In this comprehensive Pizza Sales Analysis, we harness the power of MySQL to delve into various aspects of pizza sales, providing insightful data that can drive strategic decisions powered by MySQL, provide a robust framework for understanding the dynamics of pizza sales. The insights gained can help optimize operations, enhance customer satisfaction, and ultimately drive the business toward greater success.





Retrieve the total number of orders placed

```
SELECT

COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders

FROM
```

orders;

total_orders
21350

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.alter

total_sales

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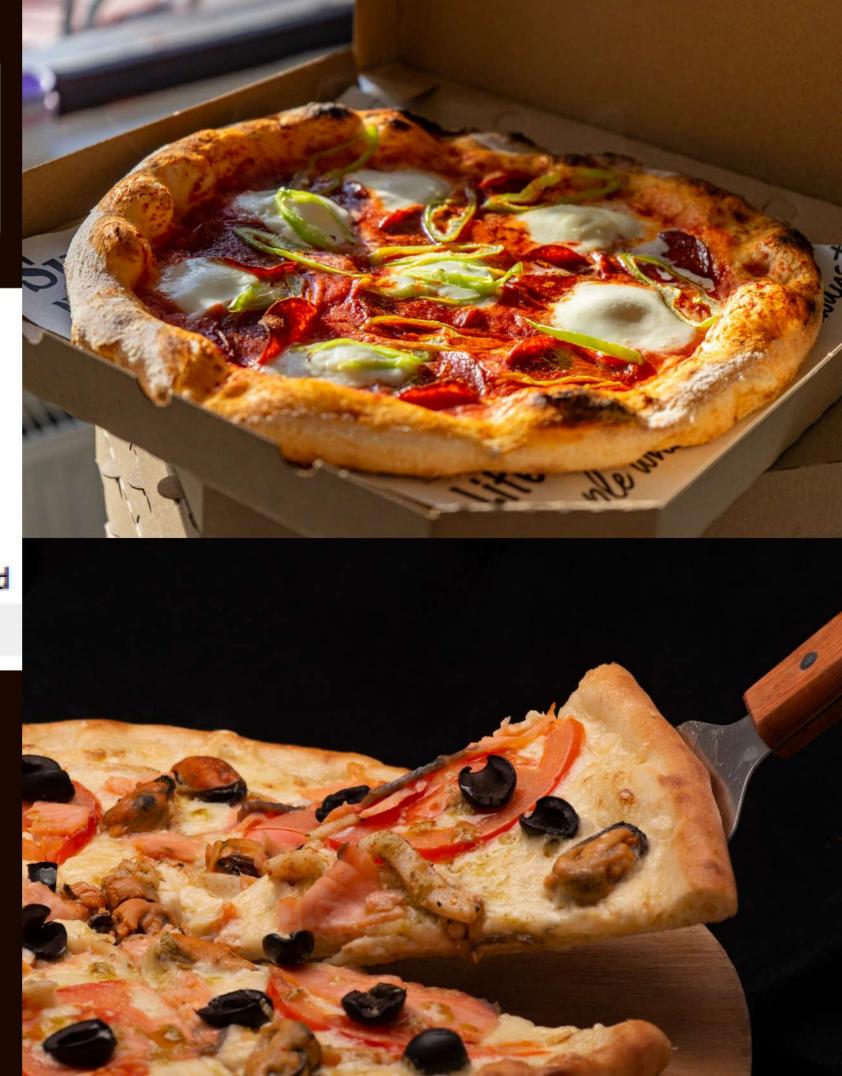


Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
```

name price

The Greek Pizza 35.95





Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

size	order_count
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
   pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
   order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```



name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371



the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) A5 quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050

etermine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT

HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

HOUR(order_time)	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	13
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

SELECT

category, COUNT(name)

FROM

pizza_types

GROUP BY category;

category	COUNT(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9







Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM

(SELECT
    orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

avg_pizza_ordered_per_day

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Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
```

name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5









Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select pizza_types.category,
round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) / (SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
FROM
    order_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) *100,2) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue desc;
```

category	revenue
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order_date,
sum(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05
2015-01-09	21526.4
2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
2015-01-11	25862.65
2015-01-12	27781.7
2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
2015-01-15	34343 50000000001

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank()over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
<pre>sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue</pre>
from pizza_types join pizzas
<pre>on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id</pre>
join order_details
<pre>on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id</pre>
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3;

revenue
43434.25
42768
41409.5
38180.5
32273.25
30161.75
34831.25
33476.75
30940.5
32265.70000000065
26780.75
26066.5

THANKYOU

