each function displays the chart.

Class Tabular Analysis:

• Functions to create and display a table for:

- -Team wins
- -Top scorers
- -Players with the most Player of the Match awards
- -Relevant stadium data

Project.py

- Function main():
- Import respective classes from Data Loader and My module
- #Provides Interactive user interface to display data chosen by user in the displayed list

Pythonic Features

Classes and Objects:

Used to create classes like DataLoader and Plotting to encapsulate related functionalities.

• File Handling:

Utilized to read data from a CSV file using the pd.read_csv function.

Matplotlib:

Employed Matplotlib for generating static visualizations like bar charts and pie charts.

NumPy:

Used NumPy for numerical operations, especially in creating arrays for Matplotlib.

• Seaborn:

To make plot look fancy and interesting.

Data Analysis with Pandas:

Performed data analysis tasks like grouping, counting, and sorting using Pandas functionalities.

```
import pandas as pd

class DataLoader:
    def __init__(self, file_path):
        self.data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns

class Plotting:
    def __init__(self, data):
        self.data = data

    def plot_print_data(self):
        print(self.data.head())
```

Pandas DataFrames:

Leveraged Pandas DataFrames to store and manipulate tabular data efficiently.

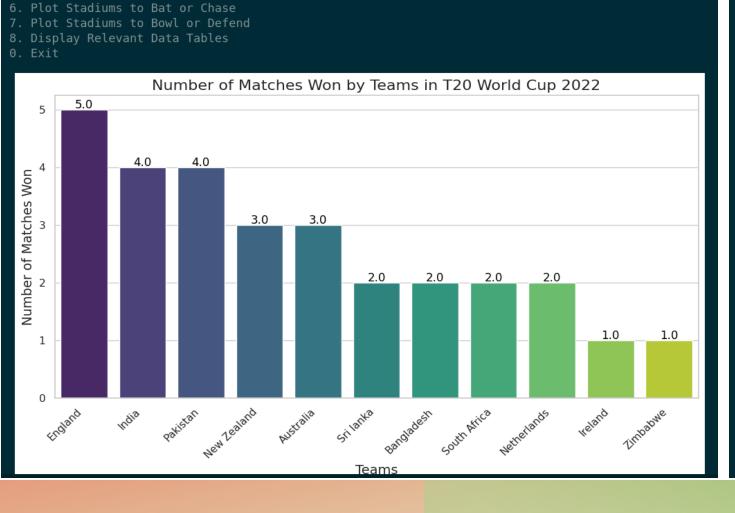
- While Loop for User Interaction:
 Used a while loop to create a menudriven interactive interface for the user.
- Functions and Methods:

 Defined functions and methods to encapsulate specific functionalities for code organization and reusability.
- Conditional Menu Choices:
 Implemented conditional statements
 based on user menu choices to execute
 specific functionalities.
- User Input Handling: Implemented the input function gather user input for menu choices.

```
def plot team wins(self):
   winner counts = self.data['winner'].value counts()
   sns.set(style="whitegrid")
   plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
   bar plot = sns.barplot(x=winner counts.index, y=winner counts.values, palette="viridis")
   plt.xlabel('Teams', fontsize=14)
   plt.ylabel('Number of Matches Won', fontsize=14)
   plt.title('Number of Matches Won by Teams in T20 World Cup 2022', fontsize=16)
   bar plot.set xticklabels(bar plot.get xticklabels(), rotation=45, horizontalalignment='right')
                       ha='center', va='center', fontsize=12, color='black', xytext=(0, 5),
                       textcoords='offset points')
   plt.show()
```

```
def display_top_scorers_table(self, num_players=5):
    top_scorers_table = self.data.groupby('top scorer')['highest score'].max().nlargest(num_players).reset_index()
    top_scorers_table.columns = ['Player', 'Highest Score']
    print(f"\nTop {num_players} Scorers Table:")
    print(top_scorers_table)
```

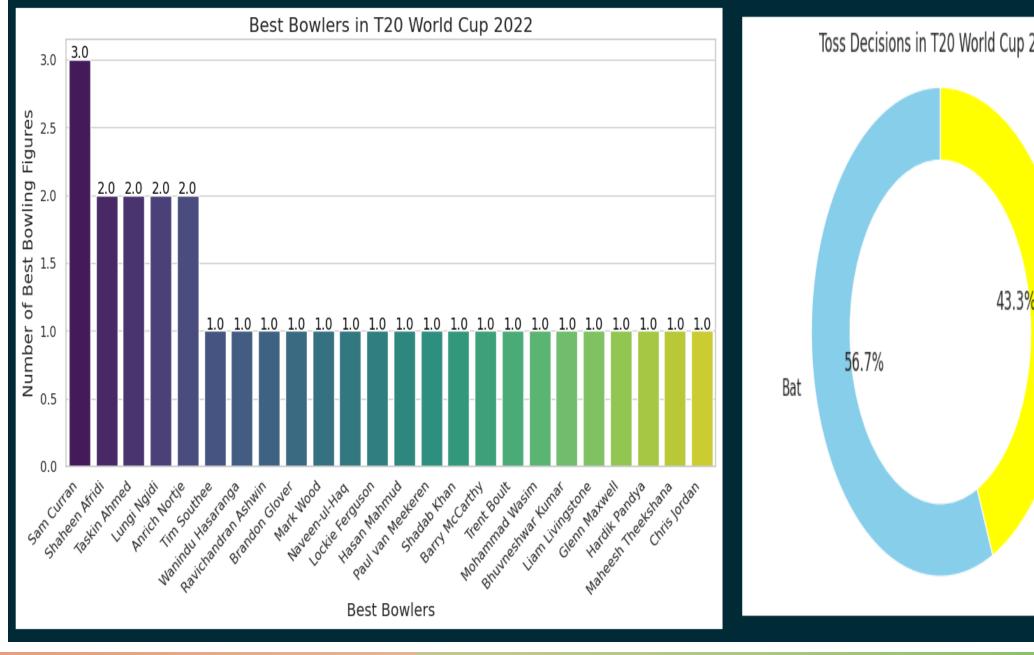
Results

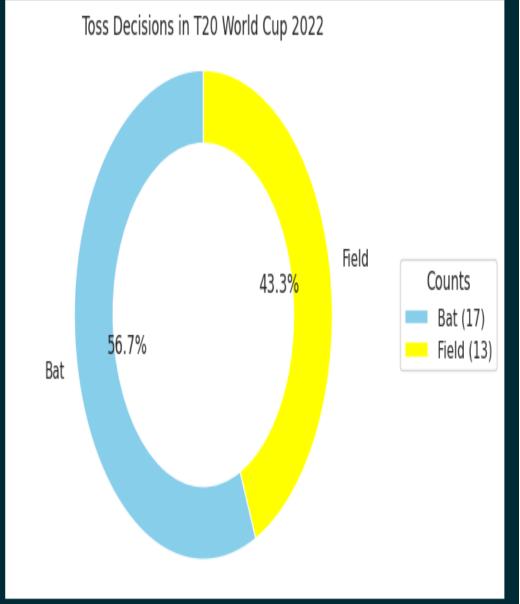


Choose an option: 1. Plot Team Wins

4. Plot Player of the Match

1. 2. 3. 4.	ose an option: Team Wins Top Scorers Player of the Stadiums Exit				
Tea 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	m Wins Table: Team England India Pakistan New Zealand Australia Sri lanka Bangladesh South Africa Netherlands	Number	of	Matches	Won 5 4 3 3 2 2 2 2
9 10	Ireland Zimbabwe				1





OBSERVATIONS:

- England won the most matches
- Virat Kohli is among top 5 Scorers and have won Player of the match award twice.
- No player got the player of the match award in more than two matches.
- In the majority of the games, Sam Curran was the most effective bowler.
- Batting first helped more teams win.
- More groups chose to go first at bat.
- More matches were won by runs.
- The ideal stadium for batting first was SCG.

