FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)™

HORMIS NAGAR, MOOKKANNOOR, ANGAMALY-683577



FOCUS ON EXCELLENCE

20MCA133 WEB PROGRAMMING LAB LABORATORY RECORD

Name: ANJU K S

Branch: MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Semester: 1 Batch: A Roll No: 26

Register No: FIT21MCA-2026

MARCH 2022

FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)™

HORMIS NAGAR, MOOKKANNOOR, ANGAMALY-683577



FOCUS ON EXCELLENCE

CERTIFICATE

Signature of HOD

This is to certify that this is a Bonafide record of the Practical work done by ANJU K S(FIT21MCA-2026) in the 20MCA133 WEB PROGRAMMING LAB Laboratory towards the partial fulfilment for the award of the Master Of Computer Applications during the academic year 2021-2022.

Name:	Name:
Date of University practical ex	camination
Signature of Internal Examiner	Signature of External Examiner

Signature of Staff in Charge

CONTENT

Sl No	Date of Experiment	Title of the Experiment	Page No:	Signature of Staff – In – Charge
1.	01-11-2021	Model a simple HTML file related to your native place to demonstrate the useage of different tags	1	
2.	01-11-2021	Create your bio data by using the html tags for hyperlinks, images, table, frame and fonts. Make it attractive by using the various colour elements.	3	
3.	08-11-2021	Create an application form for MCA course in FISAT.	7	
4.	22-11-2021	Create a html page with different types of frames such as floating frame, navigation frame and mixed frame.	12	
5.	22-11-2021	Analyze CSS by applying different styles using inline, external and internalstyle sheet in a html file.	20	
6.	13-12-2021	Create a HTML registration form and to validate the form using JavaScript code	22	
7.	3-01-2022	Create a HTML page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a string and math objects in JavaScript.(String Functions-Length, slice, substring, substr, replace, toUppercase, toLowercase, concat, trim, charAt, convert string to array, indexof, search, includes) (Math Functions-round, ceil, floor, truc, sign, pow, sqrt, abs, sin, cos, min, max, random, log)	27	
8.	3-01-2022	Create a HTML page to change the background color for every click of a button using JavaScript Event Handling.	37	

	9.	3-01-2022	Generate the calendar using JavaScript code by getting the year and month from the user.	40
	10.	10-01-2022	Compose Electricity bill from user input based on a given tariff using PHP.	43
	11.	10-01-2022	Build a PHP code to store name of students in an array and display it using print_r function. Sort and Display the same using asort & arsort functions.	46
-	12.	10-01-2022	Build a PHP code to store name of Indian Cricket players in an array and display the same in HTML table.	48
-	13.	02-03-2022	Using PHP and MySQL, develop a program to accept book information viz. Accession number, title, authors, edition and publisher from a web page and store the information in a database and to search for a book with the title specified by the user and to display the search results with proper headings.	50
	14.	02-01-2022	Using PHP and MySQL, develop a program to collect airline details and display all the airlines between a particular source and destination.	55

AIM: Model a simple HTML file related to your native place to demonstrate the useage of different tags

Program Code

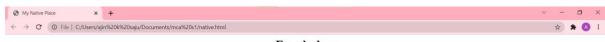
```
<html>
<head><title>My Native Place</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1 align="center">Ernakulam<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%" noshade></h1>
<img align="right" height="250" width="400" alt="cat" src="C:\Users\ajin k
saju\Documents\mca s1\ekm.jpg">
<h3>
```

Ernakulam is the central portion of the city of Kochi in Kerala, India and has lent its name to the Ernakulam district. Many major establishments, including the Kerala High Court, the office of the Kochi Municipal Corporation are situated here. Ernakulam, which is where a huge part of the commercial activity in Kochi city happen, is known as the commercial capital of Kerala. The Ernakulam Junction is a major railway station of the Indian Railways, and the busiest railway station in Kochi city, the 2nd busiest in Thiruvananthapuram railway division and the 5th busiest in Southern Railways. Initially, Ernakulam was the headquarters of the Ernakulam District but was later shifted to Kakkanad, an eastern region in Kochi. Ernakulam was once the capital of the Kingdom of Cochin. It is located 220 kilometres (137 mi) north - west of the state capital Thiruvananthapuram. The city has served as an incubator for many Malayali entrepreneurs and is a major financial and commercial hub of Kerala. The Kochi Metro's first phase runs through Ernakulam region as well. The second phase aims to connect the CBD with the IT hub of Kakkanad.

Ernakulam has played a part in the political history of south India since ancient times. The Jews, Syrians, Arabs, Chinese, Dutch, British, and Portuguese seafarers followed the sea route to the Kingdom of Cochin and left their impressions on the town. The port at Kozhikode held superior economic and political position in medieval Kerala coast, while Kannur, Kollam, and Kochi, were commercially important secondary ports, where the traders from various parts of the world would gather. In 1664, the municipality of Fort Kochi was established by Dutch Malabar, making it the first municipality in Indian subcontinent, which got dissolved when the Dutch authority got weaker in 18th century. In 1896, the Maharaja of Cochin initiated local administration by forming a town council in Ernakulam. Initially, The district's headquarters were located in the portion of the city known as Ernakulam, which gave the district its name; the headquarters was relocated afterwards to Kakkanad.</h3> <h2><dl><u>The places in ernakulam district</u></dl></h2> < h3 > < o1 >Aluva Angamaly Edappally Kakkanad

- Kalady
- Perumbavoor
- kadungallor
- Kajoor
- Varappuzha
- Chowwera
- </h3></body>
- </html>

Output



Ernakulam

Ernakulam is the central portion of the city of Kochi in Kerala, India and has lent its name to the Ernakulam district. Many major establishments, including the Kerala High Court, the office of the Kochi Municipal Corporation are situated here. Ernakulam, which is where a huge part of the commercial activity in Kochi city happen, is known as the commercial capital of Kerala. The Ernakulam Junction is a major railway station of the Indian Railways, and the busiest railway station in Kochi city, the 2nd busiest in Thiruvananthapuram railway division and the 5th busiest in Southern Railways. Initially, Ernakulam was the headquarters of the Ernakulam District but was later shifted to Kakkanad, an eastern region in Kochi. Ernakulam was once the capital of the Kingdom of Cochin. It is located 220 kilometres (137 mi) north - west of the state capital Thiruvananthapuram. The city has served as an incubator for many Malayali entrepreneurs and is a major financial and commercial hub of Kerala. The Kochi Metro's first phase runs through Ernakulam region as well. The second phase aims to connect the CBD with the IT hub of Kakkanad.

Ernakulam has played a part in the political history of south India since ancient times. The Jews, Syrians, Arabs, Chinese, Dutch, British, Ernakulam has played a part in the political instory of south India since ancient times. The Jews, Syrians, Arabs, Chinese, Dutch, British, and Portuguese seafarers followed the sea route to the Kingdom of Cochin and left their impossessions on the town. The port at Kozhikode held superior economic and political position in medieval Kerala coast, while Kannur, Kollam, and Kochi, were commercially important secondary ports, where the traders from various parts of the world would gather. In 664, the municipality of Fort Kochi was established by Dutch Malabar, making it the first municipality in Indian subcontinent, which got dissolved when the Dutch authority got weaker in 18th century. In 1896, the Maharaja of Cochin initiated local administration by forming a town council in Ernakulam. Initially, The district's headquarters were located in the portion of the city known as Ernakulam, which gave the district its name; the headquarters was relocated afterwards to Kakkanad.

The places in ernakulam district

- 1. Aluva
- 2. Angamaly 3. Edappally
- 4. Kakkanad 5. Kalady 6. Perumbayoor
- 7. kadungallor
- 8. Kajoor 9. Varappuzha
- 10. Chowwera



AIM: Create your bio data by using the html tags for hyperlinks, images, table, frame and fonts. Make it attractive by using the various colour elements.

```
biodata.html
<html>
<body>
<h1 align="center">BIODATA</h1><hr size="5" width=100%" noshade>
<h3>PERSONAL DETAILS<hr width=100%" noshade></h3>
<img align="right" height="200" width="200"</pre>
src="/home/stud/Documents/anjuks26/biodata/images (1).jpeg" alt="images (1)">
<h1>
Name
: Anju K S
Address
: Kalapparambath House
 Age 
: 21
 Sex 
: Female
```

```
Date Of Birth
: 05/06/2000
Religion
: Christian
Nationality
: Indian
</h1>
<br>
<a href="biodata2.html">Academic Details</a>
</body>
</html>
biodata2.html
<html>
<body>
<h3 align="center">MY ACADEMIC DETAILS<hr width=100%" noshade></h3>
<h4>SSLC<hr></h4>
Institution
Jyothi Nivas Public School
Place
Aluva
```

```
Marks Obtained
79%
<h4>Plus Two<hr width=100%" ></h4>
Institution
St Francis HSS For Girls
Place
Aluva
Marks Obtained
83%
<h4>UG<hr width=100%" ></h4>
Institution
Al Ameen College
Place
Aluva
Marks Obtained
```

FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)

74%

</body>

>

Personal Details

</html>

Output

BIODATA

PERSONAL DETAILS

Academic Details

Name Address

: Anju K S : Kalapparambath House : 21

Age Sex : Female Date Of Birth : 05/06/2000 : Christian Religion Nationality : Indian



MY ACADEMIC DETAILS

SSLC

Institution	Jyothi Nivas Public School
Place	Aluva
Marks Obtained	79%

Plus Two

Institution	St Francis HSS For Girls
Place	Aluva
Marks Obtained	83%

UG

Institution	Al Ameen College
Place	Aluva
Marks Obtained	74%

Personal Details

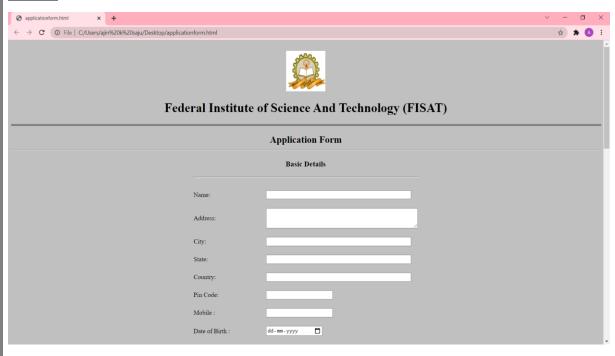
AIM: Create an application form for MCA course in FISAT.

```
<html>
<body bgcolor="Silver"><br>
<center><img height="100" width="100" src="C:\Users\ajin k</pre>
saju\Downloads\5725291883.jpg"></center>
<h1 align="center">Federal Institute of Science And Technology (FISAT)</h1><hr size="5"
width=100%" noshade>
<h2 align="center">Application Form<hr></h2>
<h3>Basic Details</h3><hr size="5" width=100%" noshade<br>
Name:<br>
<br/>to
Address:<br>
<textarea type="mytextarea" rows="3" cols="50"></textarea><br>
City:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
State:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
Country:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
Pin Code:<br>
<input type="number" size="100" ><br>
Mobile :<br>
<input type="number" size="50" ><br>
Date of Birth :<br/>td>
<input type="date" size="50" ><br>
```

```
Email id :<br>
<input type="email" size="50" ><br>
Gender :<br>
male<input type="radio" value="m" name="gender" >
female<input type="radio" value="f" name="gender" >
<br/>br>
Nationality:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
Religion:<br>
<select name="Religion" >
<option>Christian</option>
<option>Hindu
<option>Musilm</option>
<option>Others/select><br>
Community:<br>
<select name="Community">
<option>General
<option>ST</option>
<option>SC</option>
<option>Others/select><br>
Father's Details<br>
Name:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
Occupation:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
>
Designation:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
</tr
Official Address:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
```

```
Phone No:<br>
<input type="number" size="20" ><br>
>
Mother's Details<br>
Name:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
Occupation:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
</tr
Designation:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
</tr
Official Address:<br>
<input type="text" size="50" ><br>
</tr
Phone No:<br>
<input type="number" size="50" ><br>
>
<h3>Academic Qualification</h3><hr size="5" width=100%"</pre>
noshade < br> < br> 
Entrance Rank(if available):<br>
<input type="number" size="50" ><br>
Tenth %:<br>
<input type="number" size="50" ><br>
Plus Two %:<br>
<input type="number" size="100" ><br>
>
Whether candidate has<br>
  studied mathematics at <br >
  +2/degree % :<br>
Yes<input type="radio" value="yes" >
No<input type="radio" value="no" >
<br/>br>
```

```
FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)
Graduation <br>Course<br> taken/completed %:<br>
BSc<input type="radio" value="BSc" >
BCA<input type="radio" value="bca" >
Bcom<input type="radio" value="bcom" >
Others<input type="radio" value="others" >
<br/>br>
Degree Percentage(upto<br>published<br>semester):<br>/td>
<input type="text" size="20" ><br>
Semester upto<br/>br>result availabe:<br/>br>
<input type="text" size="20" ><br>
>
Remarks (If<br/>br> previous work <br/>designation,<br/>designation,<br/>fr>
Organization and <a href="https://br>experience-in/br">br</a> years): <a href="https://br>experience-in/br">br</a> /td>
<input type="text" size="20" ><br>
<center><input type="button" value="Proceed to next
step"></center>
</body>
</html>
Output
```





AIM: Create a html page with different types of frames such as floating frame, navigation frame and mixed frame.

```
Frame.html
<html>
<head><title>Frames 1</title></head>
<frameset rows="30%,*">
<frame name="top" src="intro.html">
<frameset cols="140,*">
<frame name="navF" src="navigation.html">
<frame name="mainF" src="pearl.html">
</frameset>
</frameset>
</html>
Pearl.html
<html>
<head><title>PEARLS</title></head>
<body bgcolor="silver">
<h1 align="center">PEARLS<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%" noshade></h1>
<center><img height="250" width="250" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New folder</pre>
(2)/index.jpeg" alt="index">
</center>
</body>
</html>
Intro.html
<html>
```

```
<head><title>Pearls</title></head>
<body bgcolor="green">
<h1>Pearls<hr></h1>
<img align="right" height="100" width="200" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New</pre>
folder (2)\Various_pearls.jpg" alt="Various_pearls">
A pearl is a hard, glistening object produced within the soft tissue of a living shelled
mollusk or another animal, such as fossil conulariids. Just like the shell of a mollusk, a pearl
is composed of calcium carbonate in minute crystalline form, which has deposited in
concentric layers.
</body>
</html>
Navigation.html
<html><head><title>Navigation Bar</title></head>
<body bgcolor="green"><center>
<a href="pearl.html" target="mainF">HOME</a><br><br>
<a href="south.html" target="mainF">SOUTH SEA PEARL</a><br><br>
<a href="tahitian_pearl.html" target="mainF">TAHITIAN PEARL</a><br>
<a href="akoya_pearl.html" target="mainF">AKOYA PEARL</a><br>
</re>
</html>
South.html
<html>
<head><title>Pearls</title></head>
<body bgcolor="silver">
<h1 align="center">SOUTH SEA PEARL<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%"
noshade></h1>
The Southern seas host the world's largest pearl yielding oyster, the Pinctada Maxima.
A South Sea pearl can range from 9 - 20mm and are identified by their
```

```
thick nacre or 'mother of pearl' (an organic mixture of Calcium carbonate and crystals)
with a satiny luster and a subtle array of colors ranging from
white to gold..
<center><img height="150" width="250" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New folder</pre>
(2)\South sea.jpg" alt="South sea">
</center>
</body>
</html>
Tahitian_pearl.html
<html>
<body bgcolor="silver">
<h1 align="center">TAHITIAN PEARL<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%"
noshade></h1>
>
The Pinctada Margaritifera or black-lipped oyster produces the Tahitian pearl.
About twice the size of Akoya oysters, they produce pearls that range from 8-12mm.
The "Tahitian pearls" are found around the islands and atolls of the
French Polynesia. These pearls are seldom round; they come in a variety of
shapes and a range of metallic colours - from gray to black to green,
peacock-blue and aubergine.<br><br>>
<center><img height="150" width="250" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New folder</pre>
(2)\th.jpg" alt="th">
</re>
<iframe src="desc_tahi.html" width=900 height=200 align="bottom"></iframe><br><br>
<body>
</html>
Desc_tahi.html
<html>
```

```
<body bgcolor="silver">
<h1 align="center">Description About Tahitian Pearls<hr align="center" size="3"
width="50%" noshade></h1>
<img align="right" height="150" width="150" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New
folder (2)\tahi.jpg" alt="tahi">
```

Tahitian pearls come in a range of colors from white to black. They can contain various undertones and overtones of green, pink, blue, silver and yellow. The most valuable of these are of the darker variety, as the naturally dark tones of the Tahitian pearls is a unique quality among pearls. A true black Tahitian pearl is extremely rare, and largely considered one of the most beautiful kinds of pearls in the world. Most Tahitian pearls that are identified as "black" are actually charcoal grey, silver, or dark green. An advantage of the Tahitian pearl is that the oyster inside of which they grow is quite large, sometimes weighing as much as ten pounds. This means that a Tahitian pearl can more easily grow to a larger-than-average size.

br>

This means that a Tahitian pearl can more easily grow to a larger-than-average size.

br>

This means that a Tahitian pearl can more easily grow to a larger-than-average size.

The cultured Tahitian pearl comes in various shapes, sizes, and colors; shapes include round, semi-round, button, circle, oval, teardrop, semi-baroque and baroque.Because of their darker hues, Tahitian pearls are commonly known as "black pearls". However, Tahitian pearls have the ability to contain various undertones and overtones of green, pink, blue, silver and yellow. All (or any combination) of these colors may be seen in a cultured Tahitian pearl. Due to the variety of shapes and colors of the Tahitian pearl, it has been known to fit in any jewelry setting. The versatility and mixture of color give it its value.

```
</body>
</html>
```

Freshwater pearl.html

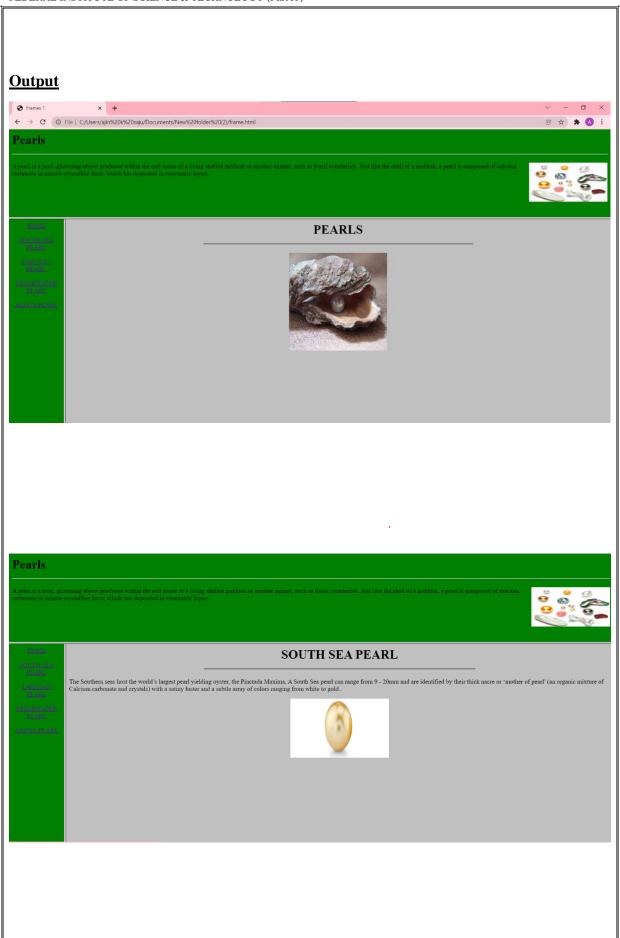
```
<html>
<head><title>Pearls</title></head>
<body bgcolor="silver">
```

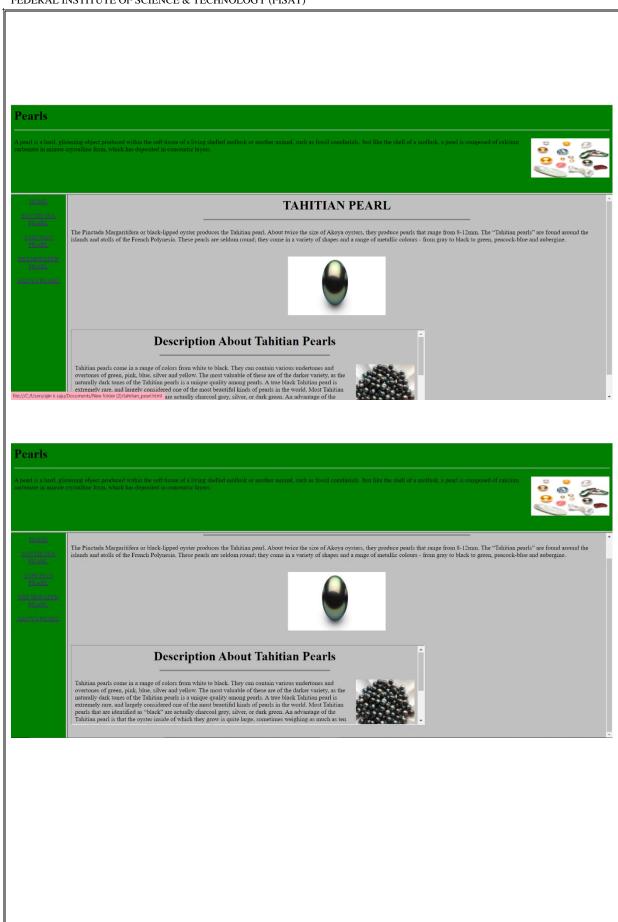
<h1 align="center">FRESHWATER PEARL<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%" noshade></h1>

Freshwater pearls, unlike other pearl types, grow in mussels that live in freshwater ponds and rivers and are found in China, Japan, North America and Europe. The Hyriopsis Cuminigi

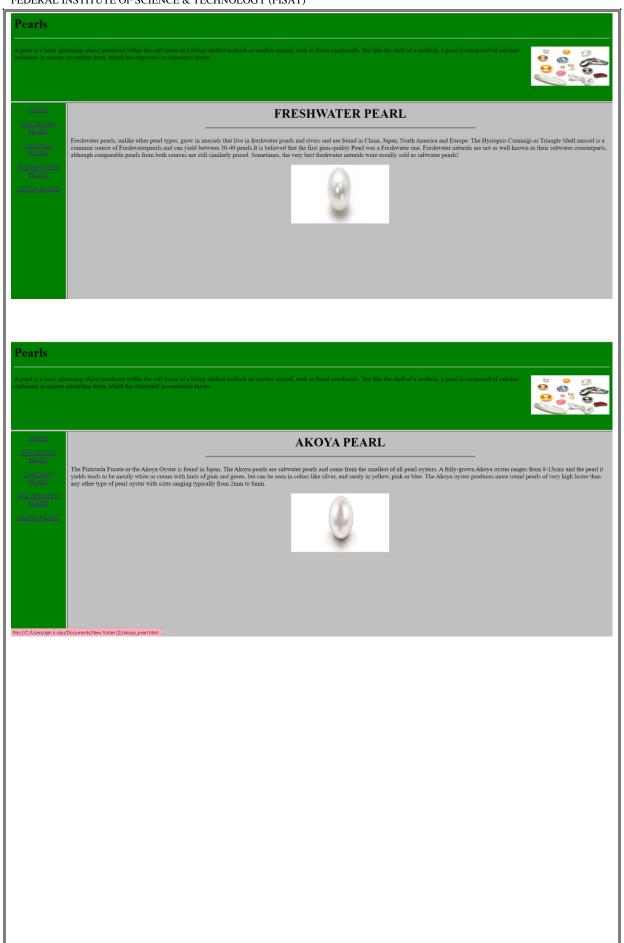
or Triangle Shell mussel is a common source of Freshwaterpearls and can yield between 30-40 pearls. It is believed that the first gem-quality Pearl was a Freshwater one.

Freshwater naturals are not as well known as their saltwater counterparts, although comparable pearls from both sources are still similarly priced. Sometimes, the very best freshwater naturals were usually sold as saltwater pearls! <center><img height="150" width="250" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New folder</pre> (2)\fresh.jpg" alt="fresh"> </center> </body> </html> Akoya_pearl.html <html> <head><title>Pearls</title></head> <body bgcolor="silver"> <h1 align="center">AKOYA PEARL<hr align="center" size="3" width="50%" noshade></h1> The Pintctada Fucata or the Akoya Oyster is found in Japan. The Akoya pearls are saltwater pearls and come from the smallest of all pearl oysters. A fully-grown Akoya oyster ranges from 8-13cms and the pearl it yields tends to be mostly white or cream with hints of pink and green, but can be seen in colors like silver, and rarely in yellow, pink or blue. The Akoya oyster produces more round pearls of very high luster than any other type of pearl oyster with sizes ranging typically from 2mm to 8mm. <center><img height="150" width="250" src="C:\Users\ajin k saju\Documents\New folder</pre> $(2)\3.jpg" alt="3">$ </center> </body> </html>





FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)



AIM: Analyze CSS by applying different styles using inline, external and internal style sheet in a html file.

Program Code

```
<html>
<head>
<title>flowers</title>
kerel="stylesheet" href="styl.css">
<style>
h2{text-align:center;color:green;}
p{text_align:center;color:black;}
</style>
<head>
<body>
<h1 style="color:green;" align="center";>FLOWERS</h1>
```

A flower, sometimes known as a bloom or blossom, is the reproductive structure found in flowering plants (plants of the division Magnoliophyta, also called angiosperms). The biological function of a flower is to facilitate reproduction, usually by providing a mechanism for the union of sperm with eggs. Flowers may facilitate outcrossing (fusion of sperm and eggs from different individuals in a population) resulting from cross-pollination or allow selfing (fusion of sperm and egg from the same flower) when self-pollination occurs.In addition to facilitating the reproduction of flowering plants, flowers have long been admired and used by humans to bring beauty to their environment, and also as objects of romance, ritual, esotericism, witchcraft, religion, medicine, and as a source of food.

```
<h2>TYPES OF FLOWERS</h2>
```

```
<h3 align="center";>Aster </h3>
```

Most of these beautiful perennials are native to Eurasia, with only two from North America — the New York and New England asters. Their one-inch flowers are starbursts of closely packed, narrow petals in intense blue, purple, lilac, pink, or white.

```
<h3 align="center";>California Poppy </h3>
```

Also known as the golden poppy, this bright red, orange, or yellow native plant is the state flower of California. It is either an annual or a perennial depending on the climate — annual in colder areas and perennial in warmer regions.

<h3 align="center";>Chrysanthemum </h3>

Cultivated mums originated in China more than 3,000 years ago, and have become familiar and well-loved fall flowers the world over. Thousands of varieties with unique flower shapes brighten home gardens, containers, median strips, and parking lots from late summer through frost with their orange, red, yellow, purple, or white blooms

<h3 align="center";>Daisies </h3>

Daisies are found on every continent other than Antarctica and belong to one of the largest known plant families. Daisies symbolized innocence, a connotation that comes from the Victorian era..

<h3 align="center";>Daffodil</h3>

>Daffodils go by many names depending on the species and variety — narcissus, jonquils, or paperwhites — but they are all daffodils and they all belong to the genus Narcissus.

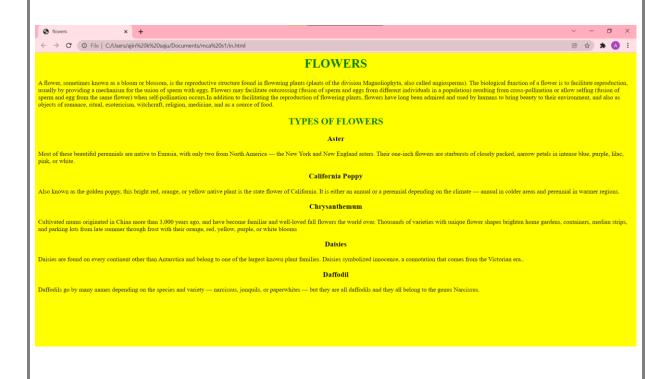
</body>

</html>

Styl.css

body{background-color:yellow}

Output



AIM: Create a HTML registration form and to validate the form using JavaScript code

```
<html>
<head>
<script>
function validateForm()
var x = document.forms["myForm"]["fname"].value;
if (x == "")
 alert("Name must be filled out");
 return false;
var a = document.forms["myForm"]["add"].value;
if (a == "")
 alert("Address must be filled out");
 return false;
var b = document.forms["myForm"]["city"].value;
if (b == "")
 alert("City must be filled out");
 return false;
var c = document.forms["myForm"]["state"].value;
if (c == "")
```

```
alert("State must be filled out");
return false;
var d = document.forms["myForm"]["country"].value;
if (d == "")
alert("Country must be filled out");
return false;
var e = document.forms["myForm"]["pincode"].value;
if (e == "")
alert("Pin code must be filled out");
return false;
var f = document.forms["myForm"]["mob"].value;
if (f == "")
alert("Phone number must be filled out");
return false;
var g = document.forms["myForm"]["gender"].value;
if (g == "")
alert("Gender must be filled out");
return false;
var h = document.forms["myForm"]["mail"].value;
if (h == "")
```

```
alert("Email id must be filled out");
 return false;
var i = document.forms["myForm"]["dob"].value;
if (i == "")
 alert("Date must be filled out");
 return false;
</script>
<style>
label{
display: inline-block;
width: 300px;
</style>
</head>
<body bgcolor="silver">
<h1 align="center">Federal Institute of Science And Technology (FISAT)</h1><hr size="5"
width=100%" noshade>
<h2><center><u>Application Form</u></center></h4><br>
<form name="myForm" action="/action_page_post.php"</pre>
onsubmit="return validateForm()" method="post">
<label>Name</label>
<input type="text" name="fname"><br><br><br><br>
<label>Permanent Address</label>
<textarea cols="20" rows="3" name="add"></textarea><br><br><br>
<label>City</label>
<input type="text" name="city" ><br><br><br>
```

```
FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)
<label>State</label>
<input type="text" name="state"><br><br><br>
<label>Country</label>
<input type="text" name="country"><br><br><br><br>
<label>Pincode</label>
<input type="text" name="pincode"><br><br><br><br>
<label>Mobile</label>
<input type="number" name="mob"><br><br><br>
<label>Gender</label>
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="m">Male
<input type="radio" name="gender" value="f">Female<br><br><br><br>
<label>Email</label>
<input type="email" name="mail"><br><br><br>
<label>Date of birth </label>
<input type="date" name="dob"><br><br><br>
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```



AIM: Create a HTML page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a string and math objects in JavaScript. (String Functions-

Length, slice, substring, substr, replace, to Uppercase, to Lowercase, concat, trim, char At, convert string to array, index of, search, includes)

(Math Functions- round, ceil, floor, trunc, sign, pow, sqrt, abs, sin, cos, min, max, random, log)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h2>JavaScript String Properties</h2>
The length of " Today is a beautiful day ":
<script>
let text = " Today is a beautiful day ";
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = text.length;
</script>
The slice parts of "January, June, July":
<script>
let str = "January, June, July";
document.getElementById("de").innerHTML = str.slice(7,13);
</script>
     _____
The substring of "December, May, April":
<script>
```

```
let str1 = "March, April, October";
document.getElementById("dem").innerHTML = str1.substring(7,13);
</script>
The substr of "March, April, October":
<script>
let str2 = "Apple, Banana, Kiwi";
document.getElementById("demo1").innerHTML = str2.substr(7,6);
</script>
Replace "Lilly with Jasmin":
<button onclick="myFunction1()">Try it</button>
Lilly is white in color!
<script>
function myFunction1() {
let text1 = document.getElementById("demo2").innerHTML;
document.getElementById("demo2").innerHTML =
text1.replace("Lilly","Jasmin");
</script>
Convert Red Rose to upper case:
<button onclick="myFunction2()">Try it</button>
Red Rose
<script>
function myFunction2() {
let text2 = document.getElementById("demo3").innerHTML;
document.getElementById("demo3").innerHTML =
 text2.toUpperCase();
```

```
</script>
Convert Red Rose to lower case:
<button onclick="myFunction3()">Try it</button>
Red Rose
<script>
function myFunction3() {
let text3 = document.getElementById("demo4").innerHTML;
document.getElementById("demo4").innerHTML =
text3.toLowerCase();
</script>
-----
Concat "Red Rose"
<script>
let text4 = "Red";
let text5 = "Rose";
let text6 = text4.concat(" ",text5);
document.getElementById("demo5").innerHTML = text6;
</script>
Trim "Red Rose"
<script>
let text7 = " Red Rose ";
let text8 = text7.trim();
document.getElementById("demo6").innerHTML =
"Length text7=" + text7.length + "<br/>br>Length8 text8=" + text8.length;
```

```
</script>
CharAt "Red Rose"
<script>
var text9 = "RED ROSE";
document.getElementById("demo7").innerHTML = text9.charAt(0);
</script>
Display the first array element, after a string split:
<script>
let text10 = "a,b,c,d,e,f";
const myArray = text10.split(",");
document.getElementById("demo8").innerHTML = myArray[0];
</script>
The indexOf() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified text:
<script>
let str3 = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
document.getElementById("demo9").innerHTML = str3.indexOf("locate");
</script>
The search() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified text in a
string:
<script>
let str4 = "Please locate where 'locate' occurs!";
document.getElementById("demo10").innerHTML = str4.search("locate");
</script>
```

```
Check if a string includes "world":
The includes() method is not supported in Internet Explorer.
<script>
let text11 = "Hello world, welcome to the universe.";
document.getElementById("demo11").innerHTML = text11.includes("world");
</script>
<h2>Javascript Math Functions</h2>
Math.round(x) returns the value of x rounded to its nearest integer:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo12").innerHTML = Math.round(4.5);
</script>
Math.ceil() rounds a number <strong>up</strong> to its nearest integer:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo13").innerHTML = Math.ceil(4.4);
</script>
Math.floor(x) returns the value of x rounded <strong>down</strong> to its nearest
integer:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo14").innerHTML = Math.floor(4.7);
</script>
Math.trunc(x) returns the integer part of x:
```

```
<script>
document.getElementById("demo15").innerHTML = Math.trunc(4.7);
</script>
Math.sign(x) returns if x is negative, null or positive:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo16").innerHTML = Math.sign(4);
</script>
Math.pow(x,y) returns the value of x to the power of y:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo17").innerHTML = Math.pow(8,2);
</script>
Math.sqrt(x) returns the square root of x:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo18").innerHTML = Math.sqrt(64);
</script>
Math.abs(x) returns the absolute (positive) value of x:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo19").innerHTML = Math.abs(-4.4);
</script>
```

```
Math.sin(x) returns the sin of x (given in radians):
Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.
<script>
document.getElementById("demo20").innerHTML =
"The sine value of 90 degrees is " + Math.sin(90 * Math.PI / 180);
</script>
Math.cos(x) returns the cosine of x (given in radians):
Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.
<script>
document.getElementById("demo21").innerHTML =
"The cosine value of 0 degrees is " + Math.cos(0 * Math.PI / 180);
</script>
Math.min() returns the lowest value in a list of arguments:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo22").innerHTML =
Math.min(0, 150, 30, 20, -8, -200);
</script>
Math.max() returns the highest value in a list of arguments.
<script>
document.getElementById("demo23").innerHTML =
Math.max(0, 150, 30, 20, -8, -200);
</script>
```

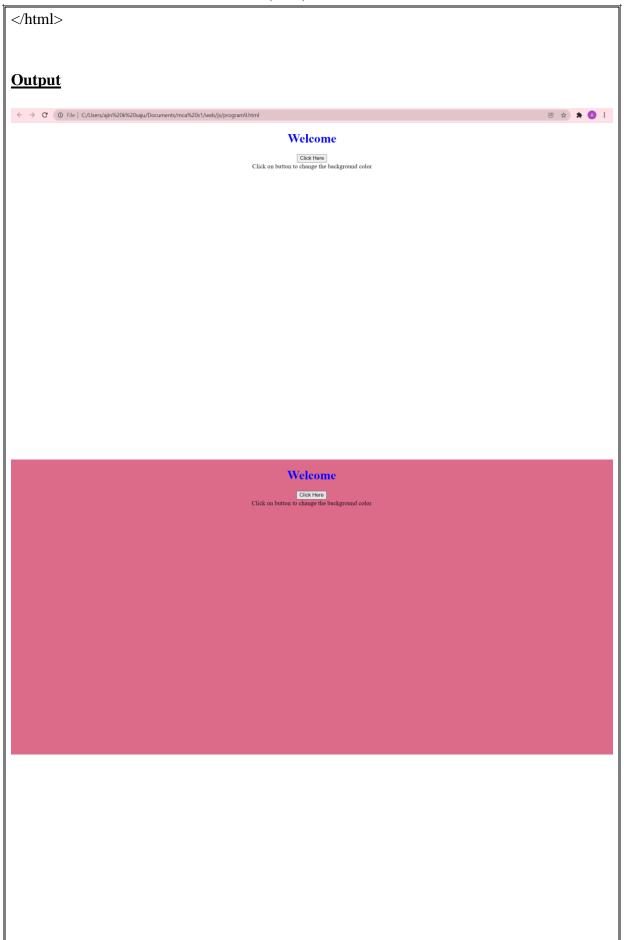
```
Math.random() returns a random number between 0 and 1:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo24").innerHTML = Math.random();
</script>
Math.log() returns the natural logarithm of a number:
<script>
document.getElementById("demo25").innerHTML = Math.log(1);
</script>
</body>
</html>
Output
\leftarrow \  \  \, \rightarrow \  \  \, \textbf{C} \quad \, \\  \  \, \textbf{O} \  \  \, \text{File} \mid \text{C:/Users/ajin%20k%20saju/Documents/mca%20s1/web/js/program77.html}
JavaScript String Properties
The length of " Today is a beautiful day ":
The slice parts of "January, June, July":
The substring of "December, May, April":
The substr of "March, April, October":
Replace "Lilly with Jasmin":
Try it
Lilly is white in color!
Convert Red Rose to upper case:
```

Convert Red Rose to upper case:
Try it
Red Rose
Convert Red Rose to lower case:
Try it
Red Rose
Concat "Red Rose"
Red Rose
Trim "Red Rose"
Length text7=17
Length text/=/ Length's text/=8
CharAt "Red Rose"
R
Display the first array element, after a string split:
a
The indexOf() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified text:
The indexOf() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified text:
7
The search() method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified text in a string:
7
Check if a string includes "world":
Check II a string includes world :
true
The includes() method is not supported in Internet Explorer.
Javascript Math Functions
Javasetipt Math Functions
Math sayud(s) estimate the value of seconded to its accessed integral
Math.round(x) returns the value of x rounded to its nearest integer:
5
Math.ceil() rounds a number up to its nearest integer:
5
Math.floor(x) returns the value of x rounded down to its nearest integer:
4

Math.trunc(x) returns the integer part of x:	
Math.sign(x) returns if x is negative, null or positive:	
1	
Math.pow(x,y) returns the value of x to the power of y: 64	
Math.sqrt(x) returns the square root of x:	
Math.abs(x) returns the absolute (positive) value of x: 4.4	
Math.sin(x) returns the sin of x (given in radians): Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.	
The sine value of 90 degrees is 1	
Math.cos(x) returns the cosine of x (given in radians):	
Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.	
4.4	
Math.sin(x) returns the sin of x (given in radians):	
Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.	
The sine value of 90 degrees is 1	
Math.cos(x) returns the cosine of x (given in radians):	
Angle in radians = (angle in degrees) * PI / 180.	
The cosine value of 0 degrees is 1	
Math.min() returns the lowest value in a list of arguments: -200	
Math.max() returns the highest value in a list of arguments. 150	
Math.random() returns a random number between 0 and 1:	
0.8457319727123112	
Math.log() returns the natural logarithm of a number:	
0	

AIM: Create a HTML page to change the background color for every click of a button using JavaScript Event Handling.

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
<title>
changing the background color
</title>
</head>
<body style = "text-align:center;">
<h1 style = "color:blue;" >
Welcome
</h1>
<button type="button" id="color-button" onclick="changeBg()">Click Here
</button>
<br>>
<script>
document.writeln( "Click on button to change the background color");
const pageBody = document.querySelector("body");
function changeBg()
let color = '#'+(Math.random()*0xFFFFFF<<<0).toString(16);
pageBody.style.background = color;
</script>
</body>
```



Welcome
Click Here Click on button to change the background color

AIM: Generate the calendar using JavaScript code by getting the year and month from the user.

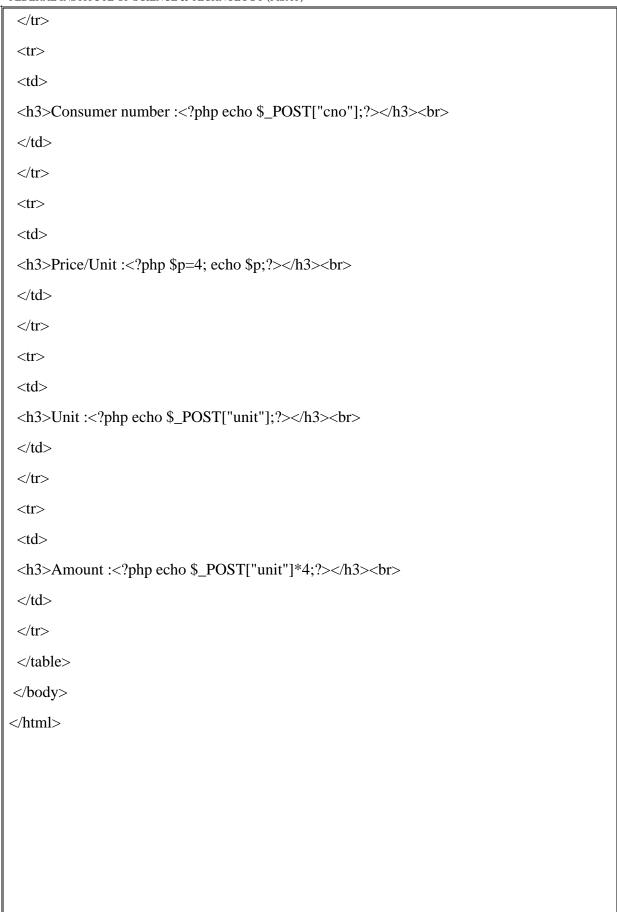
```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head><title>Calendar</title>
<style>
table {
border-collapse: collapse;
}
td, th {
border: 1px solid black;
padding: 3px;
text-align: center;
}
th {
font-weight: bold;
background-color: #E6E6E6;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<b><u>CALENDAR</u></b><br>
Enter The year : <input type="number" name="cal" id="cal" /><br/>br>
Enter The Month: <input type="number" name="month" id="month" />
<br>>
<div id="calendar"></div>
```

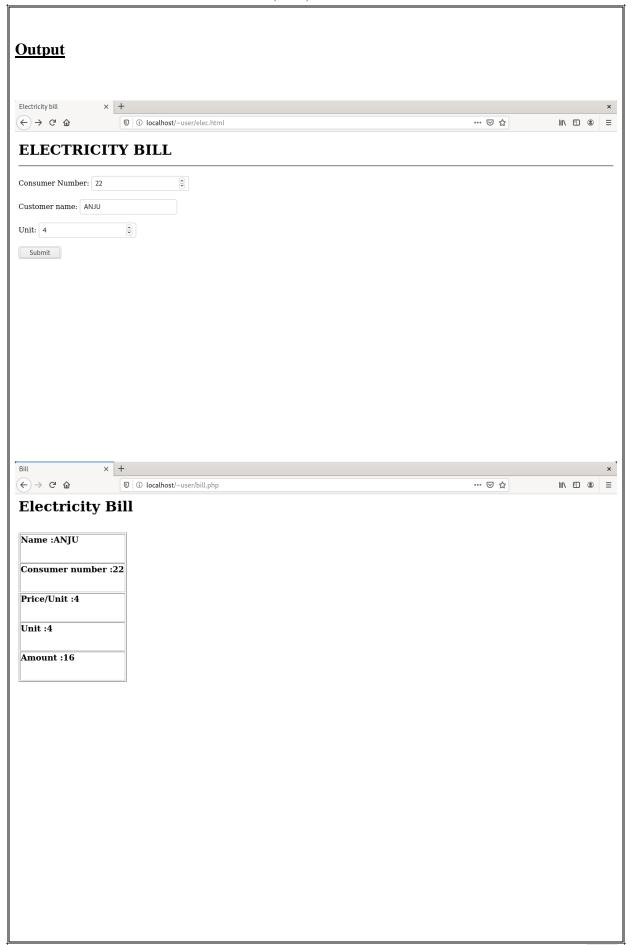
```
<script>
var year = document.getElementById("cal").value;
var month = document.getElementById("month").value;
function getDay(date) {
let day = date.getDay();
if (day == 0) day = 7;
return day - 1;
}
function createCalendar(elem, year, month) {
let mon = month - 1;
let d = new Date(year, mon);
let table =
'MONTUEWEDTHUFRI<
SATSUN';
for (let i = 0; i < getDay(d); i++)
table += '*';
while (d.getMonth() == mon) {
table += '' + d.getDate() + '';
if (getDay(d) \% 7 == 6) {
table += '';
}
d.setDate(d.getDate() + 1);
}
if (getDay(d) != 0) {
for (let i = getDay(d); i < 7; i++) {
table += '*';
}
```

```
table += '';
elem.innerHTML = table;
}
createCalendar(calendar, year, month);
</script>
</body>
</html>
Output
CALENDAR
Enter The year : 2021
Enter The Month: 1
```

AIM: Compose Electricity bill from user input based on a given tariff using PHP.

```
elec.html
<html>
<head><title>Electricity bill</title></head>
<body>
<form name="bill" action="http://localhost/~user/bill.php" method="post">
<h1>ELECTRICITY BILL<hr></h1>
Customer name: <input type="text" name="uname"><br><br>>
Unit: <input type="number" name="unit"><br><br>>
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
bill.php
<html>
<head><title>Bill</title></head>
<body>
<h1>Electricity Bill</h1><br>
>
<h3>Name :<?php echo $_POST["uname"];?></h3><br>
```





AIM: Build a PHP code to store name of students in an array and display it using print_r function. Sort and Display the same using asort & arsort functions.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h2>Students Name: </h2>
<?php
$a = array("Manu"=>"10", "Ann"=>"5", "Anna"=>"20", "Lakshmi"=>"35", "Sara"=>"40");
print_r($a);
echo "<h2>Ascending Order</h2>";
echo "\n";
asort($a);
foreach($a as $x=>$x_value)
 echo "Key=" . $x . ", Value=" . $x_value;
 echo "<br/>tr>";
 }
echo "\n";
echo "<h2>Descending Order</h2>";
echo "\n";
arsort($a);
foreach($a as $x=>$x_value)
 echo "Key=" . $x . ", Value=" . $x_value;
 echo "<br/>tr>";
  }
```

?>

</html>

Output

Students Name:

Array ([Manu] => 10 [Ann] => 5 [Anna] => 20 [Lakshmi] => 35 [Sara] => 40)

Ascending Order

Key=Ann, Value=5 Key=Manu, Value=10 Key=Anna, Value=20 Key=Lakshmi, Value=35 Key=Sara, Value=40

Descending Order

Key=Sara, Value=40 Key=Lakshmi, Value=35 Key=Anna, Value=20 Key=Manu, Value=10 Key=Ann, Value=5

AIM: Build a PHP code to store name of Indian Cricket players in an array and display the same in HTML table.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$Indcricketers= array("M S Dhoni", "Sachin Tendulkar", "Rohit Sharma"); echo "Indian
Cricketers: ".
$Indcricketers[0] . ", " . $Indcricketers[1] ." and" . $Indcricketers[2] . "."; echo
"<h3>INDIAN
CRICKETERS</h3>
<th>NO</th>
NAMES
1
M S Dhoni
2
Sachin Tendulkar
3
Rohit Sharma
";
```

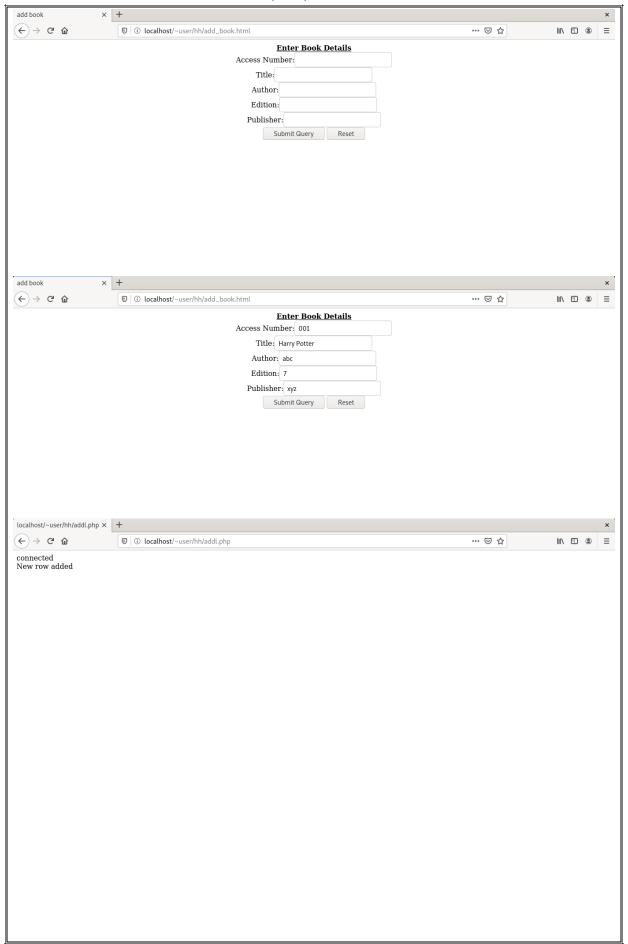
?>		
<u>Output</u>		
localhost/~user/pg12.php × +		
\leftarrow \rightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc localhost/~user/pg12.php		
Indian Cricketers: M S Dhoni, Sachin Tendulkar andRohit Sharma.		
INDIAN CRICKETERS		
NO NAMES		
1 M S Dhoni		
2 Sachin Tendulkar 3 Rohit Sharma		
S Kome Sharma		

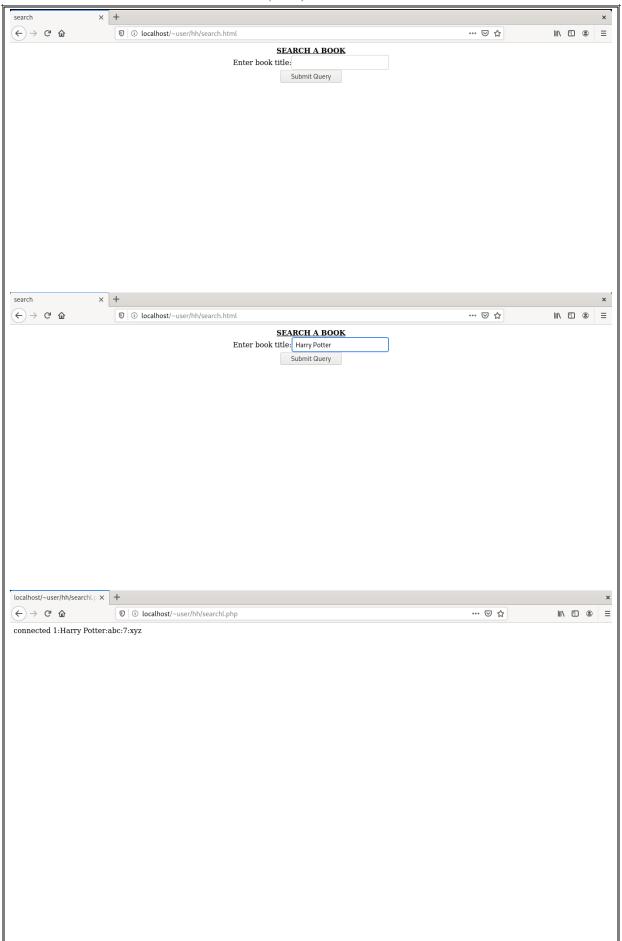
AIM: Using PHP and MySQL, develop a program to accept book information viz. Accession number, title, authors, edition and publisher from a web page and store the information in a database and to search for a book with the title specified by the user and to display the search results with proper headings.

```
add_book.html
<html><head>
<title>add book</title></head>
<body>
<form name="frm1" action="addl.php" method="POST">
<center><b><u>Enter Book Details</u></b><br>
Access Number:<input type="text" name="num"><br>
Title:<input type="text" name="tit"><br>
Author:<input type="text" name="author"><br>
Edition:<input type="text" name="edi"><br>
Publisher:<input type="text" name="pub"><br>
<input type="submit" name="Submit">
<input type="reset" name="Reset">
</form>
</body>
</html>
addl.php
<?php
$num=$ POST['num'];
$tit=$_POST['tit'];
$author=$ POST['author'];
$edi=$_POST['edi'];
$pub=$_POST['pub'];
$con=new mysqli("localhost","fisat","fisat","fisatdb");
if($con==false)
echo "Failed to connect";
}
else
echo "connected";
$sql="INSERT INTO book026 VALUES($num, '$tit', '$author', '$edi', '$pub')";
if($con->query($sql))
```

```
echo "<BR>";
echo 'New row added';
else
echo "ERROR:could not execute query";
$con->close();
?>
book_info.html
<html>
<head>
<title>book</title>
</head>
<body align="center"><u>BOOK INFORMATION SYSTEM</u><br>
<a href="addl.php">Add Book</a><br>
<a href="searchl.php">Search Book</a><br>
</body>
</html>
Search.html
<html>
<head>
<title>search</title>
</head>
<body>
<form name="frm2" action="searchl.php" method="POST">
<b><u>SEARCH A BOOK</u></b><br>
Enter book title:<input type="text" name="txt"><br>
<input type="submit" name="Submit">
</center>
</form>
</body>
</html>
Searchl.php
<?php
$title=$_POST['txt'];
$con=new mysqli("localhost","fisat","fisat","fisatdb");
if($con==false)
echo "Failed to connect";
}
else
```

```
FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY (FISAT)
echo "connected\n";
$sql="select * from book026 where Title='$title'";
if($result=$con->query($sql))
if($result->num_rows>0)
while($row=$result->fetch_array())
{ echo "\n".$row[0].":".$row[1].":".$row[2].":".$row[3].":".
  \text{srow}[4]."\n";}
$result->close();
else
echo "\nCould not found the book"; }
else
{ echo "\nError:could not connect"; }
$con->close();
?>
Output
book
(←) → ℃ ŵ
                     🕡 🛈 localhost/~user/hh/book_info.html
                                                                                          ... ☑ ☆
BOOK INFORMATION SYSTEM
Add Book
Search Book
```





AIM: Using PHP and MySQL, develop a program to collect airline details and display all the airlines between a particular source and destination.

```
Addl.html
<html><head>
<title>Airline details</title></head>
<style>
   label {
    display: inline-block;
    width: 300px;
  </style>
<body>
<form name="frm1" action="addl.php" method="POST">
<b><u>Enter Airline Details</u></b><br><br>
<label>Airline Number:</label>
<input type="number" name="num"><br></b><br>
<label>Name:</label>
<input type="text" name="name"><br></b><br>
<label>Source:</label>
<input type="text" name="src"><br></b><br>
<label>Destination:</label><input type="text" name="dstn"><br></b><br>
<label>Date:</label><input type="date" name="date"><br></b><br>
<input type="submit" name="Submit">
<input type="reset" name="Reset">
</form>
</body>
</html>
Addl.php
<?php
$num=$_POST['num'];
$name=$_POST['name'];
$src=$_POST['src'];
$dstn=$_POST['dstn'];
$date=$_POST['date'];
$con=new mysqli("localhost","fisat","fisat","fisatdb");
if($con==false)
echo "Failed to connect\n";
```

```
else
echo "connected\n";
$sql="INSERT INTO airline34 VALUES($num, '$name', '$src', '$dstn', '$date')";
if($con->query($sql))
echo "<BR>";
echo "New row added\n";
}
else
echo "ERROR:could not execute query";
$con->close();
?>
Airline.html
<html>
<head>
<title>Airline</title>
</head>
<br/><body align="center"><u>AIRLINE SYSTEM</u><br><br>
<a href="add.html">Add Airline</a><br><br>
<a href="search.html">Search Airline</a><br>
</body>
</html>
Search,html
<html>
<head>
<title>search</title>
<style>
   label {
    display: inline-block;
    width: 300px;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
<form name="frm2" action="searchl.php" method="POST">
<b><u>SEARCH AIRLINE</u></b><br><br>
<label>Enter Source:</label>
<input type="text" name="src"><br><br>
<label>Enter Destination:</label>
```

```
<input type="text" name="dstn"><br><br>
<input type="submit" name="Submit">
</center>
</form>
</body>
</html>
Search.php
<?php
$src=$_POST['src'];
$dstn=$_POST['dstn'];
$con=new mysqli("localhost","fisat","fisatdb");
if($con==false)
echo "Failed to connect";
else
echo "connected\n";
$sql="select * from airline34 where Source='$src' and Destination='$dstn'";
if($result=$con->query($sql))
if($result->num_rows>0)
while($row=$result->fetch_array())
{ echo "\n".$row[0].":".$row[1].":".$row[2].":".$row[3].":".
 \text{srow}[4]."\n\n";}
$result->close();
else
echo "\nCould not found the book"; }
}
else
{ echo "\nError:could not connect"; }
$con->close();
?>
```

