

Cursors

↳ Enumeration
↳ Iterator ✓
↳ ListIterator

Iterable → Parent Interface of Collection

① Enumeration

Steps ① Create Enumeration Cursor
↳ elements() ⇒ Vector/Stack

⇓
return type ⇒ Enumeration

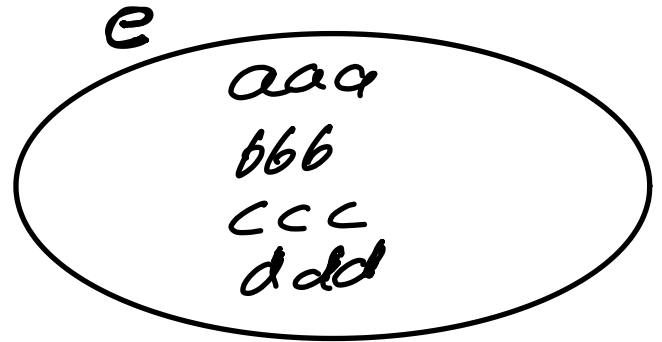
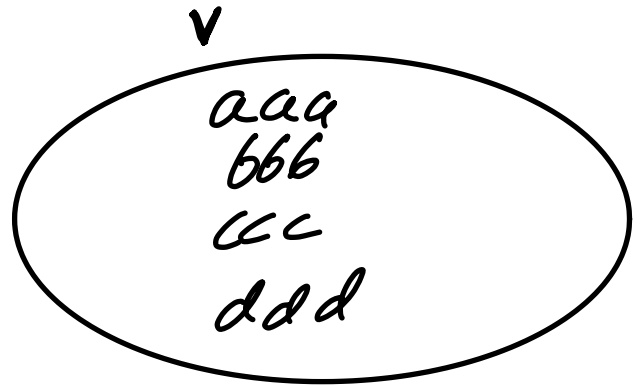
② hasMoreElements() }
nextElement() } → In Enumeration

```

public class Test1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Vector v = new Vector();
        v.add("aaa");
        v.add("bbb");
        v.add("ccc");
        v.add("ddd");

        Enumeration e = v.elements(); →
        while(e.hasMoreElements()){
            System.out.println(e.nextElement());
        }
    }
}

```



→
 → aaa ⇒ aaa
 → bbb ⇒ bbb
 → ccc
 → ddd
 →

read ✓
 update/remove X

Итерация

① Создаем Итератор (cursor)

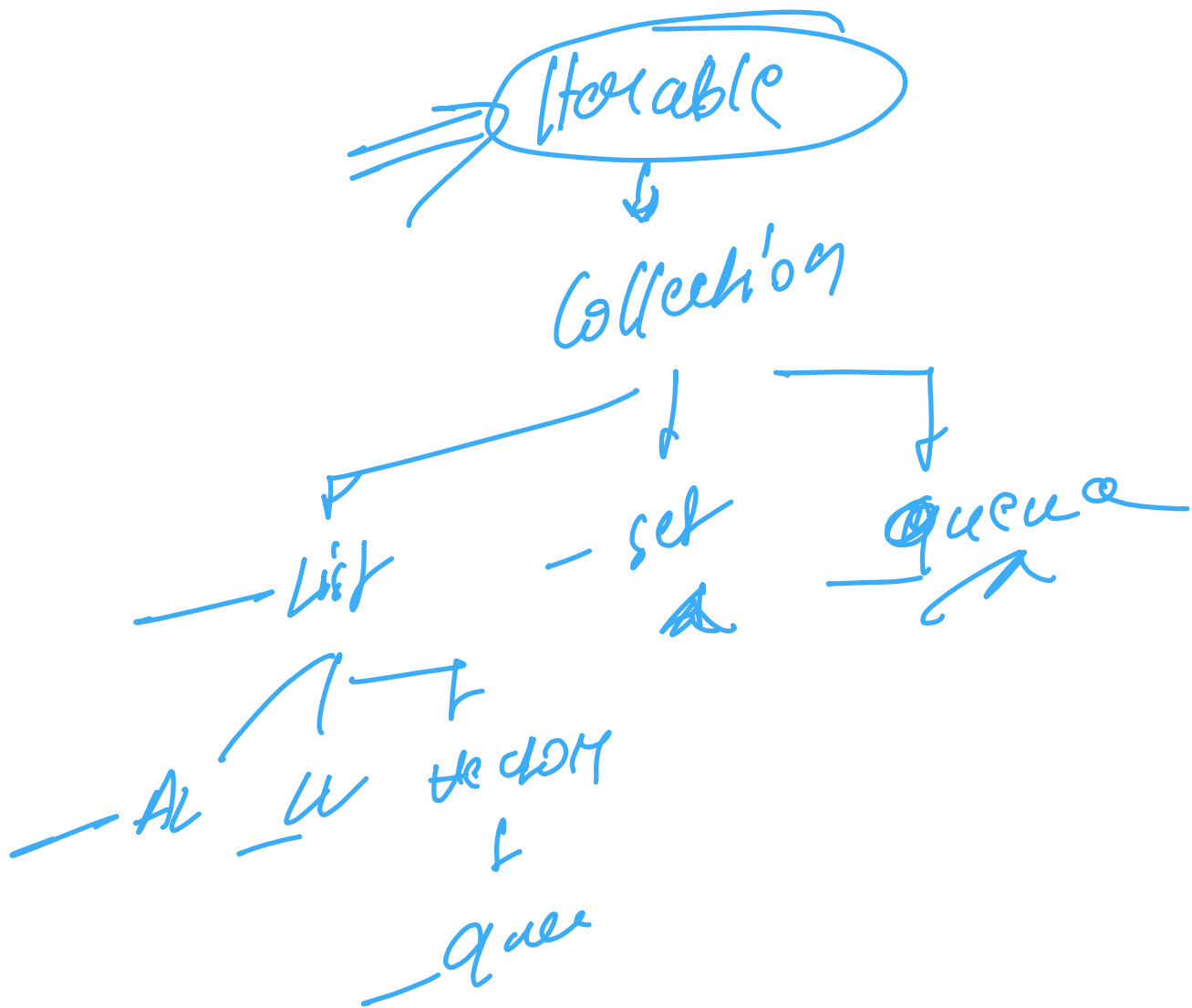
Итератор итератора()

Итератор итератора()
#

Iterable

hasNext()
next()
element()

Итератор



② read one by one

ListIterator

① ListIterator listIterator()

② read one by one

↳ hasNext()

↳ next()

↳ set()

↳ add()

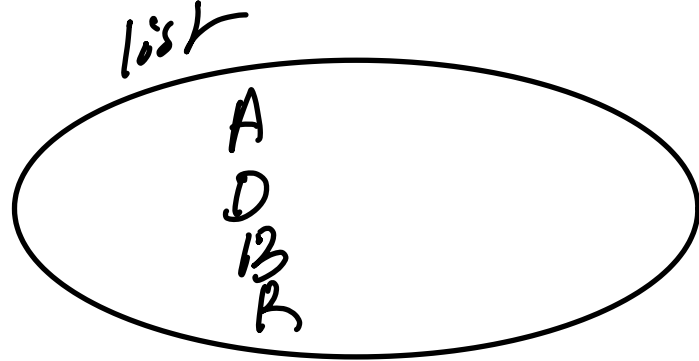
↳ hasPrevious()

↳ previous()

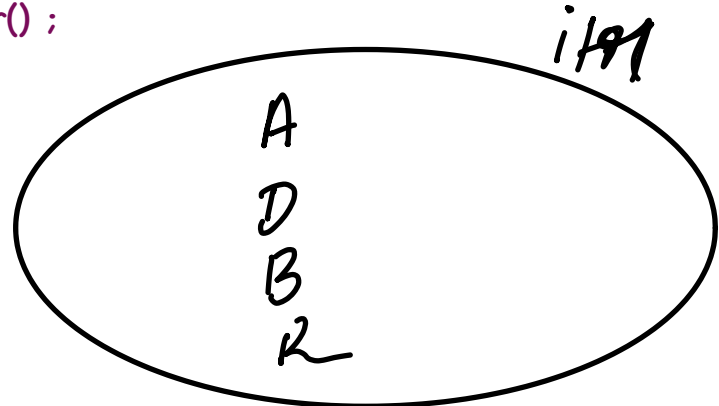
↳ nextIndex();

↳ remove();

```
ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<>() ;
list.add("Arun") ;
list.add("Divas") ;
list.add("Bhavek") ;
list.add("Rahul") ;
```



```
ListIterator<String> itr = list.listIterator() ;
```



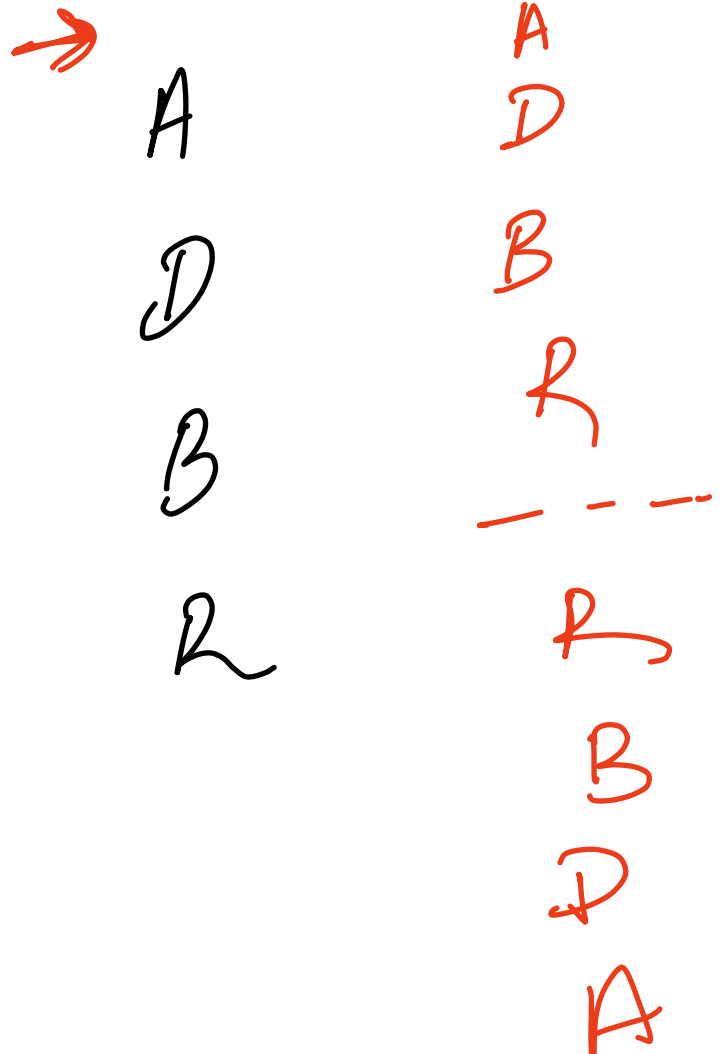
②

```
while(itr.hasNext()){
    System.out.println(itr.next());
}
```

```
System.out.println("=====");
```

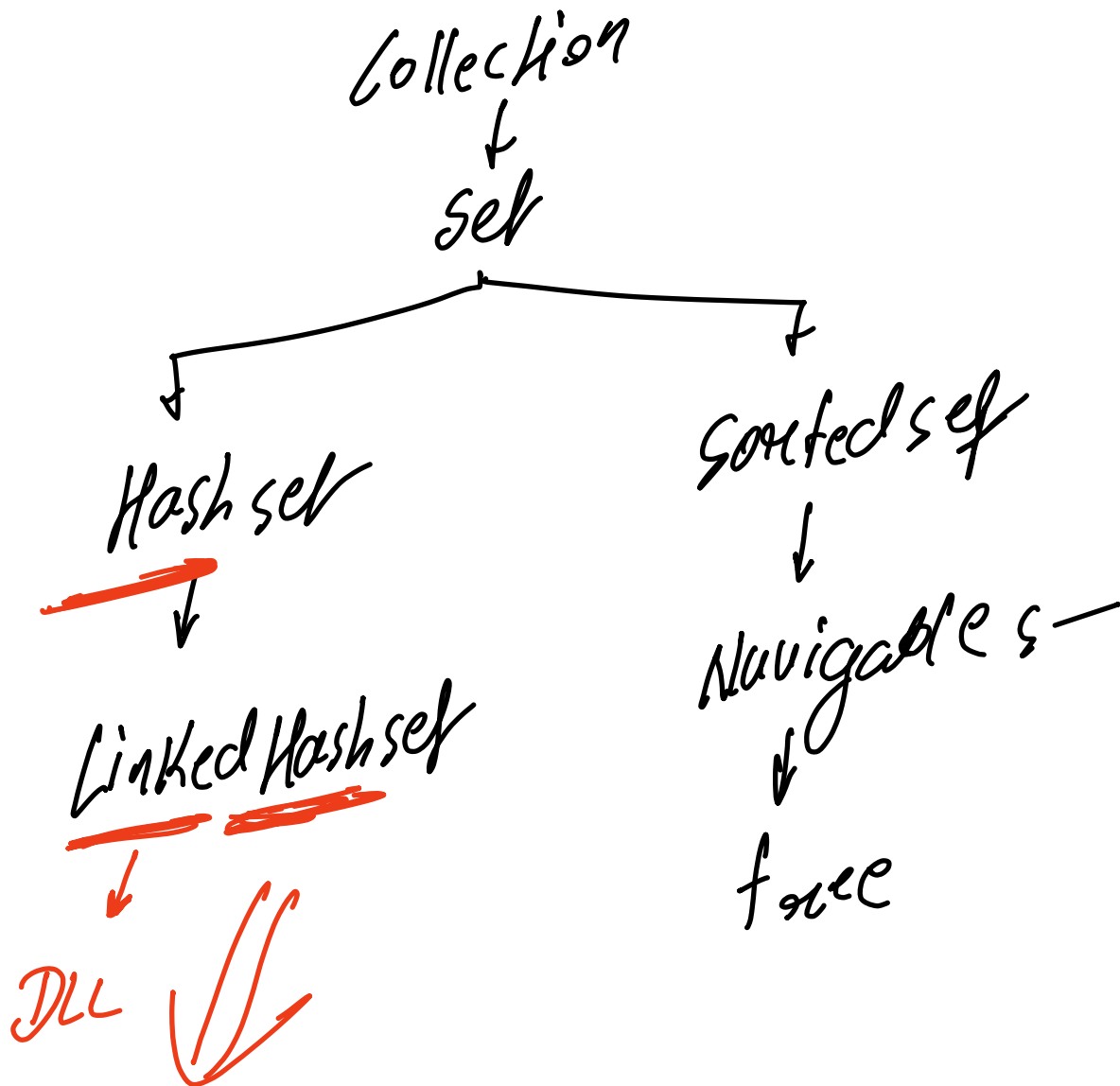
①

```
while(itr.hasPrevious()){
    System.out.println(itr.previous());
}
```



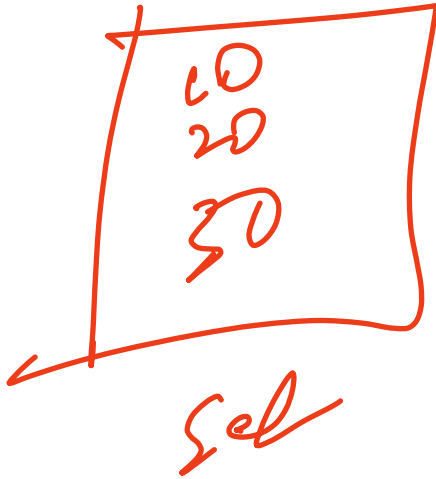
~~Set~~

↳ Interface
↳ 1-2 ✓



DLL + HashSet

(10) (20) 10 (30) 20
X X

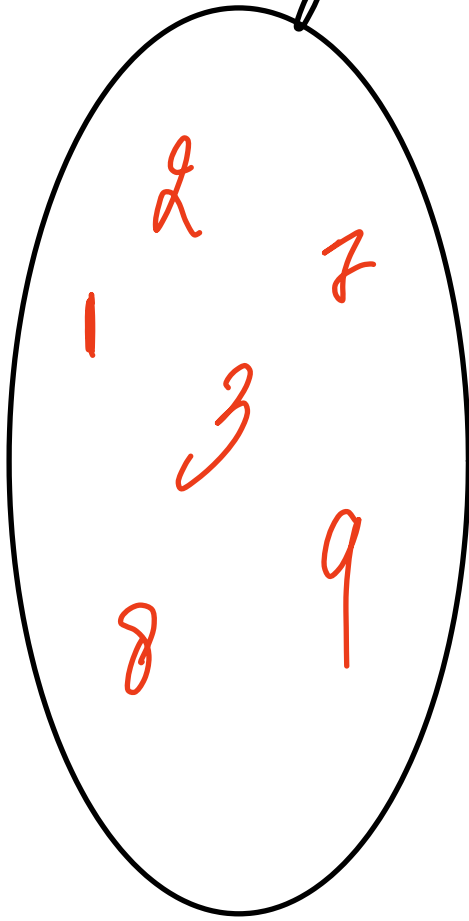


~~#~~ Hashset

$$\text{load factor} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{no of nodes}}{\text{size of Array}}$$

0.75

Q: $A = \{1, 2, 1, 3, 2, 8, 2, 9\}$;
find no. of distinct element.



set

$\Rightarrow 6$

`HashSet<Integer> HS = new HashSet<>();`

`for(i=0; i<N; i++) {`

`int ele = A[i];`

`set.add(ele);`



check if all the elements are distinct or not

`A = 1, 2, 7, 5, 6` → True

`A = 2, 3, 7, 9, 3` → false

