## **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2004**

Subject : BIOLOGY

**DATE: 18.05.2004** 

TIME: 10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 60** 

MAXIMUM TIME: 80 MINUTES

	QUEST	ION BOOKLET
Please fill your	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
CET No. below	Δ 1	089841
:		/:00304T

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Please read the following instructions carefully, before you start answering on the OMR answer sheet)

- The OMR answer sheet is issued at the start of the examination at 10.15 a.m., the candidate should first enter only Name and CET No. on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. After the 2<sup>nd</sup> bell at 10.30 a.m. the Question Papers will be issued. Now, the candidate should enter the Version Code and Serial Number of question booklet on the OMR answer sheet. But, he shall not remove the staples on the right side of this booklet OR look inside the question booklet OR start answering on the OMR answer sheet until the 3<sup>rd</sup> bell rings.

As answer sheets are designed to suit the Optical Mark Reader (OMR) system, special care should be taken to fill those items accurately.

## DO NOT DAMAGE OR MUTILATE THE TIMING, MARKS ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEETS.

- 3. Remove the staples at the right side to open the question paper booklet only after the 3<sup>rd</sup> bell at 10.40 a.m.
- 4. This question booklet contains 60 questions.
- 5. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
  - a) Read each question carefully.
  - b) Determine the correct answer from out of the four available choices given under each question.
  - c) Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a blue or black ink ballpoint pen against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

For example:

**Q. No. 14:** The product of  $0.5 \times 0.05$  is: 1) 0.05 2) 0.005 3) 0.025 4) 0.25

As the correct answer is option no. 3, the candidate should darken the circle corresponding to option no. 3 completely with a blue or black ink ballpoint pen on the OMR answer sheet, as shown below:



- 6. For each correct answer, one mark will be awarded. For each wrong answer, quarter (1/4) mark will be deducted and if more than one circle is darkened for a given question, one mark will be deducted. Even a minute unintended dot will also be recognised and recorded by the scanner. Please avoid multiple markings of any kind.
- 7. Rough work should be done only on the blank space provided on each page of the question booklet. Rough work should not be done on the OMR answer sheet.
- Please stop writing when the last bell rings at 11.50 a.m. Hand over the OMR answer paper set to the invigilator, who will separate the top sheet and will retain the same with him and return the bottom sheet replica to you to carry home.

NOTE: The candidate should safely preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of one year from the date of Common Entrance Test.

#### **BIOLOGY**

1. R	espiratory	Quotient	(R.Q.)	is	represented	by	
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1)  $\frac{O_2}{CO_2}$ 

 $\frac{C}{N}$ 

3)  $\frac{N_2}{O_2}$ 

4)  $\frac{CO_2}{O_2}$ 

2. Bacterial photosynthesis involves ........

1) PS I only

- 2) PS II only
- 3) Both PS I and PS II
- 4) Either PS I or PS II

3. One of the following is not the types of blood groups or blood factors ..........

1) ABO and Rh

2) Rh and MN

3) Lewis and Duffy

4) Buffs and Kips

**4.** Gynaecomastia is the symptom of .....

- 1) Turner's Syndrome
- 2) Klinefelter's Syndrome

3) Down Syndrome

4) SARS

**5.** The term ecology was coined by .......

1) E. Munch

2) Odum

3) Reiter

4) Transley

ъ.	Synthes	as of testosterone by Le	ydig cells is stin	nulated by
	1)	FSH		2) ICSH
	3)	LTH		4) TSH
7.	Which o	f the following stateme	nts is right ?	
	1)	Diatoms produce basi	diospores.	
	2)	Heterocysts are found	in Nostoc.	
	3)	Fronds are found in B	ryophytes.	•
	4)	Multiciliate sperms a	re found in Angi	osperms.
8.	The Bio	genetic Law was propos	ed by	
	1)	Weismann	2)	Haeckel
•	3)	F. Redi	4)	Richter
9.	Nodes of	Ranvier are found in	**********	
	1)	Muscle fibre	2)	Neuron
	3)	Axon	4)	Sperm
10.	Which o	the following animals	is protected in K	Kaziranga Sanctuary in Assam ?
	1)	Indian Lion	2)	Indian bison
	3)	Indian Elephant	4)	Indian Rhinoceros
		//	Name of the Description	

11	Bamboo and	grasses	elongate	by	the	activity	of	
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1) Apical meristem

- 2) Intercalary meristem
- 3) Secondary meristem
- 4) Lateral meristem
- 12. The example for trimerous, unisexual flowers is ......
  - 1) Tamarind

2) Pea

3) Cocos nucifera

- 4) Hibiscus
- 13. The term species was coined by .....
  - 1) John Ray

2) Linnaeus

3) Aristotle

- 4) Engler
- 14. Match the Biological molecules listed under column I with their Biological functions given under column II; choose the answer which gives correct combination of alphabets of the two columns.

	Column - I (Biological molecules)	,	Column - II (Functions)
A	Starch	p	Protein synthesis
B	Haemoglobin	q	Sex hormone
	RNA	r	Storage product
	Steroid	s	Transport of gases

- 1) A = r; B = p; C = s; D = q
- 2) A = r; B = s; C = p; D = q
- 3) A = s; B = r; C = p; D = q
- 4) A = r; B = s; C = q; D = p
- 15. One of the following is a disease of Poultry ......
  - 1) Anthrax

- 2) Ranikhet disease
- 3) Foot and Mouth disease
- 4) Pebrine disease

**16.** The "power house" of a cell is ......

1) Ribosome

2) Golgi complex

3) Mitochondrion

4) Lysosome

17. The young one of cockroach is called ......

1) fingerling

2) maggot

3) caterpillar

4) nymph

18. The yellow - coloured milk secreted by cattle soon after the birth of a calf is called ........

1) cholesterol

2) colostrum

3) chyme

4) chyle

19. A bicollateral vascular bundle has the following arrangement of tissues......

1) Outer Phloem - Outer Cambium - Middle Xylem - Inner Cambium - Inner Phloem.

2) Outer Xylem - Outer Cambium - Middle Phloem - Inner Cambium - Inner Xylem.

3) Outer Phloem - Outer Xylem - Middle Cambium - Inner Xylem - Inner Phloem.

4) Outer Cambium - Outer Phloem - Middle Xylem - Inner Phloem - Inner Cambium.

20. Match the branches of Biology given under Column I with the field of study listed under column II; choose the answer which gives the correct combination of alphabets of two columns.

	Column I (Branch of Biology)		Column II (Field of study)
Α	Malacology	р	Reptiles
В	Pomology	q	Fungi
C	Mycology	r	Fruits
D	Ornithology	S	Molluscs
		t	Birds

- 1) A = p; B = r; C = q; D = t
- 2) A = t; B = s; C = q; D = p
- 3) A = s; B = r; C = q; D = t
- 4) A = s; B = r; C = p; D = t

- 21. An example for Pasteur effect is ......
  - 1) Saccharomyces

2) Nostoc

3) Penicillium

- 4) Pinnularia
- 22. One of the following is also called Sewall Wright Effect ........
  - 1) Gene Pool

2) Gene flow

3) Genetic Drift

- 4) Isolation
- 23. Match the types of cells listed under column I with the secretions given under column II. Choose the answer which gives the correct combination of the alphabets of the two columns.

	Column - I (Types of cells)		Column - II (Secretions)
A	Beta cells	p	Lysozyme
В	Mast cells	q	Mucus
C	Paneth cells	r	Histamine
D	Acinar cells	s	Insulin
_		t	Pancreatic enzymes

- 1) A = s; B = r; C = p; D = t
- 2) A = q; B = r; C = p; D = t
- 3) A = s; B = q; C = p; D = t
- 4) A = t; B = q; C = r; D = s
- 24. Which of the following is a mechanical barrier used in birth control?
  - 1) Copper T

2) Diaphragm

3) Loop

- 4) Dalcon shield
- 25. The gases used in the spark discharge apparatus were ..........
  - 1)  $O_2$ ,  $CO_2$  and  $NH_3$

2)  $NH_3$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $O_2$ 

3)  $H_2$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $NH_3$ 

4)  $CO_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and  $CH_4$ 

<b>26.</b>	Choose	the	cat	fish	from	the	following	:
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1) Labeo rohita

2) Catla catla

3) Cirrhina mrigala

4) Wallago attu

## 27. Identify the plasmid ......

1) Eco RI

2) pBR 322

3) AlU I

4) Hind III

28. Match the types of bacteria listed in column I with their activity given in column II. Choose the correct combination of alphabets of the two columns.

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	Column - I (Types of bacteria)		Column - II (Activity)
A	Streptomyces	p	Food poisoning
В	Rhizobium	q	Source of Antibiotics
C	Nitrosomonas	r	Nitrogen fixation
D	Acetobacter	* <b>S</b>	Nitrification
		t	Vinegar synthesis

- 1) A = s; B = t; C = p; D = r
- 2) A = t; B = p; C = r; D = s
- 3) A = q; B = r; C = p; D = t
- 4) A = q; B = r; C = s; D = t

### 29. ATP was discovered by .....

1) Lipmann

2) Karl Lohman

3) Blackman

4) Bowman

## **30.** DNA finger printing technique was first developed by ..........

- 1) Schleiden and Schwan
- 2) Edwards and Steptoe
- 3) Jeffreys, Wilson and Thien
- 4) Boysen and Jensen

- 31. A gene of operon which synthésizes a repressor protein is ......
  - 1) Operator gene

2) Regulator gene

3) Promoter gene

- 4) Structural gene
- 32. Match the excretory organs listed under column I with the animals given under column II. Choose the answer which gives the correct combination of alphabets of the two columns.

	Column - I (Excretory organs)		Column - II (Animals)
A	Nephridia	р	Hydra
В	Malpighian Tubules	q	Leech
$\frac{1}{C}$	Protonephridia	r	Shark
D	Kidneys	s	Round worms
		t	Cockroach

- 1) A = t; B = q; C = s; D = r
- 2) A = q; B = s; C = t; D = p
- 3) A = q; B = t; C = s; D = r
- 4) A = s; B = q; C = p; D = t
- 33. Sericteries are modified .....
  - 1) gastric glands

2) endocrine glands

3) intestinal glands

- 4) Salivary glands
- 34. The Law of Limiting Factors was proposed by ......
  - 1) Robert Hill

2) R. Emerson

3) F. F. Blackman

- 4) D. Arnon
- 35. Nebenkern is a part of .....
  - 1) Human ovum

2) Human sperm

3) Foetus

4) Graafian follicle

36.	. The firs	t antibiotic was discovered by	• • • • • •	
	1) 3)	R. Koch A. Fleming	2) 4)	
, <b>37.</b>	A four c	hambered heart is not found in	•••••	
	1)	Snake	2)	Crocodile
	3)	Mammals	4)	Birds
38.	Balance	theory of sex determination was p	ropos	sed by
	1)	T. H. Morgan		Waldeyer
	3)	Calvin B. Bridges	4)	Strassburger
39.	Elongati	on of a genetically dwarf plant is p	ossik	ple by application of
	1)	Abscisic Acid	2)	Gibberellins
	3)	Cytokinin	4)	Ethylene
40.	The prim	ary visual area is located in		
	1)	Frontal lobe	2)	Parietal lobe
	3)	Temporal lobe	4)	Occipital lobe

41. Murein is not found in the cell wall of	Í
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1) Cyanobacteria

2) Diatoms

3) Nostoc

4) Eubacteria

## 42. Largest gametophyte is found in ......

1) Nephrolepis

2) Cycas

3) Angiosperm

4) Polytrichum

# 43. Match the names of diseases listed under column I with the meanings given under column II; choose the answer which gives the correct combination of the alphabets of the two columns.

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	Column - I (Names of Diseases)		Column - II (Meanings)
A	Jáundice	р	allergic inflammation of nose
В	Stenosis	q	loss of motor functions
С	Rhinitis	r	heart valve defect
D	Paralysis	s	increase in bile pigments in the blood
		t	Septal defect of heart

- 1) A = s; B = r; C = p; D = q
- 2) A = s; B = t; C = p; D = q
- 3) A = q; B = t; C = r; D = p
- 4) A = s; B = p; C = q; D = r

## 44. Ganong's respiroscope is used to demonstrate .....

- 1) evolution of oxygen during photosynthesis.
- 2) evolution of carbon dioxide during fermentation.
- 3) production of carbon dioxide during aerobic respiration.
- 4) production of heat during aerobic respiration.

### 45. Balbiani rings are found in .......

1) dicot stems

2) polytene chromosome

3) all chromosomes

4) Lampbrush chromosome

46.	Coacervates were experimentally produced by			
	1)	Fischer and Huxley	2)	Sidney Fox and Oparin
	3)	Urey and Miller	4)	Jacob and Monod
47.	The scie	ntific name of zebu is		
	1)	Bubalus bubalis	2)	Gallus gallus
•	3)	Bos indicus	4)	Bombyx mori
48.	Motor ce	ells are found in		
	1)	brain	2)	spinal cord
	3)	monocot leaf	4)	upper epidermis of monocot leaf
49.	These be	elong to the category of primary cor	nsum	ners
	1)	Eagle and snakes	2)	Insects and cattle
	3)	Snakes and Frogs	4)	Water insects
<b>50.</b>	Bhopal t	ragedy of 1984 was caused by the l	.eaka	age of gas
	1)	Ammonia	2)	Hydrogen cyanide
•	3)	Methyl Isocyanate	4)	2, 4 - Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid

	11	,		•	
51.	Volkman's	canals	occur	ın	

1) Cartilage

2) Bone

3) Internal ear

4) Liver

### **52.** The lacteals are found in .........

1) spleen

2) mammary gland

3) salivary gland

4) villi

# 53. Match the theories given in column I with the names of scientists listed in column II. Choose the answer which gives the correct combination of the alphabets.

	Column - I (Names of theories)		Column - II (Names of scientists)
A	Relay pump theory	p	Stocking
В	Transpiration cohesion theory	q	Sir J. C. Bose
C	Mass flow theory	r	Godlewski
D	Pulsation theory	S	Dixon and Joly
		t	Ernst Munch

- 1) A = r; B = q; C = t; D = q
- 2) A = q; B = p; C = t; D = r
- 3) A = r; B = s; C = t; D = q
- 4) A = s; B = r; C = p; D = q

#### 54. The World Environment Day is celebrated on .......

1) 5<sup>th</sup> of June

2) 6th of June

3) 5th of May

4) 6<sup>th</sup> of August

## 55. One of the following is called pitcher plant .........

1) Drosera

2) <u>Utricularia</u>

3) Nepenthes

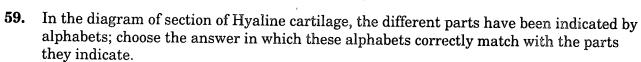
4) Aristolochia

- **56.** Choroid plexus is a network of .......
  - 1) nerves

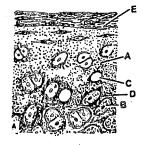
2) lymph vessels

3) capillaries

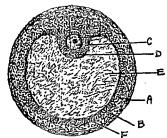
- 4) muscle fibres
- **57.** Chiropteriphily means .......
  - 1) Pollination by wind
- 2) Pollination by insects
- 3) Pollination by snails
- 4) Pollination by bats
- 58. In the diagram of T.S. of Stele of Dicot Root, the different parts have been indicated by alphabets; choose the answer in which these alphabets correctly match with the parts they indicate.
  - 1) A = Pericycle; B = Conjunctive tissue; C = Metaxylem;
    - D = Protoxylem; E = Phloem; F = Pith.
  - 2) A = Endodermis; B = Conjunctive tissue; C = Protoxylem;
    - D = Metaxylem; E = Phloem; F = Pith
  - 3) A = Endodermis; B = Conjunctive tissue; C = Metaxylem;
    - D = Protoxylem; E = Phloem; F = Pith
  - 4) A = Endodermis; B = Pith; C = Protoxylem;
    - D = Metaxylem; E = Phloem; F = Conjunctive tissue

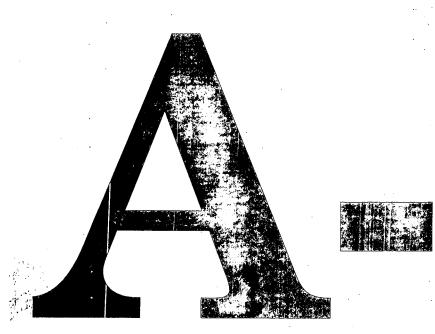


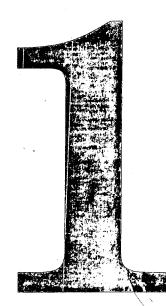
- 1) A = Chondrin; B = Chondrocyte; C = Lacuna;
  - D = Capsular matrix; E = Perichondrium
- 2) A = Chondrin; B = Lacuna; C = Chondrocyte;
  - D = Capsular matrix; E = Perichondrium
- 3) A = Perichondrium; B = Chondrocyte; C = Lacuna;
  - D = Capsular matrix; E = Chondrin
- 4) A = Capsular matrix; B = Chondrocyte; C = Lacuna;
  - D = Perichondrium; E = Chondrin



- **60.** In the diagram of section of Graafian follicle, different parts are indicated by alphabets; choose the answer in which these alphabets have been correctly matched with the parts they indicate.
  - 1) A = Membrana granulosa; B = Theca interna;
    - C = Ovum; D = Cumulus oophorus; E = Antrum;
    - F = Theca externa.
  - 2) A = Theca externa; B = Theca interna; C = Ovum;
    - D = Membrana granulosa; E = Antrum;
    - F = Cumulus oophorus
  - 3) A = Theca externa; B = Theca interna; C = Ovum;
    - D = Cumulus oophorus; E = Antrum; F = Membrana granulosa.
  - 4) A = Membrana granulosa; B = Theca externa; C = Ovum;
    - D = Cumulus oophorus; E = Antrum; F = Theca interna







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