Signals and Systems Homework 4

Due Time: 22:00 April 9, 2018

Submitted to blackboard online (photos and electronic documents both allowed) and to the box in front of SIST 1C 403E (the instructor's office).

- 1. Suppose that we are given the following information about a signal x[n]
 - 1. x[n] is a real and even signal.
 - **2.** x[n] has a period N=10 and Fourier coefficients a_k .

 - **3.** $a_{11} = 5$. **4.** $\frac{1}{10} \sum_{n=0}^{9} |x[n]|^2 = 50$.

Show that $x[n] = A\cos(Bn + C)$, and specify numerical values for the constants A, B and C.

2. Each of the two sequences $x_1[n]$ and $x_2[n]$ has a period N=4, and the corresponding Fourier series coefficients are specified as

$$x_1[n] \longleftrightarrow a_k, \quad x_2[n] \longleftrightarrow b_k$$

where

$$a_0 = a_3 = \frac{1}{2}a_1 = \frac{1}{2}a_2 = 1, \quad b_0 = b_1 = b_2 = b_3 = 1.$$

Using the multiplication property of Fourier series, determine the Fourier series coefficients c_k for the signal $g[n] = x_1[n]x_2[n]$.

3. Let

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 \le t \le 1\\ 2 - t, & 1 \le t \le 2 \end{cases}$$

be a period signal with fundamental period T=2 and the Fourier coefficients a_k .

- (a) Determine the value of a_0 .
- (b) Determine the Fourier series representation of dx(t)/dt.
- (c) Use the result of part(b) and the differentiation property of the countinuous-time Fouries series to help determine the Fourier series coefficients of x(t).
- 4. Let

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le n \le 7 \\ 0, & 8 \le n \le 9 \end{cases}$$

be a periodic signal with fundamental period N=10 and Fourier sieres coefficients a_k . Also, let

$$g[n] = x[n] - x[n-1]$$

- (a) Show that g[n] has a fundamental period of 10.
- (b) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of q[n].
- (c) Using the Fourier series coefficients of g[n] and the First-Difference property (page 222, Chapter 3.7.2 of Oppenheim's book), determine a_k for $k \neq 0$.
- 5. Consider the following three continuous-time signals with a fundamental period of $T = \frac{1}{2}$:

$$x(t) = \cos(4\pi t)$$

$$y(t) = \sin(4\pi t)$$

$$z(t) = x(t)y(t)$$

- (a) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of x(t).
- (b) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of y(t).
- (c) Use the result of part(a) and (b), along with the multiplication property of the countinuous-time Fourier series , to determine the Fourier series coefficients of z(t) = x(t)y(t)
- (d) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of z(t) through direct expansion of z(t) in trigonometric form, and compare your result with that of part(c).

6. Consider the following three dicrete-time signals with a fundamental period of 6:

$$x[n] = 1 + \cos(\frac{2\pi}{6}n), \quad y[n] = \sin(\frac{2\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{4}), \quad z[n] = x[n]y[n]$$

- (a) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of x[n].
- (b) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of y[n].
- (c) Use the result of part(a) and (b), along with the multiplication property of the discrete-time Fourier series, to determine the Fourier series coefficients of z[n] = x[n]y[n].
- (d) Determine the Fourier series coefficients of z[n] through direct evaluation, and compare your result with that of part(c).