Industrial Training Daily Diary Day 3

Date: June 25

Topic: Python Lists – Fundamental Operations & Problem Solving

Objectives of the Day

- Reinforce understanding of Python Lists through practical problem-solving.
- Implement logical operations using list manipulation.
- Strengthen problem-solving capabilities using Python list structures.

Topics Covered

Review of Python List Fundamentals

- Lists as ordered, mutable collections.
- Use of built-in functions: len(), append(), remove(), pop(), and slicing techniques.

Programs covered

• 1. Write a program to print armstrong numbers between 100 to 1000

```
def count digits(num):
   count = 0
   while (num != 0):
   num = int(num / 10)
   count = count + 1
   return count
  def check_armstrong(num) :
   x = num
   digits = count digits(num)
   sum = 0
   while(num != 0):
   r = int(num\%10)
   sum = sum + r**(digits)
   num = int(num/10)
   if(sum == x):
   return 1
   else:
   return -1
  #100-1000
  list = []
  for i in range(100,1001):
   flag = check armstrong(i)
   if(flag == 1):
   list.append(i)
   else:
   continue
  print(list)
[153, 370, 371, 407]
```

• 2. Given a Python list of numbers. Turn every item on a list into its square

```
Given:

List = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
Expected output:

[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49]

list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
for i in range(len(list)):
list[i] = list[i] * list[i]
print(list)

[1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49]
```

• 3. Given a Python list, find value 20 in the list, and if it is present, replace it with 200. Only update the first occurrence of a value Given

```
list1 = [5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 20]

Expected output:

list1 = [5, 10, 15, 200, 25, 50, 20]

list1 = [5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, 20]

target = 20

replacement = 200

for i in range(0,len(list1)):

if list1[i] == target:

list1[i] = replacement

break

else:
continue

print(list1)

[5, 10, 15, 200, 25, 50, 20]
```

 Write a program that will find all such numbers which are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5, between 2000 and 3200 (both included).

```
list = []
for i in range(2000,3201):
if (i%7==0 and i%5!=0):
list.append(i)
print(list)
```

```
[2002, 2009, 2016, 2023, 2037, 2044, 2051, 2058, 2072, 2079, 2086, 2093, 2107, 2114, 2121, 2128, 2142, 2149, 2156, 2163, 2177, 2184, 2191, 2198, 2212, 2219, 2226, 2233, 2247, 2254, 2261, 2268, 2282, 2289, 2296, 2303, 2317, 2324, 2331, 2338, 2352, 2359, 2366, 2373, 2387, 2394, 2401, 2408, 2422, 2429, 2436, 2443, 2457, 2464, 2471, 2478, 2492, 2499, 2506, 2513, 2527, 2534, 2541, 2548, 2562, 2569, 2576, 2583, 2597, 2604, 2611, 2618, 2632, 2639, 2646, 2653, 2667, 2674, 2681, 2688, 2702, 2709, 2716, 2723, 2737, 2744, 2751, 2758, 2772, 2779, 2786, 2793, 2807, 2814, 2821, 2828, 2842, 2849, 2856, 2863, 2877, 2884, 2891, 2898, 2912, 2919, 2926, 2933, 2947, 2954, 2961, 2968, 2982, 2989, 2996, 3003, 3017, 3024, 3031, 3038, 3052, 3059, 3066, 3073, 3087, 3094, 3101, 3108, 3122, 3129, 3136, 3143, 3157, 3164, 3171, 3178, 3192, 3199]
```

• 5. Remove empty strings from the list of strings list1 = ["Mike", "", "Emma", "Kelly", "", "Brad"] Expected output:

```
["Mike", "Emma", "Kelly", "Brad"]

list1 = ["Mike", "", "Emma", "Kelly", "", "Brad"]

for i in list1:
    if i == "":
    list1.remove(i)
    print(list1)

['Mike', 'Emma', 'Kelly', 'Brad']
```

 6. Write a Python program to find the maximum and minimum values in a given list Original list:

```
[4, 3, 0, 5, 3, 0, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 5]
```

Maximum and minimum values of the said given list within the index range: Maximum number 5

Minimum number 0

```
list = [4, 3, 0, 5, 3, 0, 2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 5]

max = list[0]

min = list[0]

for i in list:

if i>max:

max = i

if i<min:

min = i

print(max,min)
```

7. Write a Python program to convert a list of multiple integers into a single integer.
 Sample list: [11, 33, 50]

```
string = ""
list = [11, 33, 50]
for i in list:
temp = str(i)
```

string = string + temp

Expected Output: 113350

```
print(string)
113350
```

• 8. reverse a list.
[1, 2, 3, 4] → [4, 3, 2, 1]

list = [1, 2, 3, 4]

reverse = []

for i in range(len(list)-1,-1,-1):

reverse.append(list[i])

print(reverse)

[4, 3, 2, 1]

• 9. the sum of elements of the list

```
[7, 8, 5, 2, 10, 12]

sum=0

list = [7, 8, 5, 2, 10, 12]

for i in list:

sum = sum +i

print(sum)
```

• 10. Write a Python program to push all zeros to the end of a list. [7, 8,0, 5, 2,0, 10, 12,0]

```
o/p = [7, 8, 5, 2, 10, 12,0,0,0]

list = [7, 8,0, 5, 2,0, 10, 12,0]

for i in list :

if i == 0 :

list.remove(i)

list.append(0)

print(list)
```

[7, 8, 5, 2, 10, 12, 0, 0, 0]