

## **CS121 Problem Set 2**

*Instructions: This problem set is due by 11:59pm on April 6, 2020. Please submit your solutions on GradeScope, using course code MN4N88.*

- 1) a) Suppose we have a problem for which there is a sequential algorithm running in time  $n$  on an input of size  $n$ . Now, consider a parallel algorithm for the problem which has parallel running time  $n/p + 2 \log p$  when using  $p$  processors. Is it possible to maintain isoefficiency for this parallel algorithm? If so, give the necessary relationship between  $n$  and  $p$ .  
  
b) Suppose now the sequential running time is  $n^2$  and the parallel running time is  $n^2/p + n^3/\sqrt{p}$ . Can this algorithm maintain isoefficiency, and if so, what is the necessary relationship between  $n$  and  $p$ ?  
  
2) Simulate the following MPI collective communications operations by writing code that uses only MPI point-to-point routines:  
  
a) `MPI_Bcast(buf, count, datatype, root, comm)`  
  
b) `MPI_Reduce(sendbuf, recvbuf, count, datatype, op, root, comm)`  
  
3) Given a balanced binary tree, describe a procedure to perform all-to-all broadcast that takes time  $(t_s + t_w m p / 2) \log p$  for  $m$ -word messages on  $p$  nodes. Assume that only the leaves of the tree contain nodes, and that an exchange of two  $m$ -word messages between any two nodes connected by bidirectional channels takes time  $t_s + t_w m k$  if the communication channel (or a part of it) is shared by  $k$  simultaneous messages.  
  
4) For the same situation as in problem 3, give another algorithm all-to-all broadcast that takes time  $(t_s + t_w m) (p-1)$ .

*Hint:* Try to embed a  $p$  process ring in the tree.