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Instructions: - This exam consists of 2 sections.
All questions are compulsory. Total time for this test is 90 minutes.
Connect to MySQL database with your respective username and password.
Section I (30 marks)
1. Create table DEPT with the following structure:-
DEPTNO int
DNAME varchar (15)
LOC varchar (10)
Insert the following rows into the DEPT table:-
10 ACCOUNTING NAINITAL
20 RESEARCH DEHRADUN
30 SALES CHENNAI
40 OPERATIONS BILASPUR
Answer:
drop table if exists dept ;
Create table DEPT(Deptno int,DNAME varchar(25),LOC Varchar(10));
insert into DEPT values(10, 'ACCOUNTING', 'NAINITAL');
insert into DEPT values(20, 'RESEARCH', 'DEHRADUN');
insert into DEPT values(30, 'SALES', 'CHENNAI');
insert into DEPT values(40, 'OPERATIONS', 'BILASPUR');
select * from dept;
mysql> select * from dept;
+----+
| Deptno | DNAME | LOC |
     10 | ACCOUNTING | NAINITAL |
      20 | RESEARCH | DEHRADUN |
      30 | SALES | CHENNAI |
     40 | OPERATIONS | BILASPUR |
Create table EMP with the following structure:-
EMPNO int
ENAME varchar (10)
JOB varchar(9)
HIREDATE date
SAL float
COMM float
DEPTNO int
Insert the following rows into the EMP table:-
7839 KAILASH MANAGER 1991-11-17 5000 NULL 10
7698 BELA CLERK 1981-05-01 2850 NULL 30
7782 CHETAN MANAGER 1981-06-09 2450 NULL 10
7566 JASPREET CLERK 1981-04-02 2975 NULL 20
7654 MAMTA SALESMAN 1981-09-28 1250 1400 30
7499 AMAR SALESMAN 1981-02-20 1600 300 30
drop table if exists emp;
CREATE table EMP(EMPNO int, ENAME varchar(10), JOB varchar(9), HIREDATE date, SAL float, COMM
float, DEPTNO int);
insert into EMP values(7839, 'KAILASH', 'MANAGER', '1991-11-17', 5000, NULL, 10);
insert into EMP values(7698, 'BELA', 'CLERK', '1981-05-01', 2850, NULL, 30);
insert into EMP values(7782, 'CHETAN', 'MANAGER', '1981-06-09', 2450, NULL, 10);
insert into EMP values(7566, 'JASPREET', 'CLERK', '1981-04-02', 2975, NULL, 20);
insert into EMP values(7654, 'MAMTA', 'SALESMAN', '1981-09-28', 1250, 1400, 30);
insert into EMP values(7499, 'AMAR', 'SALESMAN', '1981-02-20', 1600, 300, 30);
select * from EMP;
mysql> select * from EMP;
+-----+
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C:\Users\Dnyaneshwar\Desktop\DBMS\DBMS ALL Solution 02.12.2021\SOLUTION 2.SQL
                                                                    03 December 2021 02:53 PM
| EMPNO | ENAME | JOB | HIREDATE | SAL | COMM | DEPTNO |
   7839 | KAILASH | MANAGER | 1991-11-17 | 5000 | NULL |
  7698 | BELA | CLERK | 1981-05-01 | 2850 | NULL |
  7782 | CHETAN | MANAGER | 1981-06-09 | 2450 | NULL |
  7566 | JASPREET | CLERK | 1981-04-02 | 2975 | NULL |
  7654 | MAMTA | SALESMAN | 1981-09-28 | 1250 | 1400 |
               | SALESMAN | 1981-02-20 | 1600 | 300 |
  7499 | AMAR
 -----
Write SELECT statements to achieve the following:-
3. Display the last day of the month for every HIREDATE.
mysql> select last_day(Hiredate) from emp;
+----+
| last day(Hiredate) |
1991-11-30
 1981-05-31
 1981-06-30
1981-04-30
1981-09-30
1981-02-28
4. Display the annual SAL for each employee.
mysql> select ename, sal*12 from emp;
| ename | sal*12 |
| KAILASH | 60000 |
BELA 34200 |
| CHETAN | 29400 |
| JASPREET | 35700 |
| MAMTA | 15000 |
| AMAR | 19200 |
+----+
5. Display the ENAME and JOB for all employees who belong to the same DEPTNO as employee
'KAILASH'.
mysql> select ename, job from emp where deptno=(select deptno from emp where ename='KAILASH');
+----+
| ename | job |
| KAILASH | MANAGER |
| CHETAN | MANAGER |
+----+
6. Display the names of all employees replacing any 'A' with 'a'
mysql> select replace(ename, 'A', 'a') from emp;
| replace(ename,'A','a') |
+----+
| KaILaSH
BELia
CHETaN
| JaSPREET
```

7. Display the employee name and employee number of the employees with the headings as **NUMBER** and NAME. select empno "Number", ename "NAME" from emp; mysql> select empno "Number", ename "NAME" from emp; **+**----+ | Number | NAME

MaMTa aMaR

```
+----+
   7839 | KAILASH |
   7698 | BELA |
   7782 | CHETAN |
   7566 | JASPREET |
   7654 | MAMTA |
  7499 | AMAR
+----+
8. Find the name of the employee who is receiving the maximum salary.
mysql> select ename, max(sal) from emp;
+----+
| ename | max(sal) |
+----+
| KAILASH | 5000 |
9. Display the sum of SAL for all the employees belonging to DEPTNO 10.
mysql> select deptno, sum (sal) from emp where deptno=10;
+----+
| deptno | sum(sal) |
+----+
10 | 7450 |
+----+
10. Display the rows where JOB column ends with the letter 'T'.
select * from emp where job like '%T';
mysql> select * from emp where job like '%T';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
Section II (10 marks)
1. Write a stored procedure by the name of HRA calc. The Empno, Deptno and Sal should be
passed
  as parameters to your stored procedure. The formulae are as follows:-
  If deptno = 10 then HRA = 20% of sal,
  If deptno = 20 then HRA = 30% of sal,
For all other deptnos, HRA = 10% of sal.
Your stored procedure should insert the Empno, Deptno, Sal and
the HRA into a suitable TEMPP output table. Calling program for the stored procedure need
not be written.
Answer:
drop procedure if exists abc;
drop table if exists tempp;
Create table tempp
Empno int,
Deptno int,
sal int,
hra int
);
/* ..... */
delimiter //
create procedure abc(empno float, Deptno float, sal float)
begin
 declare hra float;
    if deptno=10 then
       set hra=sal*0.2;
       insert into tempp values(Empno, Deptno, sal, hra);
   elseif deptno=20 then
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set hra=sal*0.3;
      insert into tempp values(Empno, Deptno, sal, hra);
  else
      set hra=sal*0.1;
      insert into tempp values(Empno, Deptno, sal, hra);
  end if;
end;//
delimiter ;
/* ...... */
call abc(1,10,3000);
call abc(2,20,3000);
call abc(3,30,3000);
select * from tempp;
mysql> select * from tempp;
+----+
| Empno | Deptno | sal | hra |
    ---+----
        10 | 3000 | 600 |
     1 |
        20 | 3000 | 900 |
30 | 3000 | 300 |
     2
     3
    _____
2. Write a stored function by the name of Num cube. The stored function should return the
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cube of a number 'N'.
The number 'N' should be passed to the stored function as a parameter.
Calling program for the stored function need not be written.
Answer:
drop function if exists Num cube;
drop PROCEDURE if exists pqr;
drop table if exists tempp;
Create table tempp
Num varchar(20),
Num cube int
);
/* ......*/
delimiter //
create function Num cube(N int)
  returns int
  deterministic
  begin
       return N*N*N;
  end; //
delimiter ;
mysql> select Num_cube(10) from dual;
| Num cube (10) |
 ----+
        1000
```