\_\_\_\_\_\_

===

```
Paper 1
```

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `customers`;
create TABLE customers (
customer Id int(11) NOT NULL,
First Name varchar (50) NOT NULL,
Last Name varchar (50) NOT NULL,
phone varchar (50) NOT NULL,
creditLimit decimal(10,2) DEFAULT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`customer_Id`)
insert into customers(customer_Id,First_Name,Last_Name,phone,creditLimit) values
(103, 'Atelier', 'Schmitt', '08-78966578', '21000.00'), (112, 'Signal', 'King', '7025551838', '71800.00'),
(114, 'Ferguson', 'Peter', '03-9520 4555', '117300.00'), (119, 'Labrune', 'Janine', '40.67.8555', '118200.00'),
(121, 'Bergulfsen', 'Jonas ', '07-989555', '81700.00'),
(124, 'Nelson', 'Susan', '4155551450', '210500.00'),

(125, 'Piestrzeniewicz', 'Zbyszek ','(26) 642-7555','0.00'),

(128, 'Keitel', 'Roland', '+49 6966 90 2555', '59700.00'),

(129, 'Murphy', 'Julie', '6505555787', '64600.00'),
(131, 'Lee', 'Kwai', '2125557818', '114900.00'),
(141, 'Freyre', 'Diego ', '(91) 555 94 44', '227600.00'),
(144, 'Berglund', 'Christina', '0921-12 3555', '53100.00'),
(145, 'Petersen', 'Jytte ', '31 12 3555', '83400.00'),
(146, 'Saveley', 'Mary', '78.32.5555', '123900.00'),
(148, 'Eric', 'Jecob', '+65 2217555', '103800.00'),
(151, 'Young', 'Jeff', '2125557413', '138500.00');
mysql> select * from customers;
| customer Id | First Name | Last Name | phone | creditLimit |

      103 | Atelier
      | Schmitt
      | 08-78966578
      | 21000.00 |

      112 | Signal
      | King
      | 7025551838
      | 71800.00 |

      114 | Ferguson
      | Peter
      | 03-9520 4555
      | 117300.00 |

      119 | Labrune
      | Janine
      | 40.67.8555
      | 118200.00 |

      121 | Bergulfsen
      | Jonas
      | 07-989555
      | 81700.00 |

      124 | Nelson
      | Susan
      | 4155551450
      | 210500.00 |

            DROP TABLE IF EXISTS `orders`;
CREATE TABLE orders (
order Id int(11) NOT NULL,
order Date date NOT NULL,
shipped Date date DEFAULT NULL,
Deliver varchar (15) NOT NULL,
customer Id int(11) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (order Id),
FOREIGN KEY (customer Id) REFERENCES customers (customer Id) on delete cascade
insert into orders (order Id, order Date, shipped Date, Deliver, customer Id) values
(10100,'2003-01-06','2003-01-13','Shipped',114),
(10101, '2003-01-09', '2003-01-18', 'Shipped', 125),
```

```
C:\Users\Dnyaneshwar\Desktop\DBMS\DBMS ALL Solution 02.12.2021\SOLUTION 3.SQL
(10102, '2003-01-10', '2003-01-18', 'Shipped', 129),
(10103,'2003-01-29','2003-02-07','Shipped',121),
(10104,'2003-01-31','2003-02-09','Shipped',141),
(10105, '2003-02-11', '2003-02-21', 'Shipped', 145);
mysql> select * from orders;
+-----+-----+----------+
| order Id | order Date | shipped Date | Deliver | customer Id |
+-----+
  10100 | 2003-01-06 | 2003-01-13 | Shipped | 114 |
 10101 | 2003-01-09 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 125 | 10102 | 2003-01-10 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 129 | 10103 | 2003-01-29 | 2003-02-07 | Shipped | 121 | 10104 | 2003-01-31 | 2003-02-09 | Shipped | 141 | 10105 | 2003-02-11 | 2003-02-21 | Shipped | 145 |
1. Write a Query to add a column package stat to the table orders.
Answer: alter table orders Add package stat varchar(20);
mysql> select * from orders;
| order Id | order Date | shipped Date | Deliver | customer Id | package stat |
10100 | 2003-01-06 | 2003-01-13 | Shipped | 114 | NULL
10101 | 2003-01-09 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 125 | NULL
10102 | 2003-01-10 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 129 | NULL
10103 | 2003-01-29 | 2003-02-07 | Shipped | 121 | NULL
10104 | 2003-01-31 | 2003-02-09 | Shipped | 141 | NULL
10105 | 2003-02-11 | 2003-02-21 | Shipped | 145 | NULL
2. Write a Query to change the package stat column of orders table with 'not available'for
all orders.
mysql> update orders set package stat='not available';
mysql> select * from orders;
+-----+
| order Id | order Date | shipped Date | Deliver | customer Id | package stat |
+-----+
| 10100 | 2003-01-06 | 2003-01-13 | Shipped | 114 | not available | 10101 | 2003-01-09 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 125 | not available | 10102 | 2003-01-10 | 2003-01-18 | Shipped | 129 | not available | 10103 | 2003-01-29 | 2003-02-07 | Shipped | 121 | not available | 10104 | 2003-01-31 | 2003-02-09 | Shipped | 141 | not available | 10105 | 2003-02-11 | 2003-02-21 | Shipped | 145 | not available |
3. Write a Query to delete a row from customers table where credit limit is 0.00
Answer: DELETE FROM Customers WHERE creditlimit=0.00; ( key problem)
Write SELECT statements to achieve the following:
```

1. Write a Query to display the first name with the occurrence of 'el' in the customers

mysql> SELECT first name FROM customers WHERE first name LIKE '%el%';

+----+ | first name | +----+

```
| Atelier | Nelson | Keitel | Saveley |
```

2. Write a Query to prepare a list with customer name ,customer\_id ,order\_id for the customers whose delivery status is shipped.

select first\_name,last\_name,o.customer\_id from customers as c,orders as o where
o.customer id=c.customer id and Deliver='shipped';

first_name	last_name	++   customer_id   +
Ferguson	Peter	114
Piestrzeniewicz	Zbyszek	125
Murphy	Julie	129
Bergulfsen	Jonas	121
Freyre	Diego	141
Petersen	Jytte	145

mysql> select first\_name,last\_name,orders.customer\_id from customers,orders where
orders.customer id=customers.customer id and Deliver='shipped';

first_name	last_name	++   customer_id
Ferguson	Peter	114
Piestrzeniewicz	Zbyszek	125
Murphy	Julie	129
Bergulfsen	Jonas	121
Freyre	Diego	141
Petersen	Jytte	145

3. Write a Query to get the number of customers with the creditLimit greater than 50000. mysql> select count(creditlimit) from customers where creditlimit>50000;

4. Write a Query to display the customer\_id, name ( first name and last name ), order\_id and deliver for all customers.

select orders.customer\_id , concat (concat(First\_name, ' '), last\_name) as Name ,
orders.order\_id , orders.Deliver from customers , orders
where orders.customer Id = customers.customer Id;

5. Write a Query to customer name in order of creditLimit smallest to highest.

```
mysql> select first name, last name, creditLimit from customers order by creditLimit;
+----+
| first name | last name | creditLimit |
| Piestrzeniewicz | Zbyszek | 0.00 | Atelier | Schmitt | 21000.00 | Berglund | Christina | 53100.00 | Keitel | Roland | 59700.00 | Murphy | Julie | 64600.00 | Signal | King | 71800.00 | Bergulfsen | Jonas | 81700.00 | Petersen | Jytte | 83400.00 | Eric | Jecob | 103800.00 | Eric | Jecob | 103800.00 | Lee | Kwai | 114900.00 | Ferguson | Peter | 117300.00 | Labrune | Janine | 118200.00 | Saveley | Mary | 123900.00 | Young | Jeff | 138500.00 | Nelson | Susan | 210500.00 |
+----+
4-----+
6. Write a stored procedure by name order day. The procedure should show the
customer id and the day on which he had made the order.
Answer:
drop procedure if exists order day;
drop table if exists tempp;
Create table tempp
(
customer id int,
order_date date
);
/* ......
                */
delimiter //
create procedure order day(cust int)
begin
  declare order d date;
  declare cid date;
     select order date into cid from orders where customer id=cust;
         insert into tempp values(cust ,cid);
end;//
delimiter ;
/* .....*/
call order day(114);
select * from tempp;
mysql> select * from tempp;
+----+
| customer id | order date |
+----+
       114 | 2003-01-06 |
+----+
7. Write a stored function by the name of cutomer search. The stored function should
return the maximum creditLimit made by any customer.
drop function if exists customer search;
delimiter //
create function customer_search()
```

returns int

```
deterministic
begin
   declare x int;
   select max(creditLimit) into x from customers;
end;//
delimiter ;
select customer search() from dual;
                                         Paper 2
1. Create DEPT table with the following structure: -
DEPTNO INT (2)
DNAME VARCHAR (14)
LOC VARCHAR (13)
Insert the following rows in DEPT table:-
10, ACCOUNTING, NEW YORK
20, RESEARCH, DALLAS
30, SALES, CHICAGO
40, OPERATIONS, BOSTON
Answer:
drop table if exists dept ;
Create table DEPT(Deptno int,DNAME varchar(25),LOC Varchar(10));
insert into DEPT values(10, 'ACCOUNTING', 'NEW YORK');
insert into DEPT values(20, 'RESEARCH', 'DALLAS');
insert into DEPT values(30, 'SALES', 'CHICAGO');
insert into DEPT values(40, 'OPERATIONS', 'BOSTON');
select * from dept;
mysql> select * from dept;
+----+
| Deptno | DNAME | LOC |
+----+
     10 | ACCOUNTING | NEW YORK |
     20 | RESEARCH | DALLAS |
     30 | SALES
                   | CHICAGO
     40 | OPERATIONS | BOSTON
  ----+
2. Create EMP table with the following structure:-
EMPNO INT (4)
ENAME VARCHAR (10)
JOB VARCHAR (9)
HIREDATE DATE
SAL FLOAT (7,2)
COMM FLOAT (7,2)
DEPTNO INT (2)
Insert the following rows in EMP table:-
7369, SMITH, CLERK, 17-DEC-80, 800, null, 20
7499, ALLEN, SALESMAN, 20-FEB-81, 1600, 300, 30
7521, WARD, SALESMAN, 22-FEB-81, 1250, 500, 30
7566, JONES, MANAGER, 02-APR-81, 2975, null, 20
7654, MARTIN, SALESMAN, 28-SEP-81, 1250, 1400, null, 30
7698, BLAKE, MANAGER, 01-MAY-81, 2850, null, 30
7782, CLARK, MANAGER, 09-JUN-81, 2450, null, 10
```

```
7788, SCOTT, ANALYST, 09-DEC-82, 3000, null, 20
7839, KING, PRESIDENT, 17-NOV-81, 5000, null, 10
7844, TURNER, SALESMAN, 08-SEP-81, 1500, 0, 30
7876, ADAMS, CLERK, 12-JAN-83, 1100, null, 20
7900, JAMES, CLERK, 03-DEC-81, 950, null, 30
7902, FORD, ANALYST, 03-DEC-81, 3000, null, 20
7934, MILLER, CLERK, 23-JAN-82, 1300, null,
Answer:
drop table if exists emp;
CREATE table EMP(EMPNO int(4), ENAME varchar(10), JOB varchar(9), HIREDATE date, SAL
float(7,2),COMM float(7,2),DEPTNO int(2));
insert into EMP values(7369, 'SMITH', 'CLERK','1980-12-17', 800, null, 20);
insert into EMP values(7499,'ALLEN','SALESMAN','1981-02-20',1600, 300, 30);
insert into EMP values(7521,'WARDV','LESMAN','1981-02-22', 1250, 500, 30);
insert into EMP values(7566,'JONES', 'MANAGER', '1981-04-02', 2975, null, 20);
insert into EMP values(7654,'MARTIN','SALESMAN','1981-09-28', 1250, 1400, null);
insert into EMP values(7698, 'BLAKE','MANAGER','1981-05-01', 2850, null, 30);
insert into EMP values(7782, 'CLARK', 'MANAGER','1981-06-09', 2450, null, 10);
insert into EMP values(7788, 'SCOTT', 'ANALYST','1982-12-09', 3000, null, 20);
insert into EMP values(7839, 'KING', 'PRESIDENT', '1981-11-17', 5000, null, 10);
insert into EMP values(7844, 'TURNER', 'SALESMAN', '1981-09-08', 1500, 0, 30);
insert into EMP values(7900, 'JAMES', 'CLERK', '1983-01-12', 1100, null, 20);
insert into EMP values(7902, 'FORD', 'ANALYST', '1981-12-03', 95, null, 30);
insert into EMP values(7934, 'MILLER','CLERK', '1982-01-23', 1300, null, 10);
float(7,2),COMM float(7,2),DEPTNO int(2));
mysql> select * from emp;
      | EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
     7369 | SMITH | CLERK | 1980-12-17 | 800.00 | NULL | 20 |
      7499 | ALLEN | SALESMAN | 1981-02-20 | 1600.00 | 300.00 |
      7521 | WARDV | LESMAN | 1981-02-22 | 1250.00 | 500.00 |
      7566 | JONES | MANAGER | 1981-04-02 | 2975.00 | NULL | 20 |
      7654 | MARTIN | SALESMAN | 1981-09-28 | 1250.00 | 1400.00 | NULL |
      7698 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 1981-05-01 | 2850.00 | NULL |
     7698 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 1981-05-01 | 2830.00 | NULL |
7782 | CLARK | MANAGER | 1981-06-09 | 2450.00 | NULL |
7788 | SCOTT | ANALYST | 1982-12-09 | 3000.00 | NULL |
7839 | KING | PRESIDENT | 1981-11-17 | 5000.00 | NULL |
7844 | TURNER | SALESMAN | 1981-09-08 | 1500.00 | 0.00 |
7876 | ADAMS | CLERK | 1983-01-12 | 1100.00 | NULL |
7900 | JAMES | CLERK | 1981-12-03 | 95.00 | NULL |
7902 | FORD | ANALYST | 1981-12-03 | 3000.00 | NULL |
7934 | MILLER | CLERK | 1982-01-23 | 1300.00 | NULL |
                                                                                                                                  10
                                                                                                                                  20
                                                                                                                                  30
                                                                                                                                  20
                                                                                                                                  30
                                                                                                                                   20
       14 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
Write SELECT statements to achieve the following:-
1. Display only the EMPNO and ENAME columns from EMP table.
  mysql> select empno,ename from emp;
| empno | ename |
 ----+
  7369 | SMITH |
  7499 | ALLEN |
  7521 | WARDv |
  7566 | JONES |
  7654 | MARTIN |
  7698 | BLAKE |
  7782 | CLARK |
```

7788 | SCOTT |

```
7839 | KING
  7844 | TURNER |
  7876 | ADAMS |
  7900 | JAMES |
  7902 | FORD |
  7934 | MILLER |
 -----+
2. Display all employees who are CLERKs and the MANAGERs.
mysql> select * from emp where job='Clerk' or job='Manager' order by job;
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
  7369 | SMITH | CLERK | 1980-12-17 | 800.00 | NULL |
                                                      20
  7876 | ADAMS | CLERK | 1983-01-12 | 1100.00 | NULL |
  7900 | JAMES | CLERK | 1981-12-03 | 95.00 | NULL |
7934 | MILLER | CLERK | 1982-01-23 | 1300.00 | NULL |
7566 | JONES | MANAGER | 1981-04-02 | 2975.00 | NULL |
7608 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 1081-04-02 | 2975.00 | NULL |
                                                      30
                                                      10
  7698 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 1981-05-01 | 2850.00 | NULL |
  7782 | CLARK | MANAGER | 1981-06-09 | 2450.00 | NULL |
3. Display the ENAME and JOB for all employees who belong to the same DEPTNO as
employee 'KING'.
mysql> select ename, job from emp where deptno=(select deptno from emp where ename='KING');
+----+
| ename | job |
+-----
| CLARK | MANAGER |
| KING | PRESIDENT |
| MILLER | CLERK |
4. Find the names of all employees hired in the month of February (of any year).
Select * FROM emp WHERE Substr(Hiredate, 4, 2) = '02';
mysql> Select * FROM emp WHERE Substr(Hiredate, 6, 2) = '02';
+-----+----+----+------+
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
+-----+----+----+-----+------+
| 7499 | ALLEN | SALESMAN | 1981-02-20 | 1600.00 | 300.00 | 30 | 7521 | WARDV | LESMAN | 1981-02-22 | 1250.00 | 500.00 | 30 |
5. Display the employees in descending order of DEPTNO.
mysql> select * from emp as e,dept as d where e.deptno=d.deptno order by e.deptno desc;
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB
                        | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO | Deptno | DNAME
LOC
       7499 | ALLEN | SALESMAN | 1981-02-20 | 1600.00 | 300.00 |
                                                         30
                                                                  30 | SALES
 CHICAGO
  7521 | WARDv | LESMAN | 1981-02-22 | 1250.00 | 500.00 |
                                                          30
                                                                  30 | SALES
 CHICAGO |
  7698 | BLAKE | MANAGER | 1981-05-01 | 2850.00 |
                                                          30
                                                NULL |
                                                                  30 | SALES
 CHICAGO |
  7844 | TURNER | SALESMAN | 1981-09-08 | 1500.00 |
                                                0.00
                                                          30
                                                                  30 | SALES
 CHICAGO
         7900 | JAMES | CLERK
                         1981-12-03 | 95.00 |
                                                 NULL |
                                                          30
                                                                  30 | SALES
 CHICAGO
  7369 | SMITH | CLERK
                         | 1980-12-17 | 800.00 |
                                                 NULL |
                                                          20 |
                                                                  20 | RESEARCH
 DALLAS
  7566 | JONES | MANAGER
                       1981-04-02 | 2975.00 |
                                                 NULL |
                                                          20
                                                                  20 | RESEARCH
 DALLAS |
  7788 | SCOTT | ANALYST
                        | 1982-12-09 | 3000.00 |
                                                 NULL |
                                                          20
                                                                  20 | RESEARCH
 DALLAS
  7876 | ADAMS | CLERK
                        | 1983-01-12 | 1100.00 |
                                                 NULL |
                                                          20 |
                                                                  20 | RESEARCH
 DALLAS
  7902 | FORD | ANALYST | 1981-12-03 | 3000.00 |
                                                          20
                                                NULL |
                                                                  20 | RESEARCH
```

 $6.\ \mbox{Display}$  the employee name and employee  $number\ of$  the employees with the headings  $as\ NUMBER\ and\ NAME.$ 

mysql> select empno "Number", ename "NAME" from emp;

```
+----+
| Number | NAME |
  -----
   7369 | SMITH |
   7499 | ALLEN
   7521 | WARDv
   7566 | JONES
   7654 | MARTIN |
   7698 | BLAKE |
   7782 | CLARK
   7788 | SCOTT
   7839 | KING
   7844 | TURNER |
   7876 | ADAMS |
   7900 | JAMES |
   7902 | FORD
   7934 | MILLER |
```

7. Find the names of all employees who were hired on the last day of the month. mysql> select last day (Hiredate) from emp;

+-----

8. Find the name of the employee who is receiving the maximum salary.
mysql> select ename,max(sal) from emp;

```
| ename | max(sal) | +----+ | SMITH | 5000.00 | +----+
```

9. Display the sum of SAL for all the employees belonging to DEPTNO 10. mysql> select sum(sal) from emp where deptno=10;

```
+----+
| sum(sal) |
```

```
+----+
 8750.00
 ____+
10. Display the rows where JOB column ends with the letter 'T'.
mysql> select * from emp where job like '%T';
+-----+
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
+-----+
 7788 | SCOTT | ANALYST | 1982-12-09 | 3000.00 | NULL | 20 |
                                                10
| 7839 | KING | PRESIDENT | 1981-11-17 | 5000.00 | NULL |
| 7902 | FORD | ANALYST | 1981-12-03 | 3000.00 | NULL |
11. Write a stored procedure to convert a temperature in Fahrenheit (F) to its equivalent in
Celsius (C). The required formula is:- C = (F-32)*5/9
Insert the temperature in Centigrade into TEMPP table. Calling program for the stored
procedure need not be written.
drop procedure if exists abc;
drop table if exists tempp;
Create table tempp
Fahrenheit float,
Temp Celsius float
);
/* .....*/
delimiter //
create procedure abc (Fahrenheit float)
begin
 declare Temp Celsius float;
      set Temp Celsius=(Fahrenheit-32)*5/9;
      insert into tempp values(Fahrenheit, Temp Celsius);
end;//
delimiter ;
/* ......*/
call abc(100);
call abc(99);
call abc(98);
select * from tempp;
mysql> select * from tempp;
+----+
| Fahrenheit | Temp Celsius |
+----+
    100 | 37.7778 | 99 | 37.2222 | 98 | 36.6667 |
 ----+
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

===

12. Write a stored function by the name of Num\_cube. The stored function should return the cube of a number 'N'. The number 'N' should be passed to the stored function as a parameter. Calling program for the stored function need not be written.

Answer:

drop function if exists Num cube;

```
drop PROCEDURE if exists pqr;
drop table if exists tempp;
Create table tempp
Num varchar (20),
Num cube int
);
/* ..... */
delimiter //
create function Num_cube(N int)
  returns int
  deterministic
  begin
  return N*N*N;
end; //
delimiter ;
/* .....*/
select Num cube(10) from dual;
mysql> select Num cube(10) from dual;
+----+
| Num cube (10) |
+----+
  1000
```

-10-