

# Assignment 1

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## vector

**Abstract**—This document contains the solution to find Internally and externally divided coordinate points.

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Anjalibagade/EE5600/tree/master/Assignment2>

and latex codes from

<https://github.com/Anjalibagade/EE5600/Assignment2>

## Problem

### Vector-2, Example-4, Question-5

Sketch the loci of the following equation

$$y^2 = x \quad (0.0.1)$$

### Solution:

Given equation is

$$y^2 = x \quad (0.0.2)$$

We can write above equation as

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \quad (0.0.3)$$

where,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = 0 \quad (0.0.4)$$

$$|V| = 0 \quad (0.0.5)$$

From above equation we can say that the curve is parabola.

The vertex of parabola can be given as  $\mathbf{c}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}^T + \eta \mathbf{p}_1^T \\ V \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -f \\ \eta \mathbf{p}_1 - \mathbf{u} \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.6)$$

where

$$\mathbf{p}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \eta = \mathbf{p}_1^T \mathbf{u} \quad (0.0.7)$$

$$\eta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.8)$$

From 0.0.6 we can find out few values given below

$$(\mathbf{u}^T + \eta \mathbf{p}_1^T) = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.9)$$

$$(\eta \mathbf{p}_1 - \mathbf{u}) = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.10)$$

Substituting all the values in equation 0.0.6

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.11)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.12)$$

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.0.13)$$

## Result

Plot of coordinate of the points obtained from Python code is shown below.

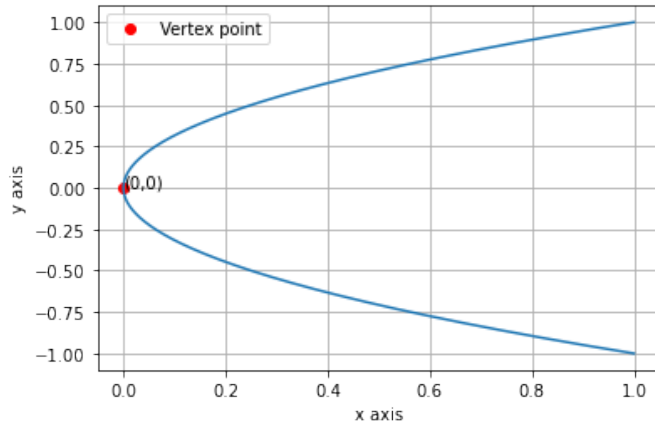


Fig. 0: Parabola with vertex  $c = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$