### Inequality Extensions

SI252 Reinforcement Learning

School of Information Science and Technology ShanghaiTech University

### Cauchy-Schwarz

#### **Theorem**

For any r.v.s X and Y with finite variances,

$$|\mathbb{E}(XY)| \leq \sqrt{\mathbb{E}(X^2)\mathbb{E}(Y^2)}.$$

### Example: Second Moment Method

Let X be a nonnegative random variable, then

$$\Pr\left(X=0\right) \leq rac{\operatorname{Var}\left(X\right)}{\mathbb{E}\left(X^{2}\right)}.$$

## Example: Application of Second Moment Method

Assume  $X = I_1 + \cdots + I_n$ , where the  $I_j$  are uncorrelated indicator r.v.s. Let  $p_j = \mathbb{E}(I_j)$ . Upper bound of  $\Pr(X = 0)$ ?

### Example: Application of Second Moment Method

Suppose there are 14 people in a room. How likely is it that there are two people with the same birthday or birthdays one day apart?

## Markov's Inequality & Chebyshev's Inequality

### Theorem (Markov's Inequality)

For any r.v. X and constant a > 0,

$$P(|X| \ge a) \le \frac{E|X|}{a}.$$

### Theorem (Chebyshev's Inequality)

Let X have mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Then for any a > 0,

$$P(|X-\mu| \geq a) \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{a^2}.$$

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### Example: Coin Flipping

Find bounds on the probability of having no more than n/4 heads or fewer than 3n/4 heads in a sequence of n fair coin flips.

### Chernoff's Technique

#### **Theorem**

For any r.v. X and constant a,

$$P(X \ge a) \le \inf_{t>0} \frac{E(e^{tX})}{e^{ta}},$$

$$P(X \le a) \le \inf_{t < 0} \frac{E(e^{tX})}{e^{ta}}.$$

### Example: Sum of Independent Bernoulli R.V.s

Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be independent Bernoulli random variables such that  $\Pr(X_i = 1) = p_i$ ,  $\Pr(X_i = 0) = 1 - p_i$ . Let  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$  and  $\mu = \mathbb{E}(X)$ . Then for  $0 < \delta < 1$ ,

$$\Pr(|X - \mu| \ge \delta \mu) \le 2e^{-\mu \delta^2/3}.$$

# Example: Revisit Example of Coin Flipping

Find bounds on the probability of having no more than n/4 heads or fewer than 3n/4 heads in a sequence of n fair coin flips.